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GEOGRA PHIAE

CLAVDII PTOLEmæi Alexandrini, Philoſophi ac Mathematici præſtātiſſimi, Libri VIII, partim [redacted] tranſlati ac commentario illuſtrati, partim etiam Græcorum antiquiſſimorumq; exemplariorum collatione emendati atque in integrum reſtituti.

HIS ACCESSERVNT,

Scholia, quibus exoleta locorum omnium nomina in Ptolemæi libris ad noſtri ſeculi morem exponuntur.

Indices duo hactenus à multis deſiderati, quorũ adminiculo, ueterum ſimul ac recentiorum locorum (utpote regionum, marium, inſularum, promontoriorum, montium, fluminorum, urbium, &c.) ſitus, facillima ratione in tabulis depictis deprehendũtur, [redacted] opera adiecti. Conradi Lycosthenis Rubeaquensis

Quibus præfixa eſt epiſtola in qua de utilitate tabularum Geographicarum ac duplicis indicis uſu latè diſſeritur.

Tabulæ nouæ quæ hactenus in nulla Ptolemaica editione uiſæ ſunt, per [redacted] Sebastianum Munsterum

Ge[redacted]o uarij gentium ac regionum ritus, mores atq; conſuetudines per eundem explicantur.

Cum Regiæ Maieſtatis Gratia & Priuilegio ad ſexennium.

PTOLEMAEVS

ASTRONOMORVM PRINCEPS, DILIGENtiſſimus ſcrutator & obſeruator motuum cœleſtium, uixit in Aegypto, tempore Adria‑ni Imperatoris.



[redacted]

Sebastianus Munsterus

FVERVNT hactenus quidā, qui putauerūt Ptolemæum huius libri autorem alium fuiſſe ab eo, qui ſcripſit Almageſtū, ſed hi deprehenduntur errare, quum in Almageſto aliquando, licet raro, hunc Coſmographicum citet librum, præſertim libro ſecundo capite ultimo, ubi ſic ſcribit: Sed negotio iam de angulis abſoluto, ſequeretur ut diſtantias illuſtrium urbium ſecundū longitudinem ac latitudinem ad apparentia computaremus, ſed hoc negocium quum per ſe præcipuum ſit, & Geographicæ rationi cōnectatur, ſolum id atq; ſeorſum ante oculos ponemus, &c.

ASTRONOMICAE

ATQVE COELESTIS PHILOSOPHIAE INGEnioſis ſcrutatoribus, [redacted] eiuſdem facultatis diſcipulus S. D.

ZOSTIS æquiſsimi lectores, nõ temere factum, ut omniũ rerum opifex cœlum & terrã tam luculenter hominũ oculis contuenda expoſuerit, imò oculos & caput hominis ſic cõtrà hoc admirandum ſpectaculum conſtituit & in ſublime collocauit, ut nihil aliud quàm hæc magnifica dei opera, potentiã & ſapiẽtiam eius in hac ipſa machina cœli & terræ conſpiceret. Cœli etenim enarrant gloriã dei & opera manuũ eius annunciat firmamentum: Et inuiſibilia dei per ea quæ facta ſunt intellecta cõſpiciuntur. Quòd ſi ea magna et admirãda ſunt, quæ propter corpora noſtra breui moritura facta ſunt, qualia & quanta putàmus ea futura, quę parata ſunt diligẽtibus deũ & cõmoraturis cum eo in ſecula ſeculorũ? Ibi inquit Iſaias, non erit amplius ſol qui præſit diei, & ſplendor lunæ qui illuſtret noctem, quin magis dominus ipſe erit in lucẽ perpetuã. Sed uæ hominũ cæcitati: qui cũ oculos habeãt, nihil uident, palpantes quaſi cæci in pariete, & impingentes in meridie quaſi in tenebris, ponentes tenebras lucẽ & lucem tenebras. Cœlum & terra & omnia quæ ſunt in eis, ſpecula ſunt creatorẽ ipſum hominĩ repręſentantia, inuitántiaq́ ad eius cognitionẽ, & id non ſpecie aut operatione una, ne uel ſic faſtidiũ aliquod & ſatietatẽ parerent cõtemplantibus ſe ullam, ſed nouis aſsidue uicibus animũ hominis iucundiſsime ad laudem cõditoris ceu uoce quadam prouocãtia. Sic enim alia aliaq́ quotidie ſydera occidũt & oriũtur, noctis dieiq́ alia quotidie magnitudo, caloris & frigoris alia quotidie uis, uentorũ & uaporũ ex terra aſcendentiũ alia quotidie in aëre operatio, alia quotidie ſeneſcentis aut reiuueneſcentis anni forma, & ut in ſumma dicam quãdiu cœlũ iſtud ſuum tenuerit motum, inferioris mũdi curſus & quotidiana mutatio nũquam ceſſabunt. Hæc autẽ omnia eò tendũt, ut in hiſce iucũdis uarietatibus & uiciſsitudinibus, ceu ſtimulis quibuſdam hominis animus iugiter excitetur ad dei & omniũ rerum cõditoris laudem. Et qui his beneficijs non cõmouetur, is abutitur dei creaturis, & ambulat ueluti ſurdus & cæcus in hoc mũdo. Legat quiſquis dei amicus eſſe deſiderat, pſalmũ 104. & inueniet quomodo illa creaturarũ mira uarietas, officiũ et miniſteriũ indefeſſum atq́ diuerſa actio, prophetæ animũ rapuerit ad benedicendũ deũ, excitaueritq́ ut in hanc proruperit laudis uocem: Quã multa ſunt opera tua domine, omnia feciſti in ſapientia, plena eſt terra poſſeſsione tuá. Mare ipſum quàm magnũ eſt, quamq́ latum comprehendit ſpaciũ: En in eo ſunt animalia abſq́ numero, parua & magna, & tranſeũt naues per ipſum, &c. Oſtendit hic Pſalmus in quantã admirationẽ duxerit uirum ſanctum naturæ ipſius cõſideratio, quæ tantã in mundo & partibus eius fecit uarietatem. In terrã produxit montes, cõualles, flumina, cãpos, arbores, herbas, frumẽta, legumina, poma, piſces, aues, bruta, inſecta, conchas, marmora, gẽmas, lapides, metalla, homines, &c. & in his diuerſas formas, ſpecies, coloresq́ innumerabiles excogitauit ac effinxit. Et inter hæc quædam ſunt, quæ homini proſunt, alia nocent, alia ſunt quę delectant & alia quæ moleſta ſunt. Sed ſocordia & ignauia hominum accidit ut facies illa naturæ apud mortales nequicq́ admirationis habet, cũ pauci ſint, qui uel maieſtate eius ſumma uel uarietate mirabili excitentur. Contra quod malum prouidentia d[redacted]dam ingenioſos ſuſcitauit, qui imperitis & oſcitantibus iſtis uim naturæ eruerent, & per eam opificis admonerent, inter quos alij alias naturæ tractauerunt partes, ſed nemo propius acceſſit & plus autoritatis ſibi conciliauit quàm hi, qui cœli & terræ ſitum deſcripſerunt. Et quanquam plurimi fuerunt qui id conati ſunt, nemo tamen perfectius excellentiusq́ hãc inacceſſam naturæ attigit partem quàm Ptolemæus. Hic enim mente in cœlũ conſcendens, & omnes mo

tuum eius rationes obſeruãs, & quæ humani ingenij uires ferè excedunt inueſtigãs, tam abſtruſa & arcana, ſublimiaq; de planetarum, octauæ & nonæ ſphæræ motibus adinuenit, ut uere pro miraculo habendum ſit, hominis imbecillitatẽ eò perueniſſe. Et niſi hæc omnia euidẽtibus demonſtrationibus & certis futuris euẽtibus comprobarẽtur, nempe luminarium & planetarum coniunctionibus, oppoſitionibus & obſcurationibus nemo nõ pro cõmento haberet, tot & tam uarios ponere progreſſionis, reniſionis, retrogradationis, trepidationis, deuiationis, inclinationis & reflexionis motus, quibus cœlorũ inæqualis ſaluatur agitatio. Inæqualẽ agitationem uoco ecentricorũ orbium reuolutionem, quæ reſpectu proprij centri regularis eſt, & reſpectu centri mundi irregularis. Porrò ubi hæc ſuperioris orbis inacceſſa pars luſtrata & numeris ſuis ſignata comprehenſaq; fuit, facile licuit deinde correſpõdentem & cõcentricam terram eiſdem illis cœleſtibus cancellare lineis & circulis, & ex recta obliquaq; horzontis & æquatoris interſectione & poli diuerſa altitudine deſignare climata, parallelos, latitudines & longitudines, atq; eiſdem inſcribere cognitas terras, montes, flumina, maria, inſulas, urbes, caſtella, ſolitudines & teliqua id genus, quæ in ſuperficie terræ & marium eminent. Et hic quidem Ptolemæus noſter ſuper omnes mortales egregie ſuum exercuit ingeniũ, ſed nõ potuit tam feliciter eam abſoluere partẽ ut priorẽ. Nã cõſtituto eo in uno terræ loco, potuit omnes cœli obſeruare partes propter cõtinuum eius motũ (partes poli Antarctici nobis perpetuo in his regionibus deſidentes hic non comprehendimus) non autem ſic licuit contueri terram, nec uni homini ſufficiunt uires & anni ad peruagandum uniuerſam terrã. Hinc itaq; eſt, quod Ptolemæus terras quaſdam ab oriente & meridie atque Septentrione incognitas dimiſit intactas, & plurimas, quas ipſe non uiderat, ex aliorum relatione utcunque deſcripſit. Fuerunt & ſuo tempore quædam terræ non admodum cultæ nec ab exteris nationibus frequẽtatæ, id quod de Germania, Polonia, Moſcouia, &c. patet, & idcirco non potuerũt diligenter luſtrari & adamuſſim deſcribi. At cum hodie nullus terræ angulus non ſit ab hominibus penetratus, per nouas regionum deſcriptiões facile licuit ſarcire, quicquid Ptolemaicis antea defuit tabulis. Celebratur toto orbe terrarum Alexander magnus, quòd primus ferè penetrarit Orientem, non nauigio ſed pedeſtri ac tutiori itinere in illum deductus. Sed parua erit illius laus, ſi comparetur uiris illis, qui noſtro æuo maria etiam incõperta ſulcare tentarunt, & Occidentem ſua exploratione aperuerunt, innumeras inſulas, hominibus & opibus plenas, in uaſtiſſimo mari adinueniẽtes, de quibus hactenus nemini mortaliũ quicquã conſtitit à duobus millibus annorũ & ſuprà, niſi fortaſſis Indis orientalioribus & uicinioribus compertæ fuerint illorum hominum habitationes. Certẽ noſtro & maiorum noſtrorum æuo nemo inter doctos non putabat totam aquarum uim à principio creationis in illud pelagus reiectã, & aquam ipſam illic in magnam coaceruatam molem, ut poſſibile non fuerit ibi aridam quoquo modo apparere, ſed falſi ſunt omnes, qui in hac fuere ſententia, cum nullibi non in mari emineant inſulæ, ſiue ad occidẽtem ieris ſiuè ad orientem, ſiue meridiem, ſiue ſeptentrionẽ. Quantum uerò attinet ad Continentem, multi paſſim in diuerſis orbis partibus prodierunt uiri, qui regiones & terras ſuas diligentiſſime conſcripſerunt, aut ſuppetias illis tulerunt, qui deſcriptiones huiuſmodi moliti ſunt, quorum nomina hic libenter recenſerem & debito proſequerer honore, ſi ea omnia mihi conſtarent. Proinde uiri quorum opera ego in nouis meis tabulis uſus ſum, hi ſunt. In deſcriptione Galliæ conſului Oruntij excellentis mathematici topographiam. In tabula Noruegiæ, Sueciæ, Gothiæ, &c. uſus ſum opera præſtantis uiri [redacted], quem & pro magna parte imitatus ſum in deſcriptione terræ ſanctæ. Vſus ſum & in hac poſteriori editione pro regionibus Septentrionalibus, puta Scandia, Dania, Suecia, &c. Olao Magno Gotho, qui natus ex regionibus illis plurimum illuſtrauit Septentrionem ipſum. Heluetiam & Rhetiam iampridem miniſtrauit eximius uir Aegidius Tſchudus. Alſatiam & Briſgoiam ego obſeruaui, uſus tamen in quibuſdam conſi-

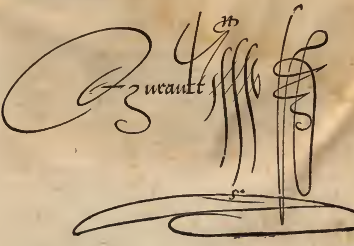
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lio & ſubſidio ornatiſſimi uiri Beati Rhenani. Alias Rheni tabulas ego quoq; de/
ſcripſi, ſed cui non uulgares ſuppetias tulit illuſtriſſimus princeps D. Ioannes Pa/
latinus Rheni, dux Bauariæ & comes Sponheimēſis, omnium bonorum ſtudiorum
amator & ſtudioſorum ſingularis patronus, qui mirabili ſuo ingenio deſcripſit Va
ſtum regnum & Hunorum ſtationem, uulgò Huneſruck dictā. Angli quoq; & Po/
loni ſua ſuppeditarūt regna. Frāconiam à Sebaſtiano Rotenhan nobili uiro deſcri
ptam, ego mea peregrinatione nōnihil auxi. Idem feci in Bauaria, quamprimum [redacted] omnis uetuſtatis Germanicæ amator deſcripſit. Sueuiā uero, fon
tes Danubn & Nigram ſyluam ego mea luſtratione & obſeruatione in tabulam coē
gi. Porrò lacum Podamicum exhibuerunt Conſtantienſes, nempe inſignes uiri Io/
[redacted]. Appendicem geographicā à fine adiectā,
ego ex multis conflaui Hiſtoricis atque Coſmographis, oſtendens, qua quæuis ter-
ra prædita ſit uirtute, quid potiſſimum producat, quæ nutriat animalia, quos & qua/
les contineat homines, &c. Sed redeo ad Ptolemæum. Fuit hic Claudius Ptolemæus
Alexandrinus, græcas doctus literas, philoſophus, aſtrologus & inſignis mathema
ticus, florens ſub Traiano, Adriano & Antonio Pio Cæſaribus, poſterior Strabo/
ne, Plinio & Pomponio Mela, ſed qui illos & priores in Geographico artificio fa/
cile ſuperauit. Hunc nouiſſimis temporibus duo uiri auſi ſunt uertere in linguam
latinam, nempe Iacobus Angelus Florentinus & Iohānnes Vernherus Norenber/
gēſis. Prior licet calluerit græcam linguam, defuit tamen ei mathematica diſciplina,
& cōtrà poſterior tametſi in matheſi admodum excelluerit, deſtitutus tamē fuit græ
carum literarū cognitione. Superueniens ergo noſtra ætate [redacted] Norenbergenſis, qui mathematicam, græcis iunxit literis, & aggreſſus autorem
ipſum in ſuo fonte, quoad potuit fideliter uertit, dilucidioremque nobis tradidit. Et
quoniam in græco exemplari temporis ſucceſſu multa quoq; deprauata fuerunt, quę
haudquaquam unico reſtitui poterant momento, multa fugerunt hunc bonū uirum,
quæ poſt eum deprehendit oculatiſſimus Michaël Villanouanus, qui non pœniten/
das uigilias locauit in Ptolemęū emendando corrupta, explicando retruſa, & ſcho
lijs illuſtrando obſcuriora. Nos autem utrunque ſecuti, & [redacted] amplexati
ſumus uerſionem & Michaëlis nō reſpuimus uulgares interpretationes, adiectaq;
ſcholia. Et ne inter Ptolemæi ſcriptum & inſertas annotationes cōfuſio aliqua eſſet,
duplici uſi ſumus charactere, uno, craſſiori ſcilicet, autorem & altero ſcholia expri/
mentes. Primū librum ſuccincto illuſtrauimus cōmentario, quod pro magna parte
ex Vernhero accepimus, id quod ſubticere noluimus, ne aliorū inuentis uideamur
nos honeſtare & his nobis nomen parare. In alijs libris graduum fractiones in minu
ta commutauimus duplici pūcto longitudinem à latitudine diſtinguētes. Cæterum
quod non omnibus tabulis in margine parallelos, climata & longitudines dierum
adſcripſimus, præſertim primis, id nullo alio conſilio factū exiſtimes, quàm quod
ſufficere putauimus figurā illam parallelorū, quam capite 23. primi libri poſuimus.
Ibi enim è regione graduum latitudinis inuenies ſignata ad læuam climata, & ad
dextram parallelos atque longitudines dierum. Sic ne eadem bis poneremus, reſe/
cuimus quædam ueluti parerga ab octauo libro, quæ ſcilicet poſt ſecundum caput
de omnibus Europæ, Africæ & Aſiæ tabulis ſcribūtur, breuiſſimis & miro compen
dio coordinatis figuris ea explicantes ſub exterioribus ſingularum Ptolemaicarum
tabularum titulis. In ipſis autem tabulis ſuo quoq; loco ſignauimus mōtes, flumina,
inſula, promontoria, inſigniores populos atq; celebriores ciuitates. Celebriores di/
co, quia anguſtia loci plerūq; nō admiſit omniū locorū aut etiā populorū inſcriptio/
nem. Ne tamen quicquā deeſſet tabulis, cōſtrinximus ſimul omiſſa nomina in qua/
drilaterū unum aut duo, iuxta exigentiam multorū aut paucorum intermiſſorū no/
minum. Quorum radices ſi habere libeat, facile in præcedentibus inuenientur libris.
Quod præterea præſtiterimus in ipſo Ptolemaico contextu, conferentes illum cum
græco exemplari & Vlmenſi æditione, quæ in calculo & locorum nominibus omni

bus poſterioribus æditionibus purior & incorruptior eſt, aliorum eſto iudicium. Et quoniã nihil ex omni parte perfectum in rebus humanis reperiri poteſt, nõ dubium quin ſuperuenturi ſint, qui & alias mendas, quæ nos fugerunt, deprehẽdent, & hos in præſentia tum rogo, ut ſi quid in hac æditione corruptum inuenerint, candide illud emendent ac benigne corrigant, memores, in tanta exemplariũ uarietate nõ potuiſſe omnia tam ſubito reſtitui in ſuũ nitorem. Hactenus de Ptolemæo. Nunc ad uos redeo cãdidi lectores, & hunc tam multarũ terrarũ regionumq́; librũ uobis propenſius cõmendo, cuius lectione & inſectione animi leuetis tædium. Habet enim Geographia pręter eam commoditatẽ, qua hominem habiliorẽ reddit ad uniuerſam rem literariã tractandã, mirabilem quandam recreandi uim, ut domi ſedentes, diſcamus terrarum ſitum, mariũ flexus, amnium decurſus, montiũ tractus, ciuitatum populorumq́; ritus & mores, animalium deniq; effigies, naturam & diſcrimina, tanquã præſentes omnia contemplaremur. Legimus quoſdam magnos uiros olim incredibili accenſos cupiditate uiſendorum locorũ ueterum fama celebrium, atq; ob id nullas cunctantes expenſas, peragraſſe uarias terras, hic ut contemplaretur fontes Danubij, iſte ut uideret Græciã, ille autem Aegyptũ cerneret, &c. Quod cum nos hodie facere nequeamus ob catholicæ fidei hoſtes, qui maiorem terræ occupant partem, domi in ocio manentes, & magnos labores itinerumq́; pericula uitantes, picturæ fide pręſcripta, omnem terræ habitudinem ſpectare poſſumus, menteq́; ab una in aliam tranſire regionẽ, & plerũq; abſentes plura uidere in aliqua regione, quàm qui præſentes in ea fuerũt. Multò enim latius circũſpicit mentis quàm corporis oculus. Boni itaq; cõſulite hanc meã operã optimi lectores, & ſi quippiam à me perperam dictum uel ſcriptũ in hoc libro eſt, cenſores eſtote Chriſtiani uel ſaltem humani, non iniqui. Nemo in hoc mũdo omnia uidere & ſcire poteſt. Cęcutimus non raro in his, quæ etiam nobis apertiſſima eſſe uidentur, oculisq; ipſis expoſita. Atq; hic, ut idem repetam, nemo mortaliũ eſt tam oculatus & circũſpectus, qui non aliquando hallucinetur, impingatq́;. En Ptolemæus hic noſter, ingenio ſuo facilè ſuperauit omnes Aſtronoinos, nec unquã ei ſimilis aliquis emerſit, ſiue Aſtronomiã eius conſideres ſiue Coſmographiã, & tamen in utroq; opere lapſus deprehenditur. In aſtrorũ canonibus noſtris tẽporibus hic error ſeſe inſinuat, quod radices motuum cœleſtium non ſunt exactiſſime ab eo aut alijs Aſtronomis, quos ille ſecutus eſt, aut qui illum ſecuti ſunt, deſignatæ, id quod citra ultra controuerſiã manifeſtant eclipſes, tam ſolares quàm lunares, quæ hodie calculum præcedunt quadraginta aut quinquaginta minutis: tantundem per conſequens omnes coniunctiones & oppoſitiones luminarium deuiant à uero. Nec hactenus aliquis in tanto numero Mathematicorum, quos hodie habet orbis, extitit qui hunc craſſiſſimũ aduerterit aut ſaltem notauerit errorem. Debuerant hic cæteris diligentiores eſſe natiuitatũ iudices, ne tam fallaci niterentur fundamento. Fuit hic error tempore Ptolemæi imperceptilis, cum canones & radices ab eo conderẽtur: at per tot annorum curricula ſenſibilis factus eſt, quandoquidem unum quartum aut quintũ tandem parturiat unum minutum, & ex multis minus conſletur una hora. Sed hunc errorem alijs me doctioribus in mathematica excutiendum & caſtigandũ relinquo. Satis me feciſſe arbitror, publicaſſe errorẽ. Cæterum quàm hic noſter Prolemæus in ciuitatũ regionumq́; latitudinibus à uero aberrauerit, nemo eſt, qui modo ſciat quid ſit latitudo, qui id obſeruare non poſſit. De longitudine hic iudiciũ ferre non licet, quum nec ego nec alij qui ante me fuerunt in longitudinibus regionũ obſeruandis ullam induſtriam adhibuerimus. Credimus hic Ptolemæo & alijs eclipſiũ obſeruatoribus, qui in oriẽte & occidẽte unius eiuſdem eclipſis ſpectatores extiterũt, horamq́; aut coniunctionis aut oppoſitionis aduerterunt, ac deinde collatione facta, locorum interualla animaduerterunt. Valete. Baſileæ anno M. D. LII. menſe Martio.

HEnry par la grace de dieu roy de frãce, aux preuoſt de Paris, Bailly de Rouen, ſeneſchaulx de Lyon, Tholoſe, & Poictou, & a tous noz autres iuſticiers & officiers, ou leurs lieutenans, Salut. Henry Pierre, marchãt libraire & bourgeois de la ville de Basle, lun des cantons de noz alliez confederez & bons comperes les Suiſſes, nous a fait dire & remõſtrer qu'ilz a recouuert entre autres liures, la Geographie de Ptolemee, corrigee par Sebaſtian Munſter, & par lui amplifiee d' vn grand nombre de tables, pour lequel liure recouurer & imprimer lui a conuenu & conuiendra fair: de grandz fraiz & deſpens, meſme en la deſcription du monde, & les particulieres regions, auec les pourtraictz des plus notables & illuſtres villes, effigies de pluſieurs ſortes d'animaux, qui ſont aux eſtranges pais, & autres choſes, monſtrans au vif ce qui concerne ladicte Geographie, en quoy ilz a employe grand ſomme de deniers, & doubte que les libraires & imprimeurs de noſtre royaume ne facent, ſi toſt que ledict oppoſant aura publié ledict liure, icelui imprimer, en y mettant les dictes figures, entant que touche ladicte Geographie, qui ſeroit lui oſter tout moyen de ſe pouoir rembourſer de ſeſdictz deniers, & receuoir quelque fruict de ſon labeur. A ceſte cauſe nous a humblement requis lui vouloir ſur ce pouruoir de remede conuenable. Pour ce eſt il que nous, deſirans bien & fauorablement traicter ledict ſuppliant, lui auons permis, & permettons, de grace ſpecialle, plaine puiſſance & auctorite royal de mettre & expoſer en vente en noſtre royaume, pais, terres, & ſeigneuries a nous obeiſſantes, ladicte Geographie françoiſe dudict Sebaſtian Munſter, ſans que nul libraire ou imprimeur de noſdictz royaume pais terres & ſeigneuries, la puiſſe imprimer, ou faire imprimer, ne imiter ou faire imiter icelles figures, ou partie d'icelles, ſans le congé & permiſſion dudict ſuppliant, iuſques au temps & eſpace de ſix ans, a compter du iour & date que ladicte Geographie ſera acheuee d'imprimer en la premiere edition, & ce ſur peine de confiſcation dudict liure & figures, & d' amende arbitraire a nous a applicquer. Si vous mandons, & a vn chacun de vous ſur ce requis, et ſi comme a lui appartiendra, que vous de la preſente conceſſion & priuilege faictes permettez & ſouffrez ledict ſuppliant iouir & vſer plainement & paiſiblement, ſans lui mettre, ou donner, ne ſouffrir eſtre mis ou donné, aucun deſtourbier ou empeſchement au contraire, lequel ſi mis ou donné lui eſtoit, vous faictes incontinant & ſans delay, mettre a plaine & entiere deliurance, & au premier eſtat & deu. Car tel eſt noſtre plaiſir, nonobſtant quelconques lettres a ce contraires. Donné a Paris ce XX. iour de Ianuier, lan de grace mille cinq cens cinquante deux, & de noſtre regne le ſixieſme.

Par le roy le ſieur de Roiſſy maiſtre
des requeſtes de Lhoſtel preſent



DE VTILITATE TA bularum Geographicarum, & uſu ſequentium elenchorum, neceſſaria [redacted] admonitio.

PRinceps poëtarum omnium Homerus diuinum ſuæ Odyſſeæ opus auſpicaturus, Vlyſſem (quē Græcorū omniū ſapiētiſsimnm effingete conatur) potiſsimum eo nomine laudat, quod mores multorum hominū & urbes nouerit, innuens nimirū inſignem illam oris facundiam, prudentiam, fortitudinem, conſtantiam cæterasq́ uirtutes, quibus hominem depingit, eius potiſsimum erroribus ac periculoſis peregrinationibus aſcribendas eſſe, in quibus multa expertus ſit, oculisq́ ſuis inſpexerit, quæ domi nullis præceptis, nulla diſciplina, nulloq́ unquā doctore perdidiciſſet. Permouit hęc utilitas Orpheum, Muſeum, Melampodem, Solonem Athenienſem, Platonē, Pythagora mSamiū, Eudoxum Mathematicum, Democritū Abderitem, Inopidem Chium, atq́ alios ſexcētos Philoſophos omnium antiquiſsimos, qui relicta patria, partim ut uarijs ac eo tēpore raris diſciplinis animos excolerent, partim ut ritus, mores, leges ac cōſuetudines diuerſarū gentium explorarent, in longinquas regiones profecti ſunt, iudicantes eum hominem neutiquàm rectè ſapere poſſe, qui in ſolo paterno, quaſi claudus (ut prouerbio iactatur) ſutor, perpetuo deliteſcens, contentus ijs tantum, quę in parui Laris anguſtijs cernuntur, reliquas mundi regiones & prouincias planè ignoret. Verum cum nō cuiuis detur adire Corinthum, ac multa ſint quæ hominem à peregrinationibus auocent, Coſmographorū ac Geographorum diligentia ac indefeſſus labor, nō parua ex parte à peregrinandi labore & impendio nos liberauit. Ex his autem primus Homerus etiam, ſecundum Hypparchū, autor extitit, qui poëſim ſuā omni doctrinarū genere referſit, & regiones omnes, ad quas eo tempore penetrari poterat, magno ingenij acumine illuſtrauit, quem Alexāder & Hecateus Mileſij, ac Eudoxus, qui uicinus illorū temporum fuit, imitati ſunt. His ſucceſſerūt poſtea Dicearchus & Eratoſtenes, qui complura ſcriptis ſuperiorum addiderūt, Alexandri Magni temporibus, qui pluribus uictorijs potitus, complures etiam & ignotas ante ſe prouincias illuſtrauit:, totumq́ penè terrarū orbem peragrauit. Exornarunt etiam Spartam ſuam in hoc ſcribendi genere Poly-

bius Megalopolitanus, & Poſsidonius, multa certiora tradentes propter recẽtes Romanorũ uictorias. Superuenit Strabo Cretẽſis uir pluri mæ lectionis, qui ſumma diligentia uberiq́ꝫ doctrina omnia ita complexus eſſe uidetur, ut conſumato operi nihil ferè adijci commodè poſſit. Cæſaris enim Augusti temporibus apud Romanos uixit, quibus eo tempore nihil (ob tot bello ſubiecta [redacted]uitutem redactas gentes) incognitum eſſe poterat. Veruntamen cum tot Geographorum ſcripta ob res incognitas ac remotas, multis locis lectoribus eſſent obſcuriſsima, ac contemplatio rerum ſine inſpectione admodum eſſet difficilis, bonam operam nobis Ptolemæus locauit, qui ut ab omni peregrinationis labore, periculo, atque impenſa liberaret, ac res ab alijs obſcurè traditas, adhibita luce omnium oculis ſubijceret, totam terrę faciem certis tabulis depinxit, atque ſpectandum tanquam in politiſsimo ſpeculo propoſuit, cuius opera factum eſt, ut non tantum bonorum autorum, ac pręcipue Strabonis, Stephani, Plinij, Solini, Melæ ac aliorum in hoc ſcribendi genere doctorum, lectiones ſint factę perſpicuę, ſed omnis etiam nobis peregrinandi ſublata ſit difficultas. Oſtendunt enim tabulæ peregrè abeuntibus quo ſit flectendum ut citius peregrinationem abſoluas, quę uia tutior, cõpendioſior, ac facilior, ubi montes aſcendendi, flumina tranſeunda, ubi ſyluæ umbram gratiſsimam prębentes perambulãdę, ubi commode diuertendum ac pernoctandum. Maria pernauigaturis indicãt Syrtes, Scyllã, Charybtim, aliaq́ꝫ horrenda maris pericula. Bella gerentibus, ubi tutus cum exercitu ſit tranſitus, ubi caſtra figenda, quo loco hybernandum, ac aperto Marte cum hoſte pugnandum, ubi commode in inſidijs latitandum, ne hoſtis inprouiſus circumueniat: quę res ſæpenumero magnis ducibus exitiũ, patrię calamitatem peperit. Sic enim Cyrus opulentiſsimus Perſarum rex,, cum iam Craſſum Lydorum regem uiciſſet, ac Babylonem, orientalemq́ꝫ omnem oram in ſuam poteſtatẽ redegiſſet, ob ſolam huius doctrinæ ignorantiã, cõtra Thomiridem Scytharum reginam pugnans propè Oaxis fluminis trãſitum, cum uniuerſo exercitu interijt. Omitto Agamemnonis exercitum, qui ea ipſa cauſa turpiter in bello Troiano pedem retulit. Tranſeo Thermopylarum anguſtias, quę ex ignorantia Perſarum, diuturnam Leonidę gloriam pepererunt. Silentio prætereo Parthorum contra Craſſum uictoriam, quę ex regionis quoq́ꝫ inſcitia manauit, prętermitto etiam alia infinita exempla, quę hiſtoriarum lectio ſuppeditat, quibus manifeſtiſsimum eſſet oſtendere, pręclarè dixiſſe Strabonem, qui dictitare ſolebat, eum demum uenationem rectè inſtituere, qui planè norit, qualis & quanta ſylua eſſet in qua uenaretur.

tur.Sed non eſt mei inſtituti omnem tabularum Coſmographicarũ uti litatem oſtendere,quæ adeò immenſa eſt,ut Neſtorem aut Demoſthe nem deſiderent,ut qui admonere tantum,idq́ obiter uolui,quã neceſſa ria in omni uitæ genere tabularũ harũ eſſet cognitio:quæ cum eius artis ignaris hominibus nimiũ difficilis uideat̃,eos aliqua ex parte iuuare ſe quẽtibus indicibus placuit.quos non quidẽ eo animo [illegible] doctiſsime, ad te potiſsimũ mitto, quod earũ rerum rudem ac imperitũ iudicem: ſed quod hoc ſtudij genere te plurimum partim delectari, partim etiam (ni publicus labor,quem patriæ in erudienda iuuentute feliciter impen dis, retineret)perpetuo, & ſi non reuera, animo tamen nunquã non pe regrinari te ſciam:ut ſic,quandoquidẽ contra animi ſententiã retineris à tuis, tabulas Ptolemaicas domi perluſtrãs, reuera cum Propertij Elego rum præſtantiſſimi Arethuſa dicere poſsis: Cogor & è tabula pictos ediſcere mũdos. Longè aberit in hac peregrinatione omnis moleſtia & difficultas, quæ alijs ſæpenumero impedimẽto eſſe ſolet. paucis enim horis,pertenui uiatico,totum perluſtrare mundũ,omnesq́ terræ angu los,maria,inſulasq́ licet remotiſsimas, facillimè adire poteris. Te pere grinationi iam accinctum,non retinebunt ſcholę proceres,nõ curę rei domeſticę,non lachrymas effundet uxor,non plorabunt liberi,iam ue rò ambulanti non oberit aëris ulla intemperies, ſtridens uentus,humi dus imber,nec grãdo duris inuiſa colonis.Diuertenti non erit moroſus hoſpes,qui cibum bis coctum,putredine olentes piſces, acetoſa, fonti busq́ permixta uina : quietem uerò petenti, pediculoſa, ulceribusq́ cõmaculata linteamina apponat.Aeſtiuo tempore non ſolis igniti fer uor,periculoſa fulgura, nec pinguiſsima frugibus arua oberũt.Hyber no uerò nequaquam uexabit frigoris dira improbitas , non denſitas niuis,& cõcreta canicie barba,nõ teneras glacies ſecabit aſpera plantas. Nauiganti tibi,non eructabit uomitus,non erunt infeſta ſidera,luctan tes uenti,tempeſtatesq́ ſonorę:tutiſsimus eris à piratis ac latronibus,ui tæ opumq́ pernicioſis inſidiatoribus,alijsq́ infinitis periculis atq́ in commodis,quæ plerunq́ peregrinantes circumuenire ſolent. Vnum ta men adhuc deeſt,comes uidelicet iucundus, qui (ut uulgò iactat̃) in uia pro uehiculo eſſe ſolet:ideoq́ ne & hic deſtituaris,Indicem noſtrum,ue luti Aeneæ fidiſsimum Achatem adiungã,quo duce omnis terræ ac ma ris ſpacioſiſsimus ambitus aditu ſit omnium facillimus. Nullus enim angulus uſpiam eſt tam inacceſſus,in quem ſequentem breuiſsimo com pendio deducere non poſsit. Age igitur faciamus eius rei pericula, ut uideas quanta ſit ei locorum omnium cognitio. In tertio libro Regum cap.9.legimus,regum ſapientiſsimum Salomonem,inter alias ciuitates

 Palmiram

Palmiram etiam in terra ſolitudinis ædificaſſe, omnium, ut ex Ioſephi libro antiquitatũ octauo liquet, munitiſsimã, quam Hebrei Thamer, uel Thamor appellarunt: & Hadrianus, ut nominis ſui immortalitatẽ conſecraret, Hadrianopolim nominari uoluit, tradẽte Stephano. Huius igitur ciuitatis (de qua inter Parthos & Romanos tamdiu de imperio certatũ eſt) ſitum uidere cupiẽs, cum Indicem qui in ordine primus eſt, accede. quære Palmiram, & inuenies quinq; numeros aſsignatos 20. 71. 30. 34. 0. quorũ primus folium tabularum Ptolemaicarum, ſecundus lõgitudinis gradũ, tertius eius gradus minutias, quartus latitudinis gradum, quintus eiuſdẽ gradus minutiã nullã ſuperaddendã oſtẽdet. Accipe nũc igitur foliũ in ordine uiceſimũ (numeros enim in prima facie omnibus tabulis inſcriptos reperies) et in ſumma parte tabulę, quę lõgitudini deputata eſt, quære gradum ſeptuageſimũ primũ, ac imaginatione eiuſdem gradus minutias triginta concipe: quo facto, duc à cõcepta iam minutia filũ, ad eiuſdem gradus ac minutię partem, quæ in infima tabulæ parte, iuxta longitudinem, numeris eodem pacto ſignata eſt, & habebis exactam loci longitudinem. Eadem inde ratione quære in latitudine tabulæ gradum triceſimum quartum, & ab ipſo gradus principio ſtatim (o. enim nullam minutiã ſuper addendam oſtendit) duc aliud filum ad aliam latitudinis partem tabulæ, eodem numero ſignatam, & habebis etiam latitudinẽ. atq; eo ipſo loco ubi filũ interſecatur filo, uerũ Palmiræ ſitum: licet enim nomen ciuitatis ob tabulæ anguſtiam non ſit appoſitum, deprehendes tamen ciuitatem prope eiuſdem nominis fluuiũ, ac haud longè ab Aſaldanio monte ædificatam fuiſſe. Verùm quo res omnibus fiat clarior, aliarũ etiam regionum loca eadem ratione inueſtigabimus. Quis ignorat, quanta fuerit inter Græcos de Homeri patria concertatio, de qua apud Gelliũ in noctibus Atticis potiſsimum legimus. alij enim Colophonium, alij Smyrnæum, quidam Athenienſem, quidã prodiderunt Aegyptium fuiſſe: quibus etiam Heliodorus libro Æthiopicæ hiſtorię tertio aſtipulatur, qui Homerum humanę philoſophię facilè parentem, non tantum Ægyptium uocat, ſed apertè Thebarum urbem patriam etiam aſcribit: quæ, ut Herodotus ait, ambitu centum & quadraginta ſtadiorum, & ut Plinius refert, penſilis, centumq; portarum fuiſſe dicitur, in quarum ſingulis ducenti cuſtodes excelluiſſe equis & curribus memorantur, unde reges ſoliti erant maximos exercitus armatorum educere, nullo ex oppidanis id ſentiente. Huius igitur pręclari oppidi ſitum cernere cupiens, Indicem cõſule, ac inuenies tres numeros 15. 63. 26. aſcriptos, quorum primus folium tabulæ, ſecundus longitudinis, tertius uerò latitudinis gradum ſubindicabit.

Accede nunc folij decimiquinti tabulam, ac quære gradus ſexageſimi
tertij principiũ in ſumma infimaq; tabulæ parte, filumq; applica, ac ha-
bebis longitudinem. Idem fac in gradus uigeſimiſexti latitudinis prin-
cipio, & inuenta latitudine, ubi filũ ſecatur à filo, deprehendes Theba
rum urbem, quæ Græcè ἡλιόπολις, id eſt, ſolis ciuitas dicitur, in Nili flu
minis ripa, prope Captos ſitã eſſe. De Rhodano magni nominis flu
uio uarij uaria ſcribunt autores, cuius fontes ſi uidere lubet, index ad fo-
liũ tabulæ triceſimũſextũ quærẽtem remittet, ubi ſimili ratione, in gra-
du lõgitudinis ac latitudinis ſeptimo animaduertet nõ lõgè admodũ à
Danubij & Rheni fontibus, ꝑpe montẽ cui Briga nomẽ eſt (quẽ incolę
die Furch appellant) ſcaturire, & ad Sedunũ urbem decurrẽtem, uicum
Veragrorum (qui hodie Sanctus Mauritius dicitur) interſecare, donec
Lemanno lacui (quem accolę Lauſannenſem nominant) admiſceatur.
Ita quoq; Ithacam inſulam, quã Vlyſſes & eius uxor Penelope illuſtra
runt, cuiuſq; reges Maximus Tyrius ob inſignem impudentiã porcos
appellat, in eo folio tabulę quę in ordine duodecima eſt inuenies. Item
Parnaſſum montẽ in cuius apice Sophocles in Thyeſte uitẽ naſci refert
Euboicæ ſimilem, quæ ſingulis diebus botrũ maturũ producebat Bac-
cho offerendum, ac alia omnia cuiuſcunq; ſint generis loca. Non aũt ſi-
lentio prætereundũ eſt, locorum nomina, ut à ueteribus ac recẽtioribus
appellata ſunt, & etiamnum hodie appellantur, imò eorum etiam quo-
rum picturas atq; denominationes tabularũ anguſtia capere nõ potuit,
in primo pręſertim Indice recitari, quæ tamẽ iuxta ſitũ eadẽ ratione de-
prehendi ex tabulis facillimè poſſunt. Cuius rei ideo mentionem facere
placuit, ne locus in picturis non inuentus, partim ſcrupulum quærendi
inijciat, partim etiã ignorantiæ notã Ptolemæo inurat: ex cuius octo
libris priorem, hoc eſt, uiginti octo tabularũ indicem confeci, ac recen-
tioribus tantum nominibus, ueterum locorum numeros à Ptolemæo
ſignatos, ubique adieci. Tabulis autem nouis cum longitudinis ac la-
titudinis numeri deeſſent, compendij tantum gratia extra omnem po-
li altitudinem effingere gradus coactus ſum. Vnde factum eſt, ut tabu-
larũ nouarũ indicem à Ptolemaico ſeiungere placuerit: quo duce mul-
to commodius ambulabis, ſi relicto filo, quod utranque manum parum
commodè deſiderat, alia regula uſus fueris. Ideoq; fac ex denſiſsimo
pergameno regulam, ſiue ſcalam, quæ latitudinis nouarum tabularum
ſcalæ, diuiſione ſimul ac numerorum inſcriptoinibus planè ſit ſimilis,
cuius auxilio locũ quem oculis cernere lubet, facilè inuenies. quę ratio
quam facilis ac certa ſit, unico tantũ exemplo cõtentus experiri placet.

Præclarũ eſt, partim ob antiquitatis cõmendationem, partim etiam
ob ex-

ob exanclatos bello labores, ac partas inſigni uirtute uictorias, Tiguri-
norum apud exteros nomen: quorum ſitum, Heluetiæ locorũ ignarus,
intueri cupiens, accedat poſteriorem Indicem, ac inueniet tres numeros
adſignatos, 36. 14.9. quorum primus folium, ſecundus longitudinis,
tertius latitudinis gradum deſignat. Propterea quęrat tabulæ folium
36. longitudinis gradibus 14. accommodet regulam ex pergameno pa
ratam, (ita tamẽ, ut gradus ubiq; impreſsis in margine correſpondeant)
deſcendat digito uſq; ad gradum nonum, ſtatimq; uidebit Tigurũ Hel
uetiæ totius caput (quod Germani Zürch uocãt) [redacted] noſtri patriã
dulciſsimam, in qua bonas literas magna cum laude profitetur prope
montẽ ad lacum amœniſsimũ, cõditum eſſe. Hæc ſunt quæ in tuam
[redacted] chariſsime, ac reipublicę literarię gratiam hoc loco, admonitionis
tantum cauſa adijcere uolui: quo eius artis ſtudioſi in præſenti
bus tabulis maiore cũ fructu, utilitate, & ſumma etiam
animi oblectatione uerſari queant. Vale, Baſileę
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M. D. LII.

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quo primus numerus folium tabulæ notat, ſecundus longitudinem graduum, tertius minutas, quartus latitudinem, quintus minutas latitudinis ſignat.

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cholima	19.76	45:40	40

cholle	20.71	45:34	30
cholmadara	20.71	15:37	50
chologi	17.66	:42	0
cholua	19.73	30:41	0
&	19.74	:43	10
choluata	19.78	45:43	40
choma	17.60	20:37	20
chomara	23.106	30:42	30
chonnamagara	26.129	:29	20
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chronon flu.	10.52	:56	
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chryſoanæ flu. oſtia	27.159	:1	0
chuchina	26:123	:15	0
chuduca	20.78	:33	20
chumana	20.79	:33	10
chuſarus flu.	16.10	:20	
chuſari flu. oſtia	16.10	:21	40
chuſei	16.65	:10	
chuzis	14:39	30:30	0
chyda flu.	9.38	:38	
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chylemath flu. oſtia	13.13	:34	0
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cullu	14.27	30:32	20
cuma	17.57	20:39	0
cumaniæ deſcriptio	18.79	:58	
cumæ	8.39	20:41	30
cumi	25.109	:28	
cumueni	5.18	:45	
cuniocharium promont.	9.32	:36	
&	8.32	:15	36
cunuſitani	9.31	:39	
cuphe	16.23	15:18	0
cupra maritima	8.38	:43	45
cupra montana	8.37	30:43	10
curaporina	26.130	:29	0
curch	17.66	30:36	50
curcum	7.40	30:44	45
curellur	26.119	:17	30

curetes	12.47	50:38	15
curſelinium	8.40	:42	20
curgia	4.6	:38	40
curia	3.20	10:59	0
curiandra	23.109	30:42	10
curianum promont.	5.15	30:46	0
curias extrema	20.65	30:34	45
curicta inſ.	7.36	50:44	30
curicum	7.38	20:44	15
curiones	6.33	:50	
curita	7.36	50:44	30
curium ciuit.	20.65	:35	0
curna	21.86	15:40	30
cuni	25.110	:27	0
curnonium	4.14	50:43	15
curobis	14.35	30:33	10
curſus	4.8	:38	40
curta	7.42	:47	0
curta Iulia	14.27	:32	
curubis	14.35	30:33	10
curula ciuit.	26.128	:16	0
cuſa flu.	13.7	:33	
cuſæ flu. oſtia	13.6	40:32	45
cutrone	8.41	10:39	30
cyane ciuit.	17.59	30:37	10
cyanei flu. oſtia	19.71	30:46	15
cyaneorum inſulæ	11.56	20:43	20
cyaneorum regio	17.56	30:43	26
cybiſtra	17.66	:38	15
cybros	20.70	10:36	0
cyclades inſ.	12.55	:37	30
cydna	12.49	30:41	10
&	17.59	30:37	10
cydnus flu.	17.68	:39	
cydni flu. oſtia	19.79	40:44	30
&	17.67	45:36	40
cydni fontes	17.66	:38	30
cydon	12.52	30:35	0
cydona	12.52	30:35	0
cydonis	12.52	30:35	0
cyiza portus	22.101	15:20	40
cylindrina	26.140	:36	
cyllene nauale	12.48	30:36	30
cymbrica Cherſoneſus			
	6.32	:56	50
cyme ciuit.	17.57	20:39	0
cyniphus flu.	14.43	:29	
cyniphi flu. oſtia	14.42	15.31	30
cynon ciuit.	15.62	10:28	30
cynopolis	15.62	10:28	30

cynopolites	15.61	50:28	40
cynoſſema	15.59	30:31	6
cynoſura promont.	12.53	50:37	20
cynthia inſ.	12.55	26:37	20
cynthus mons	12.55	26:37	20
cynus	12.52	:38	20
cypariſſæ	12.48	36:35	45
cypariſſia ciuit.	12.48	36:35	45
&	17.57	:37	36
cypariſſium promõt.	12.48	26:35	40
cypæra	12.49	:38	40
cyphanta	12.51	15:35	50
cyphanta portus	12.51	10:35	45
cypri inſulæ deſcriptio			
	20.66	:36	
cypſella	11.53	20:41	40
cypſelum	11.53	20:41	40
cyptaſia	17.64	:43	40
cyrene	15.50	:31	20
&	16.45	:30	
cyrenaica	15.48	:30	
cyrecbata	21.85	30:41	40
cyrenes ſitus fol.	15.48	:30	
cyreſchata	23.124	:43	40
cyrius	12.48	10:40	40
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	8.31	:41	
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	17.67	36:43	6
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cyri flu. oſtia	19.79	40:44	30
cyri flu. fontes	21.82	:39	30
oſtia	21.83	30:42	15
cyteinium	12.49	40:38	20
cytæum	10.62	15:47	30
&	12.54	10:35	15
cyteorum	17.67	36:43	6
cythnus	12.54	56:37	0
cythera inſula	12.50	10:34	40
cytinum	12.49	40:38	20
cytis inſ.	16.67	:39	40
cytni	7.40	:48	
cytorum	17.60	45:43	36
cyzicus	17.56	:41	30
cyziſtra	17.67	:39	20

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dabia	14.33	:29	45
dabaſæpop. fol.	27.160	:26	
dablis	17.58	40:41	40
dabrona flu.	3.11	:57	
dabronæflu.oſtia	3.11	15:57	0
dacaſya	17.61	40:42	40
dacia	6.32	:56	50
&	11.40	:47	
&	11.48	:46	
dacij pop.	5.19	:46	
dactonium	4.7	30:44	0
dadales	17.58	:40	20
dadara	20.74	20:34	10
dadaſtana	17.59	30:41	45
dades extrema	20.66	30:35	0
dædala	26.128	:30	30
dædala locus	17.60	:35	56
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dætichæpop.	26.139	:35	
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&	28.126	:2	
daguſa	17.71	:40	6
daguta	17.57	30:41	20
daicis flu.oſtia	23.94	:48	15
daix flu.	23.95	:51	
&	23.88	:55	
daldia	17.58	10:40	20
daliſandus	17.66	20:37	50
dalmatia	7.43	:45	20
&	8.42	:45	
&	11.45	:44	
dalmatiæregio	7.43	30:43	30
damania	4.14	30:40	30
damaſcus	20.69	:33	0
damaſi montes	27.170	:31	
damenſij	14.44	:29	
damiata	15.63	20:31	10
dammana	25.113	:28	20
dammoniũ promont.	3.12	:51	30
damna	24.156	:51	40
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damoniũ promõt.	3.12	:51	30
dan tribus	20.67	40:33	0
danaba	20.70	50:33	50

danai	12.47	:39	
danati	17.68	:41	0
dandaca	10.60	45:47	20
danduti	6.33	:52	
dania	6.32	:56	50
dantzg	6.45	:56	0
danubius	6.44	:47	
&	7.37	:43	
&	11.44	:47	
danubij caput	6:30	:46	20
daona	27.165	:15	40
daphnupſiainſ.	17.57	40:43	20
dapha	20.74	15:30	30
daphne	20.69	:35	20
daphnidis inſ.	16.68	30:15	20
daphnine inſula	16.68	30:15	20
dardania inſ.	11.52	45:41	15
dara flu.	21.96	:30	
daradi flu.fontes	16.17	:10	0
daradi flu.oſtia	16.10	:15	0
daradræ pop.	26.124	:36	
darandæ	25.107	:33	
daraniſſa	19.76	:42	20
darcama	25.111	:34	40
darapſa ciuit.	23.120	:45	0
daratus flu.	16.21	:17	
&	16.21	:13	30
dardani pop.	11.48	:43	
dardania	17.55	15:41	6
dardanis	15.51	15:31	15
dardanum	17.55	15:41	6
dare flu.oſtia	22.95	15:28	40
daremma	20.76	20:35	0
dargamanis flu.	25.116	30:36	40
dargamanis,tũ fontes	23.116	:36	40
dargidus	23.116	:39	0
&	23.118	:44	
dargomannis	23 116	:37	
dargmanis flu.	25.115	:38	
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dariorigum	5.17	20:49	15
daritis regio	21.87	:37	
darna	21.80	30:39	30
darnis	15.51	15:31	15
daroacana	25.118	45:34	45
darorum uicus	16.62	:12	30
daros flu.	7.39	:46	
&	11.44	:46	
darræ	22.68	:26	
daſcyli	17.56	46:41	56

daſcylium	17.56	46:41	56
daſcuta	17.71	:40	26
dartha	21.78	20:38	45
daruernum	3.21	:53	40
dacij	5.19	:44	45
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dauaba	23.104	:45	0
dauchis mons	16.20	:15	
dauchis mons	16.15	:auſtral.	13
daudyana	19.77	40:40	20
daulis	12.50	20:37	50
daulphnie	5.23	:45	0
dauniorum regio	8.41	40:41	26
S. dauid	3.14	20:54	30
daurſij	7.45	:44	
dauſdana	11.53	:44	40
dax	5.19	:44	45
daxata	24.174	:39	40
deba	20.70	20:36	30
&	20.76	:37	20
debotus	12.46	40:40	45
debris	16.41	:19	0
decapolis	20.68	:33	
deciana	4.18	40:42	36
deciatiorum regio	5.27	:43	0
dedacana	17.59	:42	36
dee flu. oſtia	3.18	:60	
degia	21.80	45:38	10
dela	22.82	:12	40
delium	12.52	:37	45
delminium	7.44	45:43	49
delphi	12.50	:37	40
delphinatus	5.23	:45	0
delphini	8.31	15:42	50
delus inſ.	11.55	26.37	20
delta	15.62	:30	0
&	62.40	:30	20
&	15.62	15.30	6
dema	7.44	45:43	49
demetrias	12.50	30:38	56
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denia	4.15	40:39	30
dennmarch	6.32	:56	50
denonshire	3.14	45:52	20
denouia	3.14	45:52	20
deobriga	4.8	40:40	40
&	4.13	15:43	30
deobrigula	4.11	50.43	20
deopalli	26.115	40:17	50

deorum currus mons	16.15	:10	
&	16.19	:50	
deorum inſulæ	4.4	40:43	20
deorum portus	13.13	30:33	45
deorũ ſalutariũ portus	16.65	30:17	30
dera	21.81	3033	40
deraneblila	22.101	30:20	10
derbe	17.64	20:38	15
derotte ciuit.	15.61	30:30	6
derra op.	12.51	15:40	20
derrij	7.41	:45	
derrima	20.72	:35	0
derriopes	7.40	:45	
derris	15.59	:32	
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&	15.58	50:31	20
derto	8.30	40:43	30
dertona	8.30	40:43	30
dertoſa	4.15	15:40	0
detunda	4.8	40:37	6
dertuſani	4.15	15:40	0
deua	4.13	45:44	26
&	22.77	40:12	45
deuana	3.18	30:55	0
&	3.26	15:59	45
deuæ flu. oſtia	3.18	:60	
deueltus colonia	11.54	20:44	15
deuellin ciuit.	3.14	:59	30
deuona	6.32	30:48	40
dia	12.54	45:37	15
dia inſ.	12.54	30:35	40
diabate inſula	8.29	30:38	45
diablinthres	5.18	:50	0
diabolitę	5.18	50	0
diacum	11.51	20:44	20
diacherſis præſidium	15.47	20:30	50
diamunæ flu. fontes	26.124	20.36	0
dianæ fanum	12.53	40:37	6
dianæ in Ponti promontorio fanum	17.56	26:43	6
dianæ nemus	10.58	30:47	45
dianæ oraculum	22.51	40:20	0
dianæ portus	8.31	20:40	20
dianium	4.15	40:39	30
diamuna	26.135	:37	
diarrœa portus	15.47	15:30	0
diaſquillo	17.56	46:41	56
diboma	12.45	45:40	10
dicæarchia	8.39	50:41	0

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dictamum	12.52	26:34	50
dictaua	12.52	26:34	50
dicte mons	12.55	30:35	15
dicteus mons	12.55	30:35	10
dictis	17.62	:40	50
didigua	20.79	30:33	40
dierna	11.47	15:44	30
didyma mons	22.91	:20	
didyme inſula	9.39	:39	0
didymæ inſulæ duæ	15.60	:31	30
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didymi orientalia	17.62	:41	20
didimi occidentalia	17 61	:40	40
diduni	6.41	:54	
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diglane	19.77	20:45	45
diglito	19.74	40:39	40
digne	5.27	10:44	20
diluron	4.18	:41	45
dima	12.48	40:36	40
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&	3.19	:55	
dimetris, hoc eſt, Cereris Scopias pro			
montoria	16.65	20:20	15
dindarij	7.41	:45	
dinia	5.27	10:44	20
dinogetia	11.53	10:46	40
diocęſarea	17.61	:38	56
&	17.65	30:39	20
dioclia	17.60	:40	56
diodori inſula	16.70	:12	30
diogenis promont.	16.65	40:29	40
diolcos pſeudoſtomum			
	15.62	10:31	10
diomedeæ inſ.	8.40	40:43	0
dion colonia	12.50	:39	36
dion promont.	12.53	30:35	10
&	12.53	:38	36
dionyſi ſeu Bacchi ciuitas			
	28.130:auſtr.1		30
dionyſias	12:54	45:37	15
&	15.60	30:29	0
dionyſopolis	11.54	20:43	15
&	26.121	30:32	30
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&	17.66	:42	20
dios, hoc eſt, Iouis ciuit. parua			
	15.61	50:26	40
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fol.	15.62	:25	30
dios mons	14.37	30:31	15
dios Soteros portus	12.51	10:35	15
dioſcoridis ciuit.	22.86	40:9	30
dioſcoron	15.53	30:28	50
dioſcorũ portus, uel Caſtoris & Pol-			
lucis	16.65	:21	0
dioſcuria	19.71	10:46	45
dioſcuriada	22.86	40:9	30
dioſpolis	15.63	:26	
&	17.59	15:38	40
&	20.66	20:32	0
dioſpolis flu. oſtia	17.58	4,:43	20
dioſpolites	15.50	:26	40
dioſcoria	22,86	:12	
dire ciuitas	16.74	30.11	0
diſſaretiorum regio	12.46	46:40	15
diſta	25.102	30:38	15
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dittatium	5.25	30:45	40
diua flu.	3.26	:59	
&	4.14	:45	
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&	4.13	45:44	26
dium	20.67	50:31	50
diuodurum	5.25	30:47	20
diur flu. oſtia	13.7	20:31	40
diur mons	13.8	30:34	0
diux	13.8	:32	
dizaca	19.76	50:43	10
dobuni	3.18	:54	10
docimæum	17.60	15:40	30
docirana	11.47	20:48	0
doclea	7.45	20:42	15
dodecaſchoeni	15.61	50:23	45
dolicha	12.47	30:39	40
doliche	17.60	45:35.	38
&	20.70	40:36	40
doliche inſ.	17.56	45:37	20
dolichiſte inſ.	17.60	45:35	38
dolopes Eropęi	14.42	:30	
domana	17.70	:42	6
&	22.82	20:22	30
domitioſpolis	17.65	26:37	6
domnonij	3.14	45:52	20
donaw flu. caput	6.30	:46	20
doncaſtre	3.18	30:55	0
donæ flu. fontes	27.153	:27	0
oſtia	27.167	:8	30

donia	4.9	42:20	
dor ciuit.	20.65	30:32	40
dora	20.66	30:32	40
doram ciuit.	3.20	45:57	30
dorath	13.9	:31	15
dorbera	20.76	:38	0
dorceſtre	3.18	52	40
dordomana	21.94	15:37	40
doria flu.	7.30	:44	
&	8.30	:44	
dorię flu. oſtia	4.5	20:41	50
dorię flu. caput iuxta Pœninum lacum			
	8.28	45:43	45
doridis reg.	17.57	:36	
dorilaum	17.58	15:41	20
doriſcum promontorium			
	12.53	50:37	20
dorius flu.	27.168	:19	
dorij flu. fontes	4.12	40:41	40
&	27.163	:27	0
oſtia	27.168	:15	30
doris	12.50	:39	
&	17.57	:36	
doris flu.	4.8.	:42	
dorkinga	3.18	:52	40
dorſica	11.51	:43	
dorticum	11.48	:43	
dorylæum	17.58	15:41	20
doſa	21.79	:37	45
doſara	26.142	30:22	30
doſaron flu.	26.140	:23	
doſaronis fluuij fontes			
	26.140	:24	0
doſaronis fluuij oſtia			
	26.141	:17	40
doththa	21.88	20.35	20
douer portus	3.21	:53	40
dracontinus inſula	14.33	15:34	15
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drachmæ	25.106	:38	
dracontinus	14.34	:34	
dracuina	7.30	20:46	40
draga	22.79	10:15	15
dragiana reg.	25.106	:32	
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drangiana	25.106	:32	
draſtoca	25.116	:36	30
&	26.120	30:32	30
dratæ	17.65	10:39	0
drepana	9.37	:36	20
drepane	12.40	:38	
drepanum	9.37	:36	20
drepanum promontorium			
	9.37	:37	
&	12.53	10:35	10
&	12.49	20:37	10
&	15.47	15:26	20
&	15.64	:27	50
&	20.64	30:34	45
drepſa metropolis	23.120	:45	0
drilon	7.46	:42	
drilonis flu. oſtia	7.45	:41	20
drino Lodrin	7.45	:41	20
drinonis flu. oſtia	7.45	:41	20
drodagh ciuit.	3.15	:60	15
droſache	24.167	40:42	30
druſias	20.66	30:31	56
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druentiæ caput	5.28	30:43	45
druphegis	11.47	45:44	50
druſipara	11.54	30:42	40
druſomagus	7.31	30:46	6
druzon	17.60	20:39	56
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dubis flu.	5.28	:45	
dubis flu. fontes	5.28	30:44	30
dublina ciuit.	3.14	:59	30
duclearæ	7.46	:43	
ducona	5.18	:47	15
dudum	16.31	:35	0
duduſa	17.61	50:41	20
duennas	4.9	:42	20
dueri flu. oſtia	4.5	20:41	50
dui flu. oſtia	13.6	10:33	20
dulcigno	7.45	:41	30
dulgumnij	6.35	:54	
dumętha	20.75	:29	40
dumonij	3.15	:53	
dumna inſula	3.30	:61	0
dunbor	3.27	30:59	30
dunga	26.131	30:15	0
dunmonij	3.14	45:52	20
dunium	3.18	:52	40
dunum	3.12	20:58	45
dunum ſinus	3.20	45:57	30
dur flu.	3.11	:59	
dur flu. oſtia	3.9	40:58	40

duraba

duraba	20.77	40:34	0
duranzo	12.45	:40	50
durdi montes	13.11	:30	
durga	14.43	:26	30
duriæ flu. caput	8.28	45:43	45
duriæ flu. oſtia	4.15	40:39	30
&	4.5	20:41	50
durocottorum	5.23	45:48	30
duroſtorum regio	11.53	15:45	15
durotriges	3.18	:52	40
&	3.18	:54	
durum op.	20.66	30.32	40
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punda	20.79	40:33	0
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punnata	26.120	40:17	30
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tiſa	22.107	:23	
&	22.101	10:22	0
tiſaparinga	26 132	:24	20
tiſara flu.	5 27	:45	
tiſaræ fontes	5.28	:44	0
tiſaræ commixtio cum Rhodano	5.22	20:44	30
tiſarchi	15.55	50:30	50
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tiſobius flu.	3.17	:57	
tiſobis flu. oſtia	3 15	40 56	20
tiſſa	9.38	50 38	0
tiſurus	14 36	50:28	40
titanis portus	8.30	20 39	36
titariſſus	17.69	45:39	45
titi flu. oſtia	5.17	20:50	40
&	7.42	20:43	20
titianij	8.31	:43	
titij flu. oſtia	7.42	20:43	20
titua	17.64	15:42	30
ti tua	26.122	:15	40
tituacia	4.13	:41	20
titus	7.44	:44	
tiua	4.10	40:38	30
tlo	17.60	:36	40
tlos	17.60	:36	40
tmolus mons	17.58	30:38	30
toace	21 89	:30	20
toana	26 136	30:32	0
tobara	17.62	20.43	0
tobij flu. oſtia	3 15	30.54	30
toboliſti pop.	17.61	:42	
tobros	14.34	:30	30
tocari	18.68	:52	30
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toga	19.78	50:43	40
toi mediterranea	15.62	15:24	20
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toletanum regnum	4.9	40:41	0
toletum	4.10	:41	0
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toliapis inſula	3 23	:54	20
toliſtobogi	17.61	:42	
toliſtrobogi	5.19	45:43	15
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tolometa	15 49	6:31	10
tollon	5.24	50.42	50
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tomara	27.172	:18	0
tomi	11.55	:45	50
tomos	11.55	:45	50
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torcello	8.33	20:44	26
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toreticeextrema	18 68	:47	0
torga	6.36	30:52	20
tornacenſes	5.25	15:51	40
tornacum	5.25	15:51	40
tornay	5.25	15:51	4
toro	4.9	40:42	10
torocca	10.58	30:49	0
torona	12.46	45:38	0
toronaici ſinus intima			
	12.50	40:40	26
torone	12.50	45:40	20
torquemada	4.9	40:43	20
tortona	8.30	40:43	30
tortoſa	4.15	15:40	0
&	20.67	10:34	40
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tragonice	21.87	40:31	40
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traiana legio	5.27	30:50	36
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&	17.56	40:40	15
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trapezonda	17.70	45:43	6
trapezopolis	17.59	30:38	15
trapezuntia	17.70	30:43	20
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tremithus	20.66	26.35	26
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tricaſij	5.23	:48	
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tricca	12.48	6.39	0
triccaſij	5.23	15:47	45
tricomia	17.60	:41	10
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trileucum promont.	4.8	15:45	50
trilingum	27.154	:18	0
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trimiſcen	13.9	:34	20
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&	11.52	30:42	45
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&	17.68	20:43	20
tripolis	14.42	:32	
&	17.59	:38	30
&	20.67	30:34	20
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triſidis	13.9	:33	10
triſmis	11.54	30.46	20
triſſum	11.44	10:47	45
triſitides inſulæ duæ			
	16.67	30:17	30
triſtolus	12.48	:41	30
trite inſ.	22.86	30.12	0
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triton flu.	14.39	:31	
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&	14.29	30:31	20
&	14.34	:29	50
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uadris fluuij fontes	26.130	30:37	0
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ualeria Colonia	8.31	30:40	6
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ualerij flu. oſtia	8.30	40:41	0
ualina	7.40	30:46	45
ualla	11.52	40:43	45

ualladolit	4.10	10:42	0
ualla	12.49	40:39	30
uallis oletana	4.10	10:42	0
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ualonis flu.oſtia	13.7	:35	50
uallum Paſini	21.81	:31	0
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uaria	4.13	30:42	45
uarica	19.75	20:40	0
uaricum	5.20	15:46	40
uariſti	6.36	:50	
uarna	21.81	:42	0
uarpna	25.105	30:37	0
uarſapa	17.67	50:39	30
uaruaria	7.41	10:40	20
uarus flu.	5.28	:43	
uarutha	19.73	:43	0
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uaſaletus mons	14.38	:29	
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uaticinium Dianæ	22.91	40:20	0
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uazagada	12.22	30:30	10
uazua	14.33	20:29	10
ubara	14.36	45:29	20
ubeda	4.10	10:38	0
ubiſci	5.19	40:45	15
ubrix	16.14	20:13	20
uca	21.80	40:42	30
ucæna	17.64	10:40	56
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udaceſpes mons	19.80	30:40	0
uddita	14.43	20:28	40
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udon flu.	18.86	:50	
udonis flu.oſtia	18.87	:48	20
udura	4.16	30:41	45
uectis	3.19	20:52	20
uedra flu.	3.20	:59	
uedræ flu oſtia	3.20	20:58	30
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uelezmalaga	4.9	15:37	15
uelia	4.9	38:30	0
&	4.13	56:43	20
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ueneca	21.93	20.38	15
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&	10.48	:55	
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ueneria	4 5	40:37	30
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&	5.20	:43	
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ueneris Aphrodiſiæ inſ.			
	15.65	15:25	0
S. uenerius	8:31	6:42	50
uenetes pop. ſol.	7.		
ueneti pop.	5.19	:50	
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uenta	3.18	40:53	30
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uepia	7:40	20:44	30
uepillium	14.36	15:29	0
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ueretum	8.42	20 39	0
uergeli	8.31	:43	30
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ueromandi	5.25	30:50	0
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uerona	8 33	:44	0
ucrues pop.	13.9	:34	
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uerurium	4.7	15:41	6

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ueſci	4.9	30:37	30
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ueterra ciuit.	5.27	:51	50
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uexalla æſtuarium	3.16	:53	30
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zenn flu.	41. 10:	5
zeringen	39. 21:	9
zgletſth	35. 16:	13
zigenhais	43. 18:	10
ziguruck	41. 2:	17
zippis	35. 7:	11
zimbern	36. 21:	13
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zipangri	54. 5:	6
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zlabij	45. 8:	9
zlutitz	45: 19:	9
znam	45. 3:	1
zofingen	36. 13:	5
zoll	38. 16:	13
zollern	39. 9:	13
zored flu.	51. 9:	5
zottenberg	43. 13:	13
zuckmantel	45. 20:	12
zug	39. 13:	8
zulch	43. 6:	7
zum Buſs	36: 18:	18
&	39. 5:	8
zum kreütz	45. 14:	4
zum helgen kreütz	41. 16:	12
zum Laich	37. 23:	11
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zur mars	38. 4:	1
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&	39. 17:	2
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zweybruck	37. 10:	8
zuueifalten	36. 20:	17
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zuuine	42. 8:	8
zuulkoro	45. 14:	6
zürch	36. 14:	9
&	32. 23:	10
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&	40. 21:	2
zuſsmarhuſen	40. 13:	8

ELENCHORVM FINIS.

CLAVDII PTOLEMAEI ALEXANDRINI, GEOGRAPHICAE enarrationis, Liber primus.

In quo differat Geographia à Chorographia.

CAPVT I.

GEOGRAPHIA imitatio eſt picturæ totius partis terræ cognitæ, cum ijs, quæ ſibi quaſi uniuerſaliter ſunt annexa. Differt autem à Chorographia, nam illa per partes loca reſecat, ſeorſumq; ſingula & unum quodque iuxta ſe conſtituit, ac fermè omnia etiã minutiſſima illa quæ deprehẽdere poſſumus deſcribit, ueluti portus, uicos, populos, necnon à primoribus fluminib. diuertigia, & his ſimilia. Geographiæ aũt propriũ eſt, unam & continuam terrã cognitam oſtendere, quemadmodũ ſe habeat natura & poſitione, eaq; ſolum in omnino deprehenſibilioribus uerſatur deſcriptionibus, ueluti ſinuum, & ciuitatũ magnarum, gentium quoq;, & fluuiorũ, necnon circa ea, quæ ſecundum ſpeciem uniuſcuiuſq; ſunt inſigniora. Porrò finis Chorographicus cõnexione particulari continet̃, ueluti ſi quis aurẽ tantum aut oculum imitetur. Geographicus autem cõtemplatione totius, proportionaliter ijs, qui integrũ caput deſcribunt. Quũ enim omnibus quæ ſupponũtur imaginibus, præcipue partes neceſſario atq; in primis adaptentur, ac etiã picturas excepturæ ſunt, diſtantijs, ſufficienti remotione oculorũ cõmenſuratæ eſſe debeãt, ſiue perfectum ſit quod pingit̃, ſiue particulare, quo cũcta ſenſibiliter percipi ualeãt: rationabiliter ſimul & utiliter ſequutũ eſt, ut Chorographiæ minutiſſimę ꝓprietates, Geographiæ aũt regiones ipſæ cum ijs quæ uniuerſaliter eis adiacent, attribuãtur. Quoniam & primariæ orbis partes, regionum nempe ſitus, tam magnitudine quàm menſuratione recte ſunt coordinatę. At inter has ipſas ut ſeſe habeãt, quamplurimæ ſunt differentiæ. Verſatur autem Chorographia ut plurimũ circa quale magis diſponendum, quàm circa quantum: ſiquidem ubiq; qualitatis curã gerit, at non ita cõmenſurationis poſitionum. Geographia autem circa quantum magis, quam circa quale: quandoquidem in omnibus diligentẽ proportionis diſtantiarum rationem habet: ſimilitudinis uerò uſq; ad maximarum partium circũſcriptiões, & iuxta figurã ipſam tantum. Vnde illa quidem locorum eget pictura, nemoque eam recte exercebit, niſi uir pingendi gnarus: hæc uero nequaquam, nam per lineas etiam tenues ac denotationes tãtum, poſitiones & uniuerſi figurationes oſtẽdere poteſt. Quapropter illa quidem haudquaquam mathematico indiget inſtituto, hic uero pars ea præcipue requiritur. Cõſiderare enim oportet, & totius terræ figurã ac magnitudinem, necnon ſitum eius ad cœlum, quò cognita ipſius pars, quanta ſit, & qualis, recenſeri poſſit, inſuper & loca eius ſingula, ſub quibus cœleſtis ſphæræ ſita ſint parallelis, ex quibus & noctium & dierum magnitudines, & quæ nam ſtellæ fixæ uerticales fiãt, & quæ ſuper terram, quæq; ſub terra ferantur ſemper: ac omnia quæ de habitationis ratione connectimus, percipi poſſunt: Quæ cuncta ſublimiſſimę ac pulcherrimę ſunt ſpeculationis, quum humanis deprehenſionibus, per Mathematicas rationes oſtendi poſſit, quo pacto cœlum ipſum natura ſe habeat, quoniam nobis magna ex parte conſpicuum eſſe poteſt. Terra autẽ per imaginem, qui alicet certa ſit & maxima, non ta-

men nos circũambit, neque tota ſimul, neque particulatim ab eiſdem hominibus peragrari poteſt.

ANNOTATIONES IN *primum caput.*

Diſtinguit author in hoc primo capite Geographiam à Chorographia, aſſeritq́; hanc ab iſta differre in tribus. Primo, Geographus deſcribit uniuerſaliores orbis terræ partes, ſecundum rectam iuſtamq́; ſymmetriæ rationem, tam ad ſe inuicem, quam ad totum terrarum orbem & ambitum. Chorographus uero deſcribit ſingulas partes diuiſim, etiam minutas quaſq́;, puta explicat ſeorſum pictura certa locum aliquem abſque omni comparatione ad alia loca atq; ad totum terræ ambitum. Hanc differentiam Ptolemæus exprimit exemplo & comparatione artis pictorum, qui in figurandis corporum imaginibus, maiora membra primum lineis ſuis explicant, uelut caput, brachia, manus, pectus, uentrem, coxas, crura, pedes. Deinde minutiora membra illis maioribus contenta, uelut oculum, naſum. os. &c. ſuis lineamentis & aptis coloribus repræſentat. Sic etiam geographia maiora loca, uelut celebriores ciuitates, integras prouincias, & maiora flumina deſcriptione repræſentat. Chorographia uero minima quædam loca, uelut uillas, arces, portus, riuulos, prata, ſaltus, &c. quàm ſimilius poteſt accommodatis coloribus explicare molitur. Altera differentia hæc aſſignatur, quod Chorographus aduertit qualitatem loci, hoc eſt, accidentia, Geographus autem uerſatur circa quantitatem & ſymmetriã locorũ, tum inter ſe, tum ad totius telluris ambitum Tertium diſcrimen eſt, quod Chorographos neceſſe eſt eſſe pictores, qui ſingulorum locorum faciem & qualitatem adamuſſim pictura exprimant. Geographus autem per exiles punctos, quibus loca ciuitatesq́; ſignificantur & ipſorum nominum inſcriptiones, conatur indicare & eorũ ſitus, atq; totius terrarũ orbis figurã. Hinc eſt, quod chorographia mathematicæ inſtitutionis nihil eget, geographiæ uero mathematica plurimum eſt neceſſaria.

Quænam ſint ad Geographiã præſupponenda. Cap. II.

Quis igiť finis ſit eius, qui Geographiam exercere uelit, ac in quo differat à Chorographia, per hæc quaſi ſummatim ſit notatum. Cum uero impræſentiarũ ſit propoſitum, noſtræ habitabilis deſcribere orbem, ut quàm maxime cum ueritate cõgruat, neceſſarium arbitramur præmittere, peregrinationis hiſtoriã eſſe, quæ notitiam præſtet ad inſtitutionem talem, utpotè quæ plurimum afferat cognitionis, ex traditione eorum qui pręditi ſcientia ſpeculatiua, regiones particulatim peragrarunt: quodq́; cõſideratio ac traditio hæc partim ſit geometrica, partim uero ſuperiorum conſtet obſeruatione. Siquidem ad Geometriam ſpectat, quod per ſubtiles diſtantiarum dimẽſiones locorum inter ſeſe poſitiones reddãtur manifeſtę: ad obſeruationem autem ſuperiorum, quod idem fiat per apparentia, ex inſtrumentis, quibus aſtra & umbræ obſeruãtur, quod & perfectius eſt & certius, alterum autem difficilius, ac illius indigẽs ope. Primum enim quum neceſſarium exiſtat, ut ſupponatur, ſecũdum utrunquemodum, ad quamnam mundi poſitionem, duorum locorum inquiſitorum diſtantia uergãt, (nõ enim ſimpliciter, aut ſolũ hoc ſcire oportet, quantum locus unus diſtet ab alio, ſed quonam uerſus, hoc eſt, ut dicere ſciamus, num ad ſeptẽtrionem, aut ortum, ſiue ad partiliores eorum inclinationes tendat) impoſſibile eſt, exacte hoc cõſiderare, abſq; obſeruatione, quæ per prædicta fit inſtrumenta, per quæ in omni loco ac tẽpore facile, & lineæ meridianę poſitio oſtẽditur, & per ipſam ignotę locorum diſtantiæ. Inde & hoc concedi neceſſe eſt, dimenſionem, quę per numerum fit ſtadiorũ, haud quaquam certam nobis iuxta ueritatem præbere depræhenſionem: quoniam raro in uias rectas incidere contingit, propter circuitus uarios, qui & eũtibus & nauigantibus occurrere ſolent: & quia neceſſe eſt, ad rectitudinem inueniendã, id, quod in uijs, tam ex qualitatibus, quàm ex quantitatibus redundat, coniecturando tantum; ab integris ſubtrahere ſtadijs. In nauigationibus autem uentorum flatus, qui ut plurimum

uires

uires eaſdem haud ſeruāt, ad diiudicandum penitus norma carent. Inſuper licet diſtātia quędā inter duo loca emenſa exacte cognita fuerit, nō ideo tamē ratio ipſius ad totius terrę ambitū, nec poſitio, utrū ad æquinoctialem ſeu polos tēdat, patebit. Dimenſio uero, quæ fit per cœli apparētia, certam de ſingulis his cognitionē affert, q̃ cēditq; qualeſnam circumferētias inuicem per loca ſubiecta deſcripti intercipiāt circuli, paralleliq́;, & meridiani: hoc eſt, paralleli circūferentias, quæ incidunt inter ipſos & æquinoctialem, meridianorum: illi autem eas, quæ cōtinentur ab ipſis, & æqnoctialis, & parallelorū: ac etiā qualem circūferentiā duo intercipiāt loca, circuli illius, qui in terra maximus ſcribitur. Nihil deniq; ſtadiorū indiget dinumeratiōe, ſiue ad rationē earū partium, quæ à terra ſunt, ſiue ad deſcriptionis circuitū uniuerſum: ſufficit enim ſupponere ambitum telluris in partes quotquot uoluerimus, per totidemq́; partes oſtendere diſtantias in circulis maximis, ſuper telluris ſuperficie deſcriptis. Sed forſitan ad diuidendum noſtris dimenſionibus totum ambitū, aut partes illius in ſubiecta ac nota interualla hęc minus ſufficient. Ideo huius rei gratia ſolū, neceſſe fuit uiam quandam rectam adaptare circūferentiæ, quæ iuxta cōtinētiam ſimilis eſſet maximo circulo, ac rationem huius ſumere ad circulum qui fit ex apparentibus: ſtadiorū uero numerum, qui ſub ipſa continetur, ex dimenſione quę fit à partė data, ſicq́; multitudinē ſtadiorum totius ambitus demonſtrare. Cū enim ex mathematicis præſupponat̃, cōtinuam & terrę & maris ſuperficiē, quaſi per totas partes eſſe rotundā, & idem centrum habere cum ſphæra cœleſtiū: ſequitur etiā ſingulas ipſius inciſiones cōmunes, quæ ex centro in planum, necnon ex dictis emittūtur ſuperficiebus, maximos in ſemetipſis facere circulos, anguloſq́; in ipſo plano ad centrū concluſos, ſimiles circulorū intercipere portiones, diſtātiarū earum, quę in terra ſunt. Ac ideo quantitatem ſtadiorū, ubi directa fuerint, ex dimenſionibus accipi poſſe: rationem uero quæ ad totum eſt ambitū ex ipſis quidem nullatenus, propter defectū pertingentię parabolæ. A ſimili autem circūferētia circuli cœleſtis, recte ſumuntur, quoniam ratio illius ad proprium ambitum depręhēdi poteſt, eadem autem fit et à ſimili parte circa terram, ad circulum in ea maximum.

In caput ſecundum annot.

Habet, inquit, geographia ſua principia & fundamenta quibus innititur, ſine quibus nemo eam perfecte ſcire & acquirere poterit. Potiſſimum autem antecedens eſt hiſtoria itineraria & literarum monumenta, ab illis quidem tradita, qui plurima loca in terra mariq; certis longitudinum latitudinumq́ue differentijs obſeruauerunt. Sine luſtratione enim & regionum inſpectione, nemo poteſt recte aliquam deſcribere prouinciam, quales tamen hodie multi inueniuntur, qui regiones, quas nunquam uiderunt aut peragrarunt præſumunt deſcribere, id quod fortaſſis & authori ipſi (abſit dicto inuidia) imputari poteſt, qui Germaniam noſtram ſine ulla obſeruatione deſcripſiſſe uidetur, cum nec meridiani nec deſignatæ poli eleuationes locis ipſis reſpondeant. Declarat conſequenter duplicem eſſe hiſtoriam, unam geometricam alteram meteoroſcopiam, & hanc quidem faciliorem & incertiorem, illam uero perfectiorem & infallibilem affirmat. Geometrica per tenuem menſurationem diſtantiarum, ipſas locorum poſitiones adinuicem oſtendit. Meteoroſcopia uero idem per cœlitus apparentia, cum aſtrolabijs & ſciotheris inſtrumentis efficit. Nec ſatis eſt ſcire, quantum hic locus ab illo diſtiterit, niſi & hoc ſciatur, ad quam mundi plagam uergat itineris inclinatio, id quod ſine inſtrumentorum obſeruatione haud facile effici poteſt, quæ meridianæ lineæ poſitionem manifeſtant: quà cognita, expetita diſtantia atque inclinatum iter facile deprehendi poſſunt. Addimus tamen & hoc, ſine cœleſtium inſpectione poſſe inueniri lineā meridianam & ex conſequenti reliquas plagarum inclinationes, nempe per magnetem, quo hodie paſſim nautæ & ingenioſiores uiatores utuntur. At poli eleuatio ſine ſuperiorum inſpectione haberi nequit. Cæterum meteoroſcopia inſtrumenta,

manifeſtant diſtantiarũ dimenſionem & locorum ſitus per ſolis & lunæ, reliquorumq́; ſyderum, ſupra quoſque ciuitatum & locorum horizontes eleuationem, & per alia quæ in cœlo conſiderantur, ut ſunt eclypſes, pro quibus depræhendendis utimus aſtrolabijs & ſcioteris, id eſt, umbrarum obſeruatorijs inſtrumētis. Collatis cōſequenter duabus hiſtorijs, præfertur meteoroſcopia geometricæ, nam per eam reperitur directa duorum quorumq́; locorum diſtantia, et certus eorum ad æquinoctialem & polos mundi ſitus, praeterea totus ambitus terræ, ipſiusq́; ad cognitam duorum locorum diſtātiam ratio: idq́; ex his præſuppoſitis, quod maris & terræ una & cōtinua ſit ſuperficies, quodq́; terra pro maiori parte ſphæricæ ſit figuræ & centrum idem habeat cum centro ſphærarum cœleſtium: demum quod ſi terra ſuper centro ſuo plano aliquo ſecetur, communis ſectio ſphæricæ ſuperficiei terræ & eiuſdem plani ſecantis ſit maximus in terra circulus. Hæc, inquit, per geometricam tantum hiſtoriam, ſeu per ſolam obſeruationem diſtantiarum itinerum inueniri non poſſunt.

QVALITER A STADIORVM *numero alicuius diſtantiæ rectæ, licet non ſub eodem ſit meridiano, ambitus terreni ſtadiorum numeri accipiantur & econtra.* Cap. III.

QVi ante nos fuerunt, non ſolum rectam aliquam diſtantiam in terra inquirebant, ubi maximi circuli facit circūferentiam, ſed eam quoque, quę poſitionem in unius meridiani plano haberet: per Scioterosque obſeruabant ſigna duo, que ſuper uerticem erant diſtantię, iuxta circunferentiam, quę ſub ipſis intercipiebatur meridianis, quæ ſimilis eſſet itinere: quumq́; hæc ſingulatim, ut diximus, in plano conſtituebantur, lineæ rectæ, quæ per extremitates ad ſigna, quæ ſuper uerticem erant, egrediebantur, inter ſe concurrebant, quia centrum circulorum, commune erat coincidentiæ ſignum. Quanta igitur apparebat circūferentia, quæ inter ſigna erat uerticalia, ac pars eſſet circuli, qui per polos ſcribitur, tantam etiam ſupponebant in terra diſtantiam ambitus totius. Vnde ſi etiam non per polos circulum ſecūdum dimenſam ſumpſerimus diſtantiam, ſed à quolibet maximorum, propoſitum oſtendi poteſt. Idem nobis patebit, ſi per inſtrumentum, quò ſublimiora cōſiderantur, eleuatiões poli in terminis fuerint obſeruatæ, necnon poſitione animaduerſa, quam diſtantia ad alium habet meridianum. Per quod etiam Meteoroſcopium multa alia utiliſſima facile deprę hendere poſſumus. Sed & quolibet die & nocte iuxta obſeruationis locū eleuationem poli Borealis omniq́; hora ſitum meridionalem, necnon habitudines declinationum ad ipſum, hoc eſt, quales faciat angulos per uiam deſcriptus circulus maximus cum meridiano, ad ſignum quod eſt ſuper uerticem, per quos ſimiliter quæſitam circunferentiam ex ipſo oſtendimus Meteoroſcopio: & eam quoque quæ inter duos intercipitur meridianos, quum alij fuerint, quàm ęquinoctialis paralleli. Ita ut per talem modū ſi ſolum diſtantia una recta in terra fuerit dimenſa, totus etiā numerus ſtadiorum, quos ambitus continet, inueniri poſſit. Per hęc inde reliquum, necnon aliorum itinerum interualla, etiā ſine dimenſione cognoſcunt̄, licet non penitus fuerint recta, necq; ſub eodē meridiano aut parallelo conſtituta dummodo id quod ad omnem inclinationem propriū eſt, diligenter accipiatur, pariter & terminorū eleuationes obſeruētur. Rurſus etiam per rationem circūferentiæ, quæ diſtantiam extendit ad circulum maximum, ſtadiorum quoque multitudo à deprehenſo totius terræ ambitu facile conſiderari poteſt.

In Caput tertium annot.

Oſtendit Ptolemæus in hoc capite rationem inueniendi directam diſtantiam inter duo loca, & primo quidem ponit priſcorum geographorum rationem & modum. Deinde ſuper eadem ratione inueſtiganda, ſubiungit generalem quandam præceptionem, quæ ſcilicet conſiſtit in uſu

cuiuſdam

cuiuſdam inſtrumenti meteoroſcopij, cuius utilitatem in fine quoq; ponit. Ad inquirendum itaq; ſtadiorum ambitus terræ multitudinem, non tantũ ſub æquatore, uerum & ſub quolibet meridiano per utrũq; polum ducto obſeruatio fieri poteſt, puta ſi duo uerticalia ſigna ſeu puncta in eodem meridiano per inſtrumentum idoneũ obſeruentur, arcusq; cœleſtis interceptus in gradibus & minutis numeretur, id quod per poli borealis altitudinem facile fieri poteſt, quanta ſit itineraria diſtantia inter duo loca illis ſuppoſita, ſcietur quoq; abſq; difficultate. Nam duæ lineæ ex uerticalibus punctis ad centrum terræ ductæ, abſcindunt tantum ſpacium de ambitu terræ, quantum termini earum intercipiunt in circulo cœleſti: Vt ſi uerticalia puncta in cœlo intercipiant decem gradus, lineæ hinc ad centrum mundi ductæ, in ſuperficie terræ includent quoq; decem gradus terreſtres. Cumq; illis reſpondeant 150. miliaria germanica, conſequens erit totum ambitum terræ ſecundum maximum circulum complecti miliaria germanica 5400. Plinius collegit ſtadia 252000. facientibus 700. ſtadijs unum gradum. Ptolemæus uero dicit 500. ſtadia reſpondere uni gradui. Aequa itaq; proportio eſt inter portionem ſeu intercapedinẽ cœleſtẽ, quam poſuimus eſſe decem graduum, & inter diſtantiã terreſtrem, utraque intercapedine ad ſuum relata circulum. Porrò quando ultrà dicitur, omni die ac nocte in obſeruationis loco, eleuationem borealis poli poſſe deprehendi, id uerũ eſt quando ſol interdiu & ſtellæ noctu uideri poſſunt. Nouit enim Aſtronomus cottidie, in quo ſigno & gradu ſit ſol, nouit etiam quot gradibus ſinguli ſignorum gradus declinent in ecliptica ab æquatore, & illi additi eleuationi horizontali aut ſubtracti ab ea, manifeſtant eleuationem æquatoris. Eleuatio autem æquatoris ſubtracta à 90. gradibus, poli oſtendit altitudinem. Supputatio iſta commodius fit in meridie. Quod ſi idem noctu inueſtigare uolueris, neceſſe eſt ut obſerues ſtellam aliquam tibi notam et cuius ſcias declinationẽ ab æquatore, eleuationem'que eius ſupra horizontem aduertas, & agas ut prius egiſti cum ſole. Quomodo uero omnis hora ſitus meridionalis in certo loco à ueteribus per inſtrumentum fuerit deprehenſus, præſertim quando ſolares radij non apparuerunt, non ſatis conſtat, ſicut nec perſpicuum eſt, quale inſtrumentum fuerit meteoroſcopium, quippe quod Iohannes de monte regio cenſet parum aut nihil differre ab armilla, Vernerus uero plurimum diſferre ſentit, at noſtro æuo facile omni hora per magnetem deprehenditur linea meridiana. Et quod ſequitur in textu: Nec non habitudines declinationum ad ipſum, hunc habet ſenſum: quantum quis ab ipſo meridiano declinauerit; ſeu quamcunque agat uiam, id ſcire poterit per meteoroſcopium, ſicut & qualem angulum ſcriptus per eiuſdem itineris ſpacium circulus maximus ad eandem lineam meridianam conſtituat, quod & magnes nobis hodie manifeſtat, præſertim ubi uiſus in planicie libere emitti poteſt ad locum quem obſeruare conamur.

QVOD EA QVAE EX APparentibus obſeruata ſunt, præferri debeant ijs, quæ ex peregrinationis comperta ſunt hiſtoria.

Cap. IIII.

IGitur, quũ hæc ita ſe habeant, ſi ij, qui particulatim regiones peragrarũt, talibus quibuſdam obſeruatiõibus uſi fuiſſent, certam penitus orbis deſcriptionem facere potuiſſent. Verum quum ſolus Hipparchus, nobis paucarum ciuitatũ (reſpectu tantæ multitudinis, quã in Geographia deſignare neceſſe eſt) eleuationes poli Borealis tradiderit, eaſq; eidẽ ſubiectas parallelo. Quidã uero cum illis pariter loca quædã oppoſita, nõ quę ęqualiter ab æquinoctiali diſtarent, ſed quæ planæ ſub eodem eſſent meridiano, ex eo quod mutuæ eorum nauigationes ſecundæ ad arctũ uel nothum tenderent. Diſtantiæ uero quam plurimæ, & præcipuæ illæ, quæ ad ortũ uel occaſum uergunt, imperfectiorem aſſequutę ſunt traditionem: non incuria eorum, qui hiſtorias condiderunt, ſed ideo forſitan, quia cõſiderationes Mathematicales nondum exacte erãt perceptæ, nec adhuc multæ defectiões Lunares eodẽ tempore, in locis diuerſis obſeruatæ fuerãt. Nam literis mandatũ eſt Eclipſim eam, quæ hora quinta in Arbelis accidit, Carthagini apparuiſſe ſecunda. Ex quibus manifeſtum redditur, quot temporibus æquinoctialibus inter ſe loca diſtent, ad ortum uel occaſum. Rationabile quoq; erit,

& his cõſequens, eum qui Coſmographiam tractare uelit, ea loca, quæ per diligentiores obſeruatiões deprehenſa ſunt, deſignationi ſuę tanquam fundamenta quędam præſupponere, quæ uero ab alijs tradita ſunt, his adaptare, quouſque poſitiones eorum inuicem, cum ijs, quæ prius fuerunt obſeruata tanquam traditionibus certiora, potiſſimum congruant.

In Caput quartum annot.

Docet in hoc capite Ptolemæus in luſtrando orbe aut deſcribenda particulari regione, ſubijciendum in primis aptum fundamentum, & ſecundum rectam ſymmetriam ponenda loca, quorum longitudines per defectus ſolares aut lunares, latitudines uero per organa mathematica inueſtigandæ ſunt. His diligenter obſeruatis, licebit deinde connectere & alia loca, quorum poſitiones in longitudine & latitudine non tam certa ratione ſunt deprehenſæ, atque cum prioribus ac certis illis locis, loca illa poſteriora & incerta ſic adaptare, ut eorum in ſubiecta deſcriptione poſitiones, ueris eorum in terra ſitibus quàm maxime congruant. Vt ſi imperator aut princeps aliquis cuperet ex arte deſcribendam Germaniam, quatuor ad minus mathematici eſſent conſtituendi, qui meridianos obſeruarent occidentalem & orientalem, tempore eclipſis lunaris. Per initium eclipſis, intellige initium totalis defectionis, & non initium primi in tenebras illapſus, quod tam exacte à pluribus non poſſet obſeruari. Vnus itaque obſeruaret hic Baſileæ, alius in Holandia, ubi Rhenus mare ingreditur, & hi limitem occidentalem certiſſimum deſignare poſſent. Alij duo ſtatuendi eſſent ab ortu Germaniæ, unus in Vienna Auſtriæ & alius in Dantiſco aut propè, qui limitem deſignarent orientalem. Quibus habitis, facile inter media loca ſubſidio itinerum & eleuationum polarium inſcribi poſſent. Itaque ſi ueteres talibus obſeruationibus fuiſſent uſi, idoneam potuiſſent facere orbis deſcriptionem. Hipparchus quidem memoratur in paucis ciuitatibus eleuationes boreales poli tradidiſſe, præſertim quæ ſub eiſdem iacent parallelis. Quidam alij poſt eum & aliqua loca ſignarunt, quæ ſimpliciter ſub eiſdem ſita erant meridianis, id quod ex nauigationibus in ſeptentrionem aut auſtrum collegerunt. Non enim eo tempore plures in orbe fuerunt in mathematica docti, qui ſimul in diuerſis locis lunares obſeruarent defectiones, à quibus potiſſimum regionum petenda eſt longitudo. Aut ſi fuerunt, mutuam ſui cognitionem non habuerunt, nec obſeruatas defectiones mutuo communicarunt, ſicut poſtea factum eſt, quando unus in Arbelis, alius in Carchedone unam & eandem obſeruarunt eclipſim. Vbi notandum, Arbelas urbem eſſe Aſſyriæ, ubi olim Alexãder Magnus ſtrauit exercitum Darij, cuius longitudinem Ptolemæus ſignat gradus 80. Carchedon uero putatur eſſe Carthago, cuius longitudinẽ idẽ Ptolemæus ſignat gradus 35. Subtractis autem 35. gradibus à 80. gradibus, remanent 45. gradus, qui faciunt tria tempora æquinoctialia, id eſt, tres horas. Alij tamen per tempora æquinoctialia intelligunt gradus æquatoris, eo quod reuolutione æquatoris per raptum primi mobilis, conficiantur anni, menſes, dies, noctes, horæ & horarum minutæ.

QVOD HISTORIIS NOVISSI*mis magis ſit adhærendum, propter mutationes, quæ per tempora accidunt in terra.* Cap. V.

IGitũ deſcriptionis aggreſſio, tali forſitan cõtinet̃ propoſito: uerũ quum in omnibus locis, quę nõ penitus uel propter magnitudinis exceſſum, uel quia nõ ſemper eodem ſe habeant modo, deprehenſa ſunt, ſemper unũquodq; tempus hiſtoriam, tãquã certiorẽ prę ferre ſolet: ita etiam in Geographia accidit. Conſtat enim per ipſam tẽporum traditiones, multas partes cõtinẽtis terrę, quę à nobis habitat̃, nondũ propter difficilem magnitudinis peragrationẽ ad notitiã perueniſſe. Quaſdam uero nõ tales ac ferr̃ eſſe, eorũ culpa qui hiſtorias excepetũt fabuloſiſſimas. Nonnullas autẽ nũc lõge aliter q̃ olim habere, uel propter particulares earũ deuaſtationes, uel etiã immutatiões. Vnde neceſſe eſt ut ibi nouiſſimis tẽporis noſtri traditionibus, penitus quaſi adhæreamus, obſeruãtes obiter & hiſtoriæ antiquæ expoſitionẽ, necnon prædictorũ dijudicationem, ut liquere poſſit, quid fide dignum, quidue ſit erroneum.

In Caput quintum annot.

Oſtendit hactenus Ptolemæus quibus cautelis uti oporteat geographum in regionũ deſcriptione. ut ſcilicet

ut ſcilicet locorum diſtantias iuxta illam ſymmetriam & proportionem quam in terræ ſuperficie habent tabulis imponat, nunc docet, ut cautus quoque exiſtat in deſignandis limitibus regionum & ſatrapiarum ſeu prouinciarum atque alijs particularibus locis inſerendis, accommodans ſeſe temporibus ſuis, innitensq; ueris hiſtorijs & relinquens ea quæ fabuloſe à quibuſdam traduntur. Et quanquàm terra ſemper maneat eadem atque in eadem forma & diſpoſitione, quædam denique regna ac territoria hodie ſic ſeſe habeant ut olim, nihilominus temporis ſucceſſu grandes fiunt mutationes in ipſis regnis, territorijs, populis & ciuitatibus. Delentur enim nonnunquam regna aut transferuntur, exurguntq́ue noua, ſic multæ nationes in unam contrahuntur, aut una in plures ſegregatur, ſolitudines fiunt habitabiles, & habitabilis redigitur in ſolitudinem. Inſignia nemora exciduntur & fiunt habitatio hominum, ciuitatesq́ue magnæ abolentur & oriuntur aliæ. Vbi eſt hodie florentiſſimum illud Macedoniæ regnum, ubi Epiri regnũ, ubi Athenienſium, ubi Lacedæmoniorum, cæterarumq; inſignium Græciæ ciuitatum imperium? Vbi Carthago, ubi Tyrus, ubi denique Roma cum ſuo imperio? Et è diuerſo uidemus, quomodo ſolitaria illa, & ut Taciti utar uerbis, ſqualida & triſtis cœlo Germania, à Ptolemæi temporibus creuerit in cultiſſimam terram, innumeras habẽs regiones, urbes & populos. Sic Sarmatiam Europeam hodie in plurima uidemus partitam regna, ubi olim uix unum fuiſſe conſtat. Nam habet Vngariam, Poloniam, Moſcouiam, Lithuaniam, &c. Exortum eſt quoque poſt Ptolemæi tempora regnum Daniæ, regnum Norbegiæ atque Suetiæ. adinuentæ ſunt nouæ inſulæ, explorata tota Africa, & ut ſemel dicam, tota facies terræ eſt innouata, aliamq; induit formam. Rectè ergo præcipit in hoc capite Ptolemæus, ut in deſignandis regnis, & in Satrapiarum circumſcribendis terminis atque in collocãdis particularibus locis, utamur eis authoribus, qui noſtro tempori viciniores extiterunt, aduertentes, quod illorum ſcriptum ueritati conſentiat, quodq; alienum ſit à ueritate.

DE GEOGRAPHICA MARINI *enarratione.* Cap. VI.

MArinus itaq; Tyrius, nouiſſimus eorũ qui noſtro fuerunt tẽpore, parti huic ſummo ſtudio incubuiſſe uidetur. Patet enim plurimas eũ hiſtorias euoluiſſe, ultra eas etiam quæ prioribus cognitæ fuerãt temporibus ac ſcripta ferè omniũ qui eum præceſſere, diligentiſſime percepiſſe. Quoniam ea quæ minus decenter, tã à priſcis illis, quàm à ſemetipſo credita fuerãt, decenti primum rectificatione exornauit: quemadmodum ex æditionibus ipſius emendationis tabulæ Geographicæ (nam plures ſunt) cõſiderare licet. Proinde, ſi cerneremus, nihil in ultima ſua deeſſe cõpoſitiõe, poſſemusq; ex ſolis monumentis illis, orbis deſignationẽ perficere, nullũ ulterius in hac re laborẽ ſuſciperemus: uerũ cũ manifeſte liqueat, quædã eum cũ minus fide digna perceptione collegiſſe, ſæpius ꝓterea in deſcriptionis inſtitutione, nec facilitatis, neq; de dimẽſionibus debitã curã habuiſſe: iuſte moti ſumus, ut uiri huius negociũ ſuſceptũ, quantũ operæpreciũ arbitramur, ad rationabiliorẽ, et utiliorem reduceremus modum. Quod quidem ꝗ ſuccinctius poſſimus, facere conabimur, conſiderantes, breuibus nos ea, quę ad utrãq; ſpeciẽ conferũt, ratione quadã cõſequi poſſe. Ac primũ quidem ab hiſtoria initiũ faciemus, ſecundum ꝗ exiſtimat ipſe, & lõgitudinem terræ cognitę plus ad orientẽ, latitudinem uero ad meridiẽ ꝓduci oportere. Deinde forſitã nõ inepte totius ſuperficiei diſtantiã, ab ortu occaſum uſque, longitudinẽ, eã uero quæ eſt ab arcto, meridiẽ uerſus, latitudinẽ uocabimus. Quoniã & parallelos, iuxta motũ cœleſtẽ, eodẽ appellabimus nomine. Sed & uniuerſaliter quidẽ diſtãtiæ maiori, recte lõgitudo eſt attribuẽda: ſiquidẽ planè hoc ab omnibus conceſſum eſt, ꝙ orbis terrarũ diſtãtia, ab ortu uerſus occaſum, longe maior exiſtit, quàm ea quæ à ſeptentrione eſt ad meridiem.

In Caput ſextum annot.

Fuerunt multi ante Ptolemæum qui orbis deſcriptionem parare tentarunt, & id quidem tunc commodius quàm hodie efficere potuerunt, quod tunc imperia latiſſime paterent, & docti apud cunctas nationes etiam barbaras celebres haberentur, hodie autem apud Turcicam gentem atque

Tartartam, quæ maiorem orbis occupant partem, nullius ſunt precij, quippe qui nullas curant diſciplinas, nec licet tuto adire eos: non ſic olim, quanquam non ignoremus in profectionibus militaribus, multas fuiſſe deſcriptas regiones. Itaque inter eos qui ante Ptolemæũ ſcripſerunt, Marinus præ cæteris commendatur, quippe qui diligentius alijs in Geographia ſcripſit, quanquam ſcripta illius in quibuſdam non careant reprehenſione. Nam nonnunquam ſic ſemet inuoluit, ut longitudinem pro latitudine & contrà latitudinem pro longitudine poſuerit. Deinde, quod non docuit, quo pacto orbis deſcriptio fieri in plano debeat, & tertio longitudinem & aliquando latitudinem maiorem fecerit quam ars ipſa exegerit. Hæc tria conatur Ptolemæus corrigere, idq́; in ſequẽtibus libris. Definit præterea in calce huius capitis longitudinem et latitudinem, aſſerens terræ ſpacium, quod ab ortu in occaſum porrigitur appellari longitudinem, & quod ab auſtro in ſeptentrionem uergit uocari latitudinem. Non autem ineptę hæc pars quæ ab ortu ad occaſum uergit uocatur longitudo, nam eſt multo longior ea parte quæ ab arcto in notũ porrigitur.

Rectificatio diſtantiæ latitudinis terræ cognitæ, ex apparentibus ſecundum Marinum. Cap. VII.

PRIMVM igitur latitudinis terminum præſupponit ipſe Thylen, ſub parallelo, qui borealiſſimã terræ nobis cognitæ partem ſegregat. Parallelum uero hunc demonſtrat ab equinoctiali diſtare ad ſummum partibus 63. qualium eſt circulus meridianus trecentarum ſexaginta: ſtadijs uero milibus triginta, ac inſuper mille quingentis, ita, ut pars unà quingenta fermè comprehendat ſtadia. Deinde Aethiopum regionem quæ uocatur Agiſymba, & Praſſum promontoriũ ſub eo ponit parallelo, qui auſtraliſſimum terræ cognitæ finit terminũ, quem etiam ſub hyberno ponit tropico: ita ut ſecundum ipſum, tota orbis latitudo, iũcto tropico hyberno partium fiat octuaginta ſeptem, ſtadia uero compleat quadraginta & tria milia quingenta. Quinetiam rationabiliter finem auſtralis demonſtrare conatur, per apparentia quędam, ut ipſe putat, necnon per itinera, quæ & terra & mari hiſtorijs ſunt prodita, quæ ſingula quaſi ex tranſcurſu cõſideranda erunt. Sanè in enumeratione apparentiũ, cõpoſitione ſua tertia, ita ait: Zodiacus in zona torrida totus ſup ipſam apparet, quapropter in ea tranſmutantur umbræ ac omnia aſtra occidunt & oriuntur. Sola autem Vrſa minor tota ſupra terrã apparere incipit, in borealioribus Ocele, ſtadijs quinq; milibus quingentis. Parallelus enim per Ocelem partibus eleuat̃ undecim ac quinta duplici. Ab Hipparcho autem traditur, minoris Vrſæ ſtellã borealiſſimã, ultimam autem caudæ, à polo diſtare partibus duodecim, quintisq; duabus. Porrò ijs, inquit, q ab æquinoctiali ad æſtiuum progrediuntur tropicum, polus borealis ſemp plus ſupra horizontẽ attollit̃, auſtralis uero, plus ſub horizonte deprimitur. Qui uero ab æquinoctiali ad brumalem pergũt tropicũ, ijs polus auſtralis ſupra horizontẽ eleuatur, borealis uero ſub horizõte mergitur. Igitur per hęc ſolũ exponit quæ accidere debẽt locis, quę ſub ęqnoctiali ſunt, uel inter tropicos poſita. At qui, ſi etiã ita ſe habeat hiſtoria, apparentia tamen in locis, æquinoctiali auſtralioribus, nequaquã appoſuit, ueluti quænã ſtellæ ſuper uerticẽ fiant, in locis illis, quæ æqnoctiali ſunt auſtraliora, aut quãtũ ad auſtrũ declinẽt umbræ meridianę in ęquinoctijs, utrumúe Vrſę minoris ſtellæ omnes oriant̃ & occidant: ac rurſus quænã ex ipſis penitus nõ appareãt, quũ polus auſtralis ſuper horizontẽ eleuat̃. In cęteris inde dicit, quędã obſeruata eſſe apparentia, uerũ nec illa propoſitum ullo pacto oſtẽdere poſſunt. Ait enim eos, qui ex India in Lymiricẽ nauigãt (quẽadmodũ narrat Diodorus Samius in tertio) Taurum in medio habere cœlo, Pleiades uerò ſecũdum antennas medias. Qui uerò ex Arabia in Azaniam feruntur. nauigationem dirigere ad meridiẽ, & ſtellam Canobum, quæ ibi Equus uocatur,

catur, eſt'ꝗ auſtraliſſima. Cæterũ aſtra quędam apud illos apparẽt, quæ apud nos ne nominant quidẽ. Caniſq; Anticane prior orit & Oriõ ante cõuerſiones æſtiuas totus. Ex his igit ſtellis apparentibus, quædam manifeſte oſtendũt, quænã habitationes æquinoctiali ſint borealiores, ueluti Taurus & Plias, quæ ſup uerticẽ fiũt, nam aſtra hæc æquinoctiali ſunt borealiora, quędam aũt nihilomagis borealioribus auſtraliores eſſe demonſtrãt. Canobus enim apparere poteſt etiã ijs, q longe æſtiuo tropico ſunt ſeptentrionaliores. Multæq; ſtellæ, quæ ſemper apud nos ſub terra ſunt, in locis q nobis ſunt auſtraliores, ac etiã ijs qui æquinoctiali ſunt borealiores, uelut ijs, q circa Meroëm habitãt, ſuper terrã fiũt. Quẽadmodũ Canobus ipſe, qui nobis borealiorib. hic minime apparet. Et hũc quidẽ meridionaliores, & nullũ aliũ, q nobis ſit incognitus, Equũ uocitant. Adijcit & ipſe mathematicis ratiõibus deprehenſum eſſe, Orionem totũ ante cõuerſiones æſtiuas apparere, ijs q ſub æquinoctiali habitãt. At canis oriri incipit, priuſq; Procanis, ijs, qui ſub ęquinoctiali habitãt, & ab ipſis Syenem uſq;, ita, ut nec horũ quoq; apparẽtium peculiare exiſtat, oſtẽdere habitationes aliquas, æquinoctiali eſſe auſtraliores.

In Caput ſeptimum annot.

Adducit Ptolemæus in hoc capite erratum Marini, quod de latitudine & lõgitudine uniuerſali orbis habitabilis poſuit, examinatq; ipſum et emendat. Latitudinem orbis habitabilis in utranque æquinoctialis partem ſupputauit Marinus eſſe graduum ferè 87. conatur'que id probare per ſigna cœlitus apparentia & profectiones itinerarias nauigationeſq;. Ptolemæus uero iſta apparentia taxat, oſtenditq; ea eſſe inefficacia, ad ſtabiliendum propoſitum Marini. Nam eorum quædam ſunt talia, quæ indicant habitationem aliquam eſſe, deuiantem ab æquinoctiali in boream: nonnulla uero talia ut æque ſeptentrionalibus & auſtrinis, ultra æquinoctialem ſcilicet & citra, habitantibus congruãt, ac locum aliquem cõmonſtrent, qui non minus ſeptentrionalis quàm auſtrinæ ſit latitudinis. Et ut id magis fiat perſpicuum, author recenſet in litera cœleſtia illa apparentia, &c. Ocele emporium eſt in Arabia felice, littore maris rubri ſub parallelo undecim gradibus ab æquatore diſtante ſitum. Ceterum ſtella ultima caudæ urſæ minoris, quã Hipparchus ſcribit ſuo æuo diſtitiſſe à polo partibus duodecim, quintis'que duabus, hæc noſtra ætate diſtat à polo gradibus quatuor & minutis nouem. Declinat enim ab æquatore gradibus 87. & minutis 51. Poteſt igitur tota urſa minor nedum in Ocele, uerum & in locis æquatori uicinioribus uideri. Limyrice regio eſt in India, ſita inter fluuios Pſeudoſtomum & Barium, habens ſcilicet in longitudine gradus 118. & in latitudine gradus 15. in ea regione Taurus tenet uerticem capitis ſicut & Pliades ſecundum antennam mediam, id eſt, mediam nauigantium tenent antennam. Azania regio eſt in Aethiopia ſub Aegypto, ſita ſub æquatore haud procul à mari rubro. Porrò Canobus quem nauigantes ex Arabia obſeruãt, ſtella eſt meridionalis primæ magnitudinis diſtans ab æquatore gradibus circiter quadraginta nouem quæ in tota Europa uideri nequit. Nam diſtat à polo antarctico 41. gradibus: polus autem ille nobis mergitur 47. gradibus, atque ideo aſtra multa apparent habitantibus ultra æquatorem, quæ apud nos ne nominantur quidem. Ceterum quando Ptolemæus dicit canem priorem oriri anticane, notandum quod per canem hic intelligitur canis maior, qui ab æquatore uerſus auſtrum declinat 16. gradibus. Anticanis uero eſt canis minor, qui alio nomine uocatur Algomeiſa, diſtans ab æquatore uerſus ſeptentrionem gradibus ſeptem. Habitantibus ergo ultra æquatorem, canis prior oritur anticane propter obliquitatem horizontis, & quod duodecim gradibus occidentalior eſt in cœlo anticane. Alij intelligunt per ortus iſtos egreſſiones matutinas è radijs ſolis. Nam Marini tẽpeſtate aſtra hæc erant in tauro & geminis, ideo antequam ſol cancrum accederet, mane à radijs egrediebantur, nunc uero ſecus.

Eadem rectificatio ab emenſione itinerum. Cap. VIII.

PRoinde in itinerũ emenſione, dum per terrã ſingulatim profectionũ cõputat dies, à Lepti magna uſque ad regionem Agiſymbã, hãc æquinoctiali auſtraliorem eſſe ſtadijs quatuor milibus ſexcentis octuaginta

octuaginta colligit. Rurſusq́ꝫ ſecundũ dies nauigatiõis per mare, à Ptolemaide, quæ eſt in Troglodytica, ad Praſſum promõtorium, æquinoctiali id auſtralius eſſe colligit, ſtadijs uiginti & ſeptẽ milibus octingẽtis, ita ut et Praſſum promontoriũ, & Agiſymbam regionem, quæ Aethiopũ eſt, & quæ, ut ipſe dicit, nec dum Aethiopiam ab auſtro diſterminant, ad oppoſitum eorũ producat, qui gelidam inhabitant zonam. Siquidem uiginti ſeptem milia et octingenta ſtadia, cõſtituunt in æquinoctiali partes quinquaginta quinqꝫ & tertias quinque, quot & ab altera æquinoctialis parte diſtãt, ac ſub ſimilis frigiditatis qualitate, Scythæ degũt & Sarmatæ, qui ſeptẽtrionalia Mæotidis incolunt paludis. Contrahit igitur & ipſe numerum expoſitorũ ſtadiorũ in ſummam dimidio minorem, hoc eſt, in ſtadia duodecim milia, quot fermè hyemalis tropicus diſtat ab æquinoctiali. Addit & cõtractionis huius ſolummodo diuerſiones à uijs rectis, necnõ irregularitates itinerũ cauſas eſſe, obmiſſis potioribus & prõptioribus, ex quibus nõ ſolum diminutio neceſſaria uidetur, ſed etiam ut ad tam paruum redigatur numerũ. Primum enim de itinere quo à Garama ad Aethiopiam itur, Septimium Flaccum, ait, qui in Libya militauerat, à Garamãtibus, ad Aethiopes, quum ad meridiem perrexiſſet, trium menſium ſpacio perueniſſe: Iulium uero Maternũ à Lepti magna, quũ Garamãtes ex Garama Aethiopes inuaſiſſent, menſib. quatuor ad Agiſymbam Aethiopũ regionem applicuiſſe, quũ iter ſemper ad meridiem direxiſſet, quo in loco Rhinocerotes congregantur. Quæ utraqꝫ etiam per ſeſe incredibilia ſunt, & quia Aethiopes interiores, non tantum à Garamãtibus ſegregantur, ut trimeſtri diſtent itinere. Quum iam ipſi potius Aethiopes exiſtant, & eundem quem & illi habeant regem. Et quia penitus ridiculũ eſt, incurſionem regis cõtra ſubditos ſuper unam diſtantiam ſolam factam fuiſſe, nempe à ſeptentrione ad meridiẽ: quũ gentes illæ, utrinque, & ad ortũ & occaſum latiſſime extendantur, ac nullibi eũ moras relatu dignas feciſſe. Quapropter certũ eſt, uiros illos falſa nunciaſſe, aut ſic ad meridiẽ dixiſſe, quemadmodum indigenæ dicere conſueuerunt in Auſtrum, aut in Aphricũ, pro certiori, eo quod magis notum eſt, abutentes.

In Caput octauum annot.

Voluit Marinus oſtendere latitudinem terræ auſtralem terminari ſub tropico brumali, conatusq́; eſt id probare duabus profectionibus, una terreſtri, alia nautica, ſed quam inepte id faciat, luculenter Ptolemæus in hoc capite oſtendit, dum Agiſymba interioris Aethiopiæ regnum ſecundum illum computum gelidæ ſubijceretur zonæ, hoc eſt, quinquaginta quinque gradibus diſtaret ab æquatore. Quod autem gelidæ zonæ ſecundum hanc dimenſionem ſubijceretur, patet ex oppoſito parallelo, qui ſcilicet quinquaginta quinque gradibus uerſus aquilonem ab æquatore diſtat, cui ſubijciuntur Scithæ & palus Meotica. Si itaque Scythæ & Sarmatæ ſub Scytharum parallelo habitantes, gelidã inhabitant zonam, utiq; & hi qui uerſus auſtrum quinquageſimo quinto ſubijciũtur parallelo, gelidam inhabitabunt zonam, habebuntq́; ſimilem aëris qualitatem, quam Scythæ memorati habent. Pari ratione nauigatio illa reprehenditur, quæ iuxta Marini aſſertionem à Ptolemaide Troglodytica ad Praſſum promontorium facta eſt. Ceterum Leptis magna in Africa minore inter duas ſyrtes locum habet, uocaturq́; alio nomine Neapolis, habens in longitudine gradus 42. & in latitudine 31. Garama uero eſt metropolis Garamãtum in Libya interiori, habens in longitudine gradus 43. & in latitudine 21. diſtans ſcilicet decem gradibus à Lepti magna uerſus auſtrum. Ptolemais Troglodytica eſt in Aethiopia ſub Aegypto, habens in longitudine gradus 66. & in latitudine 16. Agiſymba regio eſt ultra æquatorem, habens in longitudine gradus triginta duos, & in latitudine decem. Praſſum promontorium habet in longitudine gradus 80. & in latitudine meridionali gradus quindecim. Porrò cum Marinus abſurditatem ſuam cognouiſſet, molitus eſt ſic euadere, ut ſtadiorum multitudinem dimidiaret propter itinerum uarios flexus, ſed huius uanitatem refellit Ptolemæus.

Eadem

Eadem rectificatio à nauigationibus exactis Cap. IX.

POſtea de nauigatione inter Aromata & Rapta, Diogenē quendā ait, qui in Indiā nauigarat, ac ſecūdo fuerat reuerſus, quū prope Aromata, nauigaſſet à Septētrione arreptū eſſe: quumq; Troglodyticam à dextra habuiſſet diebus uiginti quinq; ad paludes, ex qbus Nilus fluit applicuiſſe, quibus Raptorū promōtoriū paululū eſt Auſtralius. Theophilū autē quendā ex ijs, qui in Azaniā nauigare cōſueuerūt, à Raptis ſoluiſſe, ac Auſtri flatu, die uigeſimo ad Aromata perueniſſe. Verū neuter horum, q̄t dierū nauigatio illa eſſet, aperuit, ſed Theophilus ſe die uigeſimo illac applicuiſſe, Diogenes uero dieb. 25. Troglodyticā, prçternauigaſſe dixit, ſolū referētes quot diebus nauigaſſent, minimè aūt aduertentes, quot dierū nauigatio illa, propter uentorū in tāto tempore irregularitatē & immutationem, eſſet, neq; utrū tota nauigatio illa ad ſeptētrionē, aut meridiē facta fuiſſet. Verū Diogenes ſe tantū ſeptētrione impulſum eſſe. Theophilus autē ſolē auſtro nauigaſſe retulit: reliquā aūt nauigationē q̄d eundē ſemp tenorē ſeruauerit, neuter dixit. Quod enim naues illę tot diebus, eodem fuerint impulſæ uēto, haudquaq; eſt credibile: ac ideo diſtantiā eā, quā Diogenes inter Aromata & paludes, quibus Raptū ꝓmontoriū auſtralius exiſtit, 25. emenſus eſt dieb. Theophilus à Raptis ad Aromata, lōgè maiorē 20. dieb. exegit. Theophilusq; diei ac noctis nauigationem mille eſſe ſtadia ſuppoſuit: cui rei licet ipſe aſtipulet̄, ait tamē nauigationem eā, quę à Raptis ad Praſſum ꝓmontorium ac multorū eſt dierū, 5000. tantū à Dioſcoro ſtadiorū ſupponi: quū facile, ut par eſt, uēti ſub æquinoctiali mutant̄, ac ideo ſecūdum ipſum etiā ſolis trāſitus ad obliqua celeriores ponunt̄. Ob hæc igit̄ magis decuiſſet, ut relatæ dierū multitudini, fidē haud præſtitiſſet. Et ideo etiā, q̄d omniū manifeſtiſſimū eſt, q̄d Aethiopes & Rhinocerotū conuentū ex oppoſito gelidę cōſtituit zonę, quū ratio ipſa dictitet ōmia, quę ſub eadē aëris qualitate poſita ſūt eſſe ſimilia, ſiue plantæ ſint, ſeu animalia, imitariq; ſimilitudines cœli, q̄ ſub eiſdē ſunt parallelis, aut illis q æqualiter ab utroq; diſtāt polo. Quapropter Marinus, ſolū uſq; ad tropicū hybernū cōtraxit diſtantiā, nulla rationabili cauſa de contractionis quantitate reddita.

Quod ſi quis & dierū numerū & ſeriē acceptaret peragrationū, quēadmodū ipſe fecit, hęcq; ſeruaret, quantitatē ſolū diurnorū ſtadiorū præter modū & conſuetudinē minueret, anteq; terminus ad eū perueniret parallelū, ad quē ipſe uenire cenſet oportere. Atqui cōtrariū potius ſequi deberet. Nempe ut poſſibilitati diurnę peregrinatiōis crederetur, tenori aūt perpetuo tam iuxta æqualitatē, q̄ ſecundū poſitionē, minime fides adhiberet̄, tanq; impoſſibile exiſtat, ut diſtātia inquiſita ꝑ hæc accipi ualeat, aut illud ſolū, q̄d eo maior fiat ſub æquinoctiali: uerū rectius ab aliquo eorū quę manifeſtius apparēt, deprehēdi potuiſſet, tale eñ lōgè fuiſſet certius, ſi quis magis mathematicalius cōſideraſſet, quæ regionibus illis accidere ſolēt. Verū cū hiſtoria talia p̄ſtare nequeat reliquū eſt, ut à ſimplicioribus plenius cōſideret̄ rationabile quātitatis ultra æquinoctialē egreſſionis. At illa ꝑ formas & colores animaliū, quæ in locis illis ſunt, ꝑcipi poteſt. Vnde ſequit̄, parallelū ꝑ Agiſymbā regionē, quę ſine cōtrouerſia Aethiopū eſt, nequaq; ad hybernū uſq; ꝑtingere tropicum, ſed citra æquinoctialē potius terminare, nō enim apud nos in oppoſitis locis, hoc eſt, ſub tropico ęſtiuo: homines iam Aethiopū colores habēt, neq; Rhinocerotes ſunt, aut elephātes, ſed in haud multū illis auſtralioribus modice exiſtunt nigri: Quemadmodū qui intra Syenē triginta habitāt ſchœnis, qualesq; ſunt Garamantes, quos Marinus ob hanc cauſam, nequaquam ſub tropico æſtiuo, neque eo borealiores,

ſed

ſed prorſus auſtraliores ſedes habere, inquit, in locis uero circa Meroë, iam ſatis colore ſunt nigri, & primum Aethiopes meri, ibiq́ elephantum ac mirabiliorum animaliũ paſcitur genus.

In caput nonum annot.

Improbatis terreſtribus profectionibus, reprehendit hic author maritimas profectiones, ex quibus Marinus putauit finem totius Auſtralis latitudinis ſubiectum brumali tropico. Vnam harum nauigationum dicit Diogenem quendam feciſſe ab Aromatis ad Rhaptum promontorium 25. diebus Aquilone ſpirante, alterum uero dicit Theophilum quendam confeciſſe à Rhapto ad Aromata 20. diebus auſtro flante. Sed ex his nauigationibus Marinus non potuit certò deprehendere Agiſymbe regionis & Rhapti promontorij receſſum ſeu diſtantiam ab æquinoctiali, cum non conſtiterit in quam mundi inclinationem cuiuslibet dici nauigatio facta extiterit, neque credendum ſit Diogenem eodem ſemper Aquilone fuiſſe impulſum, aut Theophilum unico Auſtri flatu reductum. Additur & tertia cuiuſdam Dioſcori à Rhaptis ad Praſſum promontorium nauigatio, quæ quinque tantum milium ſtadiorum ſupponitur, multis autem diebus impletam ait Marinus ob lentam uentorum ſpirationem, quæ ſub æquinoctiali ſolisq; obliquatione fieri conſueuit. Siquidem uenti ſub æquatore ſunt tenues & facile mutabiles, quod ſolis uirtus uapores & exalationes conſumat, in frigidis uero & montuoſis locis ex materiæ multitudine uehementiores flatus procreantur, unde conſtat uelociorem eſſe nauigationem ad æquinoctialem quã ab æquinoctiali. Ex his itaq; nauigationum diuerſitatibus Ptolemæus infert Marinũ non debuiſſe credere expoſitarum nauigationum diebus, ut eiſdem moueretur, Praſſum promontorium Agiſymbamq; regionem brumali ſubiecta tropico. Subdit proinde Ptolemæus cauſam, ob quam Marinus prædictarum nauigationum ſpacia contraxerit uſque ad brumalem tropicũ. Nam ſi eas longius ab æquatore mouiſſet, coactus fuiſſet aſſerere, Agiſymbam regionem atque Praſſum promontorium, in quibus Aethiopes habitant, elephantesq́ue paſcuntur & rhinocerotum conuentus exiſtit, gelidæ zonæ ſupponi, quæ ſub oppoſita zona à tropico ſcilicet æſtiuo in ſeptentrionem uergente, nuſquam reperiuntur. Neceſſe enim uidetur, ut ſub oppoſitis parallelis ſimiles animantes, ſimiliaq; plantarum genera pro ſimili aeris habitudine inueniantur. Refugiendum ergo eſt, quando certa ratio regionis alicuius haberi nequit, ad habitudines proprietatesq; regionum atque locorum, nempe ad formas & colores hominum atque uaria genera animantiũ in eiſdem locis morantium. Ex his enim coniecturare licet, locorum ac regionum poſitiones reſpectu æquatoris. Et in hunc modum probari poteſt, Agiſymbam interiorum Aethiopum regnum, cuidam ſubijci parallelo, qui æquinoctiali propinquior exiſtat quam hybernus tropicus, cui eoſdem ſupponi Aethiopes credere par non eſt. Nam ſub oppoſito parallelo, hoc eſt, ſub æſtiuo tropico, non ſunt tam nigri homines quàm Aethiopes, neque rhinocerotes aut elephantes, ſed à Syene uerſus æquinoctialem ſchœnis, id eſt, funibus triginta, & prope Meroën primum excellenter nigricantes inueniuntur Aethiopes & elephantes. Notandum hic, ſchœnum triginta continere ſtadia, quam menſuram Herodotus Paraſangem appellat, & eſt paruum miliare Germanicum. Aromata promontorium & ciuitas eſt Aethiopiæ ſub Aegypto, habens in longitudine gradus 83. & in latitudine gradus 6. uel, ut infra dicitur, gradus 4. & minuta 15.

QVOD NON OPORTEAT *Aethiopes ſupponere meridionaliores, quàm ſit parallelus oppoſitus per Meroëm.* Cap. X.

QVapropter bene habet uſque huc, id eſt, Aethiopes uſque, quemadmodum nobis traditio hiſtoriæ de monſtruoſis, quæ in illis degunt oris explicat, conſtatq́; Agiſymbã regionem, & Praſſum promontorium, cum ijs quæ eidem ſubiacent parallelo, deſcribendam eſſe, ſub eo fermè, qui ipſi opponitur per Meroëm, hoc eſt, qui ab æquinoctiali meridiem uerſus diſtat partibus æqualibus ſedecim ac tertia una cum duodecima, ſtadijs uerò octo milibus ac ducentis ferè. Ita ut ſi tota latitudo exactius colligatur, partes ſint nouem & ſeptuaginta, tertia una cum duodecima, uel integræ octuaginta, ſtadia uerò milia quadraginta. Credẽdum præterea, diſtantiam eam, quæ eſt inter magnam Leptim & Garamam, quemadmodum & Flaccus & Maternus ſup-

poſuerunt

poſuerũt, ſtadiorũ eſſe quinq; milium quadringentorum. Siquidem uiginti dies ſecũdi ſunt itineris, plus quàm primi abbreuiati, tam ad meridiem quàm ad ſeptentriones, quum primum propter diuerſiones dierũ ſit triginta: nam & ſtadiorum numerum dierum uniuſcuiuſq;, eos qui loca illa peragrarũt, ſæpiſſime annotaſſe ferunt, non ſolum quia ita commodum, ſed & propter equationum diſtantias, neceſſarium fuerit. Proinde quemadmodum de uijs magnis & raris dubitare oportet, præcipue ubi diſtantiæ emenſæ haud concordant, ita de non magnis, ſed ſæpius & à multis peragrantibus unanimiter relatis, credere decet.

In caput decimum annot.

Ponit Ptolemæus in hoc capite propriam ſententiã ſuper uniuerſalis latitudinis termino, quem apud Agiſymbam regionem & Praſſum promontorium conſtituit, aſſerens loca illa non ſub tropico brumali poni, ſed ſub parallelo, qui opponitur parallelo ducto per Meroën, id eſt, qui diſtat ab æquinoctiali gradibus 16. & minutis 25. quæ faciunt ſtadia octo milia & ducenta Concludit tandẽ; uniuerſam cogniti orbis latitudinem non eſſe 87. graduum aut ſtadiorum 43500. ut Marinus ſenſit, ſed 80. tantũ graduum & ſtadiorum 40000.

DE IIS QVAE AD LONGITVdinem orbis non recte à Marino ſunt excogitata. Cap. XI.

IGitur ex his nobis planè factum eſt perſpicuum, quantum orbis latitudo extendi poſſit: longitudinem uero Marinus contineri facit ſub duobus meridianis, qui interualla horaria diſterminãt quindecim: nobis uero uidetur & ea quoq; diſtantiæ menſuratio plus extendi ad ortum quàm oporteat, etenim ſi hic quoque cõtractio facta fuerit rationabilis, tota longitudo nõ integris duodecim interuallis horarijs cõſtabit: quum inſulæ Fortunatæ occidẽtaliſſimo termino conſtituãtur æquales, orientali aũt immaniſſimę partes Serę, ac Sinæ, nec non Cattigaræ. Porrò in diſtantia, quę eſt ab inſulis Fortunatis ad Euphratis tranſitum, per Hieropolim, ſi parallelus, qui per Rhodum eſt; obſeruetur, quadrabit numerus ſtadiorum per ſingula loca ab ipſo relatus, nam id ex frequẽti itineris uſu cõpertum eſt. Quinetiam ſi ex maioribus ratiocinatum fuerit diſtantijs, apparebit, eum in rectificatione illius, quod propter diuerticula & profectionum redũdabat irregularitates, debitum aſſequutũ eſſe. Sed & in hoc quoq; recte ſentit, partẽ unã qualium eſt circulus maximus trecentorũ ſexaginta, quingenta in terra cõſtituere ſtadia, id enim cõfeſſis dimenſionibus cõſonũ exiſtit. Circunferentiam aũt ipſi ſimilem, paralleli eius, qui per Rhodum tranſit, hoc eſt, qui ab æquinoctiali abeſt partib. triginta ſex, quadringenta ferè comprehendere ſtadia, nam id quod iuxta conſentaneam parallelorum rationem ſuperat, quũ in exactiori deprehẽſione modicum exiſtat, obmittendum eſt Cęterum diſtantiam eã, quę à prędicto Euphratis tranſitu, uſq; ad turrim eſt lapideam, ac per ipſum eſſe colligit ſchœnorum octingentorum ſeptuaginta ſex, ſtadiorum uero uiginti & ſex milium necnon ducentorũ octuaginta: eam præterea quã ipſe à lapidea turri, uſq; ad Seras, quæ Serũ eſt metropolis, uiæ ſeptimeſtris, eſſe, ſtadiorũ aũt triginta ſex miliũ & ducentorum aſſerit: utranq; tanquam ſub eodem parallelo, ſecundũ inſtitutum noſtrum, in debitam cõtrahemus rectificationem. Quandoquidem conſtat, eum in ambobus itineribus nequaquam minuiſſe id quod propter diuerticula ſuperabundabat: quin in ſecundo etiam itinere in eoſdem incidiſſe errores, quibus & in itinere à Garamantibus uſq; ad regionem Agiſymbam, lapſus eſt. Nam & ibi quoq; collectũ ſtadiorum numerum menſium quatuor, & dierũ quatuordecim plus quàm in dimidiam partem cõtrahere fuit coactus. Quum incredibile ſit, tam lõgo tempore continuam peregrinationem factã fuiſſe, ut rationabiliter ſpacium

ſed prorſus auſtraliores ſedes habere, inquit, in locis uero circa Meroē, iam ſatis colore ſunt nigri, & primum Aethiopes meri, ibiq́ elephantum ac mirabiliorum animaliū paſcitur genus.

In caput nonum annot.

Improbatis terreſtribus profectionibus, reprehendit hic author maritimas profectiones, ex quibus Marinus putauit finem totius Auſtralis latitudinis ſubiectum brumali tropico. Vnam harum nauigationum dicit Diogenem quendam feciſſe ab Aromatis ad Rhaptum promontorium 25. diebus Aquilone ſpirante, alterum uero dicit Theophilum quendam confeciſſe à Rhapto ad Aromata 20. diebus auſtroflante. Sed ex his nauigationibus Marinus non potuit certò deprehendere Agiſymbæ regionis & Rhapti promontorij receſſum ſeu diſtantiam ab æquinoctiali, cum non conſtiterit in quam mundi inclinationem cuiuslibet dici nauigatio facta extiterit, neque credendum ſit Diogenem eodem ſemper Aquilone fuiſſe impulſum, aut Theophilum unico Auſtri flatu reductum. Additur & tertia cuiuſdam Dioſcori à Rhaptis ad Praſſum promontorium nauigatio, quæ quinque tantum milium ſtadiorum ſupponitur, multis autem diebus impletam ait Marinus ob lentam uentorum ſpirationem, quæ ſub æquinoctiali ſolisq; obliquatione fieri conſueuit. Siquidem uenti ſub æquatore ſunt tenues & facile mutabiles, quod ſolis uirtus uapores & exalationes conſumat, in frigidis uero & montuoſis locis ex materiæ multitudine uehementiores flatus procreantur, unde conſtat uelociorem eſſe nauigationem ad æquinoctialem quā ab æquinoctiali. Ex his itaq; nauigationum diuerſitatibus Ptolemæus infert Marinū non debuiſſe credere expoſitarum nauigationum diebus, ut eiſdem moueretur, Praſſum promontorium Agiſymbamq; regionem brumali ſubiecta tropico. Subdit proinde Ptolemæus cauſam, ob quam Marinus prædictarum nauigationum ſpacia contraxerit uſque ad brumalem tropicū. Nam ſi eas longius ab æquatore mouiſſet, coactus fuiſſet aſſerere, Agiſymbam regionem atque Praſſum promontorium, in quibus Aethiopes habitant, elephantesq́ue paſcuntur & rhinocerotum conuentus exiſtit, gelidæ zonæ ſupponi, quæ ſub oppoſita zona à tropico ſcilicet æſtiuo in ſeptentrionem uergente, nuſquam reperiuntur. Neceſſe enim uidetur, ut ſub oppoſitis parallelis ſimiles animantes, ſimiliaq; plantarum genera pro ſimili aeris habitudine inueniantur. Refugiendum ergo eſt, quando certa ratio regionis alicuius haberi nequit, ad habitudines proprietatesq; regionum atque locorum, nempe ad formas & colores hominum atque uaria genera animantiū in eiſdem locis morantium. Ex his enim coniecturare licet, locorum ac regionum poſitiones reſpectu æquatoris. Et in hunc modum probari poteſt, Agiſymbam interiorum Aethiopum regnum, cuidam ſubijci parallelo, qui æquinoctiali propinquior exiſtat quam hybernus tropicus, cui eoſdem ſupponi Aethiopes credere par non eſt. Nam ſub oppoſito parallelo, hoc eſt, ſub æſtiuo tropico, non ſunt tam nigri homines quàm Aethiopes, neque rhinocerotes aut elephantes, ſed à Syene uerſus æquinoctialem ſchœnis, id eſt, funibus triginta. & prope Meroën primum excellenter nigricantes inueniuntur Aethiopes & elephantes. Notandum hic, ſchœnum triginta continere ſtadia, quam menſuram Herodotus Paraſangem appellat, & eſt paruum miliare Germanicum. Aromata promontorium & ciuitas eſt Aethiopiæ ſub Aegypto, habens in longitudine gradus 83. & in latitudine gradus 6. uel, ut infra dicitur, gradus 4. & minuta 15.

QVOD NON OPORTEAT *Aethiopes ſupponere meridionaliores, quàm ſit parallelus oppoſitus per Meroëm. Cap. X.*

QVapropter bene habet uſque huc, id eſt, Aethiopes uſque, quemadmodum nobis traditio hiſtoriæ de monſtruoſis, quæ in illis degunt oris explicat, conſtatq́ Agiſymbā regionem, & Praſſum promontorium, cum ijs quæ eidem ſubiacent parallelo, deſcribendam eſſe, ſub eo fermè, qui ipſi opponitur per Meroëm, hoc eſt, qui ab æquinoctiali meridiem uerſus diſtat partibus æqualibus ſedecim ac tertia una cum duodecima, ſtadijs uerò octo milibus ac ducentis ferè. Ita ut ſi tota latitudo exactius colligatur, partes ſint nouem & ſeptuaginta, tertia una cum duodecima, uel integræ octuaginta, ſtadia uerò milia quadraginta. Credēdum præterea, diſtantiam eam, quæ eſt inter magnam Leptim & Garamam, quemadmodum & Flaccus & Maternus ſuppoſuerunt

poſuerũt, ſtadiorũ eſſe quinq; milium quadringentorum. Siquidem uiginti dies ſecũdi ſunt itineris, plus quàm primi abbreuiari, tam ad meridiem quàm ad ſeptentriones, quum primum propter diuerſiones dierũ ſit triginta: nam & ſtadiorum numerum dierum uniuſcuiuſq;, eos qui loca illa peragrarũt, ſæpiſſime annotaſſe ferunt, non ſolum quia ita commodum, ſed & propter equationum diſtantias neceſſarium fuerit. Proinde quemadmodum de uijs magnis & raris dubitare oportet, præcipue ubi diſtantiæ emenſæ haud concordant, ita de non magnis, ſed ſæpius & à multis peragrantibus unanimiter relatis, credere decet.

In caput decimum annot.

Ponit Ptolemæus in hoc capite propriam ſententiã ſuper uniuerſalis latitudinis termino, quem apud Agiſymbam regionem & Praſſum promontorium conſtituit, aſſerens loca illa non ſub tropico brumali poni, ſed ſub parallelo, qui opponitur parallelo ducto per Meroën, id eſt, qui diſtat ab æquinoctiali gradibus 16. & minutis 25. quæ faciunt ſtadia octo milia & ducenta. Concludit tandẽ; uniuerſam cogniti orbis latitudinem non eſſe 87. graduum aut ſtadiorum 43500. ut Marinus ſenſit, ſed 80. tantũ graduum & ſtadiorum 40000.

DE IIS QVAE AD LONGITVdinem orbis non rectè à Marino ſunt excogitata. Cap. XI.

IGitur ex his nobis planè factum eſt perſpicuum, quantum orbis latitudo extendi poſſit: longitudinem uero Marinus contineri facit ſub duobus meridianis, qui interualla horaria diſterminãt quindecim: nobis uero uidetur & eã quoq; diſtantiæ menſuratio plùs extendi ad ortum quàm oporteat, etenim ſi hic quoque cõtractio facta fuerit rationabilis, tota longitudo nõ integris duodecim interuallis horarijs cõſtabit: quum inſulæ Fortunatæ occidẽtaliſſimo termino conſtituãtur æquales, orientali aũt ſimmaniſſimę partes Serę, ac Sinæ, necnon Cattigaræ. Porrò in diſtantia, quę eſt ab inſulis Fortunatis ad Euphratis tranſitum, per Hieropolim, ſi parallelus, qui per Rhodum eſt; obſeruetur, quadrabit numerus ſtadiorum per ſingula loca ab ipſo relatus, nam id ex frequẽti itineris uſu cõpertum eſt. Quinetiam ſi ex maioribus ratiocinatum fuerit diſtantijs, apparebit, eum in rectificatione illius, quod propter diuerticula & profectionum redũdabat irregularitates, debitum aſſequutũ eſſe. Sed & in hoc quoq; rectè ſentit, partẽ unã qualium eſt circulus maximus trecentorũ ſexaginta, quingenta in terra cõſtituere ſtadia, id enim cõfeſſis dimenſionibus cõſonũ exiſtit. Circunferentiam aũt ipſi ſimilem, paralleli eius, qui per Rhodum tranſit, hoc eſt, qui ab æquinoctiali abeſt partib. triginta ſex, quadringenta ferè comprehendere ſtadia, nam id quod iuxta conſentaneam parallelorum rationem ſuperat, quũ in exactiori deprehẽſione modicum exiſtat, obmittendum eſt. Cęterum diſtantiam eã, quę à prędicto Euphratis tranſitu, uſq; ad turrim eſt lapideam, ac per ipſum eſſe colligit̃ ſchœnorum octingentorum ſeptuaginta ſex, ſtadiorum uero uiginti & ſex milium necnon ducentorũ octuaginta: eam præterea quã ipſe à lapidea turri, uſq; ad Seras, quæ Serũ eſt metropolis, uiæ ſeptimeſtris, eſſe, ſtadiorũ aũt triginta ſex miliũ & ducentorum aſſerit: utranq; tanquam ſub eodem parallelo, ſecundũ inſtitutum noſtrum, in debitam cõtrahemus rectificationem. Quandoquidem conſtat, eum in ambobus itineribus nequaquam minuiſſe id quod propter diuerticula ſuperabundabat: quin in ſecundo etiam itinere in eoſdem incidiſſe errores, quibus & in itinere à Garamantibus uſq; ad regionem Agiſymbam, lapſus eſt. Nam & ibi quoq; collectũ ſtadiorum numerum menſium quatuor, & dierũ quatuordecim plus quàm in dimidiam partem cõtrahere fuit coactus. Quum incredibile ſit, tam lõgo tempore continuam peregrinationem factã fuiſſe, ut rationabiliter ſpacium

ſeptem mēſium attingere potuiſſet, & multo magis quàm in itinere à Garamātibus, nā illud à regionis illius Rege, cum prouidentia, ut par erat, & nō fortuito peragrari potuit, ſed & perpetua ibi fuit trāquillitas: uia autem quæ eſt à Turri lapidea ad Seras uſq;, uehementiſſimis obnoxia eſt tēpeſtatibus. Nam ex ijs, quæ ipſe ſupponit parallelis, illis qui per Helleſpontū & Byzantiū tranſeunt ſubiecta eſt. Quapropter multas etiā in eūdo moras accidere neceſſe fuit. Nam & per negotiatiōis occaſionē cognita eſt. Refert enim Marem quendā, qui & Titianus uocabatur, uirū Macedonē, ac patre mercatore natū, dimenſionē hāc cōſcripſiſſe, licet ipſe nunquā ad Seras acceſſiſſet, ſed ſolum quoſdā illac miſiſſet. Atqui et ipſe Marinus mercatorū hiſtorijs neq; fidem adhibere uidet̃. Nam Philemonis relationi, qua longitudinē inſulę Hibernię ab ortu occaſum uſq; uiginti dierū eſſe tradidit, haud quaquā aſtipulat̃, quoniā uidebat̃ hoc à mercatoribus percepiſſe, q̃s mercatura occupatos, ueritatis indagationē haud curare ait: quin ſæpius diſtātias arrogātí quadā iactatione augere. Proinde de peregrinatione iſta menſiū ſeptem, nil aliud memoratu dignum, quàm quāta fuerit, ab ijs, qui illam exegerant, relatum eſſe, monſtro ſimile, ob temporis prolixitatem eſſe uidetur.

In caput undecimum annot.

Orbis cognitam longitudinem, quam Marinus poſuerat 225. graduum ab inſulis fortunatis uſq; ad Seras, Ptolemæus in hoc capite corrigit, contrahitq; totam hāc longitudinem in duodecim horarū interualla, hoc eſt, in 180. gradus. Interuallum uero quod eſt à memoratis inſulis uſque ad Hierapolim urbem iuxta Euphraten ſub parallelo Rhodiano ſitam, dicit recte numeratum à Marino, diſtareq; ab æquatore in ſeptentrionem gradibus 36. Conſentit enim interuallum illud breuioribus & particularibus locorum diſtantijs, per ſtadiorum multitudines ab eodem Marino explicatis. Siquidem particularia illa interualla perpetuis fuerunt peragrata itineribus. Conſtat etiam ab eodem Marino fuiſſe obſeruatam rectam rationem partium paralleli per Rhodum, ad ſimiles ſectiones meridiani uel æquinoctialis. Nam qualium meridianus circulus exiſtit 360. talium partium unam ſuper terram ſubiecit ſtadiorum quingentorum, ſimilem quoque partis unius circunferentiam in parallelo Rhodiano, qui ab æquatore diſtat gradibus 36. ſuppoſuit propè ſtadiorum quadringentorum. Et ſi talis peripheria unius gradus pro ratione paralleli per Rhodum ducti ad meridianum collati paulo ſit maior quàm 400. ſtadiorum, hæc tamen ſuperatio cū ſit penè inſenſibilis, recte uidetur à Marino prætermiſſa. Poſt hæc Ptolemæus taxat duas diſtantias à Marino ſignatas, quarum una à memorata Hierapoli uſq; ad lapideam turrim complectitur funes 876. ſeu ſtadia 26280. altera uero ab eadem turre uſq; ad Seram orientis terminum continet uiam ſeptem menſium, ſtadiorū uero 35200. Ceterum Turris lapidea eſt in Saca regione, poniturq; à Ptolem. in ſeptima Aſiæ tabula.

Emendatio longitudinis terræ cognitæ à peregrinationibus. Cap. XII.

PRopter hęc itaq;, & quia iter non ſub uno ſit parallelo, ſed turris lapidea poſita ſit circa eū, q per Byzātiū, Seræ aūt magis auſtrales, ſub eo, q p Helleſpōtū ſcribit̃, rationabile uiſum fuiſſet, & hic quoq; multitudinē ſtadiorū, quæ ex ſeptimeſtri collecta eſt itinere, triginta ſex miliū ac ducentorū, minus q̃ in ſemiſſem diminuere. Cęterū in dimidiū, tanquā plenioris dep̄henſionis gratia tantum cōtrahunt̃, ita, ut expoſita diſtātia eſſe cōputet̃ ſtadiorū decē & octo miliū, ac centū, nec nō quartę unius, partiū uero quadraginta quinq; ac quarta una. Etenim abſurdū eſſet, & ſatis à ratiōe alienū, ut qs in utraq; uia tātā ſupponeret diminutionē, ac in illa ab Garamātib. ga argumenta reſiſterēt, hoc eſt, ꝑpter differentias animaliū quę per Agiſymbā ſunt regionē, ac loca naturalia trāſcēdere nequeūt, ipſius ſequeret̃ opinionē: in illa tamē uia, quę eſt à turri lapidea, ea quę ratiōi ſunt cōſona acceptare nolet, q̄niā ibi nullū tale eſſet argumentū, ex q̄ ſimile qd ſequerēt̃. Sed ꝑ totā diſtātiā, ſiue ea maior exiſteret ſiue minor, ſimilem eſſe cœli qualitatē contenderet,

contenderet,ac ſi qs nequaq; rectè per
modum philoſophię peculiarē conie-
ctare poſſet,niſi in ijs, quæ penitus ma
nifeſta eſſent.Proinde diſtantia prior,
ea in quā, quæ ab Euphrate ad lapideā
eſt turrim, octingentorū ſeptuaginta
ſex ſchœnorū, propter uiarum diuerti
cula,ad octingentos ſchœnos tātum,
ſtadia uero uiginti quatuor milia cōtra
henda eſt.Credat̃ enim ei,quod in con
tinuitate illa,& per partes cōmenſura
tas, iamq; peragratas, ueram aſſequu-
tus ſit dimenſionem, quod uero diuer
ticula habeat plurima, ex ijs manifeſtū
eſt,quę Marinus ipſe ſupponit.Cōce-
dat̃ enim uiam,quæ ab Euphratis traie
ctu per Hierapolim eſt ad Tigrim, &
inde per Garameos Aſſyrię,& Medię
in Ecbatanas,& portas Caſpias,ꝑ Par
thiāq; in Hecatonpylum,incidere cir-
ca parallelum, qui per Rhodum trāſit:
nam ille ſecundū ipſum etiā per dictas
ſcribit̃ regiones. Viā tamē, quæ ab He
catonpylo in Hyrcaniā ciuitatem du-
cit, ad ſeptētrionem declinare neceſſe
eſt,quū Hyrcania ciuitas,quodammodo
in medio poſita ſit paralleli,ꝗ ꝑ Smyr
nam,& eius qui per Helleſpōtum eſt.
Quapropter is qui Smyrnā tranſit, ſu-
per ipſam Hyrcaniæ regionē ſcriben-
dus eſt, ꝗ uero ꝑ Helleſpōtū, ꝑ partes
auſtrales maris Hyrcani, quę parū ſe-
ptētrionaliores ſunt,ꝗ eiuſdem nomi
nis ciuitas. Rurſus uia ab hac in Mar-
gianā Antiochiā per Ariā,primo qui-
dem ab Aria, quæ ſub eodē parallelo
ſita eſt,ꝗ per Caſpias trāſit portas, ad
meridiē declinat: inde ad Arctos, quū
Antiochia illa collocata ſit ſub paral-
lelo,ꝗ per Helleſpōtū trāſit,à qua, uia
quæ ad Bactra ducit,ꝓtendit̃ ad ortū:
quę uero inde ſequitur ad aſcenſum re
gionis mōtanæ Comedorū ad ſepten
triones.At illa,quæ per montana ipſa
eſt,uſq; ad uallem, quę cāpeſtria exci-
pit,ad meridiē tēdit.Siquidē Borealia
& occidentaliſſima mōtanæ regionis,
ubi eſt aſcēſus,ſub eo parallelo ponit,
qui ꝑ Byzantiū trāſit. Auſtralia aūt,et
quæ ad ortum uergunt, ſub eo qui per
Helleſpontum.Quapropter illam tra-
dit reciprocam eſſe, ita ut modo ad or
tum uergat,mox & ad auſtrum. Inde
uiam, quæ ad turrim uſq; eſt lapideam
ſchœnorū quinquaginta ad arctos de
clinare par eſt.Etenim uallem, inquit,
aſcēdēres lapidea excipit turris, à qua
montes qui ad ortum tendunt, monti
coniungit Imao,qui à Palimbrotis in-
ſurgit ad Arctum.Si igitur partibus ſe
xaginta, quæ ex uiginti quatuor mili-
bus colligunt̃ ſtadijs, quot à turri lapi
dea uſq; ad Seras ſunt,partes adijcian-
tur quadraginta quinq; & quarta, in-
terſtitiū ab Euphrate ad Seras uſq; per
Rhodi parallelum partium erit cētum
quinq; & quartæ unius. Quinetiam ex
ijs quæ ipſe per particularē ſtadiorum
numerum tanquam ſub eodem paral-
lelo ſupponit colligitur diſtantiā,quæ
eſt à meridiano inſularū Fortunatarū
uſq; ad Sacrum Hiſpaniæ promonto
rium,partium eſſe duarum & ſemis.
Hinc ad Bætis oſtia, & Calpem utrin-
que pariter partes duas & ſemiſſem:
quæ uero ſequitur ab oſtijs Bætis Ca-
rallim uſque Sardiniæ,partes eſſe quin
que & uiginti. A Carallis autem in Li
lybæum Siciliæ quatuor & ſemiſſem:
ac inde ad Pachynum tres, rurſusque
à Pachyno in Tenarum Laconiæ par-
tes decē. Inde Rhodum octo & quar-
tam,à Rhodo uero ad Iſſum undecim
cum quarta. Ab Iſſo autem ad Euphra
tē duas ac ſemiſſem,ita ut tota hęc di-
ſtantia partium eſſe ſeptuaginta dua-
rum colligatur. Lōgitudo uero totius
terrę cognitæ à meridiano per inſulas
Fortunatas,uſq; ad Seras partium cen
tum 70.ſeptem cum quarta una.

In caput duodecimum annot.

*In hoc duodecimo capite Ptolemæus examinat
diſtantiam itineris,quæ eſt à Lapidea turri uſq; ad
Seras,quā Marinus poſuerat 36200. ſtadiorum,
inuenitq; eam duntaxat exiſtere 22625. ſtadiorū,
quæ faciunt gradus 45. & quartam unam, reſpon
dentibus ſcilicet uni gradui ſtadijs quingentis. Por
rò iter illud cōficiendum eſt ſub parallelo Byzan-
tino:iter aūt quod eſt à Turri ad Seras,ſub paral-
lelo Helleſpontio eſt faciendum. Diſcutit proinde*

Ptolemæus ſimilitudinem illã, qua Marinus comparauit uiã à Lapidea turri ad eam quæ à Garamantibus ad Agiſymbam regionẽ porrigitur. Priores deinde uiæ diſtantiã ab Euphrate ad Lapideã turrim quæ ſubijcitur ſummum 876 in 800. tãtum funes coegit, ſiue in ſtadia 24000. & huius contractionis aſsignat rationem, nempe particularium uiarũ diuerticula, quæ ſigillatim enumerat. Poſtea eadẽ 24000. ſtadia conuertit in gradus 60. cedentibus uni gradui ſub parallelo Rhodiano ſtadijs quadringentis. Ex quibus tandem infert, longitudinem inter Euphraten & Seram eſſe graduũ 105. & quarti. Poſtremo per particularia locorum interſtitia colligit longitudinem à Fortunatis inſulis uſq; ad Euphraten eſſe graduum 72 unde concludit uniuerſam cognitæ terræ longitudinẽ eſſe graduum 177. & quarti.

EADEM EMENDATIO A *nauigationibus.* Cap. XIII.

PRoindequis talẽ eſſe longitudinem etiam cõiectare poſſet ꝑ interualla, quę ipſe in nauigatiõe ponit ab India, uſque ad ſinum Sinarum & Cattigarorum, ſi nauigationes ſecundũ ſinuationes et irregularitates, necnõ poſitiones cõſideraret, iuxta appropinquationẽ adiectionũ. Etenim à promontorio, q̃d poſt Colchicũ eſt ſinum, Coryq́ꝫ uocat̃, Argaricum ſinũ ſuſcipi ait, q uſq; ad Cururã ciuitatẽ tria milia et quadringenta contineat ſtadia: Corymq́ꝫ Cururęciuitatem, quaſi à Boreà ſitam eſſe. Colligitur ergò transfretationem hanc, ſi tercia pars iuxta conſequens Gãgetici ſinus fuerit ſubducta, duorũ milium ac triginta ferè ſtadiorũ, unà cum curſus inæqualitate exiſtere, à quibus ſi continuitatis gratia iterum pars tertia dempta fuerit, ſtadia mille trecenta ac quinquaginta fermè deprehendent̃, iuxta poſitionẽ ad Boreã: quod ſpacium ſi ad parallelã ęquinoctialis lineã, & tanquã ad Apſiotem traductũ fuerit, per diminutionem medietatis cõgruenter intercepto angulo, diſtantiam, quæ inter duos meridianos eſt habebimus, & eius quæ per Cory promontorium, & quæ per Cururã eſt ciuitatẽ: ſtadiorum quidẽ ſexcentorũ ſeptuaginta quinq; partis uero unius ferè cum tertia: propterea quod paralleli per loca hæc nil nota dignũ à maximo differãt circulo. Rurſus nauigatio à Curura ciuitate, inquit, ad hybernũ ſolis eſt ortũ, Paluras uſq;, ſtadiorum nouẽ milium quadringentorũ quinquaginta: à quibus ſi ob curſus irregularitatẽ tertiã illã pariter detraxerimus partẽ, diſtãtiam, quæ ex continuitate conflatur, & quaſi uerſus Eu..um tendit, habebimus, ſtadiorum, ferè ſex milium trecentorum. Porrò ſi ab his quoq; ſextam dempſerimus partem, ut diſtãtia ad lineã parallelã æquinoctialis redigat̃, meridianorũ quoq; horũ diſtantiã inueniemus, ſtadiorum eſſe quinq; milium ducentorum quinquaginta, partium uero decẽ & ſemis. Inde uero ſinum Gangeticum eſſe ponit, ſtadiorum decem & nouem miliũ, enauigationem uero illorũ, à Paluris ad Sadam milia tredecim, quaſi ad ortum æquinoctialẽ. Quapropter tertia tantũ pars ſpacij huius, ꝓpter nauigationis irregularitatẽ detrahẽda eſt, ita ut & horum meridianorũ diſtãtia eſſe relinquat̃, ſtadiorũ octo miliũ ſexcentorum ſeptuaginta, partiũ uero decem & ſeptem cum tertia una. Reliquã uero nauigationẽ à Sada uſq; ad ciuitatẽ Tamalam ſtadiorũ eſſe facit triũ miliũ ac quingentorũ, quaſi ad ortum hybernũ: à qbus ſi iterũ tertiã deduxerimus partem habebimus curſus cõtinui, ſtadia duo milia trecenta triginta: q̃ ſi ob inclinationẽ ad Eurũ ſextã etiã dẽpſerimus partẽ, expoſitorũ quoq; meridianorum inueniemus diſtãtiã, ſtadiorũ eſſe mille noningentorũ & quadraginta, partiũ uero trium ferè necnõ ſemis & tertię. Deinde trãsfretationẽ à Tamala, ad Cherſoneſum aureã, ſtadiorũ eſſe ponit, mille ſexcentorũ quaſi rurſus ad ortum hybernũ, ita ut ſi ibi q̃q; ſimiles auferant̃ partes, relinquat̃ diſtãtiam meridianorũ ſtadiorũ eſſe noningentorũ, partis uero unius, cũ quintis quatuor. Diſtãtia autem, quæ à Cory promõtorio, ad aureã uſq; eſt Cher

ſoneſum

ſoneſum, partiũ eſſe colligatur triginta quatuor cum quintis quatuor.

In caput decimumtertium annot.

Confirmat Ptolemæus hoc capite atque ſequenti ſupradictam terræ longitudinem, colligens ſcilicet ex quinque particularibus diſtantijs 34. gradus ac quatuor quintas, hoc eſt 48. minuta. Colligit autem ſic. Deprehenſum eſt ex nauigationibus à Cory promontorio uſque ad Cururam ciuitatem eſſe gradum unũ & 20. minuta. A Curura ad Paluras gradus decẽ & minuta 30. Ex Paluris ad Gangeticum ſinum gradus 17. et minuta 20. Inde, à Sada ſcilicet ad Tamalam ciuitatem gradus 3. et minuta 50. A Tamala ad Cherſoneſum aureã gradum unum atq; minuta 48. Quibus omnibus ſimul aggregatis, prodit lõgitudo inter Cory & auream peninſulam, nempe gradus 34 & minuta 47. Eſt autem Cory promõtorium in India intra Gangem, habetq; in longitudine gradus 124. minuta 40. & in latitudine gradus 13. & minuta 40. Vide in decima Aſiæ tabula. In eadem tabula inuenies Palurã ciuitatem, habetq; in lõgitudine gradus 136. minuta 40. & in latitudine gradus 11. minuta 30. Sadam uero ciuitatẽ inuenies in undecima Aſiæ tabula, in ſinu Gangetico, habetq; in longitudine gradus 154. minut. 20. & in latitudine gradus 11. minuta 20. Inuenies deniq; ibi fluuium Tamalam ſed non ciuitatem, ac deinde auream Cherſoneſum.

De nauigatione à Cherſoneſo aurea ad Cattigara. Cap. XIIII.

CAeterũ ſtadiorũ numerũ eius nauigatiõis, quæ eſt ab aurea Cherſoneſo ad Cattigara, Marinus haud explicat: refert autẽ Alexandrũ ſcripſiſſe terrã inde cõtrariam eſſe meridiei, et qui iuxta illã nauigant diebus uiginti applicare ad ciuitatem Zabas: à Zabis uero nauigãtes ad auſtrũ, magisq; in læuam, diebus aliquot Cattigara excipere. Adauget igit diſtantiã expoſitã, dies aliquot pro multis excipiens: nã propter multitudinẽ, inquit, eos haud eſſe cõprehenſos numero, qd ego quidem ridiculũ cenſeo: quis ẽm dierũ numerus infinitus erit, etiã ſi totius terræ peragratæ ambitum cõtineat? aut quid prohibebat Alexãdrũ pro quibuſdã dicere multos? quẽadmodũ Dioſcorũ retuliſſe, inquit, nauigationẽ à Raptis ad Praſſum multorum eſſe dierũ. At qui ratiõabilius eſt, ut quis dies aliquot pro paucis intelligat, nã talem dicendi modũ reprehendere cõſueuimus. Verũ ne & nos quoque multitudinem aliquã propoſitam, ad ſimplices tãtũ cõiecturas adaptare uideamur, aſſumamus nauigationem à Cherſoneſo aurea uſq; ad Cattigaras ex uiginti dieb: qui ad Zabam, necnõ ex alijs quibuſdam qui ad Cattigara ſunt cõpoſitam, quemadmodum & nauigatio illa ab Aromatis ad Praſſum promõtoriũ, quæ & ipſa ex pari dierũ numero uiginti, ad Rapta cõpoſita eſt ſecundũ Theophilum, & ex alijs multis, quæ ſecundum Dioſcorum ſunt ad Praſſum, ut & Marinum pariter imitemur, qui dies aliquot cõparat multis. Poſtquã igitur per certas ratiões, nec nõ ex apparentibus ipſis oſtendimus Praſſum eſſe ſub parallelo, q ab æquinoctiali abeſt, meridiem uerſus partib: ſedecim tertia una et duodecima, paralleluſq; qui per Aromata trãſit, ab ęquinoctiali uerſus ſeptentriones partibus diſtet quatuor & quarta, ita ut ſi tota diſtãtia, quæ ab Aromatis eſt ad Praſſum, in unũ cõtrahat̃, partiũ uiginti & tertiarũ duarũ eſſe colligat̃: forſitã nõ inepte totidẽ ab aurea Cherſoneſo ad Zabas ponemus, ac inde ad Cattigarã. Porrò diſtantiã, quę eſt ab Cherſoneſo aurea ad Zabas, imminuere haud oportet, quoniã æquinoctiali parallela exiſtit, & quia regio intermedia meridiano extendit̃ cõtraria: at etiam diſtãtiã, qua eſt à Zabis ad Cattigarã, quia nauigatio uergit ad auſtrũ & ad ortũ, cõtrahere decet, ut poſitionẽ, quæ æquinoctiali eſt parallela, capiamus. Si itaq; dimidium partium, utriq; attribuamus diſtãtię, propter incertũ eorum exceſſum & à partib. quæ à Zabis ad Cattigarã ſunt decem cum una tertia, iterũ tertiam partem, propter inclinationem detraxerimus, habebimus diſtantiam quoque ab aurea Cherſoneſo ad Cattigaram, poſitione ſua, quaſi æquino-

ctiali parallelam, partiũ decẽ & ſeptẽ
cum ſexta quaſi. Atqui oſtenſum eſt,
diſtantiam à Cory promontorio, uſq;
ad aureã Cherſoneſum, partiũ eſſe tri/
ginta quatuor & quatuor quintorũ: to
ta igitur diſtãtia, quæ eſt à Cory Catti
garã uſq;, partiũ fermè quinquaginta
duarũ eſſe colligitur. Verum meridia/
nus, qui & per Indi fluminis principia:
paulo ſecundũ Marinum occidẽtalior
eſt boreali Taprobanes promõtorio,
q ex oppoſito Cory ſitũ eſt: at Tapro
bane diſtat à meridiano, qui per Bætis
fluminis eſt oſtia, horarijs interſtitijs
octo, partibus uero centũ uiginti, meri
dianus uero ille q p Bætis trãſit oſtia,
ab eo q per Fortunatas eſt inſulas, par/
tibus quinq;: ita ut meridianus per Co
ry à Fortunatis diſtet inſulis paulo
plus partib. centum uiginti quinq;: qui
uero per Cattigarã ab eo, q per Fortu/
natas tranſit inſulas ad illud idem pro
montorium paulo plus partib. centum
ſeptuaginta ſeptẽ, ſecundum eandem
fermè diſtantiã partium, quę per Rho/
diẽſem colligunt parallelum. Sed ſup/
ponatur totã longitudinem uſq; ad Si/
narũ metropolim, partiũ eſſe integra/
rum centum octuaginta, horarum ue/
ro duodecim, quoniam omnes cõſen/
tiunt eam Cattigaris orientaliorẽ eſſe,
colligent per Rhodiẽſem lõgitudinẽ
ſtadia ſeptuaginta duo milia fermè.

In Caput decimumquartum annot.

*Capite præcedenti inueſtigauit Ptolemæus lon
gitudinẽ inter Cory promontoriũ et aureã Cherſo
neſum interceptã, hic demõſtrat quãta ſit diſtantia
ab aurea peninſula uſque ad Sinarum metropolim,
colligitq; gradus 17. & minuta 10. ſumpta uideli
cet nauigatione ab aurea peninſula uſq; ad Cattiga
ra, quæ ſtatio eſt Sinarũ habẽs in longitudine gra
dus 177. & in latitudine auſtrali gradus 8. atq; di
midiũ. Et ut hoc lõgitudinis interuallũ clarius pate
ſcat, reiectâ inepta traditione Marini, cõparat di
ctã nauigationẽ duabus alijs, quarũ alterã ab Aro
matis ad Rhapta, alteram à Rhaptis uſq; ad Praſ
ſum promontoriũ factam ſupra capite 8. demon
ſtrauit. Hac itaq; comparatione infert, parallelam
æquinoctiali longitudinem ab aurea Cherſoneſo
uſq; ad Cattigara eſſe propè graduũ 17. & minu
torũ 10. Poſt hæc concludit longitudinis differen
tiam à Cory promontorio uſq; ad auream peninſu
lam ferè graduũ 52. atq; uniuerſalem cognitæ ter
ræ longitudinem continere 180. gradus, uel 12.
horarum interualla. Porrò Zabe ciuitas eſt Indiæ
maritima, habẽs in longitudine gradus 168. minu
ta 20. & in latitudinẽ ſeptent. gradus 4. min. 45.
Aromata emporium, habent in longitudine gradus
83. in latitudine 6.*

DE IIS QVAE IN PARTI*culari expoſitione Marini diſſentimus*

Cap. XV.

IGitur diſtantias uniuerſali
ter in tantum contraximus,
& longitudinis ad ortũ, &
latitudinis ad meridiẽ, pro/
pter cauſas expoſitas. Cæterum & par/
ticulariter ciuitatum poſitiões multo/
ties emendatione dignas putamus, in
quibus pugnantes, aut non cõſequen/
tes expoſitiones fecit, propter cõpoſi
tiones diffuſas & uarias, diuerſis ædi/
tas cõmentarijs, quemadmodum in ijs
quæ oppoſita eſſe credidit. Nam Tar/
raconẽ ait ex oppoſito Iuliæ Cæſareæ
ſitam eſſe, meridianũ per hanc & mon
tes Pyrenęos ſcribens, qui tamen non
parum Tarracone ſunt orientaliores:
Pachynumq; Lepti magnæ, ac Thex/
nis Himerã opponit, diſtãtia à Pachy/
no ad Himerã quaſi ſtadiorũ quadrin/
gẽtorum collecta: cã uero quę à Lepti
ad Theænas eſt, ſupra mille quingẽtõ
rum, quemadmodum ex ijs patet, quæ
Timoſthenes ſcribit: rurſusq; Terge/
ſtum Rauẽnę opponi inquit, & ab inti
mo ſinu Adrię, qui iuxta Tiliauemptũ
eſt fluuiũ Tergeſtũ abeſſe uerſus ortũ
æſtiuum ſtadia quadringenta, Rauen/
nam uero ad hybernũ ortũ ſtadijs mil/
le. Similiter Chælidonęas refert Cano
bo oppoſitas eſſe, Acamãtaq; Papho,
Paphũ autem Sebennito: uerũ diſtan/
tia, quæ ab ipſo à Chælidonęis in Aca
mantam mille ſtadiorũ, necnon quæ à
Canobo in Sebennitum, à Timoſthe/
ne ducentorum nonaginta eſſe poni/
tur, ſi ſub eiſdẽ iaceret meridianis, lon
ge maior eſſe deberet, quoniam maio/
ris paralleli ſubtendit circunferentiã.

Rurſus

Rurſus Piſam à Rauenna Libonotum uerſus diſtare ait ſtadijs ſeptingentis, per diuiſionē tamē climatum, necnon horariorum interuallorū, Piſam quidē in tertio interſtitio horario ponit, Rauennā uero in quarto, quin & quū Nouimagiū Britānia auſtraliuseſſe dicit miliaribus quinquagintanouē, Borealius tamen per climata oſtendit: Athum quoque ordinans ſub parallelo, qui per Helleſpontū trāſit. Amphipolim tamen & loca circūiecta, ſuper Athū & Strymonis oſtia ſita, in quarto climate, ac infra Helleſpontū ponit. Similiter quum Thracia ferè tota ſub parallelo qui p Byzantiū trāſit poſita ſit, uniuerſas tamē ciuitates eius mediterraneas, in climate q̄d ſupra hūc parallelū eſt, cōſtituit. Quinetiā Trapezuntem, inquit, ſtatuemus ſub parallelo q per Bizantiū trāſit, Sataliaq; Armenię oſtendens à Trapezunte abeſſe meridiē uerſus, miliaribus ſexaginta, ſecūdum tamē parallelorū deſcriptionē, eū, qui per Byzātiū trāſit, per Satalia, & non per Trapezuntem ducit. Sed et Nilum fluuium ſe ueritati conſonum, deſcripturum inquit, ex quo primum à meridie ad arctos uſq; Meroē accedere uidet, pariter & Aromatum nauigationē ad paludes, ex quib. Nilus fluit, Aparctia perſici. Verūtamen Aromata oriētaliora ſunt quā Meroē: nam & Ptolemais ferarū oriētalior eſt, quàm Meroē & Nilus, decem dierum itinere aut duodecim: Ptolemaide itē orientaliores exiſtunt anguſtiæ Adulici ſinus, quę ſunt iuxta Ocylem Cherſoneſum & Dyren, ſtadijs tribus milibus quingentis: illis uero adhuc orientalius eſt magnorum Aromatum promontorium, ſtadijs quinq; milibus

In caput decimumquintum annot.

Emendata uniuerſæ cognitæ terræ longitudine & latitudine, oſtēdit in hoc capite Ptolemæus Marinū circa particularium locorū longitudinem & latitudinē in diuerſis opuſculis, quæ de Geographia ſcripſit, diuerſa ſenſiſſe & planè erraſſe. Nam loca oppoſita, hoc eſt, in uno meridiano ſita, nonnunquam in unum collocauit parallelum & cōtrà. Ex multis autem erroribus eius quoſdam producit in lucem corrigitq;. Tarracon urbs eſt Hiſpaniæ habens in longitudine gradus 16. in latitudine 40. Iulia ſeu Iol Cæſarea urbs eſt Mauritaniæ Cæſarienſis habens in longitudine gradus 17. & in latitudine 33. Pyrenæi uero montes habent in long. ex parte maris mediterranei gradus 20. Pachynus promontorium eſt Siciliæ habens in longit. gradus 40. & in lat. 36. atq; dimidium. Leptis magna eſt in Africa minore, ut ſuprà ſignauimus capite octauo. Himera eſt in Sicilia, habetq; in lōgitudine gradus 37. & in lat. totidē. Theænæ uero ſunt in Africa minore, & habent in long. gradus 38. & in lat. gradus ferè 32. Tergeſtum et Rauennam inuenies in tabula Italiæ. Canobus eſt in Aegypto, habens gradus longit. 61. & latit. 31. Chelidoniæ ſcopuli ſunt iuxta Lyciam, habentes in longitudine 61. in latitudine 36. Acamas promontorium eſt in Cypro habens in longitudine 64. & in latitudine 35. Paphus quoque eſt in Cypro, habens gradus 64. & 35. Sebennitum in Aegypto eſt. 61. 31. Strymon fluuius eſt in Macedonia, cuius oſtia habent gradus 50. 41. Athus mons eſt quoque in Macedonia 51. 41. Adulicum ſinum inuenies in ſinu Arabico, &c.

QVOD EVM LATVERE QVAEdam in prouinciarum terminationibus. Cap. XVI.

QVinetiā circa regionū fines quædam eum latuere, quemadmodū quum totam Myſiam ob ortu mari terminat Pontico. Thraciam uero ab occaſu, Myſia ſuperiori. Quin & Italiā à ſeptētrionibus ſolum Rhætia finit, ac Norico: ſed & Pannoniam à meridie ſola Dalmatia, & non etiam Italia terminari ſcribit. Sogdianos prętera mediterraneos, et Saceas, à meridie Indiæ conterminos eſſe: duos inſuper parallelos, & eū qui per Helleſpontum tranſit, & qui per Byzātium, ſuntq; Imao monte, qui in India ſeptētrionaliſſimus eſt Borealiores, nequaquam per dictas ſcribit gentes ſed potius illum, qui per medium Pontem tranſit.

In Caput decimumſextum annot.

Thracia non eſt ab occaſu Myſiæ, ut Marinus ſcripſit

ſcripſit, ſed potius à meridie: nec Italis dũtaxat habet à ſeptentrione Rhetiam, Vindeliciam & Noricũm, ſed & Pannoniam atque Illyridem, neq; Pannonia habet tãtum Dalmatiam à meridie, uerũ & Illyridem atq; Liburniam, & ſic de reliquis.

IN QVIBVS IPSE DISSENtit ab ijs qui noſtro æuo hiſtorijs ſunt proditæ. Cap. XVII.

IN his igit̃ & talibus, minus ſibijpſi Marinus conſtitit, ſiue ob multitudinẽ & diuerſitatẽ compoſitionũ, ſiue quia nondũ etiam in ultima æditione, uelut ipſe dicit, ad tabulæ deſcriptionem peruenerit: per quã ſolũ climatũ & horariorũ interſtitiorũ rectificationẽ facere potuiſſet. Quædam uero ne nũc quidem præſentibus conueniunt relationibus, uelut Sachalitis ſinus, ab occaſu Syagri promontorij ab ipſo poſitus. Siquidem omnes plane, qui per loca hæc nauigarũt, unanimiter nobis aſtipulant̃, ab ortu Syagri, Sachaliten Arabiæ regionem eſſe, ac eiuſdem nominis ſinũ. Rurſusq; Simylla Indiæ emporiũ, non ſolum Mareo promontorio occidentalius ab ipſo poſitum eſt, ſed etiã flumine Indo: quum ſolum fluuij oſtijs, meridionalius eſſe perhibeatur, etiam ab ijs, qui hinc illac nauigarunt, & qui multo tẽpore in locis illis uerſati ſunt, nec nõ ab ijs etiã, qui illinc ad nos applicuere, uocariq; ab indigenis aiũt Timula: à qbus & alia circa Indiã, & eius ꝓuincias, particularius didicimus, etiã regionis illius interiora, uſque ad auream Cherſoneſum, ac inde ad Cattigaram uſq;. Siquidem in hoc cõcordant, nauigationẽ eorũ qui illac tendunt ad ſolis ortũ eſſe, rurſusq; inde redeuntiũ ad occaſum: pariterq; cõſentiunt nauigationis tẽpus irregulare & inordinatũ exiſtere. Quodq; ultra Sinas, Serũ; iaceat regio, & metropolis, ac q̃d his orientalior terra ſit incognita, ſtagna habens paludoſa, in quibus calami naſcuntur magni, et ita cõpacti, ut homines illi cũ ijs trãsfretare ſoleant. Et q̃d nõ ſolum inde ad Bactra iter ſit per turtim lapideã, ſed & in Iudeã quoq; per Palimbothra: uia autẽ, quæ à Sinarum Metropoli ad portũ eſt Cattigaræ, occaſum uerſus ad meridem tendit, quapropter nequaquam in eum cadit meridianũ, qui per Sinas eſt & Cattigarã, ut Marinus refert, ſed in aliquem, qui orientalior exiſtet. Porrò & à mercatoribus, qui ab Arabia felici, ad Aromata & Azaniã, necnon Rapta nauigant (quæ cuncta proprie Barbaria uocantur) certiores reddũtur, nauigationem illam nõ exacte ad meridiem eſſe, ſed hãc quidem ad occaſum & meridiem: ea uero transfretatio, quæ à Raptis ad Praſſum eſt, ad ortũ & meridiem. Paludes quoq;, ex quibus Nilus fluit, nõ eſſe iuxta mare, ſed multo interiores, ordinemq; littore Aromatum, & à Sinis ad Raptum promontorium alium eſſe quàm Marinus retulerit: ex nauigatione quoq; ibi, diei unius ac noctis, nõ multa colligi ſtadia, ob mutationẽ uentorum ſub æquinoctiali ueloccm, ſed ad ſummũ, ſtadia quadringẽta, aut quingenta. Primum autem ſinum cõtiguum eſſe Aromatis, in quo poſt unius diei iter ab Aromatis Pano eſſe uicum, Opponemq; emporiũ à uico diſtare itinere dierum ſex: poſt hoc quoque emporium, alium cõiungi ſinum, principiũ Azanię, in cuius principio Zingina eſſe promontorium, & Phalangida montem tricipitem: ſolumq; ſinũ hũc uocari Apocopa, qui duobus transfretari poſſit diebus & noctibus: poſtea panium ſequi littus, in tranſitu diſtantiarũ trium, & aliud quoq; quod Magnũ littus appellatur, diſtantiarũ quinque, quæ diſtantiæ ambæ pariter diebus ac noctibus quatuor enauigari poſſint: his quoque coniungi alium ſinum, in quo emporium ſit, quod uocatur Eſſima, poſt nauigationem dierum duorũ & noctiũ. Inde Serapionis portum nauigatiõe diei unius, poſtea ſinum auſpicari, qui ad Rapta ducit, trium dierum & noctium trãsfretationem habentem, iuxta cuius principia

emporium

emporiũ eſſe, quod uocatͤ Nici: apud Raptumuero promontorium, fluuiũ Raptũ ac Metropolim nominis eiuſdem, parum diſtantem à mari, quod uero à Raptis ad Praſſum uſque eſt promõtorium, ſinum eſſe maximum, non tamen profundum, circum quem Barbari habitent Antropophagi.

In Caput decimumſeptimum annot.

Repetit Ptolemæus obiter in hoc capite, ea quæ mox præcedentibus duobus capitibus tractantur. Deinde oſtendit Marinum diſſentire hiſtorijs & enarrationibus nauigationũ, quas ſui temporis exploratores tradiderunt, præſertim de ijs quæ ſiunt per Indicũ litus uſq; ad Serã metropolim Serũ, & inde uſq; ad terram incognitam. Exploratores illi fuerunt mercatores & nautæ Arabiæ felicis traijcientes in Indiam, & item nauigantes ab Aromatis uerſus meridiem ad Praſſum promontorium. Syagrus promontorium in Arabia felice eſt, habens gradus longit. 90. & latitud 14. Sachalitis uero ſinus habet in longitudine gradus 88. & in latitud. 18. Mareũ & Simylla ſunt in decima Aſiæ tabula, primum habet in long. 111. & in lat. 17. Simylla uero habet gradus 110. & 15. Cherſoneſus aurea eſt in undec. Aſiæ tabula, ſubiacens æquatori. Cattigaræ meminimus ſupra capite 14. Sinarũ regionem inuenies in undec. Aſiæ tabula. De Sera Serum metropoli habes in octaua Aſiæ tabula. Porrò turris lapidea eſt in Saca regione, in ſeptima ſcilicet Aſiæ tabula. Et Palimbothra eſt in decima Aſiæ tabula, ſita iuxta Gangem, & habens in longitud. gradus 143. in lat. 27. Situm Aromatũ oſtendimus cap 14. Et Azaniæ regionis locum inuenies ſupra cap. 7. De Rapto & Praſſo promontorio diximus capite 9. De Pano uico, Opone emporio & Zingis promont. ſcribit Ptolemæus tabula Africæ 4. habentq; ſitum in ſinu Barbarico. Nec multũ diſtat mons Phalangis, habens in long. gradus 80. & in latitud. 3. Deſcribuntur ibidem & reliqua loca quæ hic commemorantur, nempe Apocota, Eſſina, Serapionis portus, &c.

QVAM SINT INVTILES *Marini cõpoſitiones ad deſignationem orbis* Cap. XVIII.

QVæ igitur cognitionẽ aliquã, ab ipſa hiſtoria conſequi debeãt, hucuſq; annotata ſint. ueruntamen ne quibuſdã cõtentionẽ potius quàm emendationẽ ſuſcepiſſe uideamur, ſingula nobis per enarrationem particularẽ manifeſta erunt: nunc uero reſtat, ut ea quæ ad deſcriptionis pertinent aggreſſionẽ, conſideremus. Proinde quũ duplex illius ſit modus: primus qui orbis diſpoſitionem in parte ſphæricę ſuperficiei deſignat: ſecundus uero qui in plano: ambobus id cõuenit, ut proponatur quædam operis facilitas: hoc eſt, ut oſtendatur, quonam modo, etiam ſi nullum propoſitum ſit exemplar, ex ſola ea, quæ per commentaria traditur doctrina deſcriptionem, quãtum fieri poteſt commodiſſime facere poſſimus. Etenim traductio aſſidua à prioribus exemplaribus ad poſteriora, propter uariationẽ paruam, mutationes admodum diſſimiles in rem hanc egregiam inducere ſolet: modus uero ille, qui per commentaria traditur, ſi nõ ſufficiens ad demonſtrationem expoſitionis eſſe cõtingit, impoſſibile erit ijs, qui exemplari carent, rite conſequi propoſitum. Quod & nunc quàmplurimis eueniſſe uidemus, in tabula, quam Marinus compoſuit. quũ enim exemplaria ultimæ eius æditionis aſſequi nequiuere, ſed ſolũ ex commentarijs rem ruditer & quaſi per cõiecturam aggreſſi ſunt, in plurimis quæ confeſſæ ſunt collectionis errauerunt, propter ineptitudinem & confuſionem inſtitutionis, quẽadmodum unicuiq; experto conſiderare licet. Quum enim ad ſingula loca deſignanda neceſſe ſit, & longitudinis, & latitudinis poſitionem habere, ei qui illa debito ordine collocare uelit, non tamen confeſtim quis eam in compoſitionibus inueniet, ſed ſeparatim: hic enim latitudinis tantum deprehẽdet, ueluti in poſitione parallelorum: alibi autem longitudines ſolum quemadmodum in meridianorum deſignatione. Vt plurimum tamen utraque hæc in eiſdem commẽtarijs haud inueniet, ſed in alijs quidẽ paralleli deſcribũtur, in alijs uero meridiani: ita ut tales in poſitionibus ſemper alterius ope indi-

geant

geant, penituſq; ad conſiderationem, quo loco cõſtituenda ſint ſingula omnium opus ſit euolutione cõmentariorum: quoniã in omnibus aliter de eiſdem dicitur. Et ſi non inquirimus, quæ ſecundum quãlibet ſpeciem, de eodẽ expoſita ſunt loco, illa nos latebũt, ab errabimuſq; in multis, quibus uero obſeruatio cõtingere deberet. Proinde in ciuitatũ diſpoſitione, littorales aliquis facilius deſcribere poſſet, ſi penitus ordinem quendã in ipſis obſeruaret: mediterraneas uero non ita, quum nulla adhuc habitudo, ſiue inter ipſas inuicem, ſiue ad littorales illas ſit ſignata, præter quam in paucis, in quibus euenit, ut nonnunquam longitudinis meta, aliquando uero latitudinis locus ſit definitus.

In Caput decimumoctauum annot.

Noluit Ptolemæus omnes Marini erratus hic corrigere, qui penè infiniti ſunt, ne uideretur magis ædidiſſe opuſculorum eius inuectiuã quàm correctionem, cum in particularibus enarrationibus commode occurrerint caſtigandi. Reprehenditur deinde Marinus de inepta locorum deſcriptione, tam ſphærica quàm plana, præſertim quod deſcriptionis in plano nullam idoneam tradiderit præceptionẽ. Ea namq; quã tradidit tam obſcura eſt, ut iuxta eam difficile ſit ueram orbis in plano inſtituere deſcriptionem, quæ orbis repræſentet ſecundũ longum & latum ſimulachrũ. Deinde laborioſum eſt et errori facile obnoxium, ſine præceptione ex antiquis exemplaribus etiã recte deſcriptis, nouas transferre deſcriptiones, & ab archetypo non aberrare. Accuſatur poſtremo Marinus ab authore, quod lõgitudines locorũ perperã tradiderit. Nam alibi longitudines per horaria interualla & meridianos, & in alio tractatu latitudines per climata & parallelos deſcripſit, ut difficile ſit ex his diuerſis radicibus diſponere orbis loca in ſuperficie ſphærica aut plana, niſi prius hanc diuerſitatem ad unam redegeris denominationem.

De cõmoditate enarrationis noſtræ ad deſignationem orbis Cap. XIX.

QVapropter duplicem nos laborem ſuſcipimus. Primum ut uiri opinionem per totã obſeruemus cõpoſitionem, præterquam in ijs, quibus rectificatio quædam contigit. Deinde ut ea quæ ab ipſo manifeſta non ſunt facta, per hiſtorias moderniores, uel ordinẽ tabularũ magis accuratarũ quàm commodiſſime aperiremus, quo deſcriptio debitum ſuum aſſequi poſſet decorem. Quinetiam facilioris modi geſſimus curam. Nam ſuper omnes prouincias ſingulatim proprias circunſcriptiones, qualeſq; tam ſecundum longitudinem, quàm latitudinẽ poſitiones habeãt, diligẽter ordinauimus, ac inſuper potiſſimarũ gentium, quæ in illis degũt, adinuicem habitudines, necnon inſigniorũ urbium, ac fluminũ, ſinuũq; & montiũ, ac aliorum, quæ in orbis tabulã incidere poſſunt, exactas diſtãtias: hoc eſt, quot diſtãt partibus, qualium eſt circulus maximus trecentarum ſexaginta: ſecundum longitudinem quidem, meridianus per locum deſcriptus, ab eo qui occidentalem finem terminat ſuper æquinoctiali: ſecundum latitudinem uero per eundem locum ſcriptus parallelus ab æquinoctiali ſuper meridiano. Sic enim confeſtim uniuſcuiuſque loci poſitionem cognoſcere poterimus, necnon per diligentiam locorum particularium, prouinciarum etiam inter ſe habitudinem, ac ad totum denique orbem.

In caput decimumnonum annot.

Aſſerit hic author, ſe emendaſſe Geographiam Marini, ſubijſſeq; duplicem laborem. Vnus fuit, quo diſcreuit ea quæ non ſatis emendata uidebantur, ab illis quæ recte caſtigationis cenſuram fuerant aſſecuta. Alter, quo decenti emendatione uerificatis locorum poſitionibus, adſcripſit numeros longitudinis ac latitudinis, ut ſcilicet loca ipſa in tabulis & terrarum deſcriptione certius diſponerentur, aptioraq; fierent ad inſcribendum. Narrat præterea Ptolemæus quod prouincijs ſingulis ſuos terminos, quibus ad quatuor mundi plagas clauduntur, aßignauit. Poſtremo dicit, quod in ſequentibus ſuæ geographiæ libris, qui Marini uoluminum emẽdatio exiſtunt, celebriorum ciuitatum, fluminum, ſinuum & montiũ poſitiones, tam in longitudine quàm in latitudine exactiores tradiderit quàm Marinus ipſe.

De menſura

De menſuratione inconcinna tabulæ Geographicæ à Marino compoſitæ. Cap. XX.

VTraq; autem deſignatio propriũ qd habet. Nam deſcriptio in ſphęra ſienda, ex ſemetipſa ſimilitudinem retinet figuræ terræ, nulliusq; alterius ad opus hoc indiget artificio: non facile tamen magnitudinem præbet, quæ ſuſcipere poſſit multa, quæ neceſſario ſuo collocanda ſunt loco: neque deſcriptionem, ut unico momento cerni ualeat, toti figuræ adaptare poteſt: ſed alterum ad alterius deſignationẽ transferre neceſſe exiſtit: hoc eſt, aut uiſum aut ſphærã: quorum neutrum deſcriptioni, quæ in plano fit accidit, ſed modum quẽdam ad ſimilitudinẽ ſphęricę imaginis inquirit, ut diſtantias, quæ in ea ſtatuendæ ſunt, quàm maxime cõmenſuratas faciat, ac ſecundum eam apparentiã, quę cum uera conueniat. Quod Marinus ſcientiæ haudquaquã fortuitę eſſe cenſuit, penitusq; omnes deſcriptionũ planarũ modos reprehẽdit: nihilominus tamen eo ipſe uſus eſſe uidetur, qui ex omnibus minime, cõmenſuratas faciat diſtãtias: nam pro cunctis circulorũ, necnon parallelorũ & meridianorũ lineis, rectas ſubſtituit, ac etiã meridianorum æquidiſtantes inuicem, ſimiles parallelis: ſolum autem parallelum, qui per Rhodum eſt, obſeruauit meridiano commenſuratum, ſecundum ſimiliũ in ſphæra circũferentiarum ſeſquiquartam ferè rationem, circuli magni ad parallelum, qui ab æquinoctiali diſtat partibus triginta ſex. Aliorũ autem nullam curam geſſiſſe uidetur, neque ſymmetriæ, neque ſphæricæ deſignationis gratia. Primum enim conſtituto uiſu, ad medium borealis quadrãtis ſphęrę, in quo maxima pars orbis deſcribitur, meridiani rectarum linearum imaginationem præbere poſſunt, quum unuſquiſque ex reuolutione contrarius ſtatuitur, caditq́ue planum ipſius per uerticem uiſus: uerum non ita paralleli, ꝑpter abſceſſum poli borealis, circulorum autem ſegmenta manifeſte oſtendunt cõuexitates ſuas ad meridiẽ cõuertere. Præterea, quamuis ſecundum ueritatem pariter & imaginationẽ ijdem meridiani ſimiles quidem, inæquales tamen circunferentias in parallelis ſecundum magnitudinẽ differẽtibus, intercipiãt, ac ſemper maiores, in ijs, qui ęquinoctiali ſunt proximiores, Marinus tamen omnes facit æquales: diſtantias autẽ climatum, quæ borealiora ſunt, quàm parallelus, qui per Rhodũ tranſit, pluſquã ueritas patiatur extẽdit. Eas uero quæ auſtraliores ſunt in minus contrahit, ita, ut ille iam non amplius ſtadiorum numero, qui ab ipſo poſitus eſt congruant: ſed ſub ęquinoctiali quinta potiſſimũ eorum parte deficiant, quota & parallelus, qui per Rhodũ eſt, deficit ab æquinoctiali. Diſtãtias autem quę ſunt ſub parallelo, qui per Thylem tranſit, quadruplici ſua quinta adauget, quot & parallelus per Rhodũ excellit illũ, qui per Thylem tranſit. Parallelus enim, qui per Rhodum ſcribitur, ab æquinoctiali diſtat partibus triginta ſex, talium ferè eſt nonaginta trium, qualium æquinoctialis uel meridianus centum & quindecim: qui uero ab æquinoctiali diſtat partibus ſexaginta tribus, ſcribiturq; per Thylem, prædictarũ æquinoctialis aut meridiani partiũ eſt quinquaginta duarum.

In caput uigeſimum annot.

In hoc capite Marinus reprehenditur de inepta orbis in plano deſcriptione, proponiturq́; duplex habitabilis orbis figuratio: una quæ fit in ſphærica ſuperficie, & hæc non eſt admodum artificioſa, quanquam non facile tantæ magnitudinis ſphæra fabricari poßit, cuius ſuperficies contineat omnia, quæ neceſſario ponenda ſunt in ea. Neque etiã unico intuitu, noſter aſpectus omnes ſphæricæ deſcriptionis partes ualet comprehẽdere, niſi uel aſpectus uel ſphæra ipſa circũagatur. Quæ uero in plana ſuperficie fit orbis figuratio, manẽs immota cũctas ſui partes noſtro offert aſpectui. Et quidẽ Marinus in ſuis commentarijs conatus eſt tradere præceptionẽ, qua tale orbis ſimulachrum formari poſſet ſimile & conforme ſphæricæ deſcriptioni,

ſed

*ſed minime iuſtum attigit ſcopum. Nam diſtantias
poſuit improportionatas, conſtituens ſcilicet pro
omnibus parallelis & meridianis, qui in ſphæra
circuli ſunt, rectas lineas, & faciens meridianis pa
rallelos penè æquales. Parallelum tamen per Rho
dum ſolum meridiano cõmenſuratum ſeruauit, qui
proportionem ſeſquiquartã tenet ad æquatorem.
Aliorum autem parallelorũ nullus ei curæ fuit. Si-
quidem paralleli in tabula per rectas deſcripti li-
neas, eorum parallelorum qui in ſphæra ſcribuntur
ſimilitudinem non exprimunt. Nam aſpectu conſti
tuto inter polum mundi borealem & æquinoctia-
lem omnes paralleli apparẽt curuæ quædam lineæ,
quarum conuexitates ob poli extollentiam in meri
diem uergunt. Errauit deinde Marinus in deſigna
tione ſpaciorũ quæ cõſurgunt ex cancellatione me
ridianorum & parallelorũ, quæ maiora quàm de-
buit fecit ultra Rhodum parallel. uerſus ſepten-
trionem, & minora uerſus æquatorem.*

QVAENAM OBSERVADA SVNT
in deſignatione fienda in plano.
Cap. XXI.

QVapropter bene ob hæc
erit, ut lineę quæ pro me-
ridianis ponentur rectæ
ſeruẽtur: quæ uero paral-
lelis, ut in circulorũ ſeg-
mentis per unum & idem centrum ſcri
bantur: à quo per ſuppoſitum borea-
lem polum meridionales rectas lineas
ducere oportebit, quo pręomnibus ſi-
militudo ſecũdum habitudinẽ ipſam,
& forma ſphęricæ ſeruetẽ ſuperficiei:
ita tamẽ ut meridiani abſq; declinatio
ne ad parallelos remaneãt, ac etiam in
communem illum polum coincidant.
Cæterum, quum poſſibile haud ſit, ut
per omnes parallelos proportio ſerue
tur ad ſphæram, ſatis erit ut hoc in eo,
qui per Thylem eſt, ac in æquinoctiali
obſeruetur, quo latera, quæ latitudinẽ
ſecundũ nos cõplectuntur, ueris fiant
cõmenſurabilia. Qui uero per Rhodũ
ſcribitur, ſuper quo in diſtantijs longi
tudinis plurimę factæ ſunt indagatio-
nes, per diuiſionẽ proportionis ad me
ridianũ, ueluti Marinus fecit, deſigna
ri debet: hoc eſt, iuxta ſeſquiquartam
ferè, ſimilium circunferentiarum ratio
nem, quo magis nota orbis longitudo
recte cum latitudinis menſura conue-
niat. Huius uero inſtructionis modũ
deinceps manifeſtũ reddemus, quum
exponemus, quo pacto in ſphæra de-
ſcriptio fieri debeat.

In caput uigeſimumprimum annot.

*Commemorat in hoc capite author modũ quen
dam, ſecundũ quem in plano orbis fiat deſcriptio,
nempe ſi pro meridianis rectę trahãtur lineæ, pro
parallelis uero, circulorum deſcribantur ſegmẽta
ſuper uno eodemq; centro. Huius tamen planæ de-
ſcriptionis pleniorem inſtructionem pollicetur in-
frà ſe traditurum, capite ſcilicet ultimo.*

QVALITER OPORTEAT OR-
bem in ſphæra deſcribere.
Cap. XXII.

MAgnitudinẽ igitur ſphærę,
aut multitudine locorũ de-
ſignandorum, inuẽtio præ-
parantis diſcernet, quo fir-
mitudinem habeat ſimul & decorem:
quantò enim hæc plus augetur, tanto
etiã deſcriptio, ſincerior pariter & ma
nifeſtior fieri poterit. Quãtacunq; igi
tur fuerit, poli ipſius ſumãtur, accura-
teq; eis ſemicirculũ adaptemus, qui pa
rum & niſi tãtum à ſuperficie diſtet, ut
illam in reuolutione non atterat. Semi
circulus uero tenuis ſit, ne multa obum
bret loca. Alterũ uero latus examuſ-
ſim per ipſa ſigna, quæ per polos tran
ſeũt, habeat extenſum, ut per illud me
ridianos ſcribamus: quod & in cẽtum
octuaginta diuidemus particulas, nu-
merosq; aſſignabimus, & à media, quę
per æquinoctialẽ futura erit ſectione,
initiũ faciẽtes. Similiter & æquinoctia
lem deſcribentes, alterum illius ſemi-
circulum in æquas centũ & octuagin-
ta diuidemus partes: huiusq; numeri
principiũ ab illius fine inchoabimus,
per quem & occidentaliſſimum deſcri
bemus meridianum. Deſcriptionem
aũt lõgitudinis & latitudinis, ex com-
mentarijs, in quibus annotatæ ſunt par
tes, ſecundum unumquemque locum
ſignatum faciemus, necnõ à diuiſioni
bus ſemicirculorum æquinoctialis, &
mobilis

mobilis meridiani: huncq; ad oſtēſam longitudinis partē circūferemus, hoc eſt, ad numerum qui æquinoctialis cōtinet ſectionē, latitudinis uero diſtantiam, ab æquinoctiali, ex ipſa meridiani diuiſione ſumemus, & iuxta numerum oſtenſum, ſignationem ponemus eodem modo, quo & in locatione ſtellarum ſuper ſphæram ſolidam. Similiter & meridianos ſcribere licebit, per tot longitudinis partes, quot uoluerimus, pro norma utentes latere circuli diuiſi. Parallelos autem per tot partes ſcribere poterimus, quot diſtantiarum erit cōmenſuratio, ſi ſignū illud, quod eos deſcribit (numero peculiarē diſtantiam lateris ſignante) apponamus, circumferamusq; cum ipſo circulo uſque ad meridianos, qui terminos cognitæ telluris ſegregant.

In Caput uigeſimum ſecundum annot.

Docetur in hoc capite, quo pacto ſphæra parari debeat pro inſcribenda cogniti orbis habitatione. Et cum Ptolemæi temporibus non totus habitatus orbis, ſed medius duntaxat exploratus fuerit, ipſe in hoc capite hemiſphærium tantum depingere docet, ſed quo ingenio & tota ſphæra facile deſcribi poteſt. Porrò quanto huius ſphæræ corpus maius fuerit, tāto plura loca, montes, fluuij & gentes ſuis nominibus inſcribi poſſunt. In primis autē ſignari debent in oppoſitis locis duo poli: & deinde in his figi debet ſemicirculus mobilis ex ære aut alia firma materia factus, cuius miniſterio et æquator cum parallelis & meridiani circuli inſcribantur. Paralleli facile inſcribentur, ſi ille æreus ſemicirculus à polo in polum diuidatur in 180. partes numeriq; ſingulis adſcribantur diuiſionibus, initio ſignationis facto apud æquatorem. Is deinde ſemicirculus circumductus, oſtendit in diuiſionum punctis peripherias parallelorum. Meridiani uero hoc pacto ſunt inſcribendi. Semicirculus æquatoris diuidendus eſt in 180. partes, initio ſumpto ab occaſu. Deinde ſemicirculus mobilis ducatur ad ſingulas æquatoris diuiſiones, trahanturq; lineæ à polo in polum ad latus ſemicirculi, ad angulos rectos parallelos interſecantes. Reliqua patent ex textu.

EXPOSITIO MERIDIA*norum & parallelorum qui deſcriptioni ſunt apponendi.*

Cap. XXIII.

Proinde iſti interſtitia horaria complectētur duodecim, demonſtratis conſequenter. Scribatur autem parallelus, qui auſtraliorem terminat plagam, ut tantum diſtet ab æquinoctiali, meridiem uerſus, quantum parallelus per Meroēm uerſus ſeptentriones. Cęterū meridianos per tertiā partem unius horæ æquinoctialis ſcribi debere, commenſurabile nobis uiſum fuit, hoc eſt, p particulas quinq; earū quæ in æquinoctiali cōprehēſæ ſunt: parallelos autē qui æquinoctiali ſunt borealiores ita.

Primum quidem, ut ab ipſo per quartam unius horæ differat, ac ſecundum meridianum, quemadmodum demonſtrationes lineares ferè ſubijciunt, partibus diſtet quatuor & una quarta.

Secundum, ut per dimidium horę unius differat, pariter'que diſtet partibus octo & dimidia.

Tertium, ut per horā dimidiā & quartam horæ unius differat, partibus uero diſtat duodecim ſemiſſe.

Quartum, ut per horā differat unam, diſtetq; partibus ſedecim ac dimidia, ſcriptumq; per Meroēm.

Quintum ut differat per horam unam & quartam, ac diſtet partibus uiginti, quarta una.

Sextum uero & ſub æſtiuo tropico, ut per horam unam & dimidiam differat, diſtetq; partibus 23. dimidia & tertia, ſcriptumq; per Syenem.

Septimum, ut hora una ac dimidia nec non quarta differat, ac partibus diſtet 27. & una quarta.

Octauum, ut horis differat duabus, diſtet uero partibus 30. cum tertia.

Nonum uero, ut differat horis duabus cū quarta, diſtetq; partibus 33. & tertia.

Decimum, ut horis duabus & dimidia differat ac diſtet partibus 36. & una duodecima, ſcriptumq; per Rhodum.

Vndecimum,ut differat horis duabus cum dimidia & quarta, diſtetq́ parti- bus 38.cum dimidia ac duodecima.

Duodecimum,ut horis differat tribus, ac diſtet partibus 40. dimidia, tertia & duodecima.

Decimumtertium, ut differat horis tribus cum quarta, diſtet'que partibus 43. & duodecima.

Decimum quartũ uero, ut differat per horas tres cum dimidia, ac partibus diſtet 45.

Decimumquintũ,ut horis differat quatuor diſtet'que partibus 48. dimidia & duodecima.

Decimũſextũ,ut differat horis quatuor & dimidia ac diſtet part. 51. & dim.

Decimumſeptimum , ut quinque differet horis,diſtetq́ partibus 54.

Decimumoctauum, ut differat horis quinque cum dimidia , ac diſtet partibus 56.& una ſexta.

Decimumnonum, ut ſex differat horis,diſtet'q́ partibus 58.

Vigeſimum uero, ut horis differat ſeptem,ac diſtet partibus 61.

Vigeſimumprimum, ut per octo differat horas,diſtetq́ gradibus 63, ac ſcriptum per Thylem.

Scribetur & alius ad meridiẽ ab æquinoctiali, qui horæ dimidiæ contineat differentiam, qui & per Raptum promontorium & Cattigaram trãſibit,loca oppoſitione ſua ferè æqualia,ac diſtet ab æquinoctiali partibus octo dimidia.

In Caput uigeſimumtertium annot.

Meridiani,inquit,iſti, de quibus præcedenti capite dictum eſt,complectentur 12. ſpacia horaria, id quod patet,ſi 180 gradus diuiſeris per quindecim. Nam 15. gradus longitudinis efficiunt unam horam,quod ex demonſtratis cõſequitur. Scriptis itaque meridianis ſignandi ſunt paralleli. Extremus autem uerſus meridiem parallelus, qui cognitam terminat terram, tantam diſtat ab æquinoctiali,quantum parallelus per Meroën uerſus ſeptentrionem. Noſtro uero æuo,quando tota Africa & littora eius cognita habentur , plures uerſus meridiem ſtatuendi ſunt paralleli quàm Ptolemæus ſignauerit Notãdum hic clima differre à parallelo, quia clima eſt ſpacium terræ inter duos parallelos interceptũ,in quo maximæ diei ab initio climatis ad finem uſque eſt dimidiæ horæ uariatio,ſumptum in ea terræ ab auſtro ad arctum uerſus intercapedine, qua polus ſeptentrionalis eleuatior eſt graduum 50. & minutorum 30. ſubmiſſior graduum 12. & minutorum 45. Ponuntur autem ſeptem,quæ ſua nomina ab inſigni aut urbe aut fluuio aut monte ſortita ſunt. Primum trãſit per Meroen Africæ ciuitatem in torrida zona ſitam. Secundum per Syenem urbem Aegypti Puniciæ. Tertium per Alexãdriam metropolim Aegypti. Quartum per Rhodum, Aſiæ minoris inſulam. Quintum per Romam. Sextum per Boryſthenem inſignem Sarmatiæ fluuium. Septimum per Riphæos mõtes. Vltra hæc ſeptem climata poteſt terra ultrà partiri. Latitudo tamen ſemper magis magiſq́; decreſceret,nam ad modicam diſtantiam uerſus polum dies ſenſibiliter augetur. Quanto enim polus mundi attollitur , tanto zodiacus horizonta obliquius interſecat,maioresq́; arcus dierum ſupra hemiſphærium noſtrum relinquuntur, quàm ſint arcus noctium ſub hemiſphærio demiſſi, ſole ſigna ſeptentrionalia percurrente.

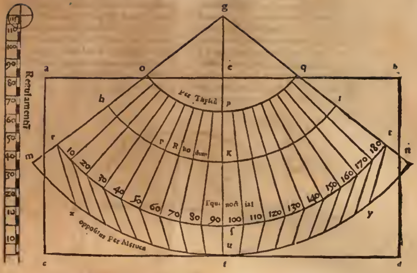
Climata	Gradus Latitudi	Paralleli		H	m̄
	63	Vicesimus		19	0
	60	Decimus nonus		18	0
		Decimus octauus		17	30
	55	Decimus ſeptimus		17	0
		Decimus ſextus	Diaripheos	16	30
Septimum	50	Decimus quintus	Diaboryſthenes	16	0
Sextum	45	Decimus quartus	Diapontus	15	30
		Decimus tertius	Per Byzantium	15	15
Quintum		Duodecimus	Diaromes	15	0
	40	Vndecimus		14	45
Quartum		Decimus	Diarhodos	14	30
		Nonus		14	15
Tertium		Octauus	Diaalexandros	14	0
	30	Septimus		13	45
Secūdum	25	Sextus	Diaſyene	13	30
	20	Quintus		13	15
Primum		Quartus	Diameroēs	13	0
	15	Tertius		12	45
	10	Secundus		12	30
	5	Primus		12	15
		Aequinoctialis, qui eſt horarum		12	0

MODVS PER QVEM ORBIS *in plano ita deſcribi poſsit, ut commenſuratione ſimilis ſit poſitioni ſphericæ.* Cap. XXIIII.

IN deſcriptione uero quæ in tabula fit, modus Symmetriȩ præcipuorũ parallelorum talis nobis erit. Præparabimus tabulã parallelogramam rectãgulam, ueluti eſt, a b c d, habeatq́; latus a b duplum ferè quã a c: ſupponaturq́; recta a b ſecundũ poſitionẽ ſuperiorẽ, quæ in deſcriptione uerſus partes erit Boreales. Deinde diuidemus a b bifariam, & ad rectos angulos lineæ rectæ e f normã illi cõmenſuratam, & rectã adaptabimus: ita ut linea media e f ſua lõgitudine ſub una rectitudine, uſq; ad e g protrahaẽ: ſummamusq́; ab ipſo e uſq; ad g 34. partes tales, quales ſunt per lineam rectam g f centum triginta una & tertia cum duodecima: ſuper centroq́; g per ſignũ interſtitij, quod ab eo abeſt per lineã g k ſectionibus ſeptuaginta nouẽ, circulũ ſcribemus, q pro eo erit parallelo, qui per Rhodũ tranſit, nempe h k l. Pro terminis uero lõgitudinis quȩ ex ſex horarũ colligũtur interſtitijs ab utraq; parte k, ſumamus ſuper g f medij meridiani linea diſtantiã quatuor interſtitiorũ, quæ in parallelo per Rhodum ſimiles ſint quinq;, per ſeſquiquartam ferè rationem maximi circuli ad ipſum, talesq́; decem & octo cõſtituemus ab utraq; parte puncti k, ſecundũ circũferentiam h k l: habebimusq́; ſigna, per quæ cõiungere oportebit ab g meridianos, qui tertiæ partis horarum interualla cõprehendant: ita ut g h m & g l n longitudinis terminent fines. Cõſequenter uero & parallelus qui per Thylem eſt, ſcribetur diſtantia quæ abſit ab g ſuper linea f g ſectionibus 52. ueluti o p q: æquinoctialis uero, ut ſimiliter diſtet à g per lineam f g ſectionibus 115. qui ſit r s t: oppoſitus uero per Meroẽm & auſtraliſſimus, ut diſtet à g ſectionibus 131. cum tertia & duodecima, ueluti m u n.

Ratio igitur ipſius r s t ad o p q colligetur quemadmodũ 11 . ad 52. ſecundũ rationem parallelorum horum in ſphȩra: quandoquidem qualium g s ſupponitur 115. talium eſt & g p ſectionum quinquaginta duarum. Et quemadmodum ſe habet g s ad g p, ſic ſe habet circumferentia r s t ad o p q. Deprehendetur autem & meridiani p k diſtantia hoc eſt ea, quæ ab parallelo, qui per Thylem tranſit ad illum qui eſt per Rhodum ſectionum 27. diſtantia uero k s, id eſt, à parallelo, qui per Rhodum ad æquinoctialem uſque, earundem ſectionum exiſtit 36. At diſtãtia s u, hoc eſt ea, quæ ab ȩquinoctiali eſt ad oppoſitum ei, qui eſt per Meroẽm, earundẽ 16. cum tertia & duodecima. Præterea qualium eſt diſtantia p u, ſecundum latitudinem terræ cognitæ, ſeptuaginta nouem cũ tertia et duodecima, aut integrarum octuaginta, talium erit & h k l media ſecundum longitudinem diſtantia, centum ſcilicet quadraginta quatuor, ſecundum ea, que demonſtrationibus ſupponuntur: eandem enim rationem fermè habent, quadraginta milia latitudinis, ad ſeptuaginta duo milia lõgitudinis, in parallelo, qui per Rhodũ trãſit. Porro & reliquos ſcribemus parallelos, ſi rurſus cẽtro g uſi fuerimus, & interſtitijs, quæ diſtãt ab s æqualibus ſectionibus, ut expoſitum eſt, ab receſſibus æquinoctialis. Cæterum nõ oportet ut eas lineas, quæ pro meridianis ponuntur, ad parallelũ uſque m u n rectas ſcribamus, ſed ſolum uſq; ad æquinoctialem r s t: ac poſtea circumferentiam m u n diuidemus inæqualia, & numero paria ſegmenta, quæ attribuemus meridianis illis, qui per Meroẽ ſumuntur, ſectionesq́; illas coniungemus, cum meridianis, qui recte ſuper æquinoctialem incidũt, ut appareat, qualis ex inuerſione tranſſumpta, ſit ab altera æquinoctialis parte & ad meridiem declinans poſitio, ueluti oſtendunt r x & t y lineæ.

Demum

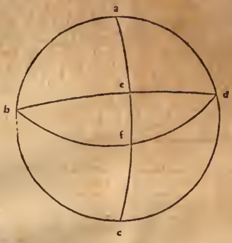


Demum propter facilem locorũ ordinandorũ adnotationem iterum regulamẽtum tenue faciemus, q̃d equale ſit longitudini g f tantũ: illudq́; firmabimus in g, ita, ut cum per totam longitudinẽ deſcriptionis circunferatũ, exacte rectis alterius lateris congruat meridianis, quo ſectio eius per mediũ cadat polum: latusq́ue hoc in ſegmenta, ſi ad g f pertinere debent, centum triginta & unam diuidemus, aut ſolum in ſegmenta centum quindecim, ſi g f reſpiciant: numerosq́ue adnotabimus facientes initium à ſectione quæ per æquinoctialem eſt: à quibus et parallelos ſcribi intelligere poſſumus, nedum meridianum, qui in deſcriptione eſt, in omnia ſegmenta diuidimus et ſignamus, inſcriptiones locorum, quæ ſuper ipſum caſurę ſunt confundamus. Partiemur igit̃ æquinoctialem in duodecim horarũ centũ octuaginta partes, numerosq́; apponemus, initium faciẽtes à meridiano occidentaliſſimo, ac ſemper regulamenti latus ad oſtenſam longitudinis partem mouebimus donec per diuiſionem in regulamento factam, ad poſitionem ſecundum latitudinem ſignatam perueniamus, ibiq́; ſuper unoquoque ſignationem debitam, eodem quo in ſphæra oſtenſum eſt modo faciemus.

In Caput uigeſimumquartum annot.

Docet Ptolemæus in hoc ultimo capite duplicem orbis in plano deſcriptionem. Priorem inuenit ex aſpectu ſphæræ motæ ſeu reuolutæ, in qua ſcilicet meridiani ſunt rectæ lineæ iuxta uiſam apparentiam ſphæræ reuolutæ. Alteram docet formare ex intuitu ſphæræ quieſcentis. Deſcriptio prima habet ſe in hunc modum: Fiat parallelogrammum rectangulũ a b c d, cuius latus a b duplum ſit ad latus a c, diuidaturq́; parallelogramũ illud in duo æqua per lineam e f: & hæc eadem linea per tertiam ſui partem aut paulo amplius extẽdatur ultra e, ut ſcilicet e g habeat 34. partes tales, quales ſunt per lineam f g 131. & una tertia. Quod ſi certius efficies, ſi lineam f e diuiſeris in 97. partes & unam tertiam, hoc eſt, uiginti minuta, & ex illis accipies 34 partes, numerabisq́; ab e ſurſum, & ad finem earum facies punctum g polum mundi ſeptentrionalem repreſentantem. Reliqua fiant ut Canon præcipit & figura ocula-

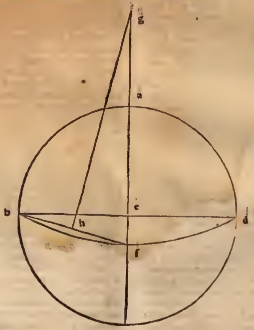
riter oſtendit. Quo autem commodius & expeditius imponas loca, facere oportet regulamentum, quod æquale ſit in lõgitudine lineæ g ſ & quod figatur in puncto g, ab unoq; latere ſic præcidatur, ut examuſſim applicari poſſit rectis meridianorum lineis. Deinde diuidatur hæc linea à g ad ſ in 115. æquales partes, qui ſunt gradus latitudinis, numerandi & ſignandi ab ſ ſeu æquinoctiali uerſus polum g. Reliquam uero portionem, quæ eſt ab ſ ad ſ diuide in 16. partes & unam tertiam. Deinde oportet diuidere æquatorem in 180. gradus, qui 12. conſtituunt horas, & numeri graduum ſignandi ſunt ab occaſu uerſus ortum, hoc eſt, ab r uerſus t. Cum itaq; locum aliquem imponere uolueris, aduerte longitudinem & latitudinem eius: longitudinem numera in æquatore & ad finem eius applica regulamentum, deinde numera latitudinem in regulamento, & ad exitum eius erit ſitus loci propoſiti.



Pars ſecunda, huius ultimi capitis.

PORrò ſimiliorem etiam & magis cõmenſuratam deſcriptionem orbis, in tabula faciemus, ſi lineas meridianas imaginatione concipiamus, ad ſimilitudinem linearum meridianarum in ſphæra: ita ut aſpectus ſeu oculorũ axis in ſphęrę poſitionem penetret, & per ſectionem, quæ ad aſpectũ eſt meridiani, qui longitudinem terræ cognitæ in duas diuidit partes, & paralleli qui & ipſe bifariam ſecat eius latitudinem, necnon centrum ſphæræ, quo ex æquo termini oppoſiti uiſu cõprehendantur & appareant. Primũ igitur propter quantitatem inclinationis parallelorum circulorũ & per inciſionem ſignatam, & centrum ſphæræ erecti ad medium longitudinis meridianum plani, circulus intelligatur maximus, qui hemiſphęrium terminet apparens, a b c d: & ſemicirculus, qui hemiſphæriũ meridianũ bifariam diſpertit ſic, a e c: ut ſectio, quæ ad aſpectum huius eſt; & paralleli, qui bifariam ſecat latitudinẽ ſit ſignum e: ſcribaturque per e circuli maximi iterum ſemicirculus rectus ad a e f c, qui ſit b e d, cuius planum per axim aſpectuum ſeu uiſus ſubijci conſtat. Inde circunferentiæ e f partes ſumãtur uiginti tres & ſemis cum tertia, tot enim diſtat æquinoctialis ab eo qui per Syenem eſt, qui maximus ferè conſtituitur latitudine: ſcribaturq; per f ſemicirculus æquinoctialis b f d, & tunc inclinatũ apparebit æquinoctialis planum,

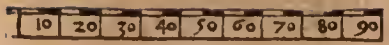
num necnon reliquorũ parallelorum, ad illud quod eſt per axem aſpectuum ſeu uiſus, quum circũferentia e f partium exiſtat uiginti triũ ſemis cum tertia. Intelligantur itaq; a e f c & b e d rectæ pro circũferentibus b e. rationẽ habentibus ad e f, quã 90. ad 23. dimidium & tertium, & producta c a cadat in centrũ: in quo ſcribatur b f d circuli ſegmentum, iuxta g. Sitq; nunc propoſitum ut ratio inueniat̃ g f ad e b. Iungatur itaq; f b recta quæ bifariam diuidatur in h. cõiungatur etiam h g, nempe ut perpendicularis ad b f fiat. Quoniam igitur qualium eſt b e recta nonaginta talium ſupponitur e f uiginti trium & ſemis, cum tertia eorundem, erit & b f ſubtenſa nonaginta trium cum decima. Angulus uero ſub b f e talium centum quinquaginta cum tertia, qualium duæ rectæ trecentarum ſexaginta: reliquus uero angulus ſub h g f eorundem uigintinouem cum tertijs duobus ac ideo ratio g f eſt ad f h eadẽ, quæ 180. ſemis cum tertia ad 46. & ſemis cum uiceſima: & qualium eſt h f recta 46. ſemis cum uiceſima, taliũ b e recta nonaginta: ita ut qualium eſt e b recta 90, eorũdem eſt f e 23. ſemis cum tertia, ac ideo qualium eſt e b recta nonaginta, talium habebimus & g e rectam, 181. ſemis cũ tertia. Signumq; g in quo omnes ſcribantur paralleli in deſcriptione plana.



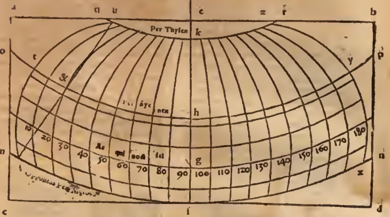
His præmiſſis accipiat̃ tabula a b c d, quæ iterum in duplo maiorem habeat a b quam a c, ſed æqualem a e cum e b, & ad ipſas rectã e f: diuidaturque æqualis aliqua e f recta in nonaginta quadrãtis partes, accipianturq;

turq́ꝫ f g partes ſedecim cum tertia &
duodecima, g h uerò partes 23. ſemis
cum tertia, at g k earundem 63. ſuppo/
ſitoq́ꝫ g pro æquinoctiali, erit h nota,
per quã ſcribetur qui per Syenem eſt,
et medius fermè latitudinis parallelus.
F uero nota erit, per quam ſcribetur il/
le, qui auſtralem terminat finem. K au
tem, per quam ſignabitur ille, qui poſi
tionem finit ſeptentrionalem, caditq́ꝫ
per inſulam Thylen. Deinde linea e f
producatur uſque ad l, ita quod tota li
nea f e l contineat earundem ſectio
num 181. dimidiam cum tertia, aut 180.
tantum, nam propter hoc deſcriptio
nil notatu dignum uariabit, in cẽtroq́ꝫ
l & interuallis f & h & k circumferen/
tias ſcribemus q k r & o h p & m f
n, & ſic propria ratio parallelorum, ad
inclinationem per axim aſpectuũ ſeu
uiſus ſuper planũ obſeruata erit. Quo
niam & hic axis ad h declinare debet,
& rectus eſſe ad tabulæ planum, ut rur
ſus ex æquo oppoſiti fines deſcriptio/
nis uiſu comprehendi poſſint. Vt au/
tem longitudo quoque commenſurata
ſit latitudini (quoniam in ſphæra qua/
lium eſt maximus circulus quinq́ꝫ, tali
um fermè parallelus per Thylem eſſe
colligitur duarum cum quarta, qui ue/
ro per Syenem eſt, quatuor cum dimi/
dia & duodecima: at qui eſt per Mero/
em quatuor ſemis cum tertia) oportet
ex utraq́ꝫ parte f k meridianæ rectę de
cem & octo conſtituere meridianos,
per tertiã partem unius horæ æquino/
ctialis, ad complementum eorum, qui
ſub tota longitudine comprehendun
tur. Semicirculorum autem ęquiualen
tia accipiemus ſegmẽta, ſecundũ quẽli
bet trium expoſitorum parallelorum,
tertię partis horę unius partes quinq́ꝫ.
Et à k quidem per duas partes & quar/
tam faciemus ſectiones, qualium habe
bamus e f rectam nonaginta: ab h
uero per quatuor & dimidiã cum duo/
decima, & ab f per quatuor dimidiam
cum tertia ſuper eiſdem. Deinde per
æquiualentia tria ſigna ſcribemus cir/
cunferentias, quę erũt pro reliquis me
ridianis, tanquam, quæ totam terminẽt
longitudinem ſ t u & x y z. Adim/
plebimus & eas quoque, quæ pro cæte
ris erũt parallelis, rurſus centro l uten/
tes, diſtantia uero pro fiendis ſectioni
bus, ſuper linea f k iuxta diſtantias eo
rum ad æquinoctialem. Quod uero ta-
lis deſcriptio ſphæricæ formæ ſimilior
ſit quàm prior, per ſeſe patet. Quoniã
ſi ſphæra fixa maneat, & non circum/
uoluatur, quod & tabulæ cõtingit ne/
ceſſario, quum per medium deſcriptio
nis uiſus cõſtituitur, unus quidem me/
dius & meridianus per axem aſpectuũ
ſeu uiſus in planũ cadens, imaginatio/
nem rectę prębet lineę: q uero ex utra/
que huius parte ſunt omnes, ad ipſum
ſecundum concaua conuerſi apparẽt,
& magis illi, qui plus ab eo diſtant:
quod & hic obſeruabitur, cum decenti
conuexitatũ analogia pariter & com
menſuratio circunferentiam parallelo
rum adinuicem ſeruabitur, non ſolum
ut inter illos qui ſub ęquinoctiali ſunt
& eum, qui per Thylem trãſit, propria
conſeruetur ratio, ſed & in alijs, ut quã
rectiſſime quadrent, quemadmodum
conſiderare licebit, ijs qui periculum
ſunt facturi. Quin et totius latitudinis
ad totam longitudinem ratio ſeruãda
eſt: & rurſus, non ſolum illo parallelo,
qui per Rhodũ deſcribendus eſt, quem
admodum ibi, ſed planè in omnibus
fermè. Si enim & hic producamus ſ t
u rectam, ueluti in priori figura, cir/
cunferentia h t minorem uidelicet rati
onem faciet ad f ſ & k u quam conue/
niat rationi deſcriptionis huius: ita ut
ſecundum totam h t patiatur defectũ.
Si uero ipſam h t commenſuratam fa
ciemus k f latitudinis diſtantiæ, f ſ &
k u maiores erunt Symmetrijs, ad f k.
Quemadmodum ad h t. Si autem f ſ
& k u commenſuratas ipſi f k ſerua/
uerimus, h t minor erit commenſura/
tione ad k f, quemadmodum ad k u
& h t.

Ex his



Ex his igitur modus iſte priorẽ præcellit, à priori uero in facilitate deſcriptionis ſuperatˀ. Quoniã illic quidem, ab regulę circũductione & trãslatione, quum ſolum unus deſcriptˀ erit parallelus, ac diuiſus, ſingula loca ſuo ordine collocari poterũt: ꝙ in deſcriptione iſta non tam facile fieri poteſt, propter meridianarũ linearũ ad mediũ inflexiones, & quia omnes circulos ſingulatim inſcribere neceſſe eſt, necnõ poſitiones, quæ inter laterculos cadũt, ad tota amplectentia latera, per partes ſignatas ratiocinatione cõiectu



rare. Quæ quum ita ſint mihi & hic, & ubiq;, quod melius eſt, licet ſit laborioſius, deteriori tamen, & faciliori præferendum erit: ambos tamen ſimul ita ordinatos modos, obſeruandos eſſe cenſeo eorum hominũ gratia, qui propter facilitatem, ad expeditiorem modum ſunt procliuiores.

Qualium eſt æquinoctialis quinq;, talium eſt qui per Meroëm tranſit quatuor & ſemis cũ tertia, ita ut rationẽ habeat ad eum, quam 30. ad 29.

Qualium eſt æquinoctialis quinq;, talium eſt, qui per Syenem tranſit quatuor & ſemis cum duodecima, ita ut rationem ad eum habeat, quam 60. ad 55. hoc eſt duodecim ad undecim.

Qualium eſt æquinoctialis quinq;, talium eſt, qui per Rhodum ſcribitˀ quatuor, ut ad eum rationẽ habeat ſeſquiquartam.

Qualium eſt æquinoctialis quinq;, talium eſt, qui per Thylem tranſit duarum cum quarta, ut rationẽ ad eum habeat, quam 20.9.

In ſecundam huius capitis partem.

Proponit Ptolemæus in huius ultimi capitis ſecũda parte, alteram orbis in plano deſcriptionem quæ ſcilicet fit ex intuitu ſphæræ quieſcentis, & eſt ſphæricæ figurationi longe ſimilior quã prior.

Nam

Nam lineæ meridionales formantur iuxta apparentiam meridianarum linearum, quæ in ſphærica ſcribuntur ſuperficie. Hæc autem apparentia fit, ſi firmetur ſphæra atque quieſcat, & aſpectuum ſeu coni uiſorij axis conſtituatur in recta linea quæ ex centro ſphæræ educitur ad commune ſectionis punctum meridiani ſecantis cognitæ terræ longitudinem in duo æqua & ipſius paralleli latitudinem eiuſdem cognitæ terræ bifariam diſpeſcentis, hoc eſt, ut oculus mediet inter centrum & ſectionem illam meridiani & paralleli in medio habitabilis terræ ſe mutuo ſecātium. Proinde ut parallelorum inclinationis formula, ex tali inſpectione nobis apparet, congrua figuratione exprimatur, ponit Ptolemæus fundamentum quoddam, ex quo conſurgit huiuſmodi deſcriptionis machina. Poſt hæc ex alia figuratione inquirit ac demonſtrat commune centrum, ſuper quo tanquam mundi uertice, omnes eiuſdem planæ deſcriptionis paralleli ſunt deſcribendi. Tertio canonem ponit, ex quo talis plana deſcriptio conſtitui poteſt. Poſtremo has duas planas orbis deſcriptiones adinuicem comparat, dicitq; poſteriorem eſſe perfectiorem priore, ſed facilitate imponendorum locorum difficiliorem. Primo ponit fundamentum tale. Intelligatur circulus maximus, hemiſphærium apparens terminans, cuius planum erectum, longitudinem cognitæ terræ in duo diſpeſcat ueluti meridianus cognitæ terræ. Deinde intelligatur parallelus cognitæ terræ latitudinem complectens, quem prior circulus ſecat in duo æqua in puncto e. Ad hunc punctum e fingatur à meridie eleuari planum maximi ſemicirculi, & illud neceſſario incidet in lineam axis coni uiſorij, quæ à centro ſphæræ ad hunc punctum egreditur. Numeretur inde maxima declinatio ſolis, nempe 23. gradus & minuta 50. quibus æquinoctialis elongatur ab iſto parallelo tranſeunte per Syenē, qui maximus ferè conſtituitur latitudine inter parallelos, & ad finem horum graduum ſignetur f, ſcribatur'que per ipſum ſemicirculus æquinoctialis. Itaque planum æquinoctialis & plana aliorum parallelorum, inclinata iam apparebunt ad planum ſemicirculi per e tranſeuntis. His demonſtratis, docet ultrà Ptolemæus, quomodo quædam circunferentiæ pro rectis intelligantur lineis, & quo pacto cētrum g ſuper quo paralleli omnes ſcribantur, inueniatur. Cæterum proiectionem terræ habitabilis in plano, ſecūdum lineas arcuales tam meridianas quàm parallelas, ſic efficies. In plano deſcribe duo quadrangula, rectangula & æquilatera a c e f & e f b d. Lineam e f diuide ſeorſum in 90. partes æquales. Prætereà eandem lineam e f extende ultra e ſecundum quantitatem lineæ e f, cui adde unam partē & 50. minuta lineæ ſeorſum diuiſæ, & habebis centrum l. Poſtea à puncto f uerſus e numera 16. partes & 25. minuta, & fini huius immitte pedem circini & reliquū extende in l centrū & deſcribe æquinoctialem. Rurſum ab æquinoctiali recenſe 23. partes & 30. minuta & immiſſo pede circini in finem eius & altero extenſo in l pinge tropicum cancri. Iterum ab æquinoctiali uerſus e numera 63. partes, & ut prius deſcribe parallelum tranſeuntem per Thylen. Poſtea pro meridianis inſcribendis diſtātibus per quinque gradus ſic procede. Accipe cum circino in linea diuiſa diſtantiam duorum graduum & 15. minutorum, quam in parallelo per Thylen tranſeunte, incipiendo à linea e f, utrinque decies & octies replicabis, notando puncta. Conſimiliter ages recipiendo diſtantiam quatuor graduum & 35. minutorum & in parall. per Syenem tranſeunte decies & octies replicando. Iterum recipe diſtantiam 4. graduum & 50. minutorum & in parallelo oppoſito per Meroén utrinque pinge 18 puncta Quibus ſignatis, quære cum circino cētrum trium punctorum in his tribus parallelis à meridiano recto f e æquidiſtantium, quo inuento duc arcum per hæc tria puncta. Sic ages cum omnibus trinis & trinis punctis. Quod ſi ultra Ptolemæi inuentionem, terræ figurationem uerſus auſtrum extendere uolueris, deſcribe primo parallelum diſtantem ab æquinoctiali 30. gradibus, quem diuides ſicut oppoſitū ſuum uerſus aquilonem. Secundo deſcribe parallelum ab æquinoctiali per 40. gradus diſtantē, quem diuides ſicut oppoſitum ſuum, deinde quære centra hinc inde & comple priores meridianos.

Primi libri finis.

CLAVDII PTOLEMAEI GEOGRAphicæ enarrationis,

LIBER II.

Hæc in ſecundo continentur libro.

Prologus particularis enarrationis.
Expoſitio occidẽtalioris Europæ partis, ſecũdum ſubiectas ſedecim prouincias uel præfecturas.
Hyberniæ inſulæ Britannicæ.
Albionis inſulæ Britannicæ.
Hiſpaniæ Beticæ.
Hiſpaniæ Luſitaniæ.
Hiſpaniæ Tarraconenſis.
Celtogalliæ Aquitaniæ.
Celtogalliæ Lugdunenſis.
Celtogalliæ Belgicæ.
Celtogalliæ Narbonenſis.
Germaniæ magnæ.
Rethiæ & Vindeliciæ.
Norici.
Pannoniæ ſuperioris.
Pannoniç inferioris.
Illiridis Liburniæ.
Dalmaciæ.
Et hæ prouinciæ explicantur quinq; tabulis.

In tabulis autem hæc potiſſimum obſeruantur.

Definitio.
Promontoria.
Inſulæ.
Fluuiorum ſitus.
Littoralis deſcriptio.
Pelagorum nomina.
Montes.
Flumina.
Paludes.
Prouinciarum nomina.
Regiones ſeu gentes.
Inſcriptiones.
Supraſcriptiones.
Ciuitates inſignes.
Ciuitates ſecundæ.
Ciuitates tertiæ.

CAPVT I.

Prologus.

QVAE igitur uniuerſaliter circa Geographiam ſint obſeruãda, conſequentérque, quo pacto deſcriptio ex hiſtoria, uſque huc cognitarum terræ partium emẽdari poſſit, hoc eſt, noſtri orbis, tam in Symetria locorum inuicẽ, quàm figura, ut quàm maxime deſcriptioni in multitudine et modo cõueniant, hueuſque nobis ſit præfiguratum. Nunc uerò particularem inchoabimus expoſitionem, illud prçmittentes: Cenſendum eſſe particulares exploratorum locorum deſcriptiones quum in longitudine tum in latitudine, quàm maximè propter cognitionis aſſiduitatem ad ueritatem accedere, ac ideo etiam, quod ita omnes concordent traditiones. Quæ uerò nõ eodem modo, propter raritatem peragrata ſunt, nec ob incertitudinem hiſtoriæ cognita, exactiſſime conſiderari debere, ſecundum propinquitatem poſitionum, et figurationem eorum locorum, quæ certiori fide ſunt deprehenſa, quo nihil nobis ex ijs quæ ad complementum totius orbis ordinanda ſunt, imperfectum habeat modum. Quapropter & partiũ poſititiones ſuper ſingulis locis in exterioribus ſpaciorum appoſuimus particulis, modo regulari: longitudinem tamen latitudini præpoſuimus, ut ſi emendationes aliquæ, ab hiſtoria certiori inciderunt, in reliquis ſpaciorũ paginis aſcribi poſſunt. Porrò & eum in deſcriptione elegimus ordinem, ut ubique facilitatis curam gereremus, hoc eſt, ut à dextra trãſitum faceremus, ab ijs quæ iam ordinata ſunt, ad ea quæ nondum ſub manum uenerunt. Hoc autẽ fiet, ſi borealiora prius quàm auſtraliora deſcribãtur, occidentalioráq; antequàm oriẽtaliora. Quoniam ad deſcribentium oculos, in ſuperiori nobis loco, borealiora conſtituuntur, in dextra uerò orientaliora or

biſ, tam in ſphæra quàm in tabula: ac
ideo quæ in Europa ſunt, prius collo-
cauimus, quum & nos à Libya, Hercu-
leo diuidimus freto, ab Aſia uerò pela-
go interiacenti, ac Palude Mæoti, nec
non flumine Tanai, ac eo meridiano,
qui ad terram protēditur incognitam.
His reliqua quę per Libyam ſunt adne-
ctimus, quā etiam ab Aſia diuidimus,
poſt maria quæ iuxta Praſſum Aethio
pię ſunt promontorium, uſq; ad ſinum
Arabicum, ipſo ſinu Arabico ac Iſth-
mo, qui ab eius receſſu, iuxta Heroum
ciuitatem ad noſtrū uſq; pertingit ma-
re, Aegyptumq́ue diſterminat ab Ara-
bia & Iudæa, ne Aegyptum diſtraha-
mus, ſi Nilum ſtatuerimus terminum.
Et quia commodius eſt, continentes,
cum ita euenit, fretis potius, quàm flu-
minibus terminari. Reliqua uerò quæ
per Aſiam ſunt, eodem ſubiungemus
propoſito, tum per continentē unum-
quenque in partibus eius ad terram to-
tam, quàm orbem uniuerſum, quo ad
partes ipſas, hoc eſt, ut iterū regiones
borealiores & occidentaliores, primo
ſcribamus, necnon adiacentia eis ma-
ria ac inſulas, cum ſpecie uniuſcuiuſq;
digniori, ſed & partes illas prouincia-
rum, ſeu præfecturarum, diſcernemus
circumſcriptione, expoſitionem iuxta
promiſſionem, q; ab initio fecimus con
tinuantes, ſolum tamen quantum ad co
gnitionem localem, & ordinem pro-
fuerit, diffuſam circa ſingulares genti-
um mores, hiſtoriam prætermittentes:
prætēr quā ſi ea, de quibus antea nobis
ſermo fuit, breui & neceſſaria indigue
rint adnotatione. Proinde talis expo-
ſitionis modus, cuilibet facultatē præ-
ſtabit, ut uel unam ſeu plures prouin-
cias, aut præfecturas deſcribere poſſit,
ſecundum quod tabularum congrue-
rint dimenſionibus, cum decenti ratio-
ne, & figuratione eorum quæ ſub una-
quaque tabula comprehendi poſſunt,
ad inuicem iuxta eundem fiendi ordi-
nis modū, Pręterea nil admodum refe-
ret, ſi æquidiſtantibus uſi fuerimus me-
ridianis lineis, rectis quoque parallelo
rum, dummodo ſolum partes diſtantiæ
meridianorum eam rationem ſumant
ad diſtantias parallelorum, quam ma-
ximus habet circulus ad illum paralle
lum, qui in tabula hac medius erit. His
itaque definitis, particularem iam in-
choabimus expoſitionem.

Prologi finis.

HIBERNIAE INSVLAE ſitus. *Caput II.*

Tabula prima Europæ.

Iuernia, Plinio Iuuerna, nunc Irlandia dicitur: eis uulgo Ireland, Anglorum regi paret.

SEPTENTRIONALIS lateris deſcriptio, quod ab hyperboreo Oceano alluitur.

Boreum promontorium. 11 :61 0
Veniciniū Promont. 12 50:61 29
Viduæ flu. oſtia 13 :61
Argitę flu. oſtia 14 30:61 30
Robogdiū Promont. 16 20:61 30

Occidētale latus incolunt Vennicnij, Deinde reliquum & Orientale Robogdij. Deſcriptio aūt lateris Occidentalis, quod ab Occidētali Oceano alluitur

Poſt Boreum promōtorium quod eſt 11 :61
Rauij flu. oſtia 11 20:61 20
Nagnata urbs inſignis *Magnata legimus in codice manuſcripto* 11 15:60 15
Librij flu. oſtia 10 30:60
Auſobæ flu. oſtia 10 30:59 30
Seni flu. oſtia 9 30:59 30
Dur flu. oſtia 9 40:58 40
Ierni flu oſtia 8 :58
Nouum promont. *Cabo de Mar.* 7 40:57 45

Poſt Vēnicnios idem habitāt latus Erdini ſub quibus Nagnatæ, Deinde Autini, *Auteri, ſi uerus eſt Græcus codex.*
Poſt quos Gangani
Sub quibus Vellabori

Meridionalis reliqui lateris ſequit̄ deſcriptio, cui Vergiuius adiacet Oceanus

Poſt Notium promont.
Dabronę flu oſtia 11 15:57 0
Birgi flu. oſtia 12 30:57 30
Hieron uel Sacrum promontorium 14 :57 30

Habitant idem latus poſt Vellabros Vterni ſupra quos Vodiæ, & q Orientaliſſimi ſunt Brigātes. *Vbi hodie Gaſnsforda ciuitas.*

Oriētalis lateris deſcriptio, cui adiacet Oceanus, qui uocatur Hibernicus

Hoc ſacrum promontorium *Salanga, mons domini, monaſterium à S. Dominico conſtructum* quod eſt 14 :57 30
Modoni flu. oſtia 13 40:58 40
Manapia urbs (*waterford*) 13 30:58 40
Obocæ flu. oſtia 13 12.59
Eblana ciuitas 14 :59 30
Dublina hodie Hiberniæ Metropolis, uulgo Deuillin.
Bubindæ flu. oſtia *Slayne.* 14 40:59 40
Iſamnium promont. 15 .60
Vinderij flu. oſtia *Drodagh ciuitas.* 15 :60 15
Logię flu. *Bone flu.* 15 20:60 40

Poſt hæc Robogdium eſt promont.

Idem habitant latus poſt Robogdios Darini. Sub quibus Volunrij *Voluntij.* Deinde Blani *Ebdani.* Poſt Cauci. Sub q̄bus Manaprj. Poſt Coriondi ſupra Brigantes.

Ciuitates mediterraneæ hæc ſunt

Regia *Rigia.* 13 :60 20
* Rhæba 12 :59 45
Laberus 13 :59 15
Macolicum 11 30:58 40
Regia altera 11 :59 30
Dunum 12 20:58 45
* Iuernis 11 :58 20

Hibernię ſuperiacent quinq; Inſulæ Ebudæ nomine *Hebudes Plinio.* Quarum occidentalior uocatur

Ebuda 15 :62

Deinde quæ ad ortum magis extenditur ſimiliter

Ebuda 15 40:62 0
Poſtea Ricina *Ricnea Plinio.* 17 :62
Poſt Maleos 17 30:62 10
Poſt Epidium 18 30:62 0

Iuxta orientalem plagam Hiberniæ, Inſulæ hæ ſunt

Monaœda *Monarina* 17 40.61 30
Mona inſula *Man uulgo* 15 :57 40
Edri quæ deſerta eſt *Andros Plinio.* 15 :59 30

Limni quæ deſerta eſt *Silimnus Plinio.*
15 :59

ALBIONIS INSVLAE BRI*tanniæ ſitus.* Cap. III.

Tabula prima Europæ.

Anglia nunc dicitur uulgò Englond, prius Loëgria. Deinde Scotia, uulgò Schotlandt, Albania prius & Caledonia, Ruſo Britannia ſecunda.

SEptētrionalis lateris deſcriptio, q̃d alluit Oceanus, qui uocatur Deucalledonius,
Nouantũ Cherſoneſus, & eiuſdem nominis promōtorium. 21 :61 :40
Rerigonius ſinus 20 30,60 45
Vidogara ſinus 21 20:60 30
Clota æſtuarium *Glota Tacito.* 22 15:59 40
Lelannonius ſinus *Lemannonius in antiquo exemplari.* 24 :60
Epidium promont. 23 :60 40
Longi flu. oſtia 24 30:60 40
Itys flu. oſtia 27 :60 40
Volſas ſinus 29 :60 30
Nabæi flu. oſtia 30 :60 30
Taruedum quod & Orcas promontorium *Finis Scotiæ dicitur.* 31 20:60 15

Occidētalis lateris deſcriptio q̃d Ibernicus ac Vergiuius alluit Oceanus.
Poſt Nouantum Cherſoneſum *Cocker monthibi* quę habet 21 :61 40
Abrauanni flu. oſtia 19 20:61
Iena æſtuarium 19 :60 30
Deuæ flu. oſtia *Dee uulgò.* 18 :60
Nouij flu. oſtia. *Cloit.* 18 20:59 30
Ituna æſtuarium 18 30:58 45
Moricambe æſtuariũ 17 30:58 20
Setantiorum portus 17 20:57 45
Beliſama æſtuarium 17 30:57 20
Seteia æſtuarium 17 :57
Tiſobis flu. oſt. *Cōwey.* 15 40:56 30
Ganganotum promont. *Bangar.* 15 :56
Stuccię flu. oſtia *Scynt.* 15 20:55 30
Tuerobis flu. oſtia *Abeitray.* 15 30:55 10
Octapitarum promōt. *S. David Menenia.* 14 20:54 30
Tobij flu. oſtia *Touue oppidum.* 15 30:54 30
Ratoſtathybij flu. oſtia *Vſta, Vsk.* 16 30:54 30
Sabriana æſtuarium *Sabrinam fluuium Cor. Tacitus lib. 12. alij Sabrinam, uulgò Seuerne.* 17 20:54 30
Vexalla æſtuarium 16 :53 30
Herculis promont. 14 :53
Antiueſtæum promontoriũ, quod etiã dicitur Boleriũ *Belerium Diodoro, uulgò S. Burien, in Cornubia ſiue Cornualla.* 11 30:52 30
Damnonium quod etiam dicitur Ocrinum promont. 12 :51 30

Reliq; meridionalis lateris deſcriptio, quod Britannicus Oceanus alluit
Poſt Ocrinum promontorium *Mons S. Michaëlis.*
Cenionis flu. oſtia 14 :51 45
Tamari flu. oſtia *Tone.* 15 40:52 30
Iſacę flu. oſtia *Ex uulgo* 17 :52 20
Alaunij flu. oſtia 17 40:52 40
Magnus portus *Portiſmonth, uel portus Hamonis, ubi ciuitas Sonthampton.* 19 :53 0
Triſantonis flu. oſtia 20 20:53 0
Nouus portus 21 :53 30
Cantiũ promont. *Cantia regio. uulgò kent: ubi ciuitas Cãtuaria, uulgò Cãterbury & Cantelburg.* 22 :54

Orientalis deinde ac auſtralis plagæ latera, quæ Germanico alluũtur Oceano deſcribuntur.
Poſt Taruedum quod & Orcas promont. quod iam dictum eſt
Viruedrũ promont. 31 :60
Veruuium promont. 30 50:59 40
Ilæ flu. oſtia 30 :59 40
Ripa alta *Roxenburg.* 29 :59 40
Loxę flu. oſtia *Fyrth flu.* 28 30:59 40
Varar ęſtuariũ *Danbor* 27 30:59 30
Tuæſis æſtuarium *Tueſis flu. Tuwede iuxta quem Beruicia munitiſſimũ oppidum regis Anglorum, in finibus Scotiæ, uulgò Berwich.* 27 :59 30

Celnij

Celnij flu. oſt. *Ale uulgò* 27 :58 45
Taizalum promont. 27 30:58 30
Diuę flu. oſtia *Dwiſpeck* 26 :58 40
Taua æſtuarium *Tynemouth.*
25 :58 30
Tinæ flu. oſtia *Tyne uulgò.*
24 :58 30
Boderia æſtuarium *Bodotria Tacito.*
22 30:58 45
Alauni flu. oſtia *Northtyne.*
21 40:58 30
Vedræ flu. oſtia *Were uulgò.*
20 10:58 30
Dunum ſinus *Doram ciuitas.*
20 45:57 30
Gabrātuicorum portuoſus ſinus *Geſeboro.* 21 :57 0
Occelum promont. 21 15:56 40
Abi flu. oſtia *Humber flu. uulgò dictus, totius Angliæ maximus.* 21 :56 30
Metaris æſtuarium 20 30:55 40
Gariēni flu. oſt. *Grent.* 21 :55 20
Extenſio 21 15:55 0
Idumanij flu. oſtia 20 :55 10
Iameſa æſtuarium *Tameſis flu. Cæſari: hodie Thams Rotheſtre, ſiue Roſenſis ciuitas in eius eſt ripa poſt Londinum.* 20 30:54 30
Poſt quam Cantium eſt promont.
22 :54 0

Iuxta Septētrionale latus ſub Cherſoneſo eodem appellati nomine Nouantæ habitāt apud quos urbes hæ.

Lucopibia 19 :60 20
Retigonium 20 10:60 40

Sub ijs Selgouæ, apud quos urbes hæ.

Carbantorigum 19 :59 20
Ooxellum 18 30:59 20
Vxellū alijs dictū, hodie Ceſtria, uulgò Cheſtre weeheſtre, Caërlegion Caërthleon, Legeceſtria, urbs legionum caërchle.
Corda 20 :59 40
Trimontium *Adrianopolis ab alijs eſt dicta.*
19 :59 0

His uerſus ſolis ortum magis ſeptentrionales Damnij ſunt, in quibus urbes hæ

Colania 20 30:59 10
Vanduara 21 40:60 0
Coria 21 30:59 20
Alauna 22 45:59 20
Lindum 23 :59 30
Victoria 23 30.59 0

Gadini uerò magis ſeptentrionales, Otadeni autem magis auſtrales ſunt in quibus urbes hæ.

Curia 20 10:59 0
Bremenium 21 :58 45

Poſt Damnios uerſus ſolis ortū magis Septentrionales, quaſi ad ortū uergentes ab Epidio promontorio, Epidij ſunt. Poſt quos Cerones. Poſt orientaliores Creones. Deinde Carnonacæ. Deinde Carini. Et orientaliores ultimi& Cornabij. A Lelāuonio autem ſinu uſq; ad æſtuarium Varar, ſunt Caledonij. Et ſupra eos Caledonia ſylua. Quibus magis orientales ſunt Cantæ. Poſt quos Logi, coniuncti Cornabijs. Et ſupra Logos Mertæ ſunt. Sub Caledonijs autem Vacomagi.

Apud quos hæ ſunt urbes.

Banatia 24 :59 30
Tamia 25 :59 20
* Alata caſtra *Caſtrū puellarum, uulgò Edenburgh Scotiæ regia* 27 15:59 20
Tueſis *Berwik.* 26 54.59 10

Sub ijs, qui magis occidētales ſunt habitāt Vennicones In quibus urbs,

Orrea. *Neucaſtel, Monacaſtre, ubi carbonum copia.* 24 :58 45

Deinde q magis oriētales ſunt, Taxali Et urbs

Deuana *Vros Bebbe, Banburg, Bebanburgh, Bobcite.* 26 15:59 45

Rurſus autē ſub Elgouis & Otadinis. ad utraq; maria habitant Brigātes. In quibus urbes

Epiacum 18 30:58 30
Vinnouium 17 30:58 0
* Caturactoniū *Caërleil, Caërdulia, Lugubalia.* 20 :58 0
Calatum 19 :57 45
Iſurium 20 :57 40
Rigodunum 18 :57 30
Olicana *kirkbi* 19 :57 30
* Eboracum *York uulgò, Eboracenſis metropolis, Caërbranck.* 20 :57 20

Et Legio ſexta Nicephorica

Camunlodunum *Camulodunum Tacito.*
18 15:57 0

Apud hos penes ſinum portuoſum Pariſi Et urbs

Petuaria 20 40:56 40

Sub ijs & Brigantibus habitant, magis ad occaſum tendẽtes, Orduices Penes quos urbes

Mediolaniũ *Mãcheſter.* 16 45:56 40

Brannogenium 16 :56 15

His uerò magis orientales ſunt Cornabij In quibus urbes

Deuana *Duana caſtra, uulgò Doncaſtre.* 18 30:55 0

Et legio uigeſima Nicephorica

Viroconium 16 45:55 45

Poſt hos Coritani, In quibus urbes

Lindum *Lincolnia, Lindecolinum, uulgò Lyncoln.* 18 40:55 45

Rage *Notingham* 18 :55 30

Deinde Catyeuchlani. In quib. urbes

Salinæ *Sanctus Albon.* 20 10:55 40

Vrolanium *Verulanam* 19 20:55 30

Poſt hos Simeni. Apud quos urbs

Venta 20 30:55 20

Et magis orientales penes Iameſam æſtuariũ Trinobãtes ſunt *Trinobates Cæſar appellat.* In quibus urbs

Camudolanum 21 :55 0

Colcheſtre, Caërcolden. Eſt hodie Angliæ ciuitas Vinceſtria, uulgò Vuncheſtre, quæ Camulodunũ, eadem & Venta olim uocata eſt, ſed ſita eſt ad meridiem iuxta Magnum portum.

Iterũ ſub dictis populis maxime occidentales ſunt Metæ, *aliter Dimetæ.* In quibus urbes

Luentinum *Powesland.* 15 45:55 10

Maridunũ *Caërmarden.* 15 30:54 40

His magis orientales Sylires ſunt *Sylures.* In quibus urbs

Bullæum *Vuitlan.* 18 20:55 0

Poſt quos Dobuni, & urbs

Corinium *Claudiana caſtra, Claudioceſtria Glouceſtre.* 18 :54 10

Poſt Atrebatij, & urbs

Caleua *Oxonia, uulgò Oxforde, Oxenford.* 19 :54 15

Poſt quos maxime orientales Cantij In quibus urbes

Londinium *Londinum, Londres, London.* 20 :54 6

Daruernum 21 :53 40

Douer portus in Galliã traijcitur, iuxta eum in mediterraneis Cantuaria metropolis, uulgò Canterbury, Canterburg, Caërkent.

Rutupiæ 21 45:54 0

Rutepi portus, Rutipe, Reptaceſtre, Sandicus portus, uulgò Sandwich.

Rurſus Atrebatijs & Cantijs ſubiacẽt Regni. Et urbs

Næomagus *Chicheſtre, Ciſſanceſtre, Caërrei.* 19 43:53 40

Dobunis uerò ſubiacent Belgæ Et urbs

Iſchalis *Ilcheſtre.* 16 40:53 30

Aquæ calidę *Bathe.* 17 20:53 40

Venta *Briſtoun.* 18 40:53 30

Deinde uerſus occaſum & auſtrũ Durotriges ſunt. In quibus urbs

Dunium *Dorkinga, Dorceſtre,* 18 :52 40

Poſt quos maxime occidẽtales Domnonij *Dunmonij, Denouia prouincia, Deuonshire.* In quibus urbes

Voliba *Bodmañ.* 14 45:52 20

Vxella *Kreckbornwel.* 15 :52 45

Tamare *Tanerſtok.* 15 :52 15

Iſca *Exceſtre.* 17 30:52 45

Legio ſecunda auguſta *Leskerd.* 17 :52 36

Inſulæ autem adiacent Albioni iuxta Orcada promont.

Ocitis inſula 32 40:60 45

Dumna inſula 30 :61 0

Supra quã Orcades inſulæ ſunt, numero triginta circiter, *Earum Hetlandia maxima, qua in ciuitas epiſcopalis Orcada.* Quarum medium gradus habet 30 :61 40

Et ſuper ipſas Thyle eſt, *Islãdia hodie dicitur, ſub rege Daniæ. duo in ea epiſcopia Holen & Schalboltẽ* cuius inſulæ pars quæ maxime ad occaſum tendit gradus habet 29 :63 0

Quę maxime ad ortũ 31 40:63 0

Quæ maxime ad arctos 30 20:63 15

Quę maxime ad auſtrum 30 20:62 40

Medium inſulæ 30 20:63 0

Iuxta Trinoantes uerò inſulæ hæ ſunt

Toliapis

Tollapis inſula *Teno inſula, uulgò Tenet.* 23 :54 20

Counos inſula *Shepey.* 24 :54 30

Sub magno uerò portu inſula eſt

Vectis *Wyht incolæ uocant, in qua oppida Calbork & Neuport.* cuius mediũ gradus habet 19 20:52 20

HISPANIAE SITVS Caput IIII.

Tabula ſecunda Europæ.

Heſperia ultima ſeu Heſperis occidentalis, & Iberia ſiue Ibera dicta. Amnes in Hiſpania Marineus Siculus 150. numerauit. & pontes ſeptingentos.

HIſpaniæ, quæ apud Græcos Iberia dicitẽ, tres prouinciæ ſunt, Bętica, Luſitania ac Tarraconenſis Et Bæticę *Regnum Granatæ hodie, Straboni Turdetania.* quidem latus, quod uerſus occaſum atq; Septentriones eſt, terminatur à Luſitania, & pro parte à Tarraconenſi, cuius lateris deſcriptio ſic ſe habet

Os oriẽt alius Anæ flu. *Gudiana uulgò dicitur* 4 20:37 30

Flexio flu. ad ortum 6 20:39 0

Pars flu. iuxta finem Luſitaniæ 8 :39 0

Hinc deſcripta linea iuxta Tarraconẽſem Hiſpaniæ, tanquã uerſus Balearicum pelagus finem habet

Fontes Anæ flu partes habent. 12 :37 15

Auſtrale autẽ latus Bęticæ terminatur in exteriori pelago Oceano & Herculeo freto, in interiori autem mari Iberico pelago: huiusq; lateris deſcriptio ſic ſe habet, poſt Anæ fluuij oſtia in exteriori mari ſic

Turditanorum *Turdetanorum.*

Onobaliſturia *Onobaluſturia.* 4 40:37 20

Bætis flu. oſtia orientalia *Guadalquiuir. Scicen dictus.* 5 20:37 0

Fontes flu. 12 :38 30

Quod iuxta Aſtan eſt æſtuariũ *S. Lucas* 6 :36 45

Turdulorum

Meneſthei portus *Beſippo portus Plinio.* 6 :36 20

Promontoriũ à quo fretum, in quo

Iunonis tẽplũ *S. Maria* 5 45:36 5

Bælonis flu. oſtia 6 10:36 10

Bælon ciuitas *Tariſa.* 6 15:36 40

Baſtulorũ *Baſiſtanorũ.* qui dicuntur Pini

Menralia *Mellaria Begerra de Melana.* 6 30:36 10

Tranſducta 6 40:36 20

Barbeſola *Berbeſul.* 7 15:36 10

Carteia 7 30:36 10

Calpe mons & colũna in interiori mari *Mons Gibaltar, ubi ſtrictum de Zibaltar.* 7 30:36 15

In Iberico autem mari

Barbeſolæ flu. oſtia 7 40:36 40

Suca *Suel Plinio, uulgò Chipiona.* 8 :36 6

Saducæ flu. oſtia 8 30:37 0

Malaca *Malega* 8 50:37 30

Manoba *Velez malaga.* 9 15:37 15

Sex 9 45:37 45

Selambina *Sellobreya.* 20 15:37 15

Extenſio 10 50:37 6

Abdara *Vrgi dicta, Abdera, Hiſpanicè Almeria.* 10 45:37 10

Portus magnus 11 20:37 6

Charidemi promont. *Cabo de gata uulgò.* 11 30:36 20

Reliqua pars prouinciæ uerſus hyemalem ſolis ortũ penes Balearicum pelagus fines habet linea ea quæ à dicto Charidemi promontorio extenditur uſq; ad expoſitũ finem, in quo Balatia ciuitas *Baria Bara.* 11 45:37 10

Orã uerò littoris Menralia uſq; Barias urbem, ĳ, qui Baſtuli uocantur, tenent. Supra quos mediterranea uerſus Tarraconenſem incolũt Turduli *aliàs Turdi.*

In quibus urbes mediterraneæ

Setia 9 10:38 50

Illurgis *Illora uulgò, Iliturgi, forum Iulium Plinio.* 9 30:38 40

Vogia 9 :38 30

Calpurniana 9 45:38 10

Cœcila 9 15:38 30

Biniana Baniana.	10	:38	15
* Corduba(patritia olim)Cordoba.	9	40:38	6
Iulia Velia Belia uulgò.	9	38:30	0
Obulcum Vbeda hodie, Obulco Plin. & Straboni, Vlla Cæſari.	10	10:38	0
Arcilacis Alcalaborra.	8	45:37	45
Detunda	8	40:37	6
Murgis Murcia.	8	15:37	40
Salduba	8	45:37	56
Tucci Tucis Straboni, Augusti gemella Plinio.	8	:37	10
Sala	7	30:37	0
Balda	7	:36	40
Ebora	6	15:36	56
Onoba	6	10:36	20
Illipula magna Ilipa, Ilpa.	9	40:38	6
Selia	9	40:37	45
Veſcis Veſci & Fauentia Plinio.	9	30:37	30
Eſcua	9	10:37	30
Artigis Albama.	9	40:37	26
Calicula	10	10:37	45
Lacibis	10	15:37	30
Sacilis	10	26:37	50
Laccippo Lapecia	10	45:37	45
* Illiberis (Liberia dicta) Granada, caput regni Granatæ.	11	:37	40

Interiora & iuxta Luſitaniã tenẽt Turditani, In quibus urbes

Turdulorum pars hæc inter Granatam & Portugalliam Turditania primo, deinde à Vandalis Vandalia ſiue Vandaluſia, hodie Andaluzia.

Canaca	4	20:38	0
Seria Fama Iulia Plinio.	4	40:37	45
Oſca Hueſcar uulgò.	5	:37	5
Ceriana	5	10:38	20
Vrium Auriensis.	5	40:38	20
Illipula	6	:38	20
Setida	6	30:37	45
Ptucci	5	30:37	30
Sala	5	20:37	30
Nabriſſa Nebriſſa, hodie, Veneria cognominata.	5	40:37	30
Vgia Oguijar.	5	30:37	45
Aſta	6	:37	20
Corticata	6	40:38	40
Lælia	6	30:38	40
Italica	7	:38	0
Maxilua	6	20:37	20
Vcia Vria Plinio.	7	:37	40
Cariſſa Cariſa cognomine Aurelia.	6	30:37	30
Calduba	6	40:37	15
Pæſula	7	:37	10
Saguntia Sarguntia Plinio.	6	30:37	56
Aſindum	6	30:37	20
Nertobriga	7	:38	50
Contributa	9	10:38	0
Regina	7	10:37	50
Curſus	8	:38	40
Mirobriga	7	:38	26
Spoletinum	7	20:38	10
Lepa magna	7	40:37	30
* Iſpalis Romulea cognominata, uulgo Seuilla.	7	15:37	50
Obucola Obucula.	8	:37	45
Calicula Calucula Plinio.	7	40:37	45
Oleaſtrum Olcatro.	7	20:37	10
Vrbona	7	30:37	26
Bæſippo	7	15:37	6
Fornacis	8	30:38	30
Arſa	8	40.38	30
Aſyla	8	36:38	20
Aſtygis Auguſta firma olim clariſsima, Aſtygi alijs dicitur, uulgò Ecija.	8	15:38	20
Charmonia Carmo Strabo.	8	10:38	0

Bæticorum Celticorum.

Aruci	5	50:38	0
Arunda	6	30:38	30
Curgia	6	:38	40
Acinipo	6	30:38	50
Vama	6	15.38	26

Montes in Bætica nominantur.

Marianus Sierra morena, ſaltus Caſtulonenſis. cuius medium	6	20:37	40
Et qui Illipula dicitur Sierra uermeia. habet.	7	30:37	46

Adiacet & Bæticæ inſula in exteriori mari, in qua ciuitas Gadira Gades.

	5	10:36	6

Gaditanam legit Hermolaus apud Plinium. Cotynuſa Dionyſio, alijs Erythræa. hodie Calix, uulgò Caliz.

HISPA-

HISPANIAE LVSITANIAE ſitus. Cap. V.

Tabula ſecunda Europæ.

Portugallia dicta à Gallis quaſi portus Gallorum, qui in Hiſpaniam nauigantes Portugallo ciuitati & toti regno nomen dedere.

LVſitaniæ auſtrale latus; quod idem eſt cũ Septentrionali latere Bæticæ, dictũ. Latus uerò Septentrionale Luſitaniæ coniungitur cum Tarraconenſi Hiſpania, iuxta occidentalem plagã Dorij fluuij *Portus ibi ciuitas uulgò Portugallo.* cuius oſtia ad exterius erumpunt mare, gradusq́ habent.

5 20:41 45

Pars autem fluuij iuxta terminũ Luſitaniæ gradus tenet 9 10:41 50

Fontes autem fluuij 11 40:41 40

Orientale autem latus coniungitur & ipſum Tarraconẽſi: fines uerò prædictæ iunguntur ad Anam flu. atque Dorium.

Latus autem eius occidẽtale, quod occiduus alluit Oceanus ſic ſe habet.

Poſt Anæ flu. oſtia.

Turditanorum

Balſa *Tauila.* 3 40:37 45

Oſſonaba *(Siluenſis epiſcop.) Siluera.*

3 :37 45

Sacrum promont. *Caput S. Vincentij hodie dicitur ubi Cuneus ager.* 2 30:38 15

Calipodis flu. oſtia 5 :39

Salacia 5 6:39 26

Cætobrix *Cezimbra.* 4 26:39 30

Luſitanorum

Barbariũ promont. 4 45:39 45

* Olioſipon *Vlyßipona, uulgò Lisbona, Salatia Plinio, Vlyſſea Strab.* 5 10:40 15

Tagi flu. oſtia 5 30:40 10

Pars ipſorum uſq; ad Tarraconenſes

9 :40 30

Fontes flu. 11 40:40 45

Lunæ montis promont. *Ponte de luna.*

5 :40 40

Mondæ flu. oſtia 5 10:40 45

Vaci flu. oſtia *Vacua Straboni.*

5 10:41 10

Poſt quæ Dorii flu. oſtia *Durius, uulgò Ducro.* 5 20:41 50

Fontes flu. 11 30:41 50

Quæ uerò circa Sacrum promõt. ſunt Turditani occupant

In quibus urbes in Luſitania mediterraneæ hæ

Pax Iulia *(Pace, Pacenſis epiſc. Badaioz uulgò.* 5 20:39 0

Iulia Myrtilis *Bahena.* 5 15:38 45

Interiora his habitant Celtici

In quibus urbes in Luſitania hæ

Lancobriga *Coymbra* 5 45:40 15

Piana *Cepiana.* 5 20:40 0

Bretolæum *Brijtum eſt.* 6 :40 0

Mirobriga 5 20:39 45

Arcobriga *Briga priſca Hiſpanorũ lingua oppidum dicitur, ut Thracibus Bria, Germanis; burg. ideo hæ plurium locorum ſunt terminationes.* 5 40:39 0

Merebriga 6 30:39 40

Catraleucos 5 40:39 20

Turres albæ 6 10:39 20

Arandis 6 30:39 6

Quæ ſupra hæc ſunt, tenent Luſitani

In quibus urbes mediterraneæ hæ

Lauara 5 30:41 6

Aritium 5 40:41 30

Selium 6 :41 20

Elbocoris 6 30:41 15

Araducta 6 40:41 30

Verurium 7 15:41 6

Velladis 6 40:41 6

Aeminium 7 20:41 30

Chretina 5 30:40 40

Arabriga 5 40:40 30

Scalabiſcus *Scalabis antea Iulium præſidiũ ſiue turris Iulia, hodie Troſilum, uulgò Trugillo.*

6 :41 0

Tacubis 6 20:40 45

Concordia 6 40:40 30

Talabriga 7 30:40 45

Ruſticana *Ciudad Rodrigo.*

7 10:40 30

Mendeculia 6 50:40 15

Caurium *Caura, uulgò Coria.*

6 40:40 0

Turmogum 8 :40 15

Burdua 7 20:40 0

Colarnum 6 50:39 45

Vaſconum

Manlaſci flu. oſtia *Magrada Melæ.*
15 :45 0

Eaſo ciuitas *S. Sebaſtianus.*
15 10:45 6

Eaſo promont. Pyrenei
15 :45 50

Latus autē æſtiui ortus Solis, terminū habet Pyrenem, à dicto promontorio uſq; ad montes, qui noſtrū mare attringunt, quo loco erectum eſt Veneris templum, cuius poſitio eſt
20 20:42 20

Aphrodiſium promontorium Cabo de cruz ab indigenis hodie uocatur, iuxta Colliure.

Curuatur uerò mons paululum, quaſi Hiſpaniā uerſus. Vnde ſinuationis medium in Tarraconenſi gradus habet 17 :43 0

Reliqua uerò Tarraconēſis latera alia circa Luſitaniam Bæticā dicta ſunt, at reliquū, et quod circa Balearicum pelagus eſt, uergitq; ad ortū hyemalem, talem habet deſcriptionē, poſt Bæticæ finem. 12 :37 15

Baſtianorum littoralis ora. *Baſſetani.*

Vrce *Aquile* 12 :37 26

Conteſtanorum littoralis ora.

Lucentum *Suſana.* 13 30:37 30

* Carthago noua *Quæ & Spartaria, Cartagena.* 12 15.37 56

Scombraria promont. *Cabo de perales.*
12 56:38 6

Terebris flu. oſtia *Tuder Plinio.*
12 30:38 30

Alonæ *Alonem uocat Mela, uulgo Alicante.*
12 40:38 36

Sætabis flu.. oſtia 13 :38 45

Illicitatus portus 13 30:38 45

Sucronis flu. oſtia 14 :38 20

Edetanorum

Pallantię flu. oſtia 14 40:38 56

Turulis flu. oſtia *Turia uulgo Claudiano & Hermolaò apud Plinium Pomponius Duriam corrupte nominat.* 15 :39 0

Dianium *Denia uulgo* 15 40:39 30

Ilercaonum

Tenebriū promont. 15 56:39 26

Tenebrius portus 15 30:40 0

Iberi flu. oſtia *Ebro flu. uulgo dicitur.*
16 :40 30

Medium ipſius fluuij 14 :42 0

Fontes fluuij 12 30:44 0

Coſetanorum

* Tarracon *Tarragona* 16 20:40 40

Subur *Cubelis.* 16 50:40 45

Lætanorum

* Barcinon *Fauentia Plin. Barſelona.*
17 15:41 0

Rubricati flu. oſtia *Lobregat.*
17 30:41 0

Bætulon *Betbolon flu. eſt, Beſon uulgo.*
17 50.41 20

Lunariū promont. *Mons Iouis, Scalæ Annibalis, Melæ, nunc Moniui* 18 30:41 30

Diluron 18 :41 45

Blanda *Blanes.* 18 15:42 0

Indigetorum

Sambrocæ flu. oſtia 18 30:42 30

Emporię *Caſtellon de purias*
18 45:42 20

Clodiani flu. oſtia *Alba Plinio.*
19 :42 30

Rhoda ciuitas, *Rhodopen oppidulum uocat Strabo.* 19 30:42 30

Poſt hanc dictum Veneris templū *Colliure* 20 20:42 20

Montes in Tarraconēſi inſignes ſunt Vindius, cuius fines habent partes
9 :45 & 11 30:44 15

Et Edulius mōs, cuius fines habēt partes 14 40:42 15 & 16: 43

Et Egdubeda mons *Idubeda in antiquo & Græco codice legitur, & apud Strabonē, uulgo Iubalda,* cuius fines habent gradus
14 :41 30 & 14: 14 20: 39

Et Ortoſpeda mons, cuius fines habēt
12: 37 40 & 14:39 40 *Oroſpeda*

Tenent autem circa Nereū promont. Artabri *Arotrebas uocitatos ait Strabo.*

In quibus ciuitates

Claudiomeriū *Cormes.* 5 45:45 10

Nouium *Noia.* 6 10:44 45

Iis hęrent Callaici Lucenſij. *Gallegos.*

In quibus ciuitates

Burum 8 15:45 0

Olina 8 30:45 30

Vœca 9 20:45 20

Libunca 10 10:45 40

Pintia 10 10:44 56

Catonium

Caronium *Cheroga.* 7 :44 45
Turuptiana *Tuiiana hodie Tuy uulgo.*
6 20:43 45
Glandomirum, *Mondannedo.*
7 :43 30
Ocelum *Otero de rey.* 8 20:44 26
Turriga 8 50:44 36

Cæpororum

Iria flauia *S. Maria, finis terræ.*
6 36:44 30
Lucus Auguſti *Oluca, Lugo uulgo, Olucenſe epiſcopium, aras Sextianas Plinius, Auguſti turrim Mela nominat.* 7 26:44 26

Cilinorum

Aquę calidę *Orēſe uulgo* 6 20:44 20

Lemauorum

Dactonium 7 30:44 0

Bædyorum

Flauialambris 7 20:44 45

Seburrorum, *Scurrorum.*

Talamina 8 30:44 30
Aquæ quintianę 8 30:45 10

His uerò ab ortu adiacet Aſturia

Et in ea urbes

Lucus Aſturum 11 :45 0
Laberris 11 :44 30
Interamnium 10 15:44 30
Argenteola 9 20:44 45
Langiati 9 20:43 30
Maliaca *Malgrado dicta Benauente.*
10 20:44 0
Gigia 11 30:43 45
Bergidium flauium 8 30:43 45
Interamnium fluuiū 9 :44 0
Germanica legio ſeptima *Leon Hiſpanicè, Legionenſis epiſcopus, Sublancia olim.*
9 6:44 20

Brigæcinorum

Brigætium *Brigentium. Ouetenſis epiſcopus, uulgo Ouiedo* 10 :44 45

Bedunenſium

Bedunia *Vrenna* 10 50:43 56

Orniacorum

Intercatia 11 10:44 15

Lungonum

Pęlontium 11 40:44 50

Sælinorum *Salenos, ubi apud Pomponium eſt Salia fluuius, ut exiſtimat Hermolaus.*

Nardinium 10 20:43 45

Superatiorum

Petauonium 9 30:43 40

Amacorum

* Aſturica Auguſta *Aſtorgo uulgo, olim Roma.* 9 30:44 0

Tiburorum

Nemetobriga *Valdenebro.*
7 30:43 45

Egurrorum

Forum Egurrorum *Medina de Ruiſeco.*
8 :43 45

Quæ ad mare protenduntur, inter fluuios Miniū, & Doriam, tenent Callaci Bręcarij.

In quibus ciuitates hæ ſunt

Bręcara auguſta *aliàs Brachara, Metropolis Portugaliæ, dicta uulgo Braga.*
6 :43 40
Caladunum 6 30:43 30
Pinetus 7 50:43 30
Complutica 8 20:43 26
Tuntobriga 8 30:43 26
Araduca *Araducta legimus in codice regio, in græco deeſt, Arzua uulgo.* 6 :41 50

Turodorum

Aquæ Lęę 6 30:43 40

Nemetanorum

Volobriga 6 :42 36

Cœlerinorum

Cœliobriga 6 :43 20

Bibalorum

Forū Bibalorū *Fomillā.* 7 20:43 20

Limicorum

Forum Limicorum 6 :42 15

Gruiorum *Grauij, Gronij.*

Tudæ *Tydæ in Gallicia* 8 20:42 45

Luancorum

Merua 7 30:42 40

Cuacernorum

Aquæ Cuacernorum 7 20:42 20

Lubænorum

Cambetum 8 10:42 20

Narbaſorum

Forum Narbaſorum 8 :42 0

Horum interiora tenent Vaccæi

In quibus hæ ſunt urbes

Bargiacis 9 45:43 56
Intercatia 10 15:43 26
Viminacium 11 :43 30
Porta auguſta *Torquemada.*
8 40:43 20

Antraca

Antraca	10	6:43	15
Laccobriga	10	45:43	20
Auia *Liuia græco & regio codici, hodie Villalon.*	10	20:43	20
Sepontica paramica	9	30:43	0
Gella	9	40:42	40
Albocela	9	40:42	36
Rauda	9	30:42	30
Segiſama Iulia *Tordeſillas.*	9	50:42	40
Pallantia *Palentia*	10	30:42	30
Eldana *Donia, Duennas.*	9	:42	20
Congium *Cabezon.*	9	20:42	26
Cauca *Conca, Quenca.*	10	:42	20
Octodurum *Campus Gothorum, Toro.*	9	40:42	10
Pintia *Vallis oletana, Valladolit.*	10	10:42	0
Sentica *Simancas.*	9	:41	50
Sarabris *Zamora ibi.*	9	30:42	40

Orientalia autem Aſturiæ tenent Cantabri *Bizcaia regio.*

In quibus ſunt ciuitates mediterraneæ,

Concana	12	30:44	40
Ottauiolca	12	40:44	45
Argenomeſcum	12	:44	30
Vadinia	11	20:44	40
Vellica *Victoria.*	12	30:44	15
Camarica	11	40:44	45
Iuliobriga *Logronyo.*	12	10:44	0
Morœca	11	45:43	50

Sub ijs Murbogi, In quibus ciuitates,

Brauum *Burgos clara ciuitas, olim Masburgi,* [illegible]	23	:43	40
Siſaraca	11	15:43	30
Deobrigula	11	50:43	20
Ambiſna	11	10:43	0
Setiſacum	12	:43	10

Orientaliores autē ijs & Cantabris ſunt Aurigones,

In quibus ſunt ciuitates mediterraneę.

Vxamabarca	13	:44	15
Segiſamonculum	13	:43	30
Virueſca *Virdubeſca in antiquo codice, uulgò Briuieſca.*	12	:43	0
Antecuia	13	:43	0
Deobriga	13	15:43	30
Vendelia	12	40:43	15
Salionca	13	:43	40

Et ſub Murbogis Pelendones ſunt

In quibus ciuitates

Viſontiū *Viſcum, Viſco.*	11	10:42	0
Auguſtobriga	11	30:42	40
Sauia	12	30:42	40

Sub Autrigonibus uerò Berones habitant, in quibus ciuitates

Tritiū metallū *Tafalla.*	13	:42	50
Oliba *olit.*	13	:42	40
Varia	13	30:42	45

Sub Pelendonibus uerò ac Beronibus Areuacæ ſunt,

In quibus ciuitates

Confloenta	11	:42	50
* Clunia Colonia *Ciudad Real.*	11	:42	0
Termes	11	30:42	26
Vxama argelę *Vxama Plinio. Oſmes.*	11	50:41	15
Segortia lacta *Segouia.*	12	30:41	40
Veluca	11	50:41	50
Tucris *Tudela.*	12	40:42	10
* Numantia *Soria hodie, Romanis olim acerrima.*	13	30:41	45
Setubia *Sepulueda.*	13	30:42	56
Noudauguſta	13	15:42	30

Iterū Auſtraliores Vaccęis & Areuacæ cibus ſunt Carpetani, *Regnū Toletanū.*

In quibus urbes

Ilurbida	9	40:41	0
Steleſta	10	30:41	40
Ilarcuris	11	:41	30
Varada	11	30:41	30
Thermeda	12	:41	50
Tituacia	13	:41	20
Mantua *Viſeris olim Madrid.*	11	40:41	10
* Toletum *Serezola dicta, Toledo.*	10	:41	0
Complutum *Alcala de enares.*	10	30:41	40
Caracca *Guadalaiara*	11	20:40	45
Libora *Elbora olim, Talabrica hodie uulgò Talauera.*	9	40:40	50
Iſpinum *Spinarius*	10	15:40	45
Mentercoſa *Pedraza de la Sierra.*	10	20:40	38
Barnacis	11	:40	30
Alternia	10	30:40	50
Paterniana *Paſtrana.*	9	50:40	45

Riguſa 10 40:40 15

Laminium 10 20:39 45

Iis magis Oriētales ſunt Celtiberi, *Celtiberi à Celtis Gallis & ibero amnes.*

In quibus ciuitates

Belſinum *Borgia.* 13 40:41 10

Turiaſſo *Tiriaſſona, Tarazona.*
13 50:41 40

Nertobriga 14 :41 45

Bilbis *Bilbilis, Calataiud.* 14 45:41 30

Arcobriga 13 20:41 40

Cæſada 12 10:41 0

Mediolū *Medina cœli.* 13 :41 0

Artacum 13 30:41 40

Ergauica *Erganicium hodie, Alcanniz.*
12 20:40 45

Segobriga *Seguntia, Signeuza, a'ijs Segorbe.*
13 30:40 50

Condabora 13 20:40 30

Burſada 12 45:40 50

Laxeta 13 30:40 30

Valeria *Concha* 12 30:40 40

Iſtonium 11 30:40 15

Alaba 12 :40 20

Libana 12 20.40 10

Vrceſa 11 40:39 45

Iis ac Carpitanis auſtraliores ſunt Oretani *Germani cognominati Plin.*

Et ciuitates.

Salaria 9 20:40 0

Siſapona 10 :39 56

Siſapona dicta eſt, quæ nunc Zamora ad Durij ſeptentrionalem ripam. Ptolemæi uerò ſitus non cōgruit, cum ſita ſit potius Zamora ubi ipſe Sarabrim deſcripſit.

Oreton Germanorū, *Oria Straboni, hodie Calatraua, olim Oreto.* 9 10:39 40

Aemiliana 10 :39 30

Mirobriga 9 30:39 30

Salica 10 40:39 20

Libiſoca 11 20:39 30

Caſtulon *Caslona hodie* 9 30:39 0

Lupparia 9 45:39 30

Mētiſa *Mēteſa, Iaen uulgò.* 10 20:39 0

Ceruaria 11 :39 40

Biatia *Bæza hodie* 10 :38 45

Laccuris 10 50:38 20

Tiua 10 40:38 30

Et ſub maxime oriētalibus Celtiberorum ſunt Lobetani, Quorū ciuitas,

Lobetum 13 30:40 20

Sub ijs et penes Oretanos ſunt Baſtitani, *Baſtetanos alij, alij Baſſetanos, alij Baſitanos.* In quibus urbes mediterraneæ,

Pucialia 13 20:39 50

Salaria 13 :39 20

Turbula 13 30:39 15

Saltiga 12 :39 30

Bigerra *Colmenarium olim Beiar.*
12 30:39 40

Abula *Abila uulgò.* 11 40:39 15

Aſſo 12 :39 20

Bergula *Berguſa.* 11 20:39 45

Carca 11 :38 30

Ilunum 11 30:38 40

Arcilacis 11 20:37 45

Segiſa 11 30:38 30

Orcelis *Origuela* 11 30.38 20

Vergilia 11 10:38 0

Acci *Acti olim dicta, Guadix hodie.*
11 45:38 20

Poſt hos uerſus mare habitant Conteſtani, Et ciuitates mediterraneæ.

Menlaria *Murcia.* 13 45:39 15

* Valētia *Coyanca olim.* 14 :39

Sætabis *Augusta Valeria, Sectanis olim, nunc Xatiua.* 13 10:39 0

Sætabicula 13 40:38 56

Illicias *Illicis, Lucena.* 12 20:38 30

Iaſpis 12 20.38 56

Is & Baſtitanis atq; Celtiberis magis orientales ſunt Ederani *Sedetani à reliquis dicti.* Et ciuitates mediterraneæ

* Cæſarauguſta *Saragoza, metropolis & caput regni Aragonum, Salduba prius dicebatur.*
14 15:41 30

Bernaba *Benauarri.* 14 10:41 15

Ebora 14 40:41 0

Belia *Bolca.* 14 10:40 45

Arſi *Ariza.* 14 40:40 40

Damania 14 30:40 30

Leonica 14 40:40 15

Oſicerda *Oßigerdenſes populi Plinio.*
14 15:40 10

Etobeſa 14 20:39 45

Laſſira 14 50:39 20

Edeta, quæ etiam Leria dicitur
14 20:39 20

Saguntū *Ab Annibale deſtructa, cuius hodie loco Moruetrū uulgò Mōuiedro.* 14 35:39 40

Et

Et ciuitates mediterraneæ,

Carthago uetus	16	40:41	20
Biſcargis	14	40:41	10
Theaua	15	15:40	40
Adeba	15	40:40	30
Tiariulia *Teruel.*	15	30:40	20
Sigarra	15	6:40	15
Dertoſa *Tortoſa hodie, Straboni Dertoſa, Dertuſani populi Plinio.*	15	15:40	0

Inter Iberum fluuium, & Pyrenes parte Autrigonibus, quos medios interluit fluuius, adiacent uerſus ſolis ortum Cariſti.

Et ciuitates mediterraneæ,

Sueſtaſium	13	40:43	45
Tullica	13	40:42	45
Velia	13	56:43	20

Iis etiã magis orientales ſunt Varduli,

Et ciuitates mediterraneæ,

Gebala	14	:43	36
Gabalęca	14	30:43	36
Tullonium	13	56:43	45
Alba *Bianna.*	14	36:43	10
Segontia paramica	14	20.43	30
Tritium Tuboticũ *Naiera, dicta Trucio falſis tamen ſitus.*	14	40:43	45
Thabuca	14	.42	50

Poſt hos Vaſcones *Nauarra ſiue quos Vaſcos appellant.*

Et ciuitates mediterraneæ,

Iturisſa *Sangueſſa*	15	36:43	56
* Pompelon *Martua dicta: Pampilona, Hiſpanicè Pamplona, Pompeiopolis: caput regni Nauarræ.*	15	:43	45
Bituris	15	30:43	40
Andelus	15	30:43	30
Nementuriſſa	15	6:43	6
Curnonium	14	50:43	15
Iacca *Iaca etiam uulgò.*	15	30:43	26
Gracuris	15	:43	0
Calagorina *Calagurũ, uulgò Calahorra, epiſcopium.*	14	40:42	50
Baſcontum	15	:42	45
Ergauia	14	:42	36
Tarraga *Tarrega.*	14	45:42	30
Muſcaria	14	20:42	26
Setia	14	40:42	15
Alauona	14	40:43	20

Et poſt hos etiam Ilergetes *Ilerdetes, Ilerdenſis dioceſis.*

In quibus ciuitates mediterraneæ,

Berguſia	16	30:43	0
Celſa	16	.42	45
Bergidum *Vrgel.*	15	30:42	30
Erga	15	45:42	15
Succoſa	15	10:42	30
Oſca *Isca dicta, Hueſca, Gueſca.*	16	:42	30
Burtina *Barbaſtro.*	15	10:41	40
Gallica flauia *Fraga.*	15	30:41	40
Orcia	15	:41	30
Ilerda *Lerida & Leyda uernaculis dicitur.*	15	56.41	26

Sub ijs maxime orientales ſunt Cerretani, Quorum ciuitas,

Iulia Libyca	17	20:42	45

Iis ab occaſu hærent Autetani

Et ciuitates,

Aquæ calidæ *Vicus aquarius, Vich, Vique.*	16	40:42	10
Bæcula	17	:42	15
Auſa	16	10:42	30
Gerunda *Girona uulgò epiſcopalis.*	16	50:42	40

Et poſt hos Caſtellani *Ducatus Cardone.*

Quorum ciuitates mediterraneæ,

Sebendunum	17	56:42	15
Baſſi	17	56:42	30
Egoſa	17	20:41	56
Beſeda	17	30:42	30

Iis magis etiam occidentales ſunt Accetani, *Iaccetani Strab. Lacetani Plinio.*

In quibus ciuitates,

Leſa *Liſſa.*	16	20:42	0
Vdura	16	30:41	45
Aſcerris	16	:41	40
Setelſis	16	40:41	36
Telobis	16	:41	10
Cereſſus	15	46:41	20
Bacaſis	16	45:41	56
Ieſpus	15	30:41	0
Anabis	16	20:41	20
Cinna	15	50:40	50

Sũt et Indigetũ ciuitates mediterraneę,

Deciana	18	40:41	36
Iuncaria	18	30:41	26

Lęitanorum uerò ciuitates mediterraneæ.

Rubricata	17	20:41	36

Inſulæ uerò adiacent Tarraconenſi, in

Cãtabrico quidem Oceano, quæ nominãtur Trileuci ſcopuli tres. Quarum medium gradus habet,

9 :46 45

In occidentali autẽ Oceano inſulæ decem, Catriderides dictæ. *Caſſiterides cæteri uocant à plumbi ſtanniq; copia. quod κασσίτερος dicitur. hodie altera S. Michaelis, altera Gratioſa, &c.* Quarũ medium gradus habet. 4 :45 30

Præterea Deotũ inſulæ duæ. Quarum medium habet. 4 40.43 20

In Balearico uerò pelago inſulæ duæ Pytiuſæ nomine, Harũ minor, quæ Ophiuſa dicitur gradus habet,

14 50:38 20

Quæ uerò maior. Ebyſſus dicta ciuitatem habet eiuſdẽ nominis graduũ.

14 :38 6

Et Baleardes inſulæ duæ, Quæ Græcè appellant Gymneiæ. *Gymnaſiæ Diod.*

In quarum maiori ciuitates ſunt duæ, *Maiorica, Mallorca.*

Palma	16	30:39	15
Polentia	17	45:39	15

In minori uerò hæ ſunt ciuitates *Minorica, Menorca.*

Iamna	17	10:39	50
Mago	17	30:39	30

CELTOGALATIAE SItus. Cap. VII.

Tabula tertia Europæ.

Gallia Comata, Aquitaniam, Lugdunenſem & Belgicam habet, excepta Narbonenſi, quæ Braccata. Togata eſt Lombardia, Aquitania, Aremorica antè dicta, hodie Guiennæ ducatus, Gaſcongne.

Celtogalatia in quatuor diuiſa eſt prouincias, Aquitaniam. Lugdunenſem, Belgicam, & Narbonenſem.

Aquitania fines habet.

Ab Occidente Aquitanicũ Oceanum, & iuxta littus deſcriptionem talem.

Poſt Occaſum Pyrenes promõt. quod continet gradus 15 :45 50

Aturij flu. oſt. *Le dou.*	16	45:44	45
Curianum promontorium *S. Maria.*	16	30:46	0
Sigmani flu. oſtia	17	:45	20
Garumnæ flu. oſtia *la Garona.*	17	30:46	30
Media ipſius lõgitudo	18	:45	20
Fontes fluuij	19	30:44	15
Santonũ pmont. *Bleye*	16	30:47	45
Santonũ portus *La Rochelle.*	16	30:46	45
Canentelli flu. oſtia	17	15:47	45
Pictoniũ pmõt. *Poictou.*	17	:48	0
Sicor portus *Luſon.*	17	30:48	15
Ligiris flu. oſtia *Loire*	17	40:48	30

A Septentrione autem terminatur parte Lugdunẽſis prouinciæ, iuxta præfatum fluuiũ Ligiris uſq; quo flectitur ad Meridiem, ubi gradus habet

20 :48 30

Orientale autẽ latus Lugdunenſi coniungitur parti apud Ligirem, uſq; ad caput eius: cuius ſitus gradus habet

20 :45 0

Et parti Narbonẽſis uſq; ad terminum in Pyreneo, cuius ſitus habet

19 :43 10

Meridionale uerò latus parti Pyrenes cõiunctum eſt, & Narbonẽſis. Narbonenſi quidem à capite Ligiris fluuij uſq; dictũ in Pyreneo monte terminum, ab occaſu uerò Pyreneo ſecundũ partem, quæ hinc eſt ad Oeaſſum promont. Quæ autẽ Aquitaniæ maxime Septẽtrionalia ſunt, & penes mare, & penes fluuium, tenẽt Pictones, *Pictauenſes.*

Quorum ciuitates,

Auguſtoritũ *Poctiers.*	17	50:48	20
Limonum *Limon.*	19	:47	50

Sub ijs Santones *Xanctones, Xantonge.*

Quorum ciuitas,

* Mediolaniũ *Xainctes*	17	40:46	45

Sub quibus Bituriges Vibiſci, *Bituriges Ioſci Straboni, Vbiſci Plin. nunc Burdegalenſes.*

Quorum ciuitates,

Nouiomagus	17	40:46	15
Burdigala *Burdeus*	18	:45	30

Et ſub ijs uſq; ad Pyrenem montẽ Tarbeli *Tarienſes à Tarba urbe.*

Quorum ciuitas,

Aquæ auguſtæ *Baiona.*	17	:44	40

In mediterranea autẽ Pictonibus ſubiacent Limuici *Lemonices, Limoſin.*

Et ciuitas,

Ratiaſtum *Limoges.* 17 40:47 45

Sub ijs Cadurci, *Cadurcenſes.*

Et ciuitas,

Ducona *Cahors.* 18 :47 15

Sub ijs Petrocorij *Periagorij.* Et ciuitas,

Veſſuna *Perigort.* 19 50:46 50

Hi omnes ab ortu ſolis habitant.

Participant & poſt Ligirim flu. Bituriges Cubi. *Viuriges, Bourges.* Et ciuitas,

Varicum 20 15:46 40

Auaricum legendum, Cæſari olim munitiſsimũ, hodie uulgò Chateau neuf, ſiue Viſron en Berri.

Iterum ſub Petrocorijs habitant Itiobriges Et ciuitas,

Aginnum *Angoleſme.* 19 50:46 20

Sub ijs Vaſſarij *Vaſſatenſes.* Et ciuitas,

Coſſium 18 30:46 10

Sub ijs Stabali Et ciuitas,

Anderædum 19 45:45 30

Et ſub Stabulis Datij Et ciuitas,

Taſta *Dax.* 19 :44 45

Sub ijs autem Auſcij *Auxitani.*

Et ciuitas,

Auguſta *Auchx.* 18 :45 30

Horũ ab ortu partem habent Auerni, *Auuergne.* In quibus ciuitas,

Auguſtonemetũ *Nemoſum Strab. Neuers.*

19 :45 0

Et ſub Auſcijs Velauni *Velaye.*

Quorum ciuitas,

Rueſſium *S. Flour.* 18 :44 30

Sub ijs Rutani *Rutheni.* Et ciuitas,

Segodunum *Rodes.* 17 15:44 10

Cõtigui monti Pyrenco ſunt Cumueni *Bigorrenſes & Biernenſes,*

Quorum ciuitas,

Lugdunum Colonia *Oloron.*

17 :44 0

CELTOGALATIAE LVGDVnenſis ſitus. Cap. VIII.

Tabula tertia Europæ.

Gallia Celtica, Celtogallia.

LAtera Galliæ Lugdunẽſis, quæ contigua ſunt Aquitaniæ, dicta ſunt. Ex reliquis quæ ad occaſum ſpectãt, & Oceano alluũtur, ſic deſcribuntur. *Britannia hæc eſt.*

Poſt Ligiris flu. oſtia

Briuates portus *Virane hodie ciuitas.*

17 40:48 45

Erij flu. oſtia 17 :49 15

Vidiana portus 16 30:49 40

Gobæum promont. *Le four.*

15 15:49 45

Latus aũt, quod Septentriones aſpicit iuxta Britannicũ Oceanũ ſic ſe habet,

Poſt Gobæum promontorium,

Saliocanus portus *S. Paulus.*

16 30:50 15

Titi flu. oſtia 17 20:50 40

Biducenſium *Normandia.*

Argenis flu. oſtia 18 :50 30

Venclorum *Vuelli ex Cæſaris commentarijs, nulla horum ciuitas extat.*

Crociatonum 18 50:50 50

Olinæ flu. oſtia 18 45:51 0

Lexubiorum

Nœomagus ciuitas *S. Saluatoris.*

19 30:51 10

Calletorum *Caux uulgò, Caletes hodie remotius agunt ſub rege Angliæ.*

Sequanæ flu. oſtia 21 :50 30

Orientale aũt latus cõiunctum eſt Belgicæ ad Sequanã fluuiũ, cuius caput habet gradus 24 :47 20

Et adhuc lineæ quæ ei recta eſt uſq; terminum, cuius ſitus 25 15:45 20

Meridionale autẽ latus hinc terminat parte Narbonenſis uſque ad dictum Aquitaniæ finẽ, montibus Cemmenorum *Cebena mons alijs dicitur, Gebenna Plinio & Hermolao.* quorũ medium partes habet 23 :44 30

Latus uerò Septentrionale littorale à Sequano fluuio tenent Calletæ.

Quorum ciuitas,

Iuliobona *Honfleu.* 20 15:51 20

Poſt quos Lexubij *Lexouij, Liſieux.* Poſt Veneli. Poſt hos Biducenſes. Et ultimi uſq; ad Gobæũ promont. Oſiſmij Quorum ciuitas,

Vorganium 17 40:50 10

Occidẽtale aũt littorale latus ſub Oſiſmijs tenent Veneti. Quorũ ciuitas,

Dariorigum *Vanes.* 17 20:49 15

Sub quibus Samnitæ appropinquãtes Ligiri fluuio.

In mediterranea autem Venetis magis orientales ſunt Aulircij Diabolitæ *Diablinthres.* Quorum ciuitas,

Nœodunum *Leondoul.* 18 :50 0

Poſt quos Arubij, Et ciuitas,

Vagoritum 18 40:50 0

Poſt quos uſq; ad Sequanã flu. Veneliocaſij *Bellocaßi, Baiocenſes.*

Quorum ciuitas,

Rothomagus *Bayeux.* 20 10:50 20

Et iterum Samnitis orientaliores ſunt Andicani *Andes, Andegauenſes.*

Quorum ciuitates,

Iuliomagus *Angiers.* 18 50:49 20

Reliquum poſt hos ad ortum Aulirci, qui & Cenomanni *Maine* dicuntur habitant. Quorum ciuitas,

Vindinum *Lemans.* 20 45:49 20

Poſt quos Namnitæ *Nannetes.*

Quorum ciuitas,

Condiuincum *Nantes.* 21 15:50 0

Poſtea uſq; Sequanã flu. Abrigcatui

Quorum ciuitas,

Ingena 21 45:50 30

Sub præfatis omnibus protenduntur à Ligire flu. ad Sequanam Aulircij *Aurelianenſes,* qui Eburaici appellantur

Quorum ciuitas,

* Mediolaniũ *Orleans,* 20 40:48 0

Sub quibus iuxta Ligirim fluuiũ Rhedones Quorum ciuitas,

Condate *Renes.* 20 40:47 20

Ex ijs magis orientales Sennones

Quorum ciuitas,

Agedicum *aliâs Agendicum, Sens.*

21 15:47 10

Septentrionaliores autẽ Carnutæ *Carnutes.* Et ciuitates,

Autricum *Chartres.* 21 40:48 15

Cenabum 22 :47 45

Ad ortũ uerò & iuxta Sequanã Pariſij

Et ciuitas,

* Pariſium Lucotecia *Lutecia, Paris:*

23 30:48 30

Sub quibus Triccaſij

Et ciuitas ipſorum,

Auguſtobona 23 15:47 45

Iterũ ſub præfatis gentibus iuxta Ligirim ſunt Turupij

Et ciuitas eorum,

Cæſarodunum 20 45:46 30

Sub quibus finitimi Aruernis ſunt ij, qui Cemmenos montes incolũt Seguſiati *Seguſiani, Breſſe.*

Et ciuitas ipſorum,

Rodumna 24 :45 50

Forum Seguſianorum *Bourg.*

23 30:45 30

Præfatis orientaliores ſunt Meldæ *Meldenſes.* Et ciuitas,

Iatimum *Meaulx.* 23 :47 30

Poſt quos ad Belgicam Vadicaſſij

Et ciuitas,

Nœomagus *Nemours.* 24 20:46 30

Ab ortu autem Aruernorũ uſq; ad diuertigium Rhodani fluuij ad Septentriones Aeduorum *aliâs Heduorum* habitat gens: Et ciuitates eorum,

Auguſtodunũ *Auſtunth.* 23 40:46 30

Cabullinum *Chatalaunum, Challon.*

21 50:40 40

* Lugdunũ Metropolis *Lyon, alij Leon.*

22 15:45 50

GALLIAE BELGICAE *ſitus.* Cap. IX.

Tabula tertia Europæ.

OCcidentale latus Galliæ Belgicæ, & quod Lugdunẽſem attingit, dictum eſt. Eius Septẽtrionalia, & quę Britannicum ſpectant Oceanũ, ſic ſe habent.

Poſt Sequanæ flu. oſtia,

Phrudis flu. oſtia 21 45:52 20

Itium promont. *Icius portus.*

22 15:53 30

Morinorum

Geſoriacum nauale *Cales, Anglorum.*

22 45:53 30

Tabulæ flu. oſtia *Scaldes Plin. Schelde uulgò.* 23 30:53 30

Moſæ flu. oſtia *Maſz, Meuſe.*

24 40:53 20

Batauorum

Lugodinũ *Hanc exiſtimat Stoflerinus eſſe hodie Traiectũ, uulgò Vtrich.* 26 30:53 20

Rheni flu. occidentalius oſtium

26 45:53 20

Medium

Meditum flu. oſtium 27 :53 10
Oriẽtalius eius oſtiũ. 28 :54 0

Latus autem, quod ad Solis ortum ſpectat, à Rheno fluuio terminatur iuxta magnam Germaniã, cuius caput gradus habet 29 20:46 0

Diuertigiũ autem quod iuxta Obrincum fluuium eſt ad occaſum
28 :50 0

Ac etiã terminus, qui à fonte eſt ad alpes, qui uocatur mons Adulas *S. Gotbardi mons.* 29 30:45 15

Iuraſſus mons *Iura mons & Vogeſus Cæſari & alijs.* 26 15:46 0

Latus uerò meridionale cõiungitur cũ reliqua parte Galliæ Narbonẽſis. Protenditur autem à præfato communi termino Galliæ Lugdunenſis & Narbonenſis uſque ad communem finem alpium & Adulæ montis, qui gradus habet 29 30:45 15

Tenent autem maritima *Picardia* multum etiã in mediterraneis occupantes iuxta Sequanam fluuium Atrebatij *Atrebates, regio Artois.*

Quorum ciuitas,

* Rigiacum *Alexia alijs, Arras.*
22 30:51 0

Alexiam appellat Diodorus Siculus lib. 5. ab Hercule conditam, omnis Celticæ metropolim meminit Cæſar in cõmentarijs, à quo primũ lilij florum inſignia initium ibidem habuère, uulgò hodie ciuitas dicitur Arras, alij pro Alexia ſupponunt hodie oppidum in Burgundia, uulgò Auxerre.

Poſt hos quaſi ad ortũ uergentes Bellouaci *Bellouacenſes.*

Quorum ciuitas,

Cęſaromagus *Beauuois.* 22 30:51 30

Poſt hos ſimiliter Ambiani *Amiens.*

Et ciuitas eorum,

Samarobriga 22 15:52 10

Samarobrina Cæſari in Cõmentarijs dicitur, hodie Cameracenſis uulgò Cambray.

Poſt quos Morini, ad ortum *Flandres.*

Quorum mediterranea ciuitas,

Taruanna *Terouenne.* 23 20:52 50

Deinde poſt Tabudã flu. Tongri *Brabant.* Et ciuitas ipſorum,

Atuacutum *Antwerpia, Antuers, Andorff.*
24 30:52 50

Deinde poſt Moſam fluuium Menapij *Gheldrenſes.* Et horum ciuitas,

Caſtellum *Iuliacenſis, Iuliach & Iulch.*
25 :52 15

Sub prædictis autem gentibus habitãt maxime Septẽtrionales Neruij *Tornacenſes.* Quorum ciuitas,

Baganum *Tornacum, Tornay.*
25 15.51 40

Sub his Subanecti *Aulenci* ab oriente Sequanæ flu. Quorum ciuitas,

* Rothomagus *Roan.* 22 40:50 0

Sub quibus Romandues *Veromãdi, Veramandois.* Quorum ciuitas,

Auguſta Romanduorum *Lutzelburg.*
25 30:50 0

Sub ijs Veſſones *Sueßiones, Cãpania, Champaigne.*

Quorum ciuitas ſimiliter ab oriente Sequanæ fluuij

Auguſta Veſſonum *Soiſſon:*
23 30.48 50

Poſt quos iuxta fluuiũ Seſquanam Remi *Rhemenſis dioeceſis.*

Et eorum ciuitas,

Durocottorum *Rems.* 23 45.48 30

Orientaliores uerò Remis, ſed magis Septentrionales Triueri ſunt *Treuerenſis metropolis.*

Quorum ciuitas,

Auguſta Triuerorum *Treues, Trier.*
26 :49 10

Iis magis meridionales ſunt Mediomatrices *Metenſes, Weſterichi.*

Quorum ciuitas,

Diuodurum *Metis, Metz.*
25 30:47 20

Sub his & Remis ſunt Leuci *Tullẽſes Lotharingiæ.*

Et ciuitates eorum,

Tullum *Tulle, Toll.* 26 30:47 0
Naſium *Nanſe, Nancy.* 25 50:46 40

Regio uerò quæ circa Rhenũ fluuium eſt, à mari uſque Obrincum fluuium *Moſella flu:* inferior Germania appellatur, in qua ciuitates ab occidentali parte Rheni hæ ſunt,

Batauorum mediterraneæ *Holandiæ.*
Batauodurum *Aquisgranum Aes, Ach.*
27 15:52 10

Sub hac Veterra ciuit. 27 :51 50
Legio trigeſima Vlpia 27 30:51 50
Poſtea Agrippinenſis *Colonia, Coln.*
27 40:51 30
Poſt Bonna *Bonne.* 27 40:50 56
Legio pri. Inde Traiana legio *Confluentia.* 27 30:50 36
Poſt Mocontiacum *Maguntia.*
27 20:50 15

Quod autẽ ab Obrinco fluuio ad meridiem tenditur, Germania ſuperior appellatur, In qua ciuitates ſunt, ab Obrinco incipiendo,

Nemetorũ *Spira, horum & Vangionũ trãſpoſito ſitu.*
Nœomagus 27 40:49 50
Rufiniana 27 45:49 10

Vangionum

Borbetomagus *Vuormatia, Worms.*
27 50:48 50
Argentoratum *Argentina, Straßburg.*
27 50:48 45
Legio octaua auguſta. *Alſatia regio.*

Tribocorum autem

Breucomagus *Brump.* 27 50:48 20
Elcebus *Schletſtat.* 28 30:48 0

Rauricorum

* Auguſta Rauricorum *Baſilea Baſel.*
28 :47 10
Argentuaria *Columbaria, Colmar.*
27 50:47 40

Sub his autem & Leucis habitãt Longones *Lingones, in ducatu Burgundiæ, Langres.* Quorum ciuitas,

Andomatunum 26 15:46 20

Et poſt montem qui ipſis ſubiacet, appellarq́ Iuraſſus, ſunt Eluetĳ, iuxta Rhenũ *Heluetĳ, Suizeros uocãt ſiue Suiſos.*

Quorum ciuitates,

Gannodurũ *Cõſtantia.* 28 30:46 30
Forũ Tiberĳ *Schwitz.* 28 :46 0

Sub ĳs Sequani *Comitatus Burgundiæ.*

Quorum ciuitates,

Dittatium *Haſenburg.* 25 30:45 40
Viſontium *Beſuntio, Beſanſon.*
26 :46 0
Equeſtris *Neufchaſtel* 27 :45 40
Auanticũ *Wifelſpurg.* 28 :45 30

Caput olim gentis Heluetiorum, in cuius ruinis hodie pagus Auenche, inter Loſanam & Friburgum.

NARBONENSIS GALliæ *ſitus.* *Cap.* X.

Tabula tertia Europæ.

Hæc eſt Gallia Braccata, Prouincia olim Romanorum.

NArbonenſis Galliæ latera, quæ iũcta ſunt tribus regionibus, iam ſunt dicta. Ex reliquis uerò lateribus id q̃d ortũ ſpectat, tangitq́ occidentalia Alpium terminatur Adula monte uſque ad Vari fluuĳ oſtia, quorum gradus
27 30:43 0

Latus autem meridianũ terminant reliqua Pyrenei mõtis ab Aquitania nempe uſque ad iuga, quæ in noſtrum mare prouehũtur, ſuper quibus Veneris templum eſt. Et inde mare Gallicũ uſq; ad Vari fluminis oſtia. Cuius littus ſic deſcribit̃: Poſt Veneris Templũ, *Colliure,* quod gradus habet 20 20:42 20

Illeris flu. oſtia *Illibyrris Strab.*
21 :42 20
Ruſcionis flu. oſtia *Ruſcenas Strab.*
21 15:42 45
Atagis flu. oſt. *Atax flu.* 21 30:41 45
Orobĳ flu. oſtia *Obris* 21 45.42 45
Araurĳ flu. oſtia *Rhauraris Strab.*
22 :42 50
Agathapolis *Monſpeſſulanus: Montpellier.*
22 15:41 50
Setius mõs *Sigius Strab.* 22 30:42 30
Foſſæ Marianæ *Aygues mortes.*
21 45:42 40
Rhodani occidentale oſtium *le Rhoſne.*
22 50:42 30
Rhodani orientale oſtium
23 :42 40
Flexio fluuĳ, quę ſub Lugduno uerſus alpes fit 23 :45 15
Pars ipſius iuxta paludem Lemanũ appellatam *Gebennæ lacus, lac de Geneua Gallis dicitur; Germanis, Loſanæ lacus.*
27 15:45 15
Fons fluuĳ 28 20:44 20

Fluuiorũ autem, qui eidem admiſcentur, à Septentrionali parte Lugduni influũt: Arar eſt, ac Dubis, qui inuicem admiſcentur.

Fontes

Fontes autẽ Araris ab alpibus fluẽtes gradus habẽt, *Sagona, la Sagone.*
28 40:44 40
Fontes uerò Dubis ſuper eundem fluentis gradus habẽt, *Le doux, alijs dictus Alduaſduſius.* 28 30:44 30
Cum autem ab alpiũ montibus fluxerint, uerſus Septẽtriones, ipſi quoq; ad occaſum flectuntur, & eorũ cõmixtio gradus haber 25 20:45 30
Eorundem commixtio cum Rhodano
24 :45 30
A meridiana plaga ſimiliter à montib. alpiũ uerſus Viennã ciuitatem fluũt Tiſara *Hiſara legendum.* & Druentia.
Tiſaræ fontes 28 :44 0
Druentiæ caput 28 30:41 45
Iterum Tiſaræ commixtio cum Rhodano 22 20:44 30
Druentiæ ſimiliter commixtio
21 20:43 50
Poſt Rhodanum mari iterum adiacent
Anatilorum *Prouincia, Prouence.*
Maritima ciuitas Colonia *Martegue.*
23 30:43 0
Poſt Cæni flu. oſtia 23 45:43 0
Poſt Comonnorum
* Maſſilia ciui. *Marſeille* 24 30:43 0
Et Tauroentiũ *Tollon.* 24 50:42 50
Et Cithariſtos pmõt. 25 :42 30
Olbia ciuitas *Eres.* 25 20:42 45
Argentij flu. oſtia *Argenton.*
25 40:42 45
Forũ Iulium Colonia *Freius, Pacẽſis Plin.*
26 30:42 45
Inde Deciatiorum,
Antipolis *Ragny* 27 :43 0
Et Vari flu. oſt. *Le Var.* 27 30:43 0
Tenent aũt maximè occidentalia Galliæ Narbonenſis Volcæ, & Tectoſaces *Languedoc.*
Tectoſages Plin. & Mele, Toliſtobogi Floro. Tholoſani hodie. Quorum ciuitates.
Illiberis *Hiſpanorum, Salſas.*
19 45:43 15
Ruſcinum *Roſellon, Perpignan.*
20 :43 30
* Toloſa Colonia *Tholouſe.*
20 30:44 15
Ceſſero *Caſtres.* 21 15:44 0

Carcaſo *Carcaſio Procopio, Carcaſſons.*
21 :43 30
Betitæ *Biterrenſis, Beſiers.*
21 30:43 30
* Narbon Colonia *Narbona.*
21 :43 0
Poſt hos uſq; Rhodanum fluuiũ ſunt, Volcæ & Aricomij.
Quorum urbes mediterraneæ,
Vindomagus *S. Thubere.*
21 30:44 30
Nemauſum Colonia *Nimes.*
22 :44 30
Poſtea à parte oriẽtali Rhodani fluuij maxime Septentrionales ſunt Allobryges, *Allobroges, Delphinatus, Dauphine* ſub Medullis.
Quorum ciuitas mediterranea,
Vienna *Vienne.* 23 :45 0
Sub quibus magis occidentales ſunt Segalauni Quorum ciuitas
Valẽtia colonia *Valẽce.* 23 :44 20
Orientaliores autem Tricaſteni,
Quorum ciuitates
Nœomagus *Nion prope Gebennam.*
26 30:45 0
Poſtea ſub Segalaunis Cauari *Cataros Strabo, Cauares Mela.*
Quorum ciuitates mediterraneæ,
Accuſiorum Colonia *Granoble.*
23 :44 40
Auẽniorũ col. *Auignon.* 23 :44 0
Arauſiorum *Auaſiccenſis. Aurenge.*
24 :44 0
Cabelliorum Colonia *Cauailon, Cauallicenſis.* 24 :44 0
Et ſub ijs Salies Quorum ciuitates,
Taruſcum *Taraſcon.* 23 :43 40
Glanũ *Glãdantenſis, Gap.* 23 30:43 30
Arelatum Colonia *Arles uulgò.*
22 45:43 20
Aquę Sextiæ Colonia *Aia, Aquenſis ciuitas.* 24 30:43 40
Ernaginum 24 :43 45
Sub Tricaſtenis autem Memini,
Quorum ciuitas.
Forum Neronis 25 40:44 45
Sub quibus Vocontij, & ciuitas
Vaſiorum *Vaſio, ad Subaudiam ſpectans.*
26 :43 30

Sub

ROMA

Sub quibus Elycoci, Et ciuitas eorũ,
Albauguſta 26 30:43 40

Plinius ab Auguſta Tricaſtinorum Albam Heluo-rum diſcernit, quam et nos hodie Eluenſem, uulgò Alby, ſed longe ſemotam, nempe in Aquitania inter Ruthenos et Cadurcos quos igitur Elucocos Ptolemæus, nos Eluios dicemus.

Vocontijs aũt & Meminis magis orientales ſunt Sentij
Quorum ciuitas mediterranea,
Dinia Digne. 27 10:44 20
Inſulæ aũt ſubiacent Narbonenſi Agatha, cum ciuitate eiuſdem nominis, cuius ſitus continet gradus
22 30:42 10

Stephanus ἀγαθατύχην, id eſt, bonam fortunam appellat.

Poſt quam Blaſcon 22 30:42 20
Stychades autem ſub Cithariſtẽ quinque numero. Quorum medium gradus habet 25 :42 15

Stœchades tres ait Strabo, quas Themiſtam Pomponianam & Hypæam nominat Martianus. Sunt qui per Cithariſtem intelligũt Ciſtertiũ, unde Ciſtertienſium monachorum ordinis origo.

Sub Varo fluuio Lerone inſula, cuius ſitus eſt 27 15:42 15

GERMANIAE MAGNAE ſitus. Cap. XI.

Tabula quarta Europæ.

Germanorum uocabulum recens ait Tacitus. Diodorus lib. 6. eos omnes ſub Galatarum nomine comprehendit item Alemani & Teutones dicuntur.

GErmaniæ latus occidentale Rhenus terminat. Septentrionale uerò Germanicus Oceanus. Cuius deſcriptio ſic ſe habet.

Poſt Rheni flu. oſtia quæ habent gradus 28 :54 0
Manarmanis portus 28 :54 45
Vidri flu. oſtia 28 30:54 20
Amaſij flu. oſtia *Amiſius flu. Amiſium Mela, uulgò Ems.* 29 :55 0
Fontes fluuij 32 :52 30
Viſurgis flu. oſtia *Vueſer uulgò, Viſera.*
31 :55 15
Fontes fluuij 34 :52 30
Albis flu. oſtia *Elb.* 31 :56 15
Fontes fluuij 39 :50 0
Cymbricę Cherſoneſi *Dacia uocatur, rectius Dania, Dennamarch, Chriſtianum proprium habet regem: Ibi & Iucia & Holſatia regione.*
Extenſio quæ poſt Albim flu. eſt
32 :56 50
Extẽſio q̃ ſubſequit̃ 35 :58 20
Quæ etiã ſubſequit̃ 38 50:58 50
Quæ etiã ſequitur, & maxime Septentrionalis eſt 39 :59 30
Pars eius maxime orientalis
40 15:59 30
Poſt extenſionem prima extenſio uerſus occidentem 39 20:58 15
Quę deinde ſubſequit̃ 37 :57 0
Quæ ad oriũ flectitur 35 :56 0
Chaluſi flu. oſtia 37 :56 0
Sueui flu. oſtia *Spre.* 39 30:56 0
Viadi flu. oſtia *Odera.* 42 10:56 0
Viſtulæ flu. oſtia *Viſula Mela dicitur, alijs Iſtula, Viſtillus Plinio: in eius oſtio Gedanum oppidum, uulgò Dantzg.* 45 :56 0
Fluuij caput 44 :52 30
Quæ ab occaſu ipſius ad Albim flu. ducit 40 10:52 40
Meridianũ autem latus terminatur à parte occidentali fluuij Danubij ſic:
Danubij caput *Donaw, le Danube, Iſter.*
30 :46 20
Quod apud diuertigium eſt in Germaniam primi fluminis 32 :47 15
Quod iuxta diuertigiũ eſt ad meridiem ferẽtis fluminis, qui appellatur Aenus 34 :47 0
Quod penes diuertigiũ eſt ad Arctos ferentis ſecũdi flu. quaſi ad ſyluam Gabretam 36 :46 40
Quod penes ſubſequẽs eſt diuertigiũ apud Lunã ſyluam ad Arctos fluẽte flu. 39 20:47 20
Reliqua cõuerſio, apud quã eſt diuertigiũ fluminis ad meridiẽ fluentis qui uocatur Narabon 41 :47 40
Flexio quæ apud Curtam eſt
42 :47 0
Reliqua cõuerſio per Carpin, & omnium Borealiſſima eſt 42 30:48 0

Quæ ſequuntur uſq; ibi, Orientale autem latus, in Græco codice non habentur.

Flexus

Flexus alius 43 :48 0
Alia flexio 44 40:45 40
Alia conuerſio 45 :45
Alia 45 :44 30
Diuertigium Abiſti flu. cū Danubio 46 :44 15
Poſtea Danubius flectitur ad Auſtrū
Diuertigiū Catarabonis fluuij, qui ad Daciam fertur 49 :43 30
Pars quæ iuxta diuertigium eſt, Adluatan amnis, qui ad Septentrionē cum impetu uectus Daciam diuidit 50 :44 0
Flexio iuxta Oeſtum 51 :44 0
Flexio iuxta Axiū ciuitatē, & ab hinc uſq; ad oſtia, uocatur
Iſter 54 30:45 45
Flexio iuxta Diogeniam ciuitatem 43 :46 40

Oſtia uerò quo ordine ſe habeāt, infrà dicetur, ubi agitur de Miſia inferiore. Orientale autem latus terminat diſtantia, quæ fit à flexu præfato ad ſuperiacētes Sarmatarum mōtes. Quorū finis auſtralis gradus habet 42 30:48 30
Septentrionalis uerò 43 30.50 30
Præterea diſtantia, quæ eſt poſt mōtes ad dictū caput Viſtulę fluuij, & ipſe etiam fluuius uſq; ad mare.

Montes autem qui Germaniā cingūt, notiſſimi ſunt hi, qui iam ſunt dicti et Sarmatici proprie appellati, et idē cum alpibus nomen habētes, & qui ſupra caput Danubij ſunt.
Quorum extrema gradus habent 29 :47 & 33: 48 30
Præterea qui uocātur Anobæ. Quorū extrema gradus habent, *Abnobij, hodie Haßiæ montes.* 31 :49 & 34: 52
At mons Melibocus, cuius fines 33 :52 30 & 37 :52 30
Sub ijs Semana eſt ſylua *Picearia in Thuryngis ſylua.* & Aſciburgium cuius fines habent 39 :54 & 44 :52 30
Ac Mōtes Sudetæ appellati, quorū extrema gradus habēt 34 50 & 40.50

Sub quib. eſt Gabreta ſylua, inter quā & Sarmatarū montes Hercynia eſt ſylua *Orcinum nemus, iuxta Danubiū uſq; ad Sarmatiam.* Tenent autē Germaniā quæ circa Rhenū fluuiū incipit à parte ſeptētrionali Buſactori parui appellati, ac Sycambri. *Gheldrenſes hoc loco degunt. Sycābri uerò uictis Alanis uocati ſunt Franci ſiue Francones, quorū hodie ſitus eſt ubi Chatæ & Tubātij: eos etiā ex Chatis Rhenanus deducit.* Sub quibus, Sueui Longobardi. Poſtea Tencteri & Criones *Haßiæ regio.* inter Rhenum & montes Abnobos. Præterea Intuergi, & Vargiones & Carithni. Sub quibus Viſpi *Vſipij Tacito.* & Eluetiorū eremus *Nigra ſylua,* uſq; ad dictos alpiū montes. Partē uerò quæ ſecus Oceanū eſt, habitant ſupra Buſactores, Phriſij *Friſios noſtri dicunt Bremenſes,* uſq; ad Amaſum fluuiū. Poſt hos Cauchi, qui appellantur parui, uſq; ad fluuium Viſurgim. Deinde Cauchi maiores dicti uſq; ad Albim fluuiū. Deinde ſupra dorſum Cimbricæ Cherſoneſi Saxones. Ipſam aūt Cherſoneſum ſupra Saxones ab occaſu habitant Sigulones. Poſtea Sabalingij. Poſt Cobandi. Supra quos Chali. Et ſuper ijs quoq; qui magis occidētales ſunt Phūduſij. Qui uerò magis orientales ſunt Charudes. Omniū aūt maxime ſeptentrionales Cimbri. Poſt Saxones uerò à Chaluſo fluuio uſque ad Sueuū fluuiū tenent Pharodini *Meckelburgenſes.* Poſt Sidini, uſq; ad Viadū fluuium. Sub ipſis Ruticlij, uſq; ad fluuiū Viſtulā. Interiores aūt atq; mediterraneæ gētes maximè ſunt Sueui Angili, q magis oriētales ſunt q̄ Lōgobardi, protēſi ad Septentrionē uſq; ad mediū Albis fluuij. *Sueuorū nomē durat, ſitus ad Danubij ortū trāslatus, de quibus & eo in loco meminit Strabo.* Et uerſus Sueuos Sēnones, q habitāt poſt Albim à pręfata parte uerſus ortū uſq; ad Sueuū fluuiū. Pręterea protendūtur ad Bugūtas *Ducatus Pomeraniæ.* qui cætera tenent, quæ inde ſubſequūtur uſq; ad Viſtulam. Minores autem gentes, & quę inter Cauchos paruos atq; Sueuos iacent, ſunt Buſactori, qui maiores nominātur. *Bructeri Tacito, Iſtheuones Plinio, hodiē Vueſtphalia: cuius ciuitates Padeburna & Monaſterium; & Meckelburgenſium pars.*

Sub

Sub quibus ſunt Chæmæ. Inter Cauchos autē maiores ac Sueuos adiacent Angriarij. Poſt Lancobardi. Sub quibus Dulgumnij. Inter Saxones autem & Sueuos Teutonarij & Viruni. Inter Pharadinos uerò et Sueuos Teutones & Auarpi. Inter Ruticleos uerò & Buguntas Aeluzones. Iterum ſub Semnonibus habitāt Lincæ. Sub Buguntis autem Luti Omanni. Sub quibus Lugi Diduni uſq; ad Aſciburgium mōtem. Sub Lincis uerò Calucones ex utraq; Albis fluuij parte. Sub ijs Cheruſci & Camani *Chamaui Tacito*, uſque Melobocum montem *Catti, Catzenelebogij habitant.* Quorum orientalia circa Albim fluuium tenent Bonochæmæ. Supra quos Batini *Marchia uetus.* Supra quos etiam ſub mōte Aſciburgio Corconti & Luti, Buri dicti, *Marchia noua.* uſq; ad Viſtulam fluuium. Sub ijs uerò primi ſunt Sidones *Poloniæ pars.* Poſt Cogni. Poſt Visburgij ſupra Hercyniam ſyluā. Iterum ab ortu Abnoborum montiū habitant ſupra Sueuos Caſuari *Turingia.* Poſt Nertereanæ. Poſt Danduti. Sub quibus Turoni & Maruingi *Schleſia regno Poloniæ uicina, & Vratislauia,* Sub Camanis uerò Chatæ & Tubāti. Et ſupra Sudetos mōtes Teuriochæmæ. Sub montibus uerò Variſti. Poſtea Gabreta ſylua. Sub Maruingis autē Curiones. Poſtea Chætuori. Et uſq; Danubium fluuiū Parmæcāpi. Sub Gabreta uerò ſylua Marcomanni *Morauia Mererland.* Sub quibus Sudeni. Et uſq; ad Danubium fluuium Adrabæcampi.

Sub ſylua autē Hercynia Quadi. Sub quibus ferri minera et Luna ſylua. Sub qua gens magna Bęmi uſq; Danubiū. *Bohemiæ regnum, Boiohemum Velleio, Bubiemum Straboni. Boiemum Tacito* Quibus contigui ſunt iuxta fluuiū Teracrattię, & penes campos Racatæ.

Ciuitates uerò in Germania in climate magis Septentrionali ſunt hæ.

Phileum *Friſiæ regionis, Groningen.*	28	45:54	45
Siatutanda	29	20:54	20
Tecelia	31	:55	0
Phabiranum *Bremen.*	31	30:55	20
Treua *Hamburg.*	33	:55	40
Leuphana *Hanofer.*	34	15:54	40
Lirimiris *Mulheim.*	34	30:55	30
Marionis *Lunenburg.*	34	30:54	50
Marionis altera *Sberir.*	36	:55	36
Coenoenū *Lebenburg.*	36	20:55	30
Aſtuia *Bodenhuſen.*	37	20:54	30
Aliſus *Parthen.*	38	:55	0
Laciburgium *Pomerani, Roſtockium.*	39	:55	36
Bunitium *Sund.*	39	30:55	30
Virunum *Ledenburgk.*	40	30:55	0
Viritium *Grieſnagen.*	41	:54	30
Rugium *Holmburg.*	42	30:55	40
Scurgum *Schmeben.*	43	:55	0
Aſcaucalis *Swetz.*	44	:54	15

In climate uerò quod ſub hoc eſt Ciuitates hæ ſunt

Aſciburgium *Emerich.*	27	45:52	30
Naualia *Schwol.*	27	40:53	15
Mediolanium *Monaſterium Munſter.*	28	10:53	46
Teuderium *Padeburna, Badlborn.*	29	20:53	20
Bogadium *Forſtler.*	30	15:52	0
Stereōttū *Caſiliū, Caſſel.*	31	:52	10
* Amaſia *Marcpurgiū.*	31	30:51	30
Munitium *Goitingen.*	31	40:51	30
Tuliphurdum	32	:54	0
Aicalingiū *Hildeſzheim,*	32	30:53	48
Tuliſurgium *Prunſuiga, Braunſchwig.*	32	40:53	20
Pheugarum *Halberſtat.*	32	40:52	15
Canduum	33	:51	20
Trophœa Druſi	33	45:52	45
* Lupia	34	30:52	45
Meſuium *Maydburg.*	35	30:53	45
Argelia *Torga.*	36	30:52	20
Calegia *Wittenberg.*	37	30:52	20
Lupfurdum *Myſna, Meiſſen.*	38	10:51	40
Suſudata *Bilſznach.*	38	30:53	30
Colancorū *Fridwald.*	39	:53	30
Lugidunum *Glogauia, Glogaw.*	39	30:52	30
Stragona *Poſſenaw.*	39	20:52	40
Limioſaleum *Gniſna.*	41	:53	30
Budorigum	41	:52	40
Leucariſtus	41	45:52	40

Arſonium

Arſonium *Priſintza.* 43 30:52 20
Caliſia *Noua ciuitas hodie dicitur in Poloniæ regno.* 43 45:52 50
Setidaua 44 :53 30

In climate uerò quod ſub ijs eſt Ciuitates hæ ſunt.

Aliſum *Harnſtein.* 28 :51 30
Budoris *Palatini comitis, Heidelberg.* 28 :51 0
Mattiacum 30 :50 45
Artaunum *Herpibolis Zwirtzburg.* 30 10:50 0
Nuæſium 31 :51 30
Melocabus *Choburgk.* 31 30:50 20
Grauionariũ *Bamberg.* 31 45:50 10
Locoritum *Trutauia Forcheim,* 31 30:49 20
Segodunũ *Nurenberg.* 31 30:49 0
Deuona *Newmarck.* 32 30:48 40
Bergium 36 :49 30
Menoſgada *Egra, Eger.* 34 :49 30
Bicurgium *Turingiæ Erfordia Erffort.* 34 30:51 15
Marobudum 35 :49 0
Redintuinum 38 30:50 30
Nomiſterium 39 :51 0
Meliodunum 39 :49 0
Caſurgis *Praga regia Boĕmiæ.* 30 15:50 10
Streuinta 39 15:49 30
Hegitmatia *Lignitz.* 39 40:51 0
Budorgis *Schleſiæ caput, Vratislauia Preſſlaw.* 40 :50 30
Eburum *Morauiæ regia, Olmuntz.* 41 :49 30
Arſicua *Brunna Prynn.* 41 40:49 0
Parienna *Frideck* 42 :49 30
Setuia 42 30:50 0
Carrodunum *Poloniæ regia, Cracouia Cracaw.* 42 40:51 30
Aſanca *Cleppern.* 43 :50 30

In reliquo uerò & penes Danubium Ciuitates hæ,

Tarodunum 28 20:47 50
Arę flauiæ *Nordlingen.* 30 40:48 0
Riuſiaua *Gengen.* 31 :47 30
Alcimoĕnnis *Vlma.* 32 30:47 30
Cantiœbis *Amberga Amberg.* 32 40:48 40
Bibacum *Bibrach.* 33 :48 0
Brodentia 33 45:48 0
Setuacotum 34 :48 20
Vsbium 35 :47 0
Abilunum 35 20:47 20
Phurgiſatis 36 :48 0
Coridorgis 37 15:48 30
Medoslanium 38 :47 30
Phelicia 39 :48 30
Rhobodunum 39 :48 0
Anduætium 40 30:47 40
Celmantia 41 :47 40
Singone 41 30:48 15
Anabum 41 56:47 30

Inſulæ Germaniæ adiacẽt iuxta Albis fluuiȷ oſtia tres, Saxonũ appellatæ. Quarum medium gradus habet 31 :57 40

Supra autẽ Cimbricam Cherſoneſum aliæ tres Alocię dictæ. Quarum mediũ gradus habet 37 :59 20

Ab orientali parte Cherſoneſi quatuor Scandiæ nuncupatę, tres quidem paruæ, ex quibus ea quæ media eſt, partes habet 41 30:58 0

Codanonia Pomponio, Scandinauia Plinio, nobis Scandia, nec eſt inſula, ſed Cherſoneſus ingens, Iornandes Scanziam uocat, officinam gentiũ & uaginam nationum, unde Gothorũ ſiue Getarum gens, & eorum coniuges Amazones.

Vna uerò quę maxima earũ eſt, & maxime orientalis, iuxta Viſtulæ fluuiȷ oſtia, cuius quidem occidẽtaliſſima partes habet 48 :58 0

Eius maxime orientalis pars. 46 :58 0

Pars maxime Septentrionalis. 44 30:58 30

Pars eius meridionalis. 45 :57 40

Vocatur autẽ & hęc proprie Scandia, & tenent ipſius occidentalia Chędini. *Hodie Noruegij occidentales, orientales Suetij: Gutæ ſunt Gothi, tametſi eorũ originẽ Ptolemæo ignotam pleriq; affirment. Dauciones ex Dania hoc ſolũ occuparũt. Leuoni in medio ſunt ꝯ plandie ducatus.* Orientalia uerò Phauonæ & Phiraſi. Meridionalia Gutæ & Dauciones. Media autem tenent Leuoni.

RHETIAE SITVS, Caput XII.

Tabula quinta Europæ.

Sueuia nunc hanc cum Vindeliciæ parte habet. Vide B. Rhenanum lib. 1. de Germania.

RHætiæ occidentale latus terminatur mõte Adula, & linea quæ eſt inter capita Rheni atque Danubij. Latus uerò Septẽtrionale ea Danubij terminatur parte quæ à fontibus eſt uſq; ad Aeni fluuij diuertigium *Aenũ fluuiũ uocat Arrianus Nicomedienſis lib. 8. & nos etiam.* quod gradus habet.

34 :47 20

Orientale autẽ latus ipſo Aeno flumine terminatur. Cuius maxime auſtralis finis continet gradus.

34 :45 15

Meridionale uerò alpiũ mõtibus hinc ſupra Italiam extẽſis. Quorum quæ apud Græas ſunt, *Graias uocat Cornel. Tacitus.* gradus habent.

30 :45 20

Quæ autem uerſus Pœnas ſunt iuxta principiũ Lici amnis, qui in Danubiũ exit. qui & Rhętiam à Vindelicia diuidit, gradus tenent.

31 30:45 30

Quæ uerò ad Ocra ſunt montem, gradus habent 33 30:45 30

Habitant autem magis Septentrionalia Rhętiæ Brixantę. Magis uerò auſtralia Suanitæ, & Riguſcæ. Quæ autem inter hæc ſunt, Calucones & Vennes *Venetes, Venetus lacus Mela: Plinio Vennotes & Venonetes.*

Ciuitates uerò eorum ſub ipſo Danubio fluuio hæ ſunt,

Bragodurũ *Rockẽburg.*	30	:46	40
Dracuina	30	20:46	40
Viana	31	:46	40
Phæniana *Phebiana caſtra. Bebenhuſium.*	31	45:46	50

Iuxta caput Rheni fluuij.

Taxgętium	29	50:46	15
* Brigantiũ *Pregnitz.*	30	:46	0
Poſt has uicus	30	15:45	20
Ebodurum	30	40:45	20
Druſomagus *Campidona, Kempten.*	31	30.46	6
Ectodurum	31	20:45	20

VINDELICIAE SITVS. Caput XIII.

Tabula quinta Europæ.

Rhetia Secũda uocatur, eoq; duas legimus Rhætias lib. de præfect. Rom. & apud Amianum lib. 18. & Tacitum lib. 19. hiſt. Aug.

QVæ magis Septentrionalia ſunt Vindeliciæ tenent Runicatæ. Sub his uerò Leuni & Cõſuantæ. Poſt Benlauni. Poſt Breuni. Et iuxta Licũ fluuium Licatij.

Ciuitates autem ſunt in Vindelicia penes Danubium.

Artobriga *Ratiſpona, Regenſpurg.*	32	15:47	10
Bœodurum *Patauia, Paſſaw.*			
Sub ijs uerò.	33	50:47	15
Auguſta Vindelicorum *Augſpurg.*	32	30:46	20
Carrodunum	33	50:46	45
Abudiacũ *Burckhauſen.*	33	30:46	15
Cambodunum *Monacum, München.*	32	50:46	0
Medullum	33	50:45	40
Inutrium *Inſpruck.*	32	50:45	30

NORICI SITVS. Cap. XIIII.

Tabula quinta Europæ.

Bauaria hanc & vindeliciam continet, quæ & Boioaria, Taurifci populi Straboni.

NOricum terminatur ab occaſu, Aeno fluuio. A Septẽ trione, Danubij parte, quæ eſt ab Aeno uſq; ad Cetiũ montem *Calenberg mons eorum lingua dicitur.* cuius ſitus habet partes.

37 30:46 50

Ab ortu uerò ſolis, ipſo monte Cetio A meridie uerò parte Pannoniæ ſuperioris, quæ ſub dicto eſt monte. Cuius finis maxime occidentalis, hodie partes. 36 :45 20

Quod uerò in medio eſt.

37 :45 40

Et

Et quod inde eſt ſupra Iſtriã, eo monte, qui Caruancas appellatur. Cuius medium habet. 35 :45 20

Tenent autem occidentaliora prouinciæ à ſeptentrionibus incipiẽtes, Seuaces, & Alauni, qui & Ambiſontij dicuntur. Magis uerò orientalia Norici, & Ambidrani ac Ambilici.

Ciuitates autem in Norico ſub Danubio ſunt.

* Aredate *Lintz.* 35 :47 0
Claudiuium *Claudia Plin. Cloſterneuburg.* 36 :46 40
Sub ijs autem Gabanodurum 36 40:46 40
Geſodunum *Saltzburg.* 35 40:46 30
Bedacum 34 15.45 15
Aguntum 36 30:46 20
Vacorium *Villacum.* 36 :45 45
Pœdicum 37 :46 0
Virunum *Iudenburgum.* 36 40:45 45
Teurnia 34 40:45 40
Idunum 35 10:45 30
Siantieum 36 :45 30
Celia *Celeia Plinio, Cilia uulgo.* 37 :46 30

Inter Italiam uerò & Noricum, *Carinthia regia.*

* Iulium Carnicum *Golitia, Auſtriæ.* 34 30:45 30

PANNONIAE SVPERIORIS *ſitus.* *Cap.* XV.

Tabula quinta Europæ.

Auſtriæ archiducatus, Pannonios à Græcis dictos Pæones ſcripſit Apianus.

PAnnonia ſuperior terminatur ab occaſu monte Cetio, & pro parte Caruanca. A meridie, parte Iſtriæ ac Illiridis, iuxta lineã parallelã, quæ à præfato fine occidentaliori per Albanum montem exit, uſq; ad Bebios montes, & limites inferioris Pãnoniæ, qui gradus habent 41 30:45 20
A ſeptentrione uerò iam dicto Norici termino, & ea Danubij parte, quæ eſt à Cetio monte uſq; ad diuertigiũ Narabonis fluuij, cuius poſitio gradus habet 41 :47 40
Ab ortu uerò ſolis, inferiori Pãnonia, linea quæ per prędictos trãſit fines.

Tenent autem prouinciam à parte Septentrionis Azali, qui magis occidentales ſunt, & qui magis oriẽtales ſunt Cytni. A meridie uerò Latobici, ſub Norico. Verſus ortum autem Varciani. In medio aũt uerſus occaſum Bœi. Et ſub ijs Coletiani. Iaſſij uerò ad ortum, ſub ipſiſq; Oſſeriates.

Ciuitates autem ſub Danubio hæ ſunt

Iuliobona *Vienna Auſtriæ, quã Sabellicus uult dictam Flauianum.* 37 45:46 20

Legio Germanica decima.

Carnus 39 :47 0
Phlexum 40 :47 15

Legio Germanica quartadecima.

Chertobalus 40 30:47 30
Bregætium 41 :46 40

Legio prima auxiliaria.

At procul à fluuio ciuitates hæ ſunt.

Sala 38 20:46 15
* Pætouium *Petouionem Tacitus lib. 19. alij Petouiam uulgò Betta.* 37 40:45 30
Sauaria *Gretz uulgo.* 38 20:46 40
Rhiſpia 38 40:46 30
Vinundria 38 30:45 20
Bononia 38 40:45 40
Andautonium 38 10:45 30
Nouidunum 37 20:45 30
* Sacarbantia 39 30:47 0
Muroēla *Moreck uulgò.* 39 15:46 10
Lentudum 39 10:45 45
Carrodunum 39 40.46 0
Siſcia *Labiatũ, Lublana.* 39 :45 20
Olimacum 39 20:45 30
Valina *Gran uulgò.* 40 30:46 45
Bolentiũ *Rachelſpurg.* 40 10:46 0
Soroga 40 10:45 20
Siſopa 40 :45 45
Viſontium 40 45:45 26
Prætorium 40 45:46 15
Magniana 41 :46 0

Inter Italiã uerò ſub Norico, Pannoniæ iterum ciuitas,

* Emona *Amona Plinio.* 36 30:45 20

PANNONIAE INFERIORIS *ſitus.* Cap. XVI.

Tabula quinta Europæ.

Vngaria hodie quæ etiam ultra Danubiũ ad Poloniam uſque tenditur à Solymano turca peßime agitatur, Buda urbe regia expugnata.

PAnnonia inferior terminat̃ ab occaſu, ſuperiori Pannonia, à diuertigio Narabonis flu, iuxta præfatos limites. A meridie parte Illiridis, quæ à dicto limite uſq; ad flexum eſt Danubij, iuxta quem diuertitur Saus fluuius, *Hodie Sauus, unde Sauia & Sauienſis regio, ut eſt apud Sex. Rufum, Solinum, Claudianum, Arrianum, &c.* qui gradus habet 45 :44 30

A Septentrionibus autẽ & ab oriente terminatur ea parte Danubij, quæ eſt à diuertigio Narabonis fluuij uſq; ad Sai diuertigiũ, & ſitum habet talem. Poſt Narabonem fluuium Flexus qui ſit iuxta Curtam. 42 :47 0

Maximè Septentrionalia Danubij 42 30:48 0

Quod iuxta diuertigiũ eſt fluuij ad occaſum extenſi, qui per geminas Pannonias fluit ſcinditurq; iuxta Carrodunum ciuitatem, quaſi ad mõtem Cetiũ, uocaturq; ille, qui iuxta Septentrionaliſſimam partem eſt Sauarias, qui uerò iuxta meridionaliſſimam Daros, qui nunc à barbaris Dara uocatur *Drauus nuncupatur, uulgò Mora.*

Danubij conuerſio iuxta Cornacum 44 26:45 15

Eiuſdem cõuerſio iuxta Acumincum 45 :45 30

Eiuſdem conuerſio iuxta Rittum 45 30:45 0

Quod iuxta diuertigium Sai fluuij eſt, qui & ipſe per duas extenſus Pannonias Cetio monti iungitur, prius ad Septentrionẽ, poſtea ad occaſum uerſus. 45 :44 30

Tenẽt autẽ & ipſam prouinciã in partibus quidem occidẽtalibus Amantini *Amantes Plinio.* magis Septentrionales. Sub quibus Hercuniates. Poſtea Andiantes *Andizetij Straboni dicuntur.* Poſtea Breuci. In partibus uerò orientalibus, qui maxime Septentrionales ſunt Arauiſci *Atrauiſci Plinio.* Et qui magis meridionales ſunt Scordiſci.

Ciuitates autem ſub Danubio ſunt.

Curta *Buda Offen, Hungariæ regia.*	42	:47	0
Salua	42	30:47	30
Carpis	42	30:47	45
Aquicum	43	:47	30
Salinum	43	30:47	0
Luſſonium	43	45:46	45
Lugionum	44	:46	30
Teutoburgium *Quinq; eccleſienſis.*	44	15:45	40
Cornacum	44	20:45	15
Acumincum legio	44	50:45	20
Rittium	45	30:45	0
Taururum *Taurunum Plin. Alba Græca, Belgradum, uulgò Kriechiſchweyſenburg, à Turca nuper expugnata.*	45	:44	30

A fluuio procul ciuitates hæ ſunt,

Berbis	42	:46	0
* Serbinum	42	20:46	30
Iuollum	42	20:46	0
Certiſſa	42	20:45	20
Murſella	43	:46	0
Bibalis	43	:45	30
Marſonia	43	:45	0
Vacontium	43	30:46	30
Muſia Colonia *aliàs Murſia.*	43	30:45	45
Sallis	44	:44	40
Baſſiana	43	30:44	50
Tarſium	44	30:44	30
* Sirmium	44	50:45	0

ILLIRIDIS DALMATIAE *aut Liburniæ ſitus.* Cap. XVII.

Tabula quinta Europæ.

Sclauonia hodie, Germanis Windenlandt. Verſus Vngariam eſt Croatia, ex Rufi deſcriptione dicta Valeria. Sabellicus pro Valeria hodie ponit Stiriam, qui Illirios dicit hodie Boſnenſes.

ILliris terminat̃ à Septentrionali plaga utraq; Pãnonia iuxta terminos expoſitos. Ab occaſu uerò Iſtria per lineã, cuius mediũ uerſus finẽ ſuperioris Pãnoniæ gradus habet 36 30:45 30

Quod

Quod uerò uerſus ſinũ eſt Hadriaticũ, 36 30:44 50

Ab ortu uerò ſuperiore Myſia per lineam, quæ à dicto diuertigio Sai flu. uſq; ad finem, qui iuxta mõtem Scardũ eſt extenditur, *Sardonici montes, Maranai uulgò.* cuius gradus 47 .41 40

A meridie autem terminatur parte Macedoniç, iuxta lineam quę eſt à prefato fine, & uſq; ad Adriã pertingit. Cuius gradus ſunt 45 :41 0

Et hinc latere Hadriatici uſq; ad dictũ Iſtriæ limitem. Cuius lateris deſcriptio ſic ſe habet. Poſt Iſtriam Italiæ reliqua Liburniæ, quæ in Illiride eſt maritima ſequitur ora.

Aluona *Albon uulgò.*	36	50:45	0
Flauona	37	:44	45
Tarſatica *Arſia.*	37	40:44	36
Oenei flu. oſtia	38	:44	45
Velcera	38	30:44	45
Senia *Signia, uulgò Signa.*	39	:44	40
Lopſica *Loſſica Plinio.*	39	15:44	40
Tedanij flu. oſtia	39	20:44	30
Ortopla *Ortopula.*	40	:44	30
Vepia *Vegium Plin.*	40	20:44	30
Argyrurũ *Argyruntum.*	40	45:44	10
Cornium *Corninum.*	41	10:44	0
Enona *Nona hodie.*	41	30:44	0
* Iadera Colonia *Biara ſiue Zara uulgo.*	42	:43	45
Titi fluuij oſtia *Titius Plinio.*	42	20:43	20
Scardona *Scardo hodie.*	42	40:43	20

Dalmatiæ autem ciuitates iuxta littus

Sicum *Sibinicũ, Sebenico.*	43	:43	20
* Salonæ colõia *Salona.*	43	20:43	10
Lpetium	43	40:43	0
Peguntium	44	:42	45
Onæum	44	15:41	30
Naronis flu. oſtia *Nar Mele, Narenta flu.*	44	30:42	20
* Epidaurus *Raguſia.*	44	40.42	20
Riſinum *Rhiſinium.*	44	40:42	15
Acruuium *Aſcruuium.*	44	45:42	0
Rhizonicus ſinus *Catharum.*	45	:42	0
Bulua *Butua Plin. Budoa.*	45	:41	45
Vlcinium *Olchinium Plin. Dulcigno.*	45	:41	30
Drilonis flu. oſtia *Drino Lodrin.*	45	:41	20
Liſſus *Alexium.*	45	.41	10

Fluit autẽ Drilon fluuius à mõte Scardo, & ab altero monte ſito, iuxta medium ſuperioris Myſiæ, cuius gradus 45 40:42 40

Ab eodẽ etiam alius amnis defluit Drinus nomine, qui in Saum flu. exit ab occidentali parte Tauruni ciuitatis. Tenent autem prouinciam, qui Iſtriæ hærent Iapydres *Iapodes Strabo. Iapidia eſt, quam nunc Stiriam uocant.* Supra uerò Lyburniam magis occidentales Męzæi. Poſt Derriopes & Derrij. Supra Derriopes autẽ Dyndarij. Supra quos Ditiones. Supra autem Derios Ceraunij. Interiora autẽ Dalmatię tenent Daurſij. Supra quos Comenij & Vardei. *Ardieos primo, deinde Varalios dictos, ait Strabo.* Supra hos Narenſij & Sardiotæ. Et iterum ſupra hos Siculotæ & Ducleatæ, & Piruſtæ, & Scirrones uerſus Macedoniam.

Ciuitates mediterraneæ Liburnorum quidem hæ ſunt,

Tediaſtrum	38	40:44	50
Arucia	39	30:44	45
Ardotium	40	:44	50
Stlupi	39	45:44	40
Curcum	40	30:44	45
Auſancali	41	20:44	45
Varuatia	41	10:44	20
Saluia	41	40:44	20
Adra	42	30:44	40
Arauzona	42	30:44	20
Aſſeſia	42	15:44	50
Burnum	42	45:44	20
* Sidrona *S. Hieronymi patria Ioanni Cabilonenſi, Stridona, Sdrigna uulgò.*	43	30:44	30
Blanona	42	30:44	30
Ouporum	43	:44	0
Nedinum	44	30:44	15

Dalmatiæ autẽ ciuitates mediterraneæ

Andecrium *Andretrium Straboni.*	43	30:43	30
Aleta	44	:43	10
Herona	44	20:43	45
Delminium *Demna.*	44	45:43	40

Aequum colonia	44	40:43	20
Saloniana	45	:43	20
* Narbona colonia *Narona alijs, Narenta bodie.*	44	20:42	45
Enderum	45	30:42	50
Chinna	45	40:42	30
Doclea *Antibaris.*	45	20:42	15
Rizana	45	15:42	0
Scodra *Scutaram uocant, ſub Venetorum dominio.*	45	30:41	30
Thermidana	46	:41	45
Siparuntum	46	30:42	10
Epicaria	45	30:41	15
Eminacium	46	:41	20

Inſulæ autem adiacent Liburniæ.

Apſorrus, in qua ciuitates duæ.

Crepſa *Crexa Plinio.*	36	40:44	30
Apſorrus	36	50:44	30

Et Curicta *Curita Plinio, uulgo Vegia, ſeu Vegia.*

In qua ciuitates etiam duæ.

Fulfinium	38	10:44	20
Curicum	38	20:44	15

Et Scordona inſula *Malconſeglio inſula, Iaderæ imminens, Blondo teſte.*

In qua duæ ciuitates,

Arba	40	40:43	40
Colentum	41	40:43	30

Inſulæ uerò adiacent Dalmatiæ,

Iſſa, & ciuitas	42	20:43	0

Liſſam nos bodie prope Liſſum urbẽ ad oſtia Drilonis ponimus, quod Marinus Barletius teſtatur.

Tragurium, & ciuitas	43	:42	45
Pharia, & ciuitas *Pharus.*	43	:42	20
Corcyra nigra *Carſula hodie.*	44	:41	45
Meligene inſula *Melituſam Polybius, nos Meliten uocamus.*	44	10.41	20

Finis ſecundi libri.

LIBER TERTIVS HAEC HABET.

Expoſitionẽ partis oriẽtalis Europæ, iuxta ſubiectas prouincias aut ſatrapias

Italiam totam, Cyrnum inſulam
Sardiniam inſulam, Siciliam inſulam
Sarmatiam quæ in Europa eſt
Tauricum Cherſoneſum
Iaziges Metanaſtas, Daciam
Myſiam ſuperiorem
Myſiam inferiorem
Thracem Cherſoneſum
Macedoniam, Epirum
Achaiam, Peloponeſum
Cretam inſulam Eubœam inſulã

ITALIAE SITVS. CAPVT I.

Tabula ſexta Europæ.

Heſperia, Latium, Auſonia, Oenotria, Saturnia dicta eſt Italia. Vrbes 264. Blondus in ea eſſe tradit epiſcopales.

ITalia terminatũ ab occidente alpiũ iugis iuxta lineã quæ extenditur à mõte Adula, uſq; ad Vari fluuij oſtia, quorum gradus

27 30:43 0

Preterea littore Tyrrheni pelagi à Neapoli uſq; Leucopetram promont.

A Septentrionibus aũt terminatur Alpium iugis quę Rhetiæ imminent.

Præterea Pœnis, & Ocra, & Caruſadio montibus, qui ſub Norico ſunt, quorum gradus dicti ſunt.

Præter hæc littore Hadriatici ſinus, quod eſt à Tilauempto flu uſque Garganum montem. Ab ortu uerò maritimis Adriatici maris, à monte Gargano Hydruntem uſq;. *Adriaticum, à Romanis olim Superum mare, nunc mare Venetum.*

A meridie autẽ littore Hadriatici pelagi, à Tilauẽpto flu. uſq; ad Illyricã metã. Preterea Liguſtico littore atq; Tyrrheno, à Vari ſcilicet oſtijs uſq; Neapolim

lim, ac à Leucopetra uſque Hydruntis maritima.

Deſcribitur autem in hunc modum

Poſt Vari fluuĳ oſtia in Liguſtico pelago quæ habent 27 30:43 0
Varus, nomen retinet, ab Italia Galliã diſterminans
Maſſilienſium.

* Nicæa Maſſilienſium *Niſa, Niza.*
28 :43 20
Herculis portus *Villa Francha.*
28 15:42 45
Trophæa Auguſti *Torbia, Orbia.*
28 30:42 30
Monœci por. *Monacho.* 28 40:42 40
Ligurię. apud Gręcos Liguſticę, iuxta Liguſticum pelagus *Genuenſis regio.*
Albiniminium *Vintimilium Vintimia.*
29 10:42 45
Albigaunum *Albinga, Arbenga.*
29 30:42 45
* Genua *Genoua.* 30 :42 50
Entellæ flu. oſtia *Lauania flu.*
30 30:42 50
Tigullia *Segeſta, Sigeſtro, Sextri.*
30 36:42 56
Veneris portus *Lunæ portus, S. Venerius.*
31 6:42 50
Ericis portus *Delphini Plin. Finus port.*
31 15:42 50
Ericis ſinus intima *Rapalli.*
31 15:42 56
Macrallę flu. oſtia *Macra flu.*
31 45:42 45
Diuertigiũ Boacti fluuĳ *Serclus, Serchio.*
31 30:43 0
Tuſcorũ ſecundum Græcos autẽ Tyrrhenorũ, iuxta Tyrrhenũ pelagus *Etruria, Toſcania, Florentinorum.*
Luna *Vaſtata eſt, Sarazana iuxta.*
31 45:42 45
Lunæ promont. 32 :42 40
Lucus feronię promont. *Petra ſancta*
32 20:42 40
Herculis fanum 32 40:42 45
Arni flu. oſtia *Arno.* 33 20:42 40
Populonia *Piombino iuxta, Plumbinum.*
33 30:42 30
Populonium promont. *Baratus portus.*
33 30:42 0
Liburnus portus *Liuorno, Piſæ portus arx.*
33 30:42 30

Traianus portus *Volaterranorum portus.*
34 :42 30
Telamon promont. 34 15:42 0
Telamone uulgò oppidũ eſt, promontoriũ uerò dicitur incolis mõte argẽtato, mons argenteus in quo fuêre Coſſæ. proximus Straboni Herculis portus.
Hoſę flu. oſt. *Martha flu.* 34 30:42 0
Coſſæ *à muribus perditæ, Orbitellum.*
35 :41 56
Grauiſcæ *caſtellum eſt, Mons altus.*
35 20:41 45
Caſtrũ nouũ *Cornetũ.* 35 40:41 40
Pyrgi *Ciuitas uetus, Pyrgo ſacellum.*
36 :41 40
Alſium *diruta eſt S. Seuerina.*
36 15:41 40
Latinorũ ſimiliter iuxta Tyrrhenũ pelagus *Campania maritima, Latium.*
Tiberis flu. oſtia *Albula prius, uulgò Teuero.*
36 30:41 30
Flexus eius ad occaſum
36 30:42 0
Oſtia *ciuit. & port. Romæ, Hoſtia.*
36 30:41 30
Antium *Neptunium.* 36 50:41 20
Cloſtra *Anſa, Aſtura.* 37 10:41 20
Circeũ promont. *Cercegli, S. Felicitas.*
37 30:41 10
* Tarracinæ *Terrachine, Anxur Plinio dictũ.*
37 45:41 15
Caëta ſiue Gaieta eſt hodie media, inter fortiſſimas Italiæ ciuitas, Plinio alĳs commemorata, unde & Caietanus ſinus qui Formianus.
Formæ *Phormiæ alĳ, Nola.* Mola
38 10:41 15
Campanorũ ſimiliter iuxta Tyrrhenũ pelagus. *Neapolis regnum, Terra laboris.*
Liris flu. oſtia *Garilianus flu.*
38 20:41 15
Soëſſa *Sinope dicta, Seſſa.*
Vulturnum flu. *caſtellum, Viliturno.*
38 45:41 0
Cumæ *Sybilla Cumana.* 39 20:41 30
Liternum *Scipionis uilla, Baiæ.*
39 10:41 30
Miſenum 39 30:41 0
Puteoli *Dicæarchia prius, Pozolo.*
39 50:41 0
* Neapolis *Parthenope, Virgilio.*
40 140 36

Picentinorum ſimiliter iuxta Tyrrhenum pelagus
Sarni flu. oſt. *Scafati flu.* 40 6:40 40
Surentum *Sorienti.* 40 10:40 30
Mineruæ promont. *Capo Mineruæ.* 39 30:40 40
Salernum *Salerno, Amiscum dictū Macrobio.* 40 :40 30

Lucanorū ſimiliter iuxta Tyrrhenum pelagus
Silari flu. oſtia *Silaris.* 40 6:40 15
Pęſtum *Poßidonia Græcis, Polycaſtro.* 40 10:40 0
Velia *Helia Pli. Hyela. Stra.* 40 20:39 45
Buxentum *Pixûs Græcis, Beluedere iuxta.* 40 :39 30

Brutiorū ſimiliter iuxta Tyrrhenū pelagus *Meſſanæ caput.*
Lai flu. oſtia *Laus Plin. Talaus Strab.* 40 :39 15
Tempſa ciuitas *Temeſa Mele.* 40 :39 0
Taurianus Scopulus *Teriana.* 40 20:38 45
Ipponiates ſinus *vibonenſis, Hipponiates.* 40 20:38 45
Scylæum promont. *Brutium Mele, uulgò Seiglio, ubi Scylla & Charybdis.* 39 40:38 20
Regium Iulium *Rezo* 39 50:38 15
Leucopetra extrema *Bona.* 39 50:38 0

Magnę Gręcię iuxta Hadriaticū pela.
Zephirium promont. *Cauo di ſole.* 40 45:38 26
Locri ciuitas 40 50:38 36
Locani flu. oſtia *Sagra,* 40 56:38 36

In ſinu qui iuxta Scyllacium eſt
Scylacium ciuitas *Scilatium, Schilazo.* 40 43:38 45
Intima ſinus Scyllacei 40 45:38 45
Laciniū pmōt. *Colone.* 41 30:39 10

In Tarentino uerò ſinu
Croton ciuit. *Cutrone:* 41 10:39 30
Thurium *Sybaris antè.* 41 56:39 30
Metapontium *Metapontus, Pelicor.* 41 56:39 56
Tarentum *Taranto.* 42 10:40 0

Salentinorum *Terra Hydrunti.*
Iapygiū promont. quod & Salētinum dicitur *Salen Mele. S. Maria Dellequę, de Leuca.* 42 20:38 45

Calabriæ iuxta Ionium Pelagus
Hydrus *Hidruntū, Otrāto.* 43 :39 6
Luſpiæ *Lupia Plin. Leccio, Lezo.* 42 40:39 30
Brunduſium *Brendeſium, Brandiſio.* 42 30.39 40

Apulorū Peucetiorū in Ionio pelago
Egnatia *Iuuenatium.* 42 30:39 50
Barium *Barri.* 42 30:40 6
Aufidij flu. oſt. *lo Fante.* 42 30:40 15

Apulorū Dauniorum in Ionio pelago
Salpię *Salapia Plin. Sapri.* 42 50:40 20
Sipus *Sipontum, Siponto.* 42 50:40 30
Apeneſte *Manfredonia.* 42 50:40 45
Garganus mons *S. Angelo.* 42 20:41 0

Et iuxta ſinum Hadriaticum
Hyrium *Tirium, Leſina.* 42 30:41 15

Frentanorum ſimiliter *Francauilla.*
Phiterni flu. oſtia *Tipherni, Biſano flu.* 42 :41 30
Buba *Buca Strab. & Plin.* 41 40:41 40
Iſtonium *Guaſto.* 41 30:41 45

Pelignorum ſimiliter *Abrucini.*
Sari flu. oſtia *Sagri.* 41 20:42 0
Orton *Ortona, pietra de pirati.* 40 45:42 15

Marucinorum ſimiliter
Aterni flu. oſtia *Aterni Peſcaria flu.* 40 30:42 30
Matrini flu. oſtia *Plumba flu.* 39 20:42 45

Picenorum ſimiliter *Marcha Anconitana.*
Caſtrum *Flauiano.* 38 30:43 0
Cupra maritima 38 :43 45
Truēti flu. oſtia *Tronto.* 37 40:43 20
Potentia *interijt. S. Maria de Loret.* 37 15:43 30
Numana *interijt.* 36 50:43 20
Ancona 36 30:43 40

Semnonum ſimiliter *Semnones.*
Aſij flu. oſtia *Aeſium, Eſino.* 36 20:43 40
Sena gallica *Senogallia, Sinigaglia uulgo.* 36 :43 40
Fanū fortunę *Fano uulgò.* 35 40:43 40
Piſaurum *Farnazanum, Peſero.* 35 30:43 45

Ariminum

Ariminum *Rimino.* 35 :43 50

Gallorum Boiorum ſimiliter *Romandiola, Romagna.*

Rubiconis flu. oſtia *Piſſatello, Rucon.* 34 56:43 50

* Rauenna 34 40:44 0

Padi flu. oſtia *Eridanus, poëtis celebris, uulgò Po.* 34 45:44 0

Fluuij caput, quod iuxta Larium paludem eſt 29 20:44 45

Commixtio ubi admiſcetur Doriæ fluuio 30 40:43 45

Caput Doriæ fluuij iuxta Pœninam lacū *Duria Flu. le doere.* 28 45:43 45

Vbi diuertitur ad lacum Benacū *Garde lacus.* 31 45:43 30

Huius lacus ſitus 30 30:45 0

Poſt oſtia Padi flu.

Venetiæ ſimiliter *Veneti ab Henetis Paphlagoniæ populis.*

Arriani flu. oſtia 34 :44 30

Carnorum ſimiliter poſt inflexionem *Marchia Taruiſina, Foroiulienſes.*

Hadriatici ſitus,

Intimus ſinus, in quo eſt Tilauēpti fluuij oſtium *Taglamento flu. Fanticus prius, nunc Carnarius ſinus.* 33 50:44 50

Natiſonis flu. oſtia *Liſontio.* 34 :44 50

Hiſtriæ ſimiliter poſt flexum intimi Hadriatici ſinus *Sclauoniæ pars, olim Iapigia.*

Tergeſtum Colonia *Trieſte uulgò* 34 45:44 45

Formionis flu. oſtia *Ciſanus, Ceſano.* 35 :44 56

Parentium *Parenzo.* 35 10:44 56

Pola *nomen retinet, Iulia pietas Plinio.* 36 :44 40

Neſactum *Finis Italiæ.* 36 15:44 56

Vltra hoc oppidum in manuſcripto Italico codice Arſia flu. finis Italiæ deſcribitur, longitudinis 36. & dimidiū. Latitud. 45. & ſextam partē cui Plin. aſtipulatur, Neſactium hoc oppidum appellans.

Ciuitates autem ſunt mediterraneæ Hiſtriæ quidem

Pucinum 34 45:45 0

Piquentum *Pinguento.* 35 30:45 6

Aluum *Albona.* 36 :45 0

Carnorum mediterraneæ *Carinthia, Carniola ad Auſtriam pertinens.*

Forū Iuliū Col. *Frigoli.* 32 50:44 56

Cōcordia col. *Cōcordia.* 33 15:44 56

* Aquileia colonia *Algar Caſtellum:* 34 :45 0

Venetiæ ciuitat. mediterraneæ hæ ſunt

Vicentia *Vincenza.* 32 10:44 30

Belunum *Velunum.* 32 30:44 40

Acedum 32 30:44 30

Opipergium *diruta, Opitergum.* 32 40:44 45

Ateſte 32 40:44 15

* Patauium *Padua.* 32 50:44 30

Alginnū *Altinū, Torcello.* 33 20:44 26

Atria *Adria.* 33 10:44 6

Cænomānorum qui ſub Venetia ſunt ciuitates hæ ſunt, *Lombardia.*

Bergomum *Bergamo.* 32 :44 20

Forum Diuguntorū 31 45:44 0

Brixia *Breſſa, Breſcia.* 32 30:44 10

Cremona Colonia 32 :43 40

Verona *Bern Germanicè.* 33 :44 0

Mantua 32 45:43 40

Tridentū *Trient, Trento.* 33 40:43 45

Butrium *Rauennæ caſtellum à Strabone cognominatur.* 34 :43 50

Bechunorum qui ſunt ab occaſu Venetiæ ciuitates hæ ſunt,

Vaunia *Louino.* 31 :44 40

Carraca *Caruuas.* 31 20:44 40

Bretena *Brindes uulgò Brintum Plinio.* 31 40:44 45

Anaunium *Anonium.* 31 30:44 30

Inſubrū *Mediolanēſes,* qui ſunt ab occaſu Cænomannorum ciuitates hæ ſunt,

Nouaria *Nouara, Nawer.* 30 30:44 30

* Mediolanæ, quæ & Medioſaniū *Milan.* 30 40:44 15

Comum *Como.* 31 44 20

Ticinum *Papia, Pauia.* 31 :44 0

Salaſiorum, qui ſub Inſubribus ſunt ciuitates hæ *Salutiarum, Saluſſe marchia.*

Auguſta prætoria colonia *Villa Francha.* 30 :44 0

Eporedia *Hiporigienſis, Hyurea.* 30 15:43 50

Taurinorum qui ſub Salaſijs ſunt, ciuitates hæ,

Auguſta Taurinorum *Taurinum, Turia.* 30 30:43 40

Auguſta

Auguſta Batienorum *Baßinianum oppid.* 29 30:43 20
Iria *Trira Plin. Sartirana op.* 30 :43 20
Dertona *Derto, Tortona.* 30 40:43 30
Libycorum, qui ſub Inſubribus ſunt ciuitates hæ,
Vercellæ *Appollineæ Martiali: Vrceil, Vergeli.* 31 :43 30
Gaumellum 31 30:43 40
In Græis uerò alpibus Centronorum *Mons Cincſius, mont cinis.* Ciuitates hæ,
Forum Claudij *Tarenteſa, ducis Sabaudiæ.* 29 :44 56
Axima 29 45:44 56
In Scutijs Alpibus Lepontinorũ *S. Gothardi mons.*
Oſcela *Secuſa.* 29 :44 40
Caturgidorum in Græis Alpibus,
Eburo. u tum *Octodurus S. Mauritius.* 29 40:44 30
Seguſianorũ in Gręis Alpibus, *Seduſij, ſeduni.*
Seguſiũ *Cottiæ alpes, Syon.* 28 30:44 56
Brigantium *Brianſon.* 29 :44 6
In Alpibus litoreis Neruſiorũ *Mont Viſol, veſulo monte.*
Vintium 28 30:43 40
Suctriorum in litoreis Alpibus,
Salinæ 28 30:43 20
Vendiontiorũ in Alpibus littoreis,
Cemeneleum *Cemellio.* 28 30:43 6
Sanitium . 28 30:42 50
Appennini autẽ *Apenini montes* iuga Ligurię ferè imminẽt, & ab Alpibus incipiunt. deinde uſq; ad Anconã protenduntur, hincq́; conuerſa, & magis Hadriæ propinquant uſq; ad montẽ Garganum, poſt ad meridiem conuerſa in Leucopetra fines habent.
Liguria itaq; Apenninis ſuppoſita eſt montibus, habet mediterraneas ciuitates has,
Sabata *maritima ciuitas: Sauona, Sabbatium Plinio, Sabatia Pomponio.* 29 20:43
Polentia *Palanza oppid.* 29 40:43 0
Aſta Colo. *Comes de Aſt.* 30 20:43 6
Alba pompeia *Alba.* 30 30:43 20
Libarnum *Liberna Plin. Lauanium hodie, Lauaniæ comitatus.* 30 45:43 10

Gallia uero togata ipſis ſubiacet montibus, Rauennam uſq; producta, habetq; ciuitates has,
Placentia *Piagenza.* 31 20:43 30
Fidentia *Florenſola, Fidentiola.* 31 40:43 30
Brixellum *arx oppid. Brixellum, Breſſello.* 32 :43 10
* Parma 32 :43 30
Regium Lepidum Colonia *Rezo, Regio, Ferrariæ ducis.* 32 30:43 30
Nuceria 32 30:43 20
Tanetum *Cannetum.* 33 20:43 40
Mutina *Modena, Modana* 33 .43 40
Bononia *Bologna, Bolonia, & Felſina quondã.* 33 30:43 30
Claternæ *deſtructa.* 33 50:43 30
Forũ Cornelij *Imola.* 34 15:43 30
Ceſena *Nomen retinet.* 34 40:43 40
Fauentia *Faenza.* 35 20:43 30
Forum Liuij *Forliuio, Forli.* 33 30:43 40
Tuſcorum *Toſcania* mediterraneæ ciuitates hæ ſunt,
Biracellum *Vicarellum* 31 45:43 10
Foſſæ papytianæ *Poßonouum.* 31 :42 50
Bondelia 32 30:42 50
Luca *nomen retinet* 33 :43 20
Lucus feroniæ Colonia *Bientina.* 32 26:43 56
Piſtoria *Piſtorium.* 33 20:43 0
* Florentia *Fluentia prius, Firenze.* 33 56:43 0
Piſæ Colonia *Piſa.* 33 30:42 45
Volaterræ *Volterra.* 33 45:42 40
Ruſellæ *depopulatæ, ad Alcinoi montem.* 33 30:42 20
Feſulæ *euanuerunt.* 34 :43 0
Peruſia *Peruſium hodie, Perugia.* 35 20:42 30
Aretium *Arezo* 34 40:42 45
Cortona *Cotrona.* 35 :42 40
Aucula *Aquula, Aquapendens.* 34 20:43 0
Biturgia *ſancti ſepulchri, Burgus.* 35 :42 56
Manliana *Mallianum.* 34 30:42 40
Vetulonium *Viterbo.* 34 :42 30
Sæna *Siena uulgo.* 34 20:42 30

Suana *Seuenſium eſt.*	34	50:42	26
Saturniana Colonia *Saturnia.*	34	:42	40
Eba	34	30:42	15
Volci *Volcæ, Craſſetum.*	34	40:42	10
Cluſium *non extat.*	34	40:42	20
Volſinium *Balſena.*	35	:42	20
Sudernum	35	30:42	0
Ferentia *Faliſcorum fuit, Ferentium.*	35	30:42	30
Vicus Elbij *Lacus Cimini.*	35	50:42	6
Sutrium *interijt. Crapalica prope.*	36	:42	10
Tarquina *Deſolata.*	35	20:42	0
Blera *Oppidum eſt.*	35	40:41	56
Coricum	35	45:41	45
Forum Claudij *Tolfa.*	35	40:41	56
Nepeta *Nepa.*	36	:41	50
Falerinum *Faliſcorum, Mont Flaſcon.*	36	30:41	50
Cære *Agylla prius, Ceruertere.*	36	20:41	56

Semnonum mediterraneæ ciuitates hæ ſunt,

Suaſa	35	30:43	20
Oſtra	36	:43	30

Picenorum mediterraneæ *Picentes Plin. & Strab nunc Marchia.*

Ciuitates hæ ſunt,

Traiana *Potentia.*	36	30:43	26
Vrſa Baluia *Vrbſa.*	36	56:42	56
Septempeda *deſtructa S. Seuerinus.*	36	56:43	10
Cupra montana	37	30:43	10
Firmiũ *Ferino uulgò, Firmum Strab. & Mela, Firmanorũ caſtellũ Plin.*	38	20:42	50
Hadria	38	45:42	45

Vmbrorũ ciuitates qui ſunt ſupra Tuſcos, *Ducatus Spoletanus.*

Pitinum	34	40:43	35
Tifernũ *Ciuitas caſtelli.*	34	:4043	26
Forum Sempronij, *Foßembrone.*	34	50:43	30
Iſuium	35	:43	6
Aeſis *Eſium uulgò Sciſi.*	35	20:43	20
Iuſicum	35	30:43	6
Pertia ſiue Peruſia	35	30:43	50
Centinum *Sentinum.*	36	30:42	50
Aeſiſium *Aßiſia.*	35	20:42	45
Camarinum *Camertes, Camerinum.*	36	:43	0
Nuceria Colonia *Alphatenia.*	35	50:42	20

Vilumbrorum qui Vmbris magis orientales ſunt, *Sabina olim, & cultores Oenotri*

Arna *Arnates Plinio.*	35	20:42	40
Iſpolum *Iſpellum.*	35	40:42	20
Turde *Tuder Silio, Tudertum.*	35	50:42	50
Forum flaminij *exciſum, Fulgineum ibi.*	36	:42	40
Spoletiũ *Spuleto uulgò.*	36	20:42	45
Meuania	36	15:42	30
Ameria *Almelina.*	36	30:42	15
Nagnia *Nequinum prius, Narnia, uulgò Narni.*	36	30:42	30
Ocriculum	36	45:42	30

Sabinorum ciuitates, qui ſunt magis Orientales Vilumbris,

Nurſia *Norcia nunc.*	36	45:42	50

Aequiculorum ciuitates, qui ſunt magis orientales Sabinis, *Celano uulgò.*

Obricolum	37	:42	20
Cliternũ *Celano uulgò.*	37	30:42	40
Caſioli *Carſeoli Plinio. Taliscozo.*	37	20:41	20

Marſorum ciuitates, qui ſunt magis oriẽtales Aequiculis, *Aprutium cum ſequentibus dicitur.*

Aex ſeu Capra	37	40:42	50
Alfabucelis	38	:42	20

Præ gutiorũ ciuitates, qui ſunt magis orientales Marſis, *Precutini, Abruzi uulgò.*

Betetra	38	30:42	30
Interamnia *deſolata, Teramum.*	38	20:42	20

Veſtinorum, qui ſunt magis orientales Prægutijs,

Pinna *Penna hodie.*	39	:42	40
Auia	39	:42	30
Amiternum *diruta eſt, Aquila nunc.*	39	:42	15
Angolus *Angula Plinio, Sanctus Angelus.*	30	30:42	30

Marucinorum mediterranea,

Teatea *Theate Tieti.*	39	45:42	30

Latinorum

Latinorum, *Volſcorum & Rutilorum,* mediterraneæ ciuitates.

* Vrbs Roma 36 40:41 40
Tibur *Tyboli, Tioli.* 36 50:42 0
Prͼneſte *à Bonifacio 8. perdita, Anagnia ibi.*
Tuſculum *Fraſcati.* 36 50:41 45
Aricia *perijt, Ricia caſtellũ.* 37 :42 20
Ardea *oppidum eſt, Turni fuit & Rutilorum.* 36 45:41 30
Nomentum *derelicta, Turres ibi.* 37 30:42 10
Treba 37 30:41 45
Vempſum 37 30:41 30
Velitre *aliâs Velitrum, Velitri uulgò.* 37 10:41 30
Lanubium *Lauiniũ op.* 37 15:41 36
Atina 38 15:42 0
Fidenæ *euanuerunt.* 38 :41 56
Fruſinum *Fruſinona.* 37 50:41 45
Ferentinum *Hernicorũ olim, Romæ oppidum.* 38 :41 40
Priuernum *Volſcorum Piperno.* 37 45:41 36
Secia *Setia.* 38 :41 30
Aquinum *S. Thomæ patria, Aquino uulgò.* 38 30:41 56
Sora *Sorẽſis ducatus. Cora.* 38 20:41 40
Minturnæ Colonia *perijt, Tai. ſtum caſtellum.* 38 20:41 56
Fundi *Fondi uulgò.* 38 10:41 30

Pelignorũ mediterraneæ ciuitates hæ ſunt, *Valuenſes, ubi Pelenum.*

Curſelinium *Corſinium erat, Pratula nunc caſtellum.* 40 :42 20
Sulmo *Ouidij patria.* 40 30:42 10

Frentanorũ mediterraneæ ciuitates hͼ ſunt *Ferentani, ubi Villafrancha.*

Anxanum *Anxum Plin. Lancianum.* 41 30:41 20
Larinum *renouatum.* 41 30:41 30

Caracenorum qui ſub Ferentanis ſunt

Aufidena *durat, oppid.* 40 40:41 43

Samnitũ, *qui & Sabelli* ciuitates, qui ſub Pelignis & Caracenis ſunt,

Boianum *Bouianum.* 30 10:42 0
Aeſernia *Eſernia.* 39 :41 20
Sͼpinum *Sepinum.* 39 30:41 50
Alliſa *Alipha.* 40 :41 45
Tuticum 40 10:41 40
Teleſia 40 30:41 20

* Beneuentum uel Beneuẽtus *Maleuentum quondam.* 41 :41 20
Cluſium 41 20:41 26

Campanorũ mediterraneæ ciuitates,

Venafrũ *Cãpi Venafrani.* 39 40.41 40
Teanum 39 :41 50
Sueſſa *dicta Pometia, Seſſa nunc.* 38 40:41 26
Cales *Calenum, Carinula hodie.* 39 40:41 30
Caſilinum *Caſtellucium.* 39 15:41 40
Trebula *Mutiſcæ Virg. Treuium hodie.* 39 56:41 30
Forũ Poplij *Deſolatũ.* 39 45:41 15
* Capua 40 :41 10
Abella *Bella.* 42 20:41 10
Atella *deleta fuit, Aduerſa ibi.* 40 10:41 6

Picentinorum mediterraneæ,

Nola 40 15:40 50
Nuceria colonia 40 30:40 40

Lucanorum mediterraneæ, *Lucania, Baſilicata, Calabriæ pars.*

Vlci 40 40:40 20
Compſa 40 30:40 20
Potentia 40 40:40 15
Blanda 40 20:40 10
Grumentum 40 36:39 45

Irpinorũ ciuitates mediterraneæ, qui ſunt orientaliores Picentinis & Lucanis.

Aquilonia 41 :41 0
Abellinum 40 50:40 45
Aeculanum *Ecana, Troia nunc.* 41 20:40 45
Fratuolum 41 :40 20

Appulorũ Dauniorũ, *Qui & Dauni Plin. & Feſto.* mediterraneæ ciuitates.

Teanum *Sidicinum cognominatum Plinio.* 41 40:41 26
Nuceria Appulorum *Luceria.* 41 30:41 0
Vibarnũ *Manfredonia.* 42 :41 0
Arpi *Argyrippa.* 41 40:41 15
Erdonia 41 20:40 26
Canuſiũ *Cannæ, ubi Romani ab Annibale deleti. Procopius 3. mil. à Canuſio diuidit Cannas.* 42 6:40 30

Apulorum Peucentinorum mediterraneæ ciuitates,

Venuſia

Venuſia	41	40:40	30
Celia	42	10:40	15

Brutiorum mediterraneæ ciuitates

Numiſtrum	40	20:39	10
Conſentia *Coſſentia.*	40	40.39	30
Vion ualentia *Biuona hodie, Hippo Plinio.*	40	15:38	56

Magnæ Græciæ mediterraneæ ciuitates,

Petilia *Petelia Strab. Altamura oppidum.*	40	45:39	0
Abyſtrum	40	45:39	36

Salentinorũ mediterraneæ ciuitates,

Rudia *Rudiæ Pomponio, Rhodiæ, Straboni.*	40	50:39	45
Nerium *durat.*	41	:39	36
Aletium *Valetium Melæ, Baleſium Plinio.*	41	15:39	0
Baubota	42	15:39	15
Vxentum	41	30:39	40
Veretum	42	20:39	0

Calabriæ mediterraneæ ciuitates,

Sturni	42	30:39	20
Vretum	42	30:39	30

Inſulæ adiacent Italiæ in Liguſtico quidem pelago

Gorgonis inſula	32	30:42	0
Aethala inſula	30	40:42	0
Capraria inſula *Iuſtinopolis ciuitas, nec eſt in inſula, ſed Cherſoneſo, Aegialos Græcis, ait Plinius.*	32	:42	0
Ilua inſula	35	:42	0

In Tyrrheno autem pelago hæ ſunt inſulæ

Planaſia inſula	34	:41	0
Pontia inſula *Pontius Pilatus, Ponce uulgò.*	37	20:40	45
Pandatoria inſ. *Pãdana.*	37	50:40	45
Parthenope inſula	38	20:40	45
Procyta inſula	38	45:40	40
Pithecuſa inſula *Inarime, Homero, Aenaria Plinio, hodie Iſchya.*	39	20:40	30
Crãptea inſula	39	20:40	10
Syrenuſæ inſulæ	39	30:39	56

Sirenes tres fuêre meretrices & totidem inſulæ, Parthenope, Leucoſia, Ligya, id eſt, Virgo Alba Canora, inde prouerbium de Sirenum uocibus & blandicijs.

In Ionio mari inſulę, quę uocãtur Diomedeæ *Tremiti inſulæ,* quinq; quarum ſitus	40	40:43	0

CYRNI INSVLAE SITVS *ſeu Corſicæ.* *Cap. II.*

Tabula ſexta Europæ.

Corſica ſub Genuenſium dominio, uini optimi ferax, Terapne Ouidio nuncupata.

INſula Cyrnus, quę et Corſica appellatur, cingĩ ab occaſu quidẽ & Septẽtrionibus mari Liguſtico. Ab ortu autẽ Tyrrheno mari. A meridie pelago, quod inter ipſam atq; Sardiniam interiacet. Eius littus ſic deſcribitur, à medio lateris Septentrionalis.

Valerij flu. oſtia	30	40:41	0
Tilox promont.	30	:41	30
Cæſiæ littus	30	30:41	20

Occidentalis lateris deſcriptio

Actium promont.	30	:41	40
Caſalus ſinus	30	15:40	26
Viriballũ promont.	30	:40	30
Circidij flu. oſtia	30	:40	26
Rhœtius mons	30	:40	20
Rhium promont.	30	:40	15
Vrcinium ciuitas	30	10:40	10
Arenoſum littus	30	15:40	0
Locræ flu. oſtia	30	10:39	56
Pauca ciuitas	30	15:39	45
Ticarij flu. oſtia	30	15:39	40
Titanis portus	30	20:39	36
Fiſera ciuitas	30	30:39	30
Pitani flu. oſtia	30	15:39	20
Marianũ pmõt. et ciui.	30	50:39	30

Meridionalis lateris deſcriptio

Palla ciuitas	31	20:39	20
Syracuſanus portus *Boniſaciũ hodie, ait Iacobus Bracelleus in bello Hiſpanico.*	31	26:39	26
Rubra ciuitas	31	26:39	36
Graniacũ promont.	31	30:39	40
Aliſta ciuitas *Amaſſa.*	31	20:39	45
Philonij portus	31	45:39	56

Orientalis lateris deſcriptio

Hieri flu. oſtia	31	30:40	0
Valeria Colonia *Aleria legendũ, à Dictatore Sylla facta Colonia.*	31	30:40	6
Rotani flu. oſtia	31	30:40	20
Dianæ portus	31	20:40	20
Tutela Ara	31	30:40	30

Tuolæ flu.oſtia	31	30:40	36
* Mariana ciuitas *A Mario deducta colonia.*	31	20:40	40
Vagum promont.	31	36:40	45
Mantinum ciuitas	31	20:41	0
Clunium ciuitas	31	20:41	10

Septentrionalis lateris deſcriptio

Sacrum promont.	31	36:41	30
Centurinum ciuitas	31	15:41	30
Cenelata ciuitas	31	:41	6

Tenent aũt inſulam populi uicatim habitantes hi. Ceruini occidentale latus ſub aureo monte, qui gradus habet

	30	45:40	45
Sub quib. Tarrabeni	30	15:40	45

Poſtea Titiani Poſtea Balatoni.

Maxime aũt Septentrionales fines tenent Vanacini. Sub quibus Celebẽſij, Poſt Licnini, & Macrini. Sub quibus Opini. Poſt Simbri et Coymaſeni. Sub quibus, qui maxime meridionales ſunt Subaſani.

Ciuitates mediterraneæ hæ ſunt.

Ropicum *Rogela.*	30	15:41	0
Cerſunum *Nebio.*	30	30:41	0
Palanta	30	20:40	45
Lurinum	31	:40	45
Aluca	0	20:40	30
Oſincum	30	30:40	30
Sermitium	30	20:40	20
Talcinum	30	45:40	30
Venicium	30	50:40	30
Ceneſtum	31	:40	15
Opinum	31	20:40	26
Mora	30	30:40	0
Matiſa	30	45:39	36
Albiana	31	:39	30

SARDINIAE INSVLAE *ſitus.* Cap. III.

Tabula ſeptima Europæ.

Sandalyotis & Iehnuſa priſcis eſt uocata: Hiſpani ei dominantur. Iolaos eius colonos nuncupat Diodorus Siculus lib. 5. & 6. Plinius Ilienſes, quos poſtea Diatesbes, uocitatos ait Strabo.

SArdinia inſula circundatur ab Oriente Tyrrheno pelago. A meridie Aphrico, Ab occaſu Sardoo. A Septẽtrionibus mari quod ipſam & Cyrnum interluit.

Eius littora ſic deſcribuntur. Ab occidentali latere.

Gorditanũ promont.	29	50:38	45
Tiliũ ciuitas *S. Repara.*	30	:38	40
Nymphæus portus	30	10:38	30
Hermæum promont.	30	:38	15
Temi flu.oſtia	30	15:38	0
Coracodes portus	30	20:37	36
Tarræ ciuitas	30	20:37	20
Thyrſi flu.oſtia	30	30:37	10
Vſellis ciuit.Colonia	30	30:36	56
Sacri flu.oſtia	30	30:36	40
Oſæa ciuitas	30	30:36	30
Sardopatoris fanum	30	30:36	20
Neapolis	30	40:36	30
Pachia extrema	30	40:36	0

Meridionalis lateris deſcriptio,

Pupulum ciuitas	30	50:35	40
Solci portus	31	15:35	50
Cherſoneſus	31	30:35	45
Biočа portus	31	40:35	50
Herculis portus	32	:35	50
Nora ciuitas	32	:35	26
Litus anneum	32	6.35	56
Cuniochariũ promõt.	32	15:35	36

Orientalis lateris deſcriptio.

* Carallis ciuitas & promont. *Calaris Plinio, Caralis Strab. Ioanni uerò Cabilon. Caralita, uulgò Caller metropolis: ubi & eius nominis promõt. Boccatio.*	32	30:36	0
Carallitanus ſinus	32	10:36	20
* Suſalei uilla	31	56:36	40
Supicius portus	31	50:37	10
Sæpri flu. oſtia	32	:37	0
Cædri flu. oſtia	32	:38	9
Feronia ciuitas	31	45:38	10
Olbia ciuitas	31	40:38	30
Olbianus portus	31	40:38	45
Colymbariũ promõt.	31	45:39	0
Arti promontoria	31	45:39	30

Septentrionalis lateris deſcriptio,

Errebantiũ promõt.	31	30:39	30
Plubium ciuitas	31	30:39	6
Iuliola ciuitas	31	10:39	0
Tibula ciuitas	30	40:38	50
* Turris Biſſonis ciuit. *Sardos hodie, Turris Libyſonis Plinio.*	30	15:38	50

Tenẽt autem plagã inſulæ magis Septentrio-

tentrionalem Tibulatij & Corſij. Sub quibus Coracenſij & Carenſij. Poſtea Cunuſitani. Sub quibus Solcitani *Sulchitani Plinio.* & Luci Idoneſij. Poſt Aeſaronenſij. Sub qbus Cornēſij, qui Aechilenſij dicuntur. Poſt Ruacēſij. Sub quibus Celſitani & Corpicenſij. Poſt Scapitani, & Siculenſij. Sub quib. Neapolitæ, & Valētini. Et qui maxime meridionales ſunt Solcitani.

Ciuitates uerò mediterraneæ hę ſunt,

Ericenum	31	:38	30
Eræum	31	30:38	40
Gurullis uetus	30	30:38	30
Boſa	30	30:38	15
Macopſiſa	31	15:38	15
Sub quibus Mænomeni montes	31	:38	0
* Gurullis noua	30	30:37	20
Saralapis	31	15:37	45
Cornus *Galea.*	30	30:37	45
Aquæ Hypſitanæ	30	40:37	15
Aquæ Leſitanæ	31	30:37	45
Leſa	31	30:36	36
Aquæ Neapolitanæ	31	45:36	10
Valeria ciuitas	31	56:36	0

Inſulæ uerò circa Sardiniam ſunt,

Phintonis inſula	30	40:39	6
Ilua inſula	30	20:39	20
Nymphæa inſula	29	45:39	30
Herculis inſula	29	20:39	0
Diabate inſula	29	30:38	45
Hieracum, hoc eſt, accipitrum inſula	30	:35	45
Plumbea inſula	30	30:35	30
Ficatia inſula	33	:37	20
Hermæa inſula	33	:39	0

SICILIAE INSVLAE ſitus. Cap. IIII.

Tabula ſeptima Europæ.

Sicania, Triquetra, & Trinacris dicta: ſub Hiſpanorum hodie eſt ditione.

Sicilia ambitur ab occaſu & Septentrionibus mari Tyrrheno. A meridie Afro. Ab oriente Hadriatico pelago. Eius littora ſic ſe habent. Septētrionalis lateris mediam, quod acutiſſimum, & maxime ad Boream tendit, diciturq́;

Pelori promont.	39	20:38	36

Occidentalis lateris deſcriptio in mari Tyrrheno,

Falacrium promont.	39	20:38	36
Mylæ *Melazo.*	39	:38	30
Eliconis flu. oſtia	38	50:38	26
Tyndarium	38	30:38	20
Tymethi flu. oſtia *Symethum uocant Strabo & Plinius.*	38	20:38	25
Agathyrium	38	:38	15
Alontium	37	50:38	10
Chydæ flu. oſtia	37	45:38	6
Calacta	37	40:37	56
Alæſa	37	40:37	45
Alete	37	36:37	47
Monali flu. oſtia	37	30:37	47
Ceſalœdis *Cephaloedum.*	37	20:37	40
Himeræ flu. oſtia *Himereum Solino.*	37	15:37	20
Thermæ Himerę ciuitas *Therminæ hodie.*	37	6:37	15
Olulis	37	:37	20
Eleutheri flu. oſtia	37	:37	6
Panormus *Palermo metropolis.*	37	:37	0
Bathis flu. oſtia	37	:36	40
Cætaria	37	:36	45
Drepanum *Drepana Plinio, uulgò Trapani.*	37	:36	20
Emporiū Segeſtanū	36	30:36	30
Aegitharſus extrema	36	50:36	15

Meridionalis lateris deſcriptio in Aphrico pelago

Acithij flu. oſtia *Acis, Acilius.*	37	30:36	6
* Lilybæum ciuitas, & promont.	37	:36	0

Hinc naues è Carthaginenſium portu egredientes uideri, refert Val. Max.

Selenuntis flu. oſtia	37	20:36	15
Mazaræ flu. oſtia	37	30:36	15
Pintia	37	40:36	20
Solſij flu. oſtia	37	45:36	20
Isburi flu. oſtia	38	6:36	26
Heraclea	38	20:36	26
Hypſæ flu. oſtia	38	30:36	26
Agragantinum emporium *Agrigentum, uulgò Gergento.*	38	50:36	26

Himerę flu. oſtia 39 :36 20
Ipori flu. oſtia 39 15:36 20
Bucra extrema *Butera hodie.*
39 20:36 20
Caucana portus *Rarucara.*
39 30:36 15
Motychani flu. oſtia 39 40:36 20
Odyſſia ſeu Vlyxia promont.
39 50:36 15

Orientalis lateris deſcriptio in Hadriatico mai

Pachinus promont. *Cauo Paſcinio, Pachynũ, ab aëris craßitudine.* 40 :36 20
Phœnicus portus 39 45:36 30
Orini flu. oſtia 39 45:36 40
Longum promont. 39 50:36 45
Cherſoneſus 39 40:36 56
* Syracuſæ Colonia *Saragoſa uulgò.*
39 30:37 15
Alabi flu. oſtia *Alabas, Alphæus cum Arethuſa fonte.* 39 26:37 30
Taurus promont. 39 30:37 20
Pantachi flu. oſtia *Panthagies Plinio.*
39 20:37 36
* Catana Colonia *Catina, Catania uulgò.*
39 36:37 40
Symethi flu. oſtia 39 20.37 45
Tauromenium Colonia *Tauernera, Naxum prius.* 39 30:37 50
Argenum promont. 39 30:38 10
Meſſena in freto *Zancle prius, pòſt Mamertinum, uulgò Meſina.* 39 30:38 30
Montes in Sicilia, memoratu digni, hi ſunt,
Aetna *Gibello monte* 39 :38 0
Cratas 37 40:36 40
Tenent aũt ipſius Septẽtrionalia Meſenij,
Media Orbitæ & Catanæi. *Catinẽſes, quorum duo iuuenes humeris parentes euexerunt per medias flammas ignibus illæſi.* Meridionalia uerò Segeſtani & Syracuſij.
Ciuitates mediterra. in Sicilia hæ ſunt,
Capytium 38 20:38 15
Abacæna 39 :39 15
Imichara 38 30:38 0
Tiſſa *Tiſſe.* 38 50:38 0
Aleta 37 50:37 50
* Centuripæ *Centoripa Straboni.*
38 30:37 45

Dymethus 38 50:37 50
Aetna *Ineſia prius.* 39 20:37 45
Agurium 38 15:37 0
Herbita *S. Nicolaus.* 38 40:37 30
Sergentium 38 30:37 30
Hydra 38 30:37 20
Leontiũ *deſolata, Leõtini.* 39 :37 30
Erbeſſus 37 50:37 20
Neetum 38 20:37 26
Menæ 38 50:37 26
Paciorus 37 20:37 10
Aſſerus 37 40:37 20
Enna *Anna uulgò, unde Proſerpina à Plutone rapta.* 38 6:37 6
Petra *Petralia.* 38 40:37 6
Megara *diruta.* 39 15:37 15
Hybla *Mons & oppidũ.* 38 20:37 0
Ergium 39 :37 0
Coryrga 38 :36 45
Cacyrum 38 40:36 45
Acreæ 39 15:36 40
Schera 37 30:36 50
Triocla *Triocbala.* 39 :36 45
Agragas *Agrigentum, Melæ Acragas.*
38 30:36 40
Motuca 39 26:36 40
* Segeſta *deſolata, Aegeſta alijs, inde Aegeſtani & Segeſtini.* 37 10:36 30
Legum 37 30:36 20
Eniella 37 45:36 30
Ancrina 38 30:36 26
Phthinthia 38 40:36 30
Gela *Cheræ uulgò.* 39 :36 30
Camarina 39 20:36 26
Elorus 39 40:36 30
Ina 39 30:36 26
Elcethium 37 15:36 15
Inſulæ iuxta Siciliam hæ ſunt, *Aeoliæ inſulæ, Vulcaniæ noſtris, Ephęſtiades Græcis.*
Didyme inſula 39 :39 0
Hiceſia inſula 39 20:39 0
Ericodes inſula *Ericuſa.* 38 20:38 45
Phœnicodes inſula *Phœnicuſa.*
38 30:38 50
Vulcani inſula 38 50:38 36
Lipara inſula & ciuitas *Longonis ante.*
39 :38 45
Euonymos inſula *Euonyma.*
39 30:38 45
Strõgyle inſ. *Strongyla.* 39 20:38 45

Vſtica

Vſtica inſula & ciuit. 36 30:38 45
Oſteodes inſula 36 15:37 0
Phorbantia inſula 36 :36 20
Aegusa inſula *Acthuſa alijs.*
36 15:36 6
Sacra inſula *Hiera, Theraſia prius, Plin.*
36 :36 0
Paconia inſula 36 30:35 50
Aeoli inſula 37 :39 0

SARMATIAE IN EVROpa ſitus. Cap. V.

Tabula ſeptima Europæ.

Sarmatæ ijdem & Sauromatæ. Diuiſa eſt regio in Poloniam, Rußiam, Prußiam, Lituaniam, Liuoniã, Podoliam, Moſcouiam. Polonia quæ Vandalia, inter hanc & Germaniã media, utriuſq; partem occupat, ſub proprio rege Chriſtiano. His proximi et quãdoq; ſubditi in mediterraneis Lituanij ad Chronun flu. quorum ciuitas Vilna. Sclauonica lingua ferè omnes utuntur. Sacrorum ritus partim Romanus, partim Græcus.

SArmatia quę in Europa eſt, definitur à Septẽtrionibus oceano Sarmatico, iuxta Venedicum ſinum, & parte terræ incognitę ſecũdum deſcriptionem hanc. Poſt Viſtulæ flu. oſtia quæ habent partes 45 :56 0
Chrionis flu. oſtia 50 :56 0
Rubonis flu. oſtia 53 :57 0
Turunti flu. oſtia 56 :58 30
Cherſini flu. oſtia 58 30:59 30
Situs littoris, quod eſt per parallelum qui per Thylen ſcribit̃, hoc eſt finis pelagi terræ cognitę 62 :63 0
Finis uerò iuxta meridionalem Sarmatiæ plagã, qui per fontes Tanaïs fluuij deſcribitur gradus habet
64: 63 & 64: 58
Ab occaſu uerò terminat̃ Viſtula flu. & parte, quæ eſt inter caput ipſius et Sarmaticorũ montiũ, linea & montibus ipſius, quorum ſitus dictus eſt.
A meridie uerò Iazigibus Metanaſtis
Ab Auſtrali uerò fine Sarmaticorum montiũ, qui habet 42 30:48 30
Vſq; principiũ Carpati montis *Crapak mons*, qui grad. habet 46 :48 30

Et Daciæ annectitur iuxta eundem parallelum uſq; ad Boryſthenis flu. oſtia. *Neper ab accolis Polonis, qui maior Boryſthenes.* Et hinc littori ponti uſque Carcinitum fluuium. Huius autem littoris deſcriptio ſic habet
Boryſthenis flu. oſtia 57 30:48 30
Fontes fluuij 52 :53 0
Hypanis fluuij oſtia 58 :48 30
Nemus Dianæ promont. *Pidea ciuitas.*
58 30:47 45
Iſthmos Achillei curſus *Dromos Achilleos Plinio.* 59 :47 40
Occidentale Achillei curſus promontorium, quod ſacrum uocatur promontorium 57 50:47 30
Pars orientalis, qua uocatur Myſaris promontorium 59 45:47 30
Cepphaloneſus 59 45:47 50
Bonus portus 59 30:48 0
* Tamyraca 59 20:48 30
Carciniti flu. oſtia *Hypacyrim nominat Pomponius.* 59 40:48 30
Poſt quæ ſequitur Iſthmos, qui diſterminat Tauricam Cherſoneſum. Cuius finis, qui in Carcinito eſt ſinu *Carcinites alijs dicitur*, habet partes
60 20:48 20
Qui autem in Byce eſt palude
60 30:48 30
Ab oriẽte uerò terminatur Iſthmo fluuij Carciniti et Byce palude *Buges Plinio.* & latere paludis Męotidis *Temerinda barbaris.* quod eſt uſq; ad fluuiũ Tanaim & ipſo fluuio Tanai, *Don flu hodie appellatur à Tartaris, Silyn uocatum ait Plinius.* ac etiã meridiano, qui eſt à fontibus Tanaïs amnis ad incognitam terram, uſq; ad prædictum finẽ.
Circũſcribitur autem latus hoc, in hũc modum. Poſt Iſthmũ qui iuxta Carcinitum eſt fluuiũ paludis Męotidis.
Noua Mœnia *Album caſtrum, Weiſſenburg.*
60 30:48 40
Paſiaſci flu. oſtia 60 20:48 40
Lianum ciuitas 60 :49 15
Byci flu. oſtia *Buges.* 60 20:49 30
Acra ciuitas 60 30:49 40
Geri flu. oſtia *Mela in Carcinite ſinu Gerrum ponit.* 61 :49 50

Cnema ciuitas *Comania uulgò,*	62	30:49	45
Agarum promont.	63	:49	40
Agari flu. oſtia *Sagarim nominat ouidius.*	62	30:50	30
Lacus ſaltus dei	62	40:51	15
Lyci flu. oſtia	63	:51	30
Hygris ciuitas *Tabardi uulgò.*	63	30:52	30
Poriti flu. oſtia	64	30:53	0
Carœa uicus	65	:53	30
Oſtium occidentale Tanais flu.	66	20:54	10
Oſtiū oriētale ipſius	67	:54	30
Flexio fluuij	72	30:56	0
Fontes fluuij	64	:58	0
Poſt hos præfatus finis ad incognitam terrā q habet partes	64	:63	0

Sed & alijs quoq; montibus Sarmatia cingitur. Quorum hi nominantur,

Teuca mons *alter Peuca.*	51	:51	0
Amadoci montes	59	:51	0
Bondinus mons	58	:55	0
Alaunus mons	62	30:55	0
Carpatus mons ut dictū eſt, *Crapak uulgo dicitur.*	46	:48	30
Venedici montes	47	30:55	0
Et Riphęi, quorum medium	63	:57	30
Boryſthenis autem fluuij, id quod iuxta Amadocam paludem eſt gradus habet	53	30:50	20

Boh flu. hodie nuncupatur, minor Boryſthenes.

Fons qui maxime Septentrionalis eſt Boryſthenis	52	:53	0
Fluuiorum autem, qui ſub Boryſthene ſunt Tyras fluuius terminat partes Dacię et Sarmatiæ, à flexione, cuius gradus ſunt	53	:48	30

Neyſter flu. Rußiæ Rubeæ.

Vſq; ad fines, cuius gradus	49	30:48	30

Axiaces uerò fluuius Sarmatiā & ipſe interluit parū ſuper Daciā, uſq; ad Carpatū montem. Tenēt autem Sarmatiā maximæ gētes Venedę per totum Venedicum ſinū. *Finnonicus ſiue Sueticus hodie ſinus, quem poſt Prutenos Liuonij colunt uiri Chriſtiani.* Et ſuper Daciā Peucini & Baſternæ. Et per totum Męotidis latus Iazyges ac Roxolani. Et q interiores ſunt ijs Amaxobij. *Hamaxobitæ Pōponio. Vadianus putat hos eſſe hodie Moſchouitas, eorū metropolis Moſcua et amnis Moſcha.* & Alauni Scythę. Minores autem gentes tenent Sarmatiā penes Viſtulā quidem flu. Sub Venedis Gythones ſunt. Poſt Phinni *Prußia, & populi Pruteni utraſq; Viſtulæ ripas ad mare colunt, inter Germanos & Sarmatas medij. Mariani ordinis Teutonici milites imperant, Polonorum inimici. Ciuitas eorum Mariaburgum.* Poſt Sulanes. Sub quibus Phrūgudiones. Poſt Auarini iuxta caput Viſtulæ amnis. Sub quibus Ombrones. Poſt Anartophracti. Poſt Burgiones. Poſt Arſyetæ. Poſt Saboci. Poſt Piengitæ, & Bieſſi penes Carpatum montem. Iis omnibus magis oriētales ſunt ſub Venedis quidem iterū Galindę et Sudini, ac Srauani uſq; ad Alaunos. Sub quib. Igylliones. Poſt Cœſtoboci, et Tranomontani uſq; Peucinos mōtes. Rurſus Venedici ſinus reliquū iuxta oceanum habitāt Veltæ: Supra quos Hoſſij. Poſtea Carbones, q maxime ad Septētrionem uergūt. *Lapones deinde iuxta Norbegiæ & Suetiæ iſthmum, deinde Pygmeos ſub perpetua quaſi eſſe caligine noſtri ferunt.* Quibus magis oriētales ſunt Careotę, et Sali, ſub quibus Agathyrſi. Poſt Aorſi, et Pagiritæ. Sub quibus Sauari, & Boruſci uſque ad Riphæos mōtes. Poſtea Acibi, & Naſci. Sub quib. Vibiones, & Idræ. Et ſub Vibionibus uſque ad Alaunos *Alanos noſtri, priſci Maſſagetas dixere, Hunnos Procopius.* Sturni. Inter Alaunos autē & Amaxobios ſunt Caryones & Sargatij. Et penes flexū Tanais fluuij Ophlones, & Tanaitæ. Sub quibus Oſyli uſq; ad Roxolanos. *Rutheni à nobis dicti, inde Ruſsiani & Rußiæ regnum.* Inter Amaxobios uerò & Roxolanos Reucanali & Exobigytæ. Et rurſus inter Peucios & Baſternas ſunt Carpiani. Supra quos Geuini. Poſtea Bodini. Inter Baſternas aūt & Roxolanos ſunt Chuni. Et ſub proprijs mōtibus Amodoci & Nauari. Penes quidē Bycem paludem Torreccadæ *Podolia.* Penes aūt Achilleum

leū curſum ſunt Tauroſcythæ. Sub Baſternis uerò iuxta Daciam Tagri. Et ſub ipſis Tyrangitæ. Sub flexione autem Tanais fluuij locatæ ſunt Alexandri Aræ, ſub gradibus 63 :57 0

Et Cæſaris Aræ ſub gradibus 68 :56 30

Et inter oſtia eſt Tanais ciuitas, *quæ & Alopetia.* 67 :54 30

Ciuitates autem ſunt mediterraneę inter flumina iuxta Carcinitū quidem flu. hæ,

Carcinna ciuitas *Carcine Plinio.*	59	30:48	45
Torocca	58	30:49	0
Paſiris	58	30:49	30
Hercabum	58	30:49	15
Tracana	58	30:49	45
* Naubarum	58	30:50	0

Circa autem Boryſthenem flu. hæ,

Azagarium	56	:50	40
Amadoca	56	:50	30
Sarum	56	:54	0
Serimum	57	:50	0
Metropolis *Miletopolis Plinio.*	56	30:49	30
* Olbia quæ & Boryſthenes dicitur *Olbis etiam dicitur, quæ beata interpretatur. Olbiopolis Plinio.*	57	:49	0

Supra uerò Axiacem fluuium

Ordeſius	57	:48	30

Et apud diuertigium Boryſthenis fluuij,

Leinum ciuitas	54	:50	15
Sarbacum	55	:50	0
Nioſſum	56	:49	40

Supra autem Tyram fluuium penes Daciam,

Carrodunum	49	30:48	40
Mætonium	51	:48	30
Clepidana	52	30:48	40
Vibantauarium	53	30:48	40
Heractum	53	50:48	40

Inſula autem eſt penes oſtia Tanais fluminis,

Alopetia, & quæ Tanais inſula dicitur 66 30:53 30

TAVRICAE CHERSONESIS ſitus. Cap. VI.

Tabula VIII. Europæ.

Minor Tartaria, Gazaria barbaris, Precopita Tartari ei nunc dominantur, Turcis ſimiles, ait Paulus Iouius.

TAurica Cherſoneſus ſic undique terminatur à Carcinitro ſinu uſque ad Bycen paludē, Iſtmo adiacēte, & littoribus ponti, & Cimmerij Boſphori, & paludis Mæotidis, iuxta partes, ſecūdū deſcriptiones has, Poſt Iſthmum ſecus fluuium Carcinitum

Eupatoria ciuitas *Pompeiopolis poſtea.*	60	45:47	40
Dandaca	60	45:47	20
Symbolorum portus	61	:47	15
Partheniū promont.	60	40:47	0
Cherſoneſus	61	:47	0
Ctenis pontus	61	15:47	0
Arietis frons promōt. *Criu Metopon Plin. opponitur ei in Aſia Carābis.*	62	:46	40
Charax	62	40:46	50
Lagyra	62	30:47	0
Corax promontoriū	62	:47	0
Iſtriani flu. oſtia	63	30:47	10
Theodoſia, *Capha hodie, ſub Genuēſibus erat*	63	20:47	20
Nymphæum	63	45:47	30

Cimmerij Boſphori

Tyrictaca	63	30:47	40
* Panticapæa *Phanagoria poſtea, Straboni & Plinio Panticapæum.*	64	:47	36
Myrmæciū promont.	64	:48	30

Mæotidis paludis

Parthenium	63	30:48	30
Zenonis cherſoneſus	63	:48	45
Heraclium *Heraclea.*	62	:48	30

Ciuitates autem in Taurica Cherſoneſo mediterraneæ ſunt hæ.

Taphros *Taphræ Plin.*	60	40:48	15
Tarona	62	20:48	15
Poſtigia	63	:48	15
Paroſta	61	30:48	10
Cimmerium	62	:48	0
Portacra	61	50:47	40
Bœon	62	50:47	45
Iluratum	63	20:47	50

Satarche	61	15:47	40
Badatium	61	30:47	30
Cytęum	62	15:47	30
Tazus	62	40:47	30
Argoda	61	45:47	15
Tabana	62	20:47	15

IAZYGVM METANASTArum ſitus. Cap. VII.

Tabula nona Europæ.

Septem caſtra hodie, Germanicè Sibenburgen: partim ab Hungaris, partim è Valachis colitur.

IAzyges Metanaſtę terminant à Septētrionib. parte Sarmatiæ in Europa explicata. Ab auſtro uerò Sarmaticis mōtibus, uſq; ad Carpatū montē. Ab occaſu autē & meridie, dicta Germaniæ parte, quæ eſt à Sarmaticis montibus uſq; ad flexum Danubij, qui iuxta Carpim eſt, & hinc Danubij fluminis parte, uſque Tibiſci amnis diuertigiū, qui ad Septētriones fertur, cuius diuertigij ſitus habet gradus 46 :44 15

Ab oriente aūt Dacia iuxta ipſum Tibiſcum fluuium, qui ad orientē uerſus, ſub mōte Carpato deſinit, à quo etiam fertur, huius gradus ſunt 46 :48 30

Ciuitates Iazygum Metanaſtarum hæ ſunt,

Vſcenum	43	15:48	20
* Gormanum *Cleſenburgum à nonnullis.*	43	40:48	15
Abrieta	43	20:48	0
Triſſum	44	10:47	45
Parca	43	30:47	40
Candanum	44	:47	20
Peſſium *Furtarca hæc ipſa nobis eſt.*	44	40:47	0
Partiſcum	45	:46	40

DACIAE SITVS. Cap. VIII.

Tabula nona Europæ.

Tranſyluanis partim, & Valachis, quæ ultra Danubium in Euxinum protenditur. Gepidiam uocat Iornandes.

DAcia definitur à Septētrionib. parte Sarmatię, quę eſt in Europa, à Carpato monte uſque ad finem præfatæ conuerſionis Tyræ fluuij, cuius gradus ſunt, ut dictum eſt 53 :48 30

Ab occaſu Iazygibus Metanaſtis, iuxta Tibiſcum amnem.

A meridie autem ea parte Danubij fluminis, quæ eſt à diuertigio Tibiſci amnis: uſque ad Axium ciuitatē à qua iam Danubius uſq; ad Pontū & oſtia Iſter appellatur, cuius partis ſitus ſic ſe habet

Poſt diuertigiū Tibiſci fluuij *Tiſſa à Barbaris appellatus.* prima conuerſio ad auſtrum 47 20:44 45

Iuxta diuertigium Rhabonis fluuij, qđ ad Daciam tendit 49 :43 30

Ciabri diuertigium 49 30:43 45

Id quod iuxta Diuertigium eſt Aluræ amnis, qui ad Septentrionē cum impetu uectus Daciam diuidit 50 :44 0

Conuerſio iuxta Oeſcum 51 44: 0

Conuerſio iuxta Axium ciuitatem 54 20:45 45

A qua & Danubius uſque ad oſtia (ut diximus) Iſter appellatur. Ab oriente autē terminatur inde Iſtro fluuio, uſq; ad cōuerſionem, quæ iuxta Dinogetiam ciuitatē eſt, cuius gradus 53 :46 40

Præterea Hieraſo fluuio, qui iuxta Dinogetiam ab Iſtro exceptus, ad Septentrionē et orientē fertur uſq; ad præfatā conuerſionem Tyræ fluuij, ut dictū eſt graduū 53 :48 30

Tenent autē Daciam maxime Septentrionalem à plaga occidētali incipiendo Anarti, & Teuriſci, & Ciſtoboci

Ciſtobocas

Ciſtobocas Marcellinus & Capitolinus in Sarmatia ponunt, & ſub his Predauenſij & Rhatacenſij, & Caucoenſij. Sub quibus ſimiliter Biephi, & Burredeenſij, & Cotenſij. Et iterum ſub his Albocenſij & Potulatenſij, & Senſij. Sub quibus qui maxime auſtrales ſunt Saldẽſij, & Ciagiſi, & Piephigi.

Ciuitates in Dacia inſigniores hæ ſunt

Rhuconium	46	30:48	10
Docirana	47	20:48	0
Paroliſſum	49	:48	0
Arcobadara	52	:48	15
Triphulum	52	15:48	15
Patridana	53	:48	15
Carſidana	53	20:48	15
Petrodana	53	45:47	40
Vlpianum	47	30:47	30
Napuca	49	:47	40
Patruiſſa	49	:47	20
* Salinæ	49	15:47	10
Prætoria auguſta	50	30:47	0
Sandana	51	30.47	30
Anguſtia	52	15:47	15
Vtidana	53	10:47	40
Marcodana	49	30:47	0
Ziridana	49	30:46	20
Singidana	48	:46	30
Apulum	49	15:46	40
Zermizirga	49	30:46	0
Comidana	51	30:46	40
Rhamidana	51	50:46	30
Pirum	51	15:46	0
Zuſidana	52	40:46	15
Paloda	53	:47	0
Zuribara	45	40:45	40
Lizitis	46	15:45	20
Argidana	49	30:45	15
Tiriſcũ quod iam Taros dicitur. *Groſſechana.*	48	30:45	15
* Zarmizegetuſa regia *vlpia Traiana deinde dicta, uulgò Cron.*	47	50:45	15
Hydata, id eſt, aquæ	49	30:45	40
Netindana	52	45:45	30
Tiaſum	52	:45	30
Zeugma *Cleſenburgh.*	47	40:44	40
Tibiſcum	46	40:44	50
Dierna	47	15:44	30
Acmonia	48	:45	0
Druphegis	47	45:44	30
Phrateria	49	30:44	30
Pinum	50	30:44	40
Amutrium	50	:44	45
Sornum	51	:45	0

MYSIAE SVPERIORIS *ſinus.* Cap. IX.

Tabula nona Europæ.

Boſna, Raſcia, & Seruia his ferè limitibus hodiè continentur. Sunt ambæ Myſiæ ſub Turcarum imperio, quibus Seruia dicitur Segoria, Myſiæ huius etiam pars Hungariæ eſt, ſi Pontano creditur.

Myſia ſuperior terminatur ab occidente Dalmatia, ſecundum lineam prædictam, à diuertigio Sai fluuij uſq; ad Scardum montem, cuius ſinus 47 :41 40

A meridie inde uſq; ad Macedoniam, ad montem Orbelum linea uſq; ad finem, cuius poſitio eſt 49 :42 30

Ab oriente parte Thraciæ, quæ eſt à fine prædicto uſq; ad Ciabrũ fluuium iuxta terminum, cuius gradus ſunt 50 :43 0

Præterea ipſo Ciabro fluuio iuxta inferiorem Myſiã uſq; quo Ciabrus Danubio admiſcet᷑, cuius gradus ſunt 49 30:43 45

A Septentrione inde uſq; ad Saum amnem Danubij fluminis parte

Tenent autem prouinciam iuxta Dalmatiam Tricorneſij. Quę autem ſecus Ciabrum flumen ſunt tenent Myſi, & quę interiacẽt, Picẽſij. Quæ uerò apud Macedoniam ſunt, habent Dardani.

Quo tractu Raſciam & Seruiã Volaterranus deſcribit.

Iuxta Danubium autem amnem ciuitates hæ ſunt,

Singidunum	45	30:44	30
Tricornium	46	:44	30

Iuxta quã diuertitur Moſchius fluuius

Viminatium legio	46	30:44	20
Tanatis	47	:44	0
Etera	47	15:43	40
Dorticum	48	:43	30

Rhætiaria

Rhetiaria Myſorũ	49	:43	30

Aliæ autem ciuitates à Danubio diſtitæ hæ ſunt,

Orrea	46	45:43	30
Timacum	47	30:43	0
Vendenis	48	:42	30
Velanis	49	:42	45
Dardaniæ autem ciuitates.			
Neſſum	47	20:42	30
Arrhibantium	47	30:42	0
Vlpianum	48	30:42	40
Scupi	48	30:42	30

MYSIAE INFERIORIS *ſitus.* Cap. X.

Tabula nona Europæ.

Sagoria hodie Sabellico Eneadis 9. lib. 1. Getas uocat Strabo. Huius & Thraciæ pars Bulgaria hodie dicitur. Vtraq; autem Mœſia dicitur Latinis.

MYſia inferior terminaẽ ab occaſu præfata parte Ciabrij fluuij, atque Danubij uſque ad Dinogetiam ciuitatem, deinde Hieraſſo fluuio uſq; ad conuerſionem Tyræ fluminis, quæ cõuerſio, ut dictum eſt gradus habet
53 :48 30

A meridie uerò parte Thraciæ, quę eſt à Ciabro, ſupra Aemum montem uſq; ad Meſſembriam ciuitatem ponti, quę gradus habet 55 :44 40

A Septentrionibus autẽ prędicta conuerſione Tyræ fluminis uſque ad eius oſtia. Ab oriente uerò Ponto Euxino. *Mare magnum uocatur, Aximos prius, id eſt, inhoſpitalis.* Danubius uerò ab Axiopoli Iſter uocaẽ uſq; ad põti oſtia. Cõuerſio uerò quæ eſt ad ciuitatẽ Dinogetiã, iã dicta eſt habẽs gradus 53 :46 40

Reliquus uerò ordo oſtiorum ita ſe habet

Oſtia Danubij quatuor ualida, Peuce, Naracuſtoma, Caloſtoma, Pſeudoſtoma Plin, & Cornel. Tacitus ſex ponunt, quia duo parua ſuperſunt, Boreoſtoma, Spireoſtoma. Amianus, ſtatius & Mela ſeptem numerant, quia languidiſſimum unum nec perpetuum oſtenditur.

Prima eorũ ſectio, quæ eſt iuxta Nuiodunum ciuitatem gradus habet
54 50:46 30

Inde pars quidẽ maxime Auſtralis circunfluens inſulam Peucem appellatam, gradus habet 55 20:46 30

Influit autem in pontũ oſtio, quod dicitur Sacrum uel Peuce ad gradum
56 :46 15

Pars eius, quę maxime ad Boream uergit, ſcinditur & ipſa iuxta gradus
55 :46 45

Et pars huius ſciſſionis, quæ magis Septentrionalis eſt quoq; ſcinditur iuxta gradus 55 30:47 0

Poſtea meridiõalis eius ſciſſiõis pars, parũ quieſcit ante eius exitũ in pontum. Quod uerò maxime eſt Septentrionale paludẽ facit, nomine Thiagolam borealiorem, cuius paludis gradus habent 55 40:47 15

Exit deinde in pontũ exili oſtio, quod etiam Thiagolam appellant ad gradus 56 15:47 0

Pars uerò magis meridionalis ſecũdæ ſectionis ſcindiẽ & ipſa in gradibus
55 20:46 45

Et quę magis ad Boream uergit, huius ſectionis, in põtum exit oſtio, quod appellatur Boriũ, cuius gradus ſunt
56 30:46 45

Pars autem meridionalior diuiditur et ipſa ad gradus 55 40:46 30

Et huius ſectiõis auſtralior pars in pontum exit oſtio, quod nũcupatur Inariacium, cuius gradus ſunt
56 30:46 20

Quæ autẽ pars magis Septentrionalis eſt, ſcinditur & ipſa ad gradus
56 :46 40

Et illud quod maxime ad Boream uergit, huius ſectiõis, exit in pontũ oſtio pſeudoſtomo appellato ad gradus
56 15:46 40

Quod uerò meridionalius eſt, exonerat oſtio quod uocatur pulchrum, ad gradus 56 15:46 30

Latus uerò quod ab oriente eſt Myſię, terminatur reliquis oſtijs & littoralibus põti uſq; ad dictũ Thraciæ finẽ, habetq; gradus 55 :44 40

Cuius

Cuius lateris ſitus ſic ſe habet, Poſt ſacrum oſtium Iſtri amnis

Pterum promont.	56	20:46	0
Iſtropolis *Iſter Strabo. Herodot, Iſtrion.*	55	40:46	0
Tomi *Tomos Pli. et Rufus.*	55	:45	50
Callatis *Acceruetis prius.*	54	40:45	30
Dionyſopolis *Crunos antea.*	54	20:45	15
Tiriſtris promõtoria.	55	:45	10
* Odeſſus	54	50:45	0
Panyſi fluminis oſtia *Pamiſſus Plinio.*	54	30:44	45
Meſembria *Menebria prius Strab.*	55	:44	40

Tenent autem inferiorem Myſiam uerſus magis occidentalia Triballi. *Bulgaros borũ loco ſucceßiſſe cenſet Ra. Volaterranus, eorum ciuitas Dibra ſuperior, Marinus Barletius.* At ex orientaliorib. quæ ſub oſtio Peuce ſunt, tenẽt Troglodytæ. Oſtia uerò Peucini. Quæ autẽ uerſus Pontũ ſunt Crybizi, & ſupra eos Tenſij ac Bulenſij. Quæ uerò interiacent, à Dimẽſijs & Piarenſijs incoluntur.

Ciuitates quæ penes Danubium ſunt,

Regianum	50	:43	40
* Oeſcus triballorũ	51	:44	
Diacum	51	20:44	20
Noue	52	:44	40
Trimanium	52	20:44	50
Tiriſta ciuitas	52	40:45	10
Duroſtorum legio	53	15:45	15

Legio prima Italica.

Tromariſca	53	:45	30
Sucidana	54	:45	40
Axium ciuitas *Chilia.*	54	20:45	45
Carſum	54	30:45	50
Triſmis	54	30:46	20
Dinogetia	53	10:46	40
Nuiodunum	54	40:46	30
Sitiotenta	55	:46	30

Intra fluuium autem ciuitates hæ,

Dauſdana	53	:44	40
Tibiſca	55	:46	15

Maritima aũt ab oſtio Iſtri maxime Septentrionali uſq; ad Boryſthenis fluuij exonerationem, & interiorem regionem uſque ad Hieraſum amnem incolunt, Arpij quidem ſub Tytangitis Sarmatis. Brittolagæ autem ſupra Peucinos ſunt. Ora autem maritima habẽt deſcriptionem hãc. Poſt Boryſthenis fluuij oſtia, quæ ut & dictũ eſt, gradus habent

habent	57	30:48	30
Axiaci fluminis oſtia.	57	:48	0
Phyſca ciuitas	56	40:47	40
Tyræ fluminis oſtia	56	20:47	40
Hermonactus uilla	56	15:47	30
Arpis ciuitas	56	:47	15

Ciuitates aũt ſunt & in latere hoc mediterraneæ penes Hieraſum amnem,

Zargidana	55	40:47	45
Tamaſidana	55	20:47	30
Piroboridana	54	:47	0

Inter Hieraſum autem fluuium

Niconium	56	20:48	10
Ophiuſa	56	:48	0
Tyras ciuitas	56	:47	26

Tyram & Ophiuſam unicam ciuitatem facit Plin.

Inſulæ autem adiacent inferiori Myſiæ iuxta prędictam partem Ponti.

Inſula dicta Boryſthenis	57	15:47	40
Et Achillis inſula alba *Leuce & Macaron dicta Plinio.*	57	30:47	40

THRACIAE SITVS. Cap. XI.

Tabula nona Europæ.

Perca & Scython prius, Euripides domicilium Martis appellat, nunc Romania apud Turcas dicitur.

THracia terminatur à Septentrionib. inferiori Myſia, iuxta dictam lineam.

Ab occaſu Myſia ſuperiori, & parte Macedoniæ, quæ eſt à monte præfato Orbeli uſq; finem, cuius gradus ſunt 49 :41 45

A meridie parte Macedoniæ à pręfato fine uſq; ad Neſi fluuij oſtia per Aegęũ pelagus *Archipelagũ appellamus.* & uſq; ad Melanis ſinum, & hinc linea, quæ diuidit Cheſoneſum, huius lateris deſcriptio hęc eſt.

Neſi fluminis oſtia *Neſtus ab alijs.*	51	45:41	45

Abdera

Abdera 52 10:41 45

Maronia *Clazomene poſtea dicta.* 52 40:41 40

Hebri fluminis oſtia *Mariza hodie.* 53 :41 30

* Aenos ciuitas *Poltyobria Strab.* 53 10:41 30

Et in Melane ſinu

Melanis, uel nigri flu. oſtia *Melas Plin.* 53 30:41 30

Terminus Cherſoneſi, qui in Melane eſt ſinu *Vbi Cardia ciuitas.* 53 50:41 30

Terminus ſimiliter Cherſoneſi, qui in Propontide eſt *Vbi Pactyæ ciuitas Plin.* 54 20:41 30

Ab oriẽte terminatur Propontide & ore ponti, quod uocatur Thracius Boſphorus, et deinde reliquo littore ponti uſq; ad terminũ inferioris Myſiæ, qui grad. habet 55 :44 40

Ab hoc termino deſcriptio ſic ſe habet

Poſt Meſembriam Myſię *Menebria prius,* quæ dicta eſt 55 :44 40

Anchialus *Anchiala, Strab.* 54 45:44 30

* Apollonia 54 50:44 20

Tonzi 55 :44 30

Peronticum 55 10:44 0

Thiniæ promont. *Thynnias.* 55 50:44 0

Halmydiſſum littus *Almedeſſos.* 55 20:43 40

Philia promontoria 55 36:43 30

Philopolis *Fhinopolis Plinio.* 55 30:43 20

Et in ore ponti

* Byzantium 56 :43 6

Conſtantinopolis hodie, Turcarum imperium, dicta eſt Agios, Acthuſa, noua Roma.

Poſtea in Propontide

Batheníj flu. oſtia *Bathynias.* 55 30:43 0

Athyræ flu. oſtia *Pydaras.* 55 30:42 56

Selymbria *Selios hodie.* 55 :42 30

* Perinthos aut Heraclea 54 50:42 20

Pera nunc, quam à Genuenſibus eripuêre Turcæ.

Arzi flu. oſtia 54 50:42 10

Biſantha aut Rædeſtum 54 40:42 0

Macron tichos, hoc eſt, longus murus 54 50:41 50

Pactya 54 30:41 42

Deinde prædictus eſt terminus Cherſoneſi. Inſigniorũ aũt Thraciæ montium eſt Aemus *Cathena mundi hi montes noſtris dicũtur,* qui ſitus eſt iuxta coniũctionẽ Myſiæ inferioris extẽſam.

Rhodope etiã mons ſupra Neſum fluuium atq; Ebrum *Valiza hodie Sabellico.*

In quorum ferè medio mare uerſus lacus eſt Biſthonis nomine, q gradus habet 52 30:41 50

In prouincia uerò hac præturæ ſunt iuxta Myſiam utranq;, & circa Aemum montem ab occaſu Dantheletica *Denſelatæ populi Plin. & Solino.* Sardica, Vſdiceſica, Selletica. Verſus Macedoniã autem & Aegæum mare ſimiliter præturæ ſunt, Męđica, Droſica, *Doriſcus cãpus.* Cœletica, Sapaica, Corpialica, Cænica. Et ſuper Mædicã, Beſſica, *Biſſos pop. Stephanus, Biſſoros Solin uocat.* Sub qua Bennica. Poſtea Samacia. Iuxta littoralia autem à Perintho ciuitate uſq; Apolloniam prætura eſt urbana.

Ciuitates mediterraneæ in Thracia hæ ſunt,

Praſidium 51 20:43 10

* Nicopolis iuxta Aemum 52 30:43 30

Oſtaphos 52 30:43 30

Valla 52 40:43 45

Opiſena 53 20:44 0

Deucltus Colonia 54 20:44 15

Orcelis 54 10:43 40

Carpudæmum 54 :43 6

Byzia 54 50:43 49

Sardica 51 :42 45

Terta 51 40:43 6

Philippopolis, quæ & Trimõtiũ, quæ & Hadrianopolis 52 30:42 45

Sextus Ruffus duas facit urbes, Philippopolim dictam Eumolphidam, Adrianopolim uerò Olympiadam Iornandes Pulendenam primam, Vſtudanam ſecundam uocatam aſſerit. Adrianopolis caput imperij Turcarum in Europa ante captam Conſtantinopolim.

Arzos

Arzos 53 15:43 10
Tonzos 54 30:43 20
Cabyla *Cauilla Ruffo, Straboni Calybs.* 54 50:43 15
Bergula 54 30:43 0
Pantalia 50 :42 30
Nicopolis quæ iuxta Neſum eſt 51 45:42 20
Topiris 51 20:42 0
Pergamum 52 :42 30
Traianopolis 53 :42 15
Plotinopolis *Partheno-(polis.* 53 40:42 40
Druſipara 54 30:42 40
Dyma 52 50:41 45
Aphrodiſia 53 36:41 40
Cypſella *Cypſelum uocat Strabo, ingentem aliquando fuiſſe ait Pomp.* 53 20:41 40
Apræ Colonia 54 :42 0
Heraclia 54 20:41 50
* Lyſimachia quæ & Examilon 54 20:41 30

Inſulæ autẽ adiacent Thraciæ, ſub Boſphoro quidẽ, quæ occidentalior eſt Cyaneorum inſulæ, quæ gradus habent *Cyaneæ, quæ & Symplegades Plinio.* 56 20:43 20

In Propontide autem inſula,

Prœcõneſus *Neuris Pli* 55 10:42 0

In Aegeo autẽ mari Thalaſſia inſula, & ciuitas, *Thaſſos Plin. olim Aeria.* 51 45:41 30

Samothrace inſula & ciuitas 52 45:41 15
Samothracia, Samos Dardania quondam & Leucoſia: Apollonius Atlantidos inſulam uocat.

Imbros *Imbrum Plin.* 53 20:41 15

CHERSONESI SITVS

Cap XII.

Tabula nona Europæ.

Thracia Cherſoneſus.

CHerſoneſus definitẽ à ſeptentrionibus linea prætata ſub Thracia, à Melane ſinu Propontidem uſque, & inde parte Propontidis, quæ eſt uſque Calliopolin, cuius ſitus 55 :41 30

Ab occaſu uero reliqua parte Melanis ſinus in quo ciuitas eſt.

Cardia, quæ gradus habet 54 :41 6

Et Maſtuſia pomont. *Cõtra Sigeum Aſiæ.* 54 30:40 40

A meridie inde Aegæo pelago, ubi ciuitas

* Elæus 54 30:40 45
Et adherẽs promont. 54 40:40 45

Ab oriente autẽ Helleſponto *Brachium S. Georgij,* in quo ciuitates hæ,

Cœla *Cœlos Plin.* 54 56:41 0
* Seſtos *Seſtus, à qua in Abydon Aſiæ facillimus tranſitus.* 54 56:41 15
Deinde & dicta ciuitas Calliopolis 55 :41 30

Ciuitates mediterraneæ

Crithea 54 30:41 6
Madi *Macidos dicitur, Pomp. Melæ.* 54 45:41 40

MACEDONIAE SITVS.

Cap. XIII.

Tabula decima Europæ.

Turcica eſt Macedonia, cuius ferè omnes ciuitates interierunt. olim Mygdonia, Edoma, & Emathia.

MAcedonia terminatur à ſeptentrionib. expoſitis Dalmatię lateribus Myſięq́ſuperioris, & Thraciæ.

Ab occaſu uero Ionio pelago, quod à Dyrrachio & Epidamno uſq; ad Pepylychum eſt fluuium, ſecundum deſcriptionem hanc

Tulantiorum ciuitates hæ *Albania hodie,*

*Dyrrachium *Durazo Italis, Epidamnus Thucydidi, Procopio & alijs prius dicta.* 45 :40 50
Panyaſſi flu. oſtia 45 :40 40
Apſi flu. oſtia 45 6:40 30
Apollonia 45 6:40 10
Velona hodie, à qua in Italiam traiectus breuis.
Loi fluuij oſtia *Aous, Aeas.* 45 :40 0
Aulon ciuitas naualis 44 50:39 56

Elymiotorum

Bullis *Belliaca Straboni.* 45 :39 45

Oreſtidis

Amantia 44 56:39 30
Cælydni flu. oſtia 45 :39 20

A meridie uero terminatur inde per lineam iuxta Epirum quidem uſq; ad finē, cuius gradus 49 :38 30

A qua linea extenditur Pindus mons, cuius medium habet gradus 47 40:38 45

Iuxta Achaiam autem reliquum uſque Malaicum ſinum finem uſque, cuius gradus ſunt 51 :38 26

Sub qua etiam linea eſt mons Oeta, cuius medium gradus habet. 50 30:38 26

Ab oriente uero parte Thraciæ prædicta, & finibus Aegęi pelagi, qui ſunt à Neſo flu. uſq; ad extenſum finem Malaici ſinus. Quorū deſcriptio ſic ſe habet. Poſt Neſum fluuium, *Neſtus Plinio.* qui terminus eſt Thraciæ, habetq; gradus 51 45:41 45

Edonidis maritima,

Neapolis *Crenides Artemidoro, & ciuitas Philippi uocata.* 51 15:41 40

Oeſyma 50 50:41 30

Strymonis flu. oſtia 50 15:41 26

Amphaxitidis

Aretuſa 50 10:41 15

Stantira 50 20:41 10

Chalcidicæ *Proconneſus dicitur.*

Panormus portus & ciuitas 50 40:41 0

Athos mons 51 :41 10

Athoſa promont & ciuitas 51 15:41 15

Medium montis 51 10:41 0

Nymphæum promontorium 51 10:40 45

Et in Singitico ſinu.

Stratonice *Hadrianopolis poſtea, Stephanus.* 50 56:40 56

Acanthus 50 40:40 50

Singus 50 30:40 40

Paraxiæ

Ampelus extrema 51 15:40 30

Derris extrema *Derra Plinio oppidum.* 51 15:40 20

Torone 50 45:40 26

Toronaici ſinus intima 50 40:40 26

Patalenes Cherſoneſi dorſum *Patalia, Stephano.* 51 :40 6

Canaſtræū promont. 51 15:39 56

* Caſandria *Potidæa Plinio.* 51 6:40 0

Et in ſinu Thermaico *Mecybernaus flexus Pomp. Melæ.*

Chabrij flu. oſtia 50 40:40 0

Egonis promont. 50 30:40 6

Amphaxitidis

* Theſſalonica *Halis prius, ad hos ſcripſit Paulus, Amurates eam à Venetis eripuit, uulgo Salonich, Salonica.* 49 50:40 20

Echedori flu. oſtia. 49 45:40 15

Axij flu. oſtia 49 40:40 10

Pieriæ

Lydij flu. oſtia 49 30:40 0

Pidna 49 40:39 45

Aliacmonis flu. oſtia *Haliacmon.* 49 50:39 30

Dion colonia 50 :39 36

Pharybi flu. oſtia 50 10:39 30

Penei flu. oſtia 50 30:39 26

Pelaſgiotorum

Magneſia extrema 51 40:39 30

Sepias extrema 51 50:39 15

Acantium 51 40:39 25

Iolcos 51 30:39 15

Phthiotidis in ſinu Pelaſgico *Pagaſicus Plinio.*

Pagaſæ *Vbi nauis Argo compacta Strab. Pagaſam eandem cum Demetriade facit Plin.* 50 50:38 56

Demetrias 50 30:38 56

Poſidium promont. 51 30:38 50

Lariſſa 51 20:38 50

Echinus 51 10:38 45

Sperchia 51 20:38 36

Thebæ Phthiotidis *Thebæ Theſſaliæ.* 51 10:38 36

Sperchij flu. oſtia 51 :38 30

Exoritur aūt Strymon fluuius in montibus Thraciam & Macedoniam diuidentibus iuxta gradus 48 40:42 0

Circum quem Mars equitare ſolitus, inde & Strymoniæ grues Vergilio.

Axius uero fluuius à Scardo monte iuxta gradus 47 :41 40

A montibus, qui ſub Dalmatiam ſunt, fluuius oritur, qui uocatur Erigonum, cuius gradus ſunt 46 :41 15

Aliacmon

Aliacmon autem fluuius oritur à Canalurijs montibus *Candauię montes Plinio & Strab. dicuntur.* iuxta gradus
46 40:41 6
Peneus autem amnis à Pindo monte iuxta gradus 47 30:39 0
Et Sperchius flu. ſimiliter iuxta gradus 48 30:38 40
Inſigniorum autem montium *Oëta alter mons, ubi Thermopilę ad oſtia Sperchij flu.*
Bertiſci medium partes habet
49 10:41 15
Bermij uero montis 48 30:39 30
Berceteſij aũt mõtis 46 40:39 40
Citarij montis 48 40:39 50
Olympi montis 50 :39 20
Oſſæ montis *Centaurorum ſedes.*
50 40:39 20
Pelij montis 51 20:39 20
Othrys montis 50 :38 20
Lapitarum origo, quibus bellum contra Centauros.
Ciuitates autem in Macedonia mediterraneæ hæ ſunt

Taulantiorum

Arniſſa 45 20:40 40

Elymiotorum

Elyma 45 40:39 40

Oreſtidis

Amantia 46 :39 40

Albanorum

Albanopolis *Petra alba.* 46 :41 6

Almoporum

Hormia 45 45:41 30
Europus 46 30:41 20
Apſalus 46 20:41 6

Orbeliæ

Gareſcus 47 50:41 40

Eordeorum

* Scampes *Scopia hodie Macedonię caput*
45 45:40 20
Diboma 45 45:40 10
Daulia 45 30:40 0

Aeſtræorum

Aeſtræum 46 20:40 50
Deborus 46 40:40 45
Alorus *oloros Plinio.* 47 15:41 10

Iororum

Iorum 46 45:41 15

Sintices

Triſtolus 48 :41 30
Paroecopolis 48 40:41 40
Heraclea Sintica 49 30:41 40

Odomantices & Edonidis

Scotuſa 49 30:41 45
Berga *Bera, Stephano.* 49 50.41 40
Gaſorus 50 15:41 45
*Amphipolis 50 :41 30
Tapſacum, Cradenna & Ariadracomum Stephano prius uocata, Nouemnię Thucydidi.
Philippi *Datos olim Apiano dicta, Crenidę Diodoro.* 50 45:41 45

Deſſaretiorum

Euia 46 6:40 15
Lychnidus 46 50:40 20

Lynceſtidis

*Heraclia 47 40:40 40

Pelagonorum

Andariſtus 48 :40 56
Stobi 48 30:41 30

Biſaltiæ, *Biſantem uocat Stephanus.*

Arrolus 49 10:41 20
Euporia 49 20:41 10
Calliteræ *Cydna.* 49 30:41 10
Oſſa *olyra.* 49 45:41 0.
Berta 48 48:41 40

Mygdoniæ

Antigoniſa *Antigonia Plinio.*
48 40:41 10
Calindoea 48 40:40 50
Bærus 48 56:40 40
Physcæ *Phiſcus cęteris dicitur.*
49 :41 0
Terpillus 49 10:40 50
Carrabia 49 6:40 30
Xylopolis 49 20:41 0
Aſſorus *Azorus Steph. Azoricum Arriano.*
49 30:40 40
Apollonia Mygdoniæ 49 30:40 30
Lete 49 20:40 20

Chalcidices

Augæa *Aegea, olim Meloboterá.*
50 15:40 40

Paraxiæ

Chætæ 50 20:40 20
Moryllus 50 30:40 15
Antigona Pſaphara 50 45:40 10

Emathiæ

Pharſalia ab oppido Pharſalos, unde Pharſalicum bellum inter Cęſarẽ & Pompeiũ apud Lucanũ.
Europus 47 20:40 20

Tyriſſa	47	30:39	56
Scydra	47	40:40	20
Myeza	48	:39	45
Cyrius	48	10:40	40
Idomena	48	30:40	50
Gordenia *Gordiniæ Plin.*	48	40:40	15
Aedeſſa	48	45:40	20
Berrœa	48	45:39	50
Aegæa *Aegæ Plinio. Ediſſa primo.*	48	40:39	40
Pella	49	20:40	6
Pieriæ			
Phylacæ *Phylace Plinio.*	49	20:39	30
Vallæ	49	40:39	30
Parthyæorum *Parthinorum, Preſa uulgo.*			
Eribœa *Crois regia.*	46	40:39	45
Pelaſgiotorũ *Pelaſgi, dicti poſtea Argiui & Danai*			
Dolicha *Alchria hodie.*	47	30.39	40
Azorium	46	15:39	30
Pythæum	47	50:39	30
Gonnus *Gunius Straboni.*	48	6:39	36
Atrax	48	30:39	26
Ilegium	49	6.39	26
Scotyſa *Scotuſa.*	49	30:39	10
* Lariſſa *Argos, poëtis nota, Achillis patria*	50	:39	10
Pheræ	50	30:39	10
Stymphaliæ			
Gyrtona *Gyrto.*	46	50:39	30
Eſtiotorum *Theſſaliæ pars.*			
Phæſtus	47	15.39	20
Gomphi	47	40:39	10
Atinium	48	:39	20
Tricca	48	6:39	0
Cremenæ	48	45:39	30
Chyretiæ	49	:39	0
Metropolis	49	20:39	0
Theſſalorum *Pyrrhea, Aemonia regio: Myrmidonas, Helenas, et Achæos uocat Homerus, ubi Helenus regnauit.*			
Hypata	47	50:38	50
Solthenis	48	15:38	50
Homilæ	48	40:38	40
Cypæra	49	:38	40
Phalachthia	49	30:38	40
Phthiotidis			
Narthacium	50	10:38	45
Coronia *Cranon Plinio.*	50	10:38	50
Melitara *Militrea.*	50	40.39	0
Eretriæ	51	:38	50
Lamia	50	30:38	36
Heraclia Phthiotidis *Trachin dicta Plin.*	50	50:38	30

Inſulæ autem adiacent Macedoniæ in Ionio mari, Saſo inſula

Saſo inſula	44	10:39	30

In Aegæo uero pelago *Archipelagus dicitur.*

* Lemnos inſula, in qua ciuitates duæ			
Myrina	52	20:40	56
Et Hephæſtia mediterranea	52	30:41	0
Scyatos inſula & ciuitas	52	10:39	15
Peparethos inſula & ciuitas	51	50:38	50
Scopelos	52	30:39	20
Scyros inſula & ciuitas	52	:40	0

EPIRI SITVS. Cap. XIIII.

Tabula decima Europę.

Epirotæ, Moloßi prius, & Chaones: qui & Albani: ſub Turcarũ imperio, cuius urbes omnes à Gothis & Gallogræcis dirutas ait Marinus Barletius.

EPiri latus maxime ſeptentrionale terminatẽ parte Macedoniæ, iuxta dictam lineam. Latus uero orientale inde per lineam, quæ eſt iuxta Achaiam uſq; ad oſtia Acheloi flu. quæ gradus habent 48 26:37 30

Latus uero eius occidentale per Acroceraunia Ionij maris littoralis *Auſonium mare Straboni.* Eius deſcriptio ſic ſe habet

Chaoniæ

Horicum *Oricum cæteris, Orcum Strab.*	45	:39	10
Iuga Acrocerauniorum montium habent *Cerauni etiam dicuntur, hodie Cimeriaci.*	44	26:39	10
Panormus portus	45	:38	40
Onchesmus portus *Orchimus Straboni. Echinus Plinio.*	45	20:38	36

Caſiope

Caſiope portus 45 30:38 26
Auſtrale uero latus terminat inde uſque ad Acheloum amnem mari Hadriatico, iuxta littoris deſcriptionē hanc

Theſprotorum

Poſidium promontorium. 45 45:37 56
Buthrotorum ſinus 45 50:38 0
Pelodes portus 46 10.38 10
Thyamis promontoria 46 30:38 6

Almenes

Thyamis flu. oſtia 46 30:30 6
Sybota portus *Sybotam inſulam facit Thucydides.* 46 56:38 0
Torona 46 45:38 0
Acherontis flu. oſtia 47 10:38 0
Elææ portus 47 15:37 50
* Nicopolis in ſinu Ambratico 47 56:37 56
Acarnanum *Curetes & Abantes primo.*
Arachthi flu. oſtia 47 50:38 15
* Ambracia *Larta hodie, Eponia, Paralia prius.* 48 :38 20
Actium 48 20:37 45
Leucas extrema *Leucates, Neritium prius.* 48 20:37 20
Azelia *Halyzea Plin.* 48 20:37 26
Acheloi flu. oſtia *Thoas Straboni dictus.* 48 26:37 30

Ciuitates uero Epiri mediterraneæ

Chaonum

Antigonia 45 15:39 10
Phœnica 45 20:38 45
Hecatompedum 45 40:39 0
Omphalium 45 30:38 40
Elæus 45 40:38 30
Caſſiopæorū, ſupra quos ſunt Dolopes
Caſſiope 47 :38 45
Amphilochorum, quibus Athamantes magis orientales ſunt.
Argos Amphilochicum 48 20:38 30
Acarnanon 48 15:37 45
Aſtacus *Stratos Plinio.* 47 15:38 15

Inſulæ autem adiacent Epiro Corcyra, quæ magna eſt, & ſic deſcribitur.

Corphu ſiue Corfinū hodie dicitur, Drepane Callimacho, Pheacū Homero & Proc. ſub Venetis eſt

Caſſiope ciuitas & promontorium 45 6:38 15
Ptychia 45 30:38 0
* Corcyra ciuitas 45 40:37 45
Leucimma promont. 46 20:37 45
Amphipegus pmōt. 45 30:37 40
Phalacrum promont. 45 10:38 0
*Et Cephalenia inſula, cuius ciuitas eiuſdem nominis gradus habet 47 40:37 10

Melena Plinio prius appellata, Samus Straboni.

Eius maxime Septentrionale promōt. 47 40:37 30
Meridionale autem 47 45:37 40
Et Ericuſa inſula 46 40:38 0
Et ſcopulus 47 45.37 56
Et Echinades inſulæ *Thoe dictæ.* 48 10:37 20
Et Ithaca, in qua ciuitas eiuſdem nominis *Ithacus Vlyſſes.* 48 :37 10
Et Lotoa inſula *Letoia Plinio.* 47 :36 45
Et Zacynthus, in qua eiuſdē nominis ciuitas *Hyrie priſcis uocata, hodie Zantus.* 47 30:36 30

ACHAIAE SITVS.

Cap. XV.

Tabula decima Europæ.

Hæc eſt Hellas, quæ proprie Græcia appellatur.

AChaiæ quæ præfatis cōiungitur regionibus uſque ad Iſthmū Peloponneſi, quā itē Hellada appellāt, limites habet ab occaſu Epirū

A ſeptentrione Macedoniā iuxta prædicta latera, & partem Aegæi pelagi.

Ab ortu uero ſolis reliqua parte Aegæi maris uſque ad Sunium promontorium

A meridie uero Hadriaticum pelagus. Ab Acheloo amne per littoralia Corinthiaci ſinus; & hinc Iſthmum, hinc uero Creticum mare, uſque ad Sunium promontoriū. Et eſt littoralis deſcriptio hæc: Poſt Acheloum amnem, qui terminus eſt Epiri in Hadriatico pelago.

Etoliæ Cherſoneſi promontorium
48 30:37 26
Eueni flu. oſtia 49 :37 30

Locrorum Ozolorum

Molycria 49 15:37 30
Antirrhium promõt. 49 20.37 26
Naupactus *Lepanthum hodie, per Turcas à Venetis ereptum.* 49 30:37 36
Euanthia 49 45:37 45
Chaleus 49 56:37 50

Phocidis

Cyrrha 50 :37 30
Criſſa 50 15:37 30
Anticyrrha 50 30:37 30

Bœotiæ

Siphæ 51 :37 36
Creuſa *Creuſis dicitur Pomponio.*
51 15:37 30

Megaridis

Pegę *Pagæ Pli. & Strab.* 51 26:37 26
Et poſt Iſthmum *Qui Examilium dicitur.*
Niſæa, quæ & Megara dicitur.
52 :37 20

Atticæ *Acte, Cephiſia dicta, ducatus Athenarum.*

Eleuſis 52 20:37 15
Pyræus 52 45:37 10
Iliſſi flu. oſtia 52 56:37 6
Munychiæ portus 53 15:37 0
Hyphormus portus 53 30:36 50
Suniũ promontorium, *Caput columbarum nautæ hodie nominant.* 53 36:36 45
Et in Aegæo pelago orientalis lateris
Panormus portus 53 40:37 0
Dianæ uel Artemidis fanum
53 40:37 6
Cynoſura promont. *Doriſcum Iunio.*
53 50:37 20
Aſopi flu. oſtia 53 30:37 26
Cherſoneſus extrema 53 30:37 30
Oropus 53 20:37 40

Bœotiæ

Aulis 53 15:37 45
Iſmeni flu. oſtia *Iſmenius Plinio.*
53 10:37 50
Saganeus, *Salganeus Straboni.*
53 :38 0
Anthedon 53 38 10
Phocæ 52 40:38 10
Oetæi ſinus intima 52 15:38 10

Opuntiorum

Cnemides 52 10:38 26
Cynus 52 :38 20
Locrorum Epicnemidorũ. *Leleges dicti.*
Boagrij flu. oſtia 51 30:38 26
Scarphia *Scarphea.* 51 15:38 26
Montes aũt ſunt in præfata particula.
Callidromus mons, cuius medium habet 49 :38 15
Et Corax mons *Coraxus.*
49 20:38 0
Et Parnaſus mons 50 20:38 0
Et Helicon muſis ſacer, *ubi Caballinus fons ex ungula Pegaſi.* 51 :37 45
Et Cithæron mons 51 40:37 20
Et Hymettus 52 30:37 40

Fluuiorum autem Achelous quidem ortum habet in Pindo monte. Euenus autem in Callidromo mõte, qui ad ortum ſolis uertitur in Cephiſum amnẽ, qui & ipſe ab eiſdem defluens montibus, Aſopo fluuio admiſcetur, & Iſmeno iuxta Bœotiam, in gradibus
52 :38 0

Ciuitates uero in Hellade.

Etholiæ mediterraneæ hæ ſunt

Ducatus Acarnaniæ.

Chalcis 49 :38 6
Arachthus *Aracinthus.* 48 50:37 56
Pleurona *Pleuron Strab.* 48 30:37 40
Olenus 49 :37 50
Calydon 49 :37 40

Doridis

Erineus *Erineum.* 49 :38 30
Cyteinium *Cytinum Pli.* 49 40:38 20
Bium, *Boium Straboni & Plinio.*
49 30:38 15
Lilæa 50 6:38 15

Locrorum Ozolorum mediterranea

Amphiſa 49 30:37 50

Locrorum Epicnemidorum mediterranea

Thronium 51 15:38 15

Phocidis mediterranea

Pythia 50 30:37 45
Pytho dicitur Homero, ubi Apollinis oraculum;
Delphi 50 :37 40
Daulis 50 20:37 50
Elatia *Elatea Plinio & Straboni.*
51 :38 0

Ego-

Egoſthenia 50 45:37 45

Bulia 50 30:37 36

Opuntiorum mediterranea

Opus 52 :38 10

Bœotiæ mediterraneæ

Thisbe *Aonis, Ogygia, Euſta, & Hyantis Plin.* 51 :37 46

Theſpiæ 51 26:37 40

Orchomenus *Minyus, Euſtath.* 51 20:37 40

Coronia *Coronea.* 51 20:37 50

Hyampolis 51 36.37 26

Cheronia *Cheronea* 52 30:37 45

Lebadia *Labadea.* 51 45:37 56

Copæ 51 45.37 45

Aliartus *Haliartus.* 51 50.37 45

Platææ 52 6:38 6

Acriphia *Acrephnia.* 52 20:38 6

Tanagra *Græa Homero.* 52 30:37 56

*Thebæ Bœotiæ *Cadmea dicta.* 52 40:37 50

Delium 53 :37 45

Megaridis mediterranea.

* Megara *Alcathoë dicta.* 52 :37 26

Atticæ mediterraneæ.

Oenoë *oenoa.* 53 :37 30

* Athenæ *paruū nunc oppidum cū arce fortiſſima, Setbine hodie dicitur.* 52 45:37 15

Rhamnus 53 15:37 30

Marathon 53 15:37 20

Anaphlyſtus 53 :37 10

Inſulæ uero adiacent Achaiæ, in mari quidē Aegæo, Eubœa, quæ magna eſt, cuius deſcriptio ſic ſe habet

Macris, Abantis inſula, Aulis, Hecalcia: Nigropontus nunc. Eubœæ ſitus

Cenæum promont. 52 20:38 36

Atalantes Neſium 52 40:38 30

Aedipſus 53 :38 26

Chalcis iuxta Euripum *Chalcis ex morte Ariſtotelis nota.* 53 30:38 0

Eretria 53 50:37 50

Amarynthus 54 6.37 45

Leonū promontoria 54 15:37 26

Caleacte, uel pulchrum littus 54 30:37 30

Caryſtus *Aegea prius.* 54 30:37 40

Gereſtus 54 40:37 45

Caphareus promont. 55 :37 50

Curua Eubœæ 54 20:37 45

Cherſoneſus extrema 54 30:38 10

Budori flu. oſtia 54 :38 10

Cerinthus *Ellopia.* 53 50:38 10

Artemidis, uel Dianæ phanum 53 40:38 15

Soreus *Oreus Plinio.* 53 10:38 26

Phalaſia promont. 53 20:38 30

Dion promont. 53 :38 36

Iuxta autē Atticā, & ſub Eubœa inſulæ hæ ſunt, Thera inſula *Calliſte dicta,* in qua ciuitates duæ,

Eleuſin 53 50:36 26

Et Oea 54 :36 26

Cia etiam inſula, in qua ciuitates tres, *Ceos Plinio & Straboni, alijs Cea.*

Careſſus *Coreſſus Plin.* 54 26:37 0

Iulis *Iulida.* 54 20:37 0

Carthæa *Carthcia.* 54 15:36 45

Chij inſulæ ciuitas 54 20.36 36

Polyægos inſ. deſerta 54 20:36 15

Theraſię inſulæ ciuitas *Sanctorinū hodie.* 54 45:36 0

Deli inſulæ ciuitas 55 26:37 20

Ortygia Plinio, Cynthia à monte Cyntho, prius dicta Clamidia.

Olyarus 55 20:36 30

Cythnus 54 56.37 0

Rhena *Rhene Plinio.* 55 6:37 10

Myconi inſulæ *Mycon Plin. Myconus Strab.*

Phorbia extrema 55 45:37 10

Myconi ciuitas 55 40:37 10

Et Cycladum inſularum ciuitates,

Andri inſulæ *Cauros primo, Antandros poſt.* 55 :37 30

Andri ciuitas 54 50:37 26

Teni inſulæ ciuitas *Ophiuſa Steph.* 55 6:37 30

Scyri inſulæ ciuitas *Syrnæ, Syria Hom. Strongile & Dionyſias Plin. Dia Siculo.* 54 45:37 15

Naxi inſulæ ciuitas 55 40:37 0

Pari inſulæ ciuitas 55 30:36 50

Et Suniū ipſius pmōt. 55 40:36 56

Siphni inſulæ ciuitas 55 15:36 45

Et ciuitates Siphni mediterraneæ *Acis inſula dicebatur, & Merope.*

Seriphi 55 :36 50

Phelocandri 55 :36 30

Sicini 54 50:36 36

PELOPONNESI DESCRIptio. Cap. XVI.

Tabula decima Europæ.

Morea hodie Turcarum, Apia prius & Pelaſgia. Iſthmum hodie Examilum appellant, procecto muro ad quinq; miliaris, in utrunq; fretum.

PElopõneſus finitur à Septentrionibus Corinthiaco ſinu, & Iſthmo, ac deinde Cretico pelago. Ab occaſu atq; meridie Hadriatico pelago, ab ortu ſolis Cretico mari. Eius littora ſiue maritima ſic ſe habent. Poſt Pegas, quæ in Megaride dictæ ſunt, in ſinu Corinthiaco Achaiæ gradus habere ſi 26:37 26

Corinthiæ

Phanum Iunonis Corinthiacæ 51 15:37 15
Lechæum nauale 51 15:37 0
Aſopi flu. oſtia 51 6:37 36
Sicyoniæ, quæ prius uocabatur Micone, poſtea Aegiali. *Mekbone & Telchina Straboni, hodie Clarentia.*
Syis flu. oſtia 50 40:37 0
Quæ proprie appellatur Achaia, ciuitates habet
Ionia & Aegialos antea uocata.
Aegyra *Hypereſia prius.* 50 15:36 56
Aegium 49 45:36 56
Erineus portus 49 15:36 56
Rhium promont. quod & Drepanum *à falcis figura nomen habens.* dicitur 49 20:37 10
Poſidonia, uel Neptuni phanum 49 15:37 0
Patræ *Aroë quondam, S. Andreæ martyrio nominata* 49 :36 50
Olenus *Olena.* 48 50:36 45
Dyme *Dima Straboni.* 48 40:36 40
Araxus extrema 48 30:36 45

Eliæ, *Elis, Piſea, Epia: Homero Arethyrea.*

Cyllene nauale 48 30:36 30
Penei flu. oſtia 48 20:36 30
Chelonites promont. 48 :36 20
Chelonatem appellant Mela, Plinius & Strabo.
Chelonites ſinus 48 20:36 15
Ichthys extrema 48 6:35 0
Alphei flu. oſtia 48 20:35 56
Fluuij ipſius origo 49 50:36 30

Meſeniæ.

Cypariſſæ *Cypariſsia Straboni* 48 36:35 45
Cypariſſiũ promont. 48 26:35 40
Selæ flu. oſtia 48 30:35 36
Pylus, qui & Abarmus 48 36:35 30
Coryphaſium promontorium 48 30:35 26
Methone *Modona hodie, uia peregrinantium Hieroſolymã à Venetijs.* 48 36:35 20
Colone 48 45:35 15
Acritæ extrema 48 30:35 0

In ſinu Meſenaico

Aſine *Venetorum erat, Aſina.* 48 50:35 0
Corone 49 :35 6
*Meſena *Miſetra.* 49 15:35 15
Paniſi flu. oſtia *Pamiſus Straboni & Plinio.* 49 20:35 15
Eius cum Alpheo commixtio 49 :35 56
Pheræ 49 30:35 15
Abea *Thuria Strab. Aepea.* 49 50:35 10
Laconicæ, *Laconia, Lacedæmonia ac Oebalia dicitur.*
Leuctrum 49 50:34 40
Tenaria promont. 50 :34 20

Et in ſinu Laconico

Tænarium *Cereapolis cognominata Procopio.* 50 :34 50
Cæne 50 6:34 50
Teuthrona 50 10:34 56
Las *Laan Homero.*
Gythium *Gytheon à Lycophrone uocatur, Lacedæmoniorum nauale.* 50 20:35 6
Trinaſſus nauale 50 26:35 10
Eurotæ flu. oſtia 50 30:35 10
Fluuij origo 50 30:35 45
Acria 50 36:35 10
Biandyna 50 45:35 10
Aſopus 50 50:35 6
Onugnathos, id eſt, Aſini maxilla extrema 51 :35 0
Boæ *Boëa Plinio. Boia Straboni.* 51 6:35 6
Malea extrema *Maleum uocat Plinius.* 51 20:35 10

Et in

Et in Argolico ſinu etiam Laconiæ

Minóa portus & promontorium 51 10:35 10

Dios Soteros, hoc eſt, Iouis Saluatoris portus 51 10:35 15

Epidaurus *Limera uocata.* 52 6:35 30

Zarex *Zarax Plinio.* 52 :35 40

Cyphanta portus 51 10:35 45

Praſia 51 20:35 50

Argiæ *Argi, Argiui, & Argoli populi.*

Aſtrum 51 30:35 45

Inachi flu. oſtia. *A quo Inachia, Steph.* 52 30:35 50

Fluuius ipſius origo 51 :36 30

Nauplia nauale *Neapolis hodie ſub Venetis* 51 36.36 6

Phlius 52 45:35 56

Hermione 52 :36 0

Scyllæum promont. 52 20:36 6

Et in Saronico ſinu Argiæ

Troicena 52 20:36 6

Træzena, Aphrodiſia, Sarona, Poßidonia, & Apollonia dicta.

Poſt quam Cherſoneſus 52 10:36 20

Epidaurus *Aeſculapij* 52 50:36 26

Spiræum promont. 52 45:36 30

Athenienſium portus *Anthedon Plinio* 51 30:36 45

Bucephalum portus 52 26:36 45

Corinthiæ.

Cenchreæ nauale 51 26:36 56

Schœnus portus *Schœnitas Plinio & Mela dicitur.* 51 20:37 0

Montes in Peloponneſo ſunt

Pholoë mons 49 15:36 40

Stymphalus mons 50 10:36 30

Minoë mons 49 :35 30

Taygeta mons *Taygetus Plinio.* 49 40:35 15

Cronius mons 50 30:35 45

Zarex mons 51 :35 20

Ciuitates autem ſunt mediterraneæ in Regione, quæ proprie Achaia eſt,

Pheræ 49 15:36 45

Helice 49 50.36 45

Bura 50 :36 50

Pellene 50 20:36 45

Sicyoniæ mediterraneæ ciuitates,

Phlius *Arethyrea prius, Strab. & Steph* 50 50:36 40

Sicyon *Mecona prius.* 51 :36 50

Corinthiæ mediterraneæ ciuitates,

* Corinthus *Ephyra poëtis nominata.* 51 15:36 56

Helidis mediterraneæ,

Helis *Elis.* 49 :36 26

Olympia Piſa *olympici ludi Iouis olympici.* 48 30:36 15

Corine 48 30:36 20

Hypania 49 30:36 0

Leprium *Epina Strab.* 48 50:35 56

Tympania *Typania Plinio.* 49 30:36 20

Arcadiæ *Drymodis, Lycaonia, Pelaſgia, Parrhaſia, Azania, Gigātis. & Pania Euſtathio dicta.*

Heræa *Erea Strab.* 49 20:36 0

Phialia 49 20:35 36

* Tegea 49 50:36 20

Pſopthis *Pſophis Plin.* 49 40:35 50

Lyſias 49 50:36 0

Antigonia, quæ & Mantinia dicitur 49 20:35 36

Stymphalus 50 20:36 20

Clitor 50 26:36 0

Lilæa 50 50:36 20

Megalipolis *Megalopolis Strab.* 50 40:36 10

Argiæ mediterraneæ

Nemea *Bembinadia Plin. Nemæus leo.* 51 6:36 26

Cleonæ 51 30:36 26

* Argos *Hippium cognominatum, quod nobiles aluerit equos.* 52 20:36 15

Mycenæ 51 45:36 10

Aſinæ 52 36.36 15

Meſeniæ mediterraneæ

Aliartus 48 50:35 45

Ithome 48 50:35 26

Troëzen 49 10:35 26

Laconicæ mediterraneæ. *Hecatompolis, a centum urbibus.*

Cardamyle 50 :35 26

* Lacedæmon *Sparta olim, Miſiſtratus hodie.* 50 15:35 30

Cyphanta 51 15:35 50

Lerna 51 :35 40

Thurium 50 15:35 20

Blemmina 50 40:35 45

Thalame

Thalame *Theramne* 51 :36 0
Gerenia *Gerania Plinio.* 50 50:35 40
Oenoe *Oene.* 50 20:35 20
Bytila 50 :35 0

Inſulæ adiacent Peloponneſo hæ,

Strophades *Plote, Harpiarum receptaculum.* 47 20:36 0
Et prima inſula *Prote.* 47 50:35 30
Et Sphragia inſula *Sphagiæ Plinio.* 48 :35 0
Et Thiganuſa inſula 48 30:34 40
Et Cytheræ inſulę ciuitas *Porphyris dicta.* 50 10.34 40
Et Epla inſula 51 15:34 40
Et Salamis inſula *Pityuſa dicta.* 52 :36 40
Aeginæ inſulæ ciuitas *Oenone & Cenapia dicebatur à priſcis.* 52 20:36 45

CRETAE INSVLAE *ſitus.* Cap. XVII.

Tabula decima Europæ.

Macaron priſci, Candiam noſtri dicunt, centum urbium Homero & Vergilio ἑκατόμπολις dicta, ſub Venetis eſt.

CReta inſula terminatur ab occaſu mari Hadriatico. A ſeptentrionibus pelago Cretēſi. A meridie Libyco. Ab oriēte Carpathio pelago. Eius maritima deſcriptionem talem habent.

Latus occidentale

Corycus promont. & ciuitas 52 6:34 40
Phalaarna *Phalaſarne Plinio.* 52 20:34 40
Rhamnus portus 52 30:34 30
Cherſoneſus *Cornito hodie.* 52 30:34 36
Inachorium 52 36:34 20
Criu Metopon promont. *Arietis frons.* 52 36:34 10

Auſtralis lateris deſcriptio,

Liſſus 52 40:34 6
Tarba 52 56:34 20
Pœcilaſiū *Peulalo uulgò.* 53 :34 30
Hermęa promont. 53 15:34 26
Phœnicis portus 53 45:34 20
Phœnix ciuitas 53 20:34 15
Maſaliæ flu. oſtia *Meſauo flu.* 53 45:34 20
Pſychium *Sichina uulgo.* 54 :34 15
Electræ flu. oſtia 54 10:34 20
Matalia 54 20:34 30
Leon promont. 54 36:34 30
Lebena 54 35:34 45
Catarracti flu. oſtia 54 45:34 50
Lethæi flu. oſtia 54 50:34 45
Inatus ciuitas 55 :34 50
Hieron oros, hoc eſt, ſacer mons 55 10:35 0
Hiera petra, hoc eſt, Sacra petra *Hierapolis.* 55 15:35 6
Erythreū promont. 55 20:35 0
Ampelus extrema *Ampelá.* 55 30:35 0
Itanus ciuitas 55 40:35 15

Orientalis lateris deſcriptio,

Samoniū promont. 55 50:35 26
Minoa portus *Mynois antrum.* 55 20:35 15
Camara ciuitas *Camera uulgo.* 55 10:35 20
Olus & Olulis 55 :35 26
Cherſoneſus 54 56.35 20
Zephyrinum promontorium 54 45:35 30

Septentrionalis lateris deſcriptio,

Heraclium *Heraclea Plinio.* 54 30:35 20
Panormus 54 20:35 15
Cytæum *Candia, unde hodie inſulæ nomen.* 54 10:35 15
Dion promont. 53 30:35 10
Pantomatrium 53 45:35 6
Rhitymna *Rhetinum hodie, Aretina uulgo.* 53 30:35 0
Amphimalis ſinus *S. Nicolaus.* 53 15:35 0
Drepanum promont. *Apteron Plinio.* 53 10:35 10
Minoa *Minoum* 53 :35
Pycni flu. oſtia 52 50:35 0
Cydonis *Cydona Floro, Cydon Plinio.* 52 30:35 0
Ciamum promontorium 52 45:35 0
Dictamum *Dictana.* 52 26:34 50
Pſacum promont. 52 20:34 50

Ciſamus

Ciſamus ciuitas *Ephitiſa hodie.*
52 18:34 50

Inſigniores aũt montes in Creta ſunt duo, qui appellãtur Leuci, id eſt, Albimontes 52 40:34 40

Et Ida mons, *Ideus.* 54 :35 0

Et Dicte mons *Dicteus.* 55 30:35 15

Ciuitates uero in Creta mediterraneæ ſunt,

Polyrrhenia	52	20:34	45
Apteria	53	:34	50
Artacina	53	6:34	45
Lappa	54	:34	56
Subrita	53	40:34	40
Eleutheræ *Eleuternæ Plinio.*	54	30:35	0
* Gortyna *Cortyn uulgo.*	54	15:34	50
Pannona	54	40:35	10
*Gnoſſus *Cnoſus alijs, antea Ceratus, uulgo Ginoſa.*	54	50:35	0
Lyctus	55	:35	10

Inſulæ autem adiacent Cretæ

Claudus inſula, in qua ciuitas *Gaudos Plinio, uulgo Porto gaboſo.*	52	30:34	0
Et Letoa inſula	54	30:34	10
Et Dia inſula	54	30:35	40
Et Cimolis inſula in qua ciuitas	54	20:35	50
Et Melos inſula, in qua ciuitas *Acytos dicta.*	54	:35	30

Finis tertij libri.

LIBER QVARTVS HAEC HABET.

Expoſitionẽ totius Aphricę iuxta ſubiectas prouincias ſeu Satrapias

Mauritaniam Tingitanam

Mauritaniam Cæſarienſem

Numidiam

Aphricam

Cyrenaicam

Marmaricam

Eam quæ proprie nuncupatur Libya

Aegyptũ totã inferiorẽ & ſuperiorem

Libyã interiorem ſub præfatis prouincijs

Aethiopiam, quæ ſub Aegypto eſt

Et ſub iſtis inferiorem Aethiopiam.

Circumlimitia, promontoria, inſulas, fluuiorũ poſitiones, maritimas deſcriptiones, pelagorũ nomina, mõtes, flumina, lacus, prouinciarũ nomina, Regiones, gẽtes, deſcriptiones, lineas, Illuſtres ciuitates, ſecũdas ciuitates, tertias ciuitates. Prouincias undecim, Tabulas quatuor.

MAVRITANIAE TINGItanæ ſitus. Cap. I.

Tabula prima Aphricæ.

Duæ Mauritaniæ cũ Numidia & minore Aphrica, Barbariæ nomine à noſtratibus comprehenduntur. Hæc uero Sitiphenſis antea dicebatur.

MAuritaniæ Tingitanæ latus, quod occaſum ſpectat terminatẽ parte externi maris, quod oceanum occidentalem uocamus, quod eſt à freto Herculeo uſq; ad mõtem maioris Atlantis iuxta deſcriptionem hanc Cotes promont. *Caput ſparti uulgo.*
6 :35 56

Ampeluſia, à uitiũ copia ἄμπελος enim uitis dicitur. Hoc Atlantis littus Regnum Feſſæ à noſtris dicitur.

Ziliæ flu. oſtia 6 :35 40

Lix flu.oſtia 6 20:35 15
Subur flu.oſtia 6 20:34 28
Emporicus ſinus 6 10:34 20
Salæ flu.oſtia 6 10:34 10
Sala ciuitas *Zale uulgo.* 6 40:33 50
Dui flu.oſtia 6 10:33 20
Atlas minor mons 6 :33 10
Cuſæ flu.oſtia 6 40:32 45
Ruſibis portus *Rutubis Plinio.* 6 40:32 30
Aſamæ flu.oſtia *Azamor hodie ciuitas.* 7 :32 0
Diur flu.oſtia 7 20:31 40
Solis mons 6 45:31 15
Phthuth flu.oſtia 7 30:30 30
Phuth oppidum Ioſepho, à Phuth Noë nepote, qui Phutheos Mauritaniæ populos produxit.
Myſocaras portus 7 20:30 50
Herculis promont. 7 30:30 0
Tamuſiga 8 :29 56
Vſadium promont. 7 30:29 15
Suriga 8 :29 0
Vnæ flu.oſtia 8 :28 30
Agnæ flu.oſtia 8 30:27 50
Salæ flu.oſtia 8 20:27 20
Atlas maior mons *Dyris barbaris Strabo.* 8 :26 30

Septentrionale latus terminatur freto, in quo eſt poſt dictum promont.

*Tingis Cæſarea *Tanger uulgo, Iulia traducta Plinio.* 6 30:35 56
Valonis flu.oſtia 7 :35 50
Exiliſſa ciuitas *Septa uulgo.* 7 30:35 56
Heptadelphi mons. 7 40:35 50

Et Iberico oceano iuxta deſcriptionem hanc

Alybe Columna 7 50:35 40
Abyla noſtris, cognomine Simica ob ſimiarũ multitudinem, Herculis columna contra Calpen Hiſpaniæ ad Strictum de Zibaltar.
Phœbi extrema 8 :35 30
Iagath *Targa uulgo* 8 20:35 6
Thaludæ flu.oſtia *Tamuda.* 8 30:35 0
Oleaſtrum promont. 8 50.35 10
Acrath *Alſema uulgo.* 9 :34 56
Tæniolonga *Alcudia uulgo.* 9 30:34 30
Seſtiaria extrema 10 :35 0
Ryſſadyrum *Mellila uulgo, Ruſardir Plin.* 10 10:34 45
Metagonites promont. *Metagonium.* 10 30:34 56
Molochath flu.oſtia 10 45:34 45
Mulucham fl. Saluſtius medium ponit inter Mauros & Numidias.
Maluæ flu.oſtia *Maluana Plin. Milonia uulgo.* 11 10:34 50

Orientale uero latus terminatur Mauritania Cæſarienſi, iuxta meridianũ, qui à Maluæ fluuij oſtijs uſq; finem pertinet, cuius poſitio habet 11 40:26 0

At Auſtrale latus finem habet in gentibus interiori Libyæ adiacentibus, iuxta lineã, quæ præfatos terminos coniungit. Tenent aũt prouinciam iuxta fretũ Metagonitæ. Iuxta Ibericum uero pelagus Succoſij. Et ſub ipſis Verues. Et ſub Metagonitem regionem Maſices. Poſt Verbicæ. Sub quibus Salinſæ & Cauni. Poſt Bacuatæ. Sub quibus Macanitæ. At ſub his Verues Voli Biliani. Deinde Angaucani. Sub ijs Nectiberes. Poſtmodo Pyrrhon pedium, id eſt, campus, cuius poſitio. 9 30:30 0

Sub quibus Zegrenſij. Poſt Baniubæ & Vacuatæ.

Orientale autẽ latus tenẽt omne Maurenſij & pars Herpiditanorum.

Montes autem ſunt notãdi in regione Mons Diur nuncupatus, cuius mediũ habet partes 8 30:34 0

Et Phocra mons extẽſus à minori Atlante ad Ryſadium, quod ſitum eſt in littore inter Seſtiariam & Metagonitem promontoria.

Et Durdi occidentaliora, quorum poſitio 10:29 30 & 15:29 30

Ciuitates uero mediterraneę in Tingitania hæ ſunt.

*Zilia *Zilis Antonio, Zelis Straboni, Arzilla hodie, à Luſitanis capta.* 6 30:35 10
*Lixa *Lixos Plinio.* 6 45:34 30
Oppinum 7 30:35 20
Subur 6 50:34 50
Banaſa *Valentia Plinio.* 6 30:34 20
Tamuſida 7 :34 15

Silda

Silda	7	50:33	56
Gontiana *Feſſa regia.*	7	40:34	30
Baba *iulia: Cāpeſtris Plin.*	8	10:34	20
Priſciana *Trimiſten.*	9	:34	20
Vobrix	9	20:34	15
*Volubilis	8	15:33	40
Herpis	10	20:33	45
Tocoloſida	7	10:33	30
Triſidis	9	:33	10
Molochath *Mulelachá Plinio.*	10	10:33	6
Benta	9	30:32	50
Galapha	11	:32	40
Oecath	8	30:32	30
Dorath	9	:31	15
Bocanum hemerum	9	20:29	30
Vala	8	30:28	15

Inſulæ autem ſunt ab occaſu prouinciæ in exteriori mari

Pæna inſula	5	:32	0
Erythia inſula *Erythrea Plinio, Geryonis inſula.*	6	:29	0

MAVRITANIAE CAESARIENSIS SITVS. Cap. II.

Tabula prima Africæ

Mauros Græcis Maurißios appellari, ait Strabo, qui & Mauruſij Vitruuio dicūtur, de quorū origine Procopius lib. 4 belli Vandalici.

MAuritania quæ Cæſarienſis dicitur, definitur ab occaſu præfato Tingitanicæ Mauritaniæ latere.

A Septentrionibus Sardoo pelago iuxta Maluæ flu. oſtia, uſq; ad Ampſagæ flu oſtia. Cuius littus ſic circūſcribitur. Poſt Maluæ flu. oſtia

Mega, id eſt, magnum promont. *One ſiue oue uulgo.*	11	30:35	0
Gypſaria portus.	11	50:34	45
Siga ciuitas Colonia *Siphacis & Bochi regia, hodie Zerſen.*	12	:34	40
Sigæ flu. oſtia	12	15:34	30
Aſarath flu. oſtia	12	30:34	30
Fretum magnum *Portus magnus.*	12	45:34	30
Chylemath flu. oſtia	13	:34	0
Vniza colonia *Quiza Plin. Oran regia hodie ſub Hiſpanorū imperio.*	13	20:34	0
Deorum portus	13	30:33	45
Arſenaria Colonia *Arze uulgo.*	13	50:33	50
Cartenni flu. oſtia	14	15:33	40
*Cartenna *Maſtigani, hodie Silef.*	14	30:33	40
Carepula	14	50:33	40
Carcoma *Trada.*	15	10:33	30
Lagnutum	15	30:33	30
Apollinis promont. *Zucugi dictū Plinio.*	15	30:33	40
Caſtra Germanorum	15	50:33	36
Canuccis	16	10:33	30
Chinalaph flu. oſtia	16	40:33	20
*Iulia Cæſarea	17	:33	20

Iol prius dicebatur, Iubæ regia, in Auguſti gratiam Cæſarea uocata, Plin. Strab. Mela & Solinus.

Tipaſa *Teneſe hodie*	17	30:33	30
Via *Briſch uulgo.*	17	40:33	0
Icoſium	18	:33	0
Saui flu. oſtia	18	10:33	20
Ruſtoniū *Ruſconiæ Plin.*	18	30:32	45
Ruſicibar	18	45:32	50
Modunga	19	10:32	56
Serbetis flu. oſtia *Sardabala Plinio.*	19	30:32	50
Ciſſe *Cerlel uulgo.*	19	45:32	50
Addyme	20	:32	50
Ruſſoccoru *Ruſcurium Plinio.*	20	15:32	45
Iomnyum	20	30:32	45
Ruſubirſis	20	45:32	40
Ruſazus *Ruzaſus Plin.*	21	:32	40
Vabar	21	20:32	30
*Saldæ Colonia *Alger hodie, regnum Barbaroſſæ.*	22	:32	30
Naſabath flu. oſtia *Nabar Plinio.*	22	10:32	30
Chobath	22	40:32	20
Siſaris flu. oſt. *Vſar Plin.*	23	:32	15
Iarſath	23	20:32	6
Audum promont.	23	40:32	15

Et in Numidico ſinu

Numidæ Græcis dicuntur Nomadæ quaſi errantes uagabundi & rei pecuariæ dediti, à νομεύω quod eſt paſco. Metagonitis terra à Græcis appellata. In hoc ſinu eſt hodie Bugia ciuitas & regnum, de qua Hiſpani habent cum Sarracenis controuerſiam.

Audi flu. oſtia	23	50:32	0

Igilgili	24	:31	45
Guli flu. oſtia	24	40:31	50
Aſarath	25	10:31	45
Ampſagæ flu. oſtia	26	15 31	45
Fontes fluuij	26	30:26	0

Ab oriẽte uero limites habet Aphricã iuxta Ampſagã flu. uſq; ad finẽ, cuius gradus ſunt 27 50:26 0

A meridie aũt Libycis terminatur gentibus iuxta lineam, quæ ſupra Getuliam auſtrales terminos iungit

* In prouincia uero montes inſigniores hi ſunt

Durdus mons, cuius oriẽtalis pars continet partes 15 :29 30

Occidentalis autem pars, ut fertur 10 :29 30

Zalacus mons	16	:31	40
Et Garaphi montes	16	:28	40

Et Madethubadus mõs, cuius fines habent 13 : 26 40 & 17 30 : 26

Et Cinnaba mons	19	50:26	0
Et Byren mons	20	30:31	0

Et Phruræſus mõs, cuius fines gradus habent 18 30: 28 40 & 21: 26 30

Et Gatas mons	23	:28	0
Et Valua mons	22	:26	0

Et Buzare occidua, quorum ſitus 25 : 25 30 : & 28 : 27

Tenent autẽ regionẽ ab occaſu Herpiditani ſub mõtibus Chalcorychijs appellatis. Sub quibus Taladuſij & Sorei. Inde qui Soreis magis meridiõales ſunt Maſæſyli. Sub quibus Dryitæ. Poſtea poſt Durdũ montẽ Elulij, et Tolotæ, ac Nacmuſij, uſq; ad montes Garaphos. Taladuſijs aũt magis orientales ſunt uſq; ad oſtia Chinalaph flu. Machuſij. Sub quib. Zalacus mons. Et poſt hũc Mazices. Poſtea Bãturari. Et ſub Garaphis mõtibus Acuenſij, & Myceni, & Maccuræ. Et ſuper monte Cinnaba Enabaſi Qui uero magis oriẽtales ſunt ꝙ Zalacus mons ſupra mare Machurebi. Sub quibus Tulẽſij. Poſt Baniuri. Sub quibus Machures. Poſt Thalaſſij, & Malchubij. Iterũq; magis orientales Tulenſijs ſunt Mucuni, & Chituæ, uſque ad Ampſagam fluuium, Sub hijs autem Cidamuſij. Poſt Toducæ, iuxta fontes Ampſagæ fluuij.

Ciuitates autem ſunt in regione mediterranea hæ

Vasbatia	12	30:34	0
Celama	12	10:33	20
Vrbara	12	50:33	30
Lanigata	12	:33	0
Villa Vicus	12	40:32	0
Atoa	12	30:31	10
Mniara	12	50:33	0
Timici	13	50:33	10
Aſtacilis	13	20:33	10
Arina	13	30:30	50
Aripa *aliter Ritia.*	14	:30	50
Victoria	14	30:32	20
Giglua	14	30:32	30
Bunobora	14	30 31	30
Vagæ *Tigaua Plinio.*	15	15:30	45
Manliana	15	50:28	50
Apphar	14	40:33	15
* Oppidium nouum Colonia	16	:32	40
Burca	15	50:30	50
Tarrum	16	15:30	0
Garra	15	10:32	50
* Zuchabari *Succubar Plinio.*	16	50:32	40
Irath	17	:32	0
Teniſſa	17	50:31	10
Lamida	18	30:31	20
Vaſana	18	20:31	40
Caſmara	18	10:30	50
Binſitta	28	30:30	40
Pigaua	18	50:30	10
Nigilgia	18	16:30	15
Thiſizima	18	10:29	10
Chizala *aliter Chozala*	18	40:32	30
Hydata therma, id eſt, aquæ calidæ colonia	18	:32	10
Phloria	19	20:31	40
Oppidium	19	10:31	10
Labdia	19	50:29	50
Tucca	20	:31	30
Badea	20	:30	45
Gaſmara	18	:32	40
Beda Colonia	18	30 32	10
Symitha	20	20:32	15
Thibinis	21	:31	10
Izatha	21	:30	20
Auximis	21	:29	30

Et iuxta

Et iuxta Phoēmij fluuij fontes, qui amni Sauo admiſcetur

Suburgia 21 :28 20

Poſtea iterū ab alio principio ciuit. hę,

Thudaca 20 50:32 30

Tigis 19 30:32 30

Turaphilum 21 20:31 15

Sudaua 22 20:32 0

Thuſiathath *aliter Tuſiagath.* 22 20:31 30

Vſſara 22 :30 40

Vazagada 22 30:30 10

Auxia *aliter Auxina, Auzea caſtellum.* 22 10:29 40

*Tubuſuptus *Thubuſcū oppidū Tacito.* 23 45:31 20

Rhobonda 23 20:31 20

Auſum 23 :30 40

Zaratha 23 30:30 30

Nababurum 23 :30 0

Vitaca 23 45:29 30

Thubuna 23 50:28 30

Thamaritha 23 10:27 15

Augala 24 50:31 20

Suptu 24 20:30 45

Hippa 24 50:30 20

Vamiceda 25 10:30 0

Sittici Colonia 26 :29 20

Sittianorū coloniā Plinius & Pompon. dicunt eſſe Cirtā illā regiā ex Salluſt. notam. Sed Ptolem. duas facere uidetur, Cirtā Iuliā uocās ſequenti tabula.

Tumarra 26 30:29 0

Germiana 26 :28 30

Pæpia 24 50:28 14

Veſcethra 24 30:27 30

Aegæa 26 :27 10

Taruda 25 45:26 30

Inſula adiacet Iuliæ Cæſareę, cum ciuitate inſigni, quę ipſa Iulia Cæſarea dicitᷣ inſula, in qua ciuitas eodem nomine, cuius gradus ſunt 17 30:33 40

APHRICAE SITVS.

Cap. III.

Tabula Secunda Aphricę.

Hanc Plin. Zeugitanā nominat, alij Numidiā nouā.

APhricę latus occidentale terminatᷣ Mauritania Cæſarienſi iuxta expoſitam lineam per Ampſagā fluuium Septentrionale uero pelago Aphricano, quod ab Ampſaga fluuio, uſque ad ſinū interiorē magnę Sirtis pertinet. Cuius deſcriptio ſic ſe habet.

Poſt Ampſagæ flu. oſtia.

In ſinu Numidico

Eius intima 27 :31 45

Collops magnus, uel Cullu *Giger regia ciuitas.* 27 30:32 20

Ruſicada 27 40:32 30

Tretum promont. *Tritum Straboni.* 27 45:32 45

Vzicath *aliter Thuzicath.* 28 10:32 30

Olcachites ſinus *Alcou hodie ciuitas.* 28 40:32 0

Tacatya *Tacatua Plinio.* 29 :32 30

Collops paruus 29 20:32 36

Siur portus 29 40:32 40

Hippi promontoria. 30 :32 45

Stoborum promont. *Stoora hodie ciuitas* 30 10:32 40

Aphrodiſiū Colonia 30 20:32 10

Hippon regia *cuius epiſcopus Aug. Bona hodie* 30 20:32 15

Rubricati flu. oſtia *Armua Plinio.* 30 45:32 15

*Tabraca Colonia *Sabathra Silio, Stephano autem & Polybio Tabathra, hodie Bugia regia.* 31 15:32 20

Apollinis templum 31 40:32 50

Neptumni aræ 32 :32 45

Hippon uel equorum citatio 32 30:32 45

Thmiſſa *Thiniſſa rectius, Tunis regnum Barbarroſſæ, alij Tunez.* 33 :32 30

Apollinis promont. 33 20:33 15

*Ityca *Vtica legendum, Vticenſis Cato, hodie Benſert.* 33 40:32 45

Cornelij Caſtrametatio 33 40:32 30

Bagradæ flu. oſtia *Bragada.* 34 :32 20

*Carthago urbs magna *Byrſa quondam Carchedonē Græci uocāt.* 34 50:32 20

Catadæ flu. oſtia 34 50:32 30

Maxula *Maxulla.* 35 :32 40

Carpis *Carpi.* 35 :33 0

Niſua *Miſua Plinio.* 35 :33 10

Clipea *Clupea, Clypea, Quipia uulgo.* 34 :33 20

Hermęa extrema *Mercurij promont. Pomp. Mela, contra Siciliã Plin. uulgo cabo denubia.*
35 :33 36
Aſpis 35 20:33 20
Curobis *Curubis Plin.* 35 30:33 10
Neapolis Colonia *Maometta uulgo.*
35 45:33 0
Siagul *Suſa uulgo.* 36 :32 50
Aphrodiſium *Africha uulgo.*
56 15:32 40
* Adrumentũ Colonia *Adrametum Procopio, Adruma Strab.* 36 40:32 40
Rhuſpina 36 50:32 50
Leptis patua 37 10:32 36
Thapſus 37 30:32 30
Achola 37 45:32 45
Rhuſpæ 38 :32 20
Brachodes extrema *Monexi uulgo.*
38 30:32 20
Vſilla 38 10:32 30
Taphrura *uulgo Fachs. Taphra, una ex Tripoli.* 38 30:32 0

Syrtis paruæ ſitus

Thænæ *Thena Plin. Thera Straboni.*
38 30:31 20
Macodama *Macomades.* 38 30:31 15
Tritonis flu. oſtia *Tritonia Pallas.*
38 40:30 45
Tacapa *Tacape Plinio. Capis uulgo.*
38 50:30 30
Gichthis 39 20:30 50
Hedaphtha ciuitas iuxta finem
40 10:31 15
Zetha extrema 40 40:31 40
Sabathra *Sabrata Plin. Raxamabes uulgo.*
41 :31 30
Piſidon portus 41 15:31 30
Heoa *Oeenſis Plin. Oea Pomponio, altera ex Tripoli Africana.* 41 30:31 40
Garapha portus 41 15:31 40
* Neapolis quæ & Leptis magna
42 :31 40
Neapolim Plin. diſtinguit à Lepti magna, quæ tertia eſt ex Tripoli Africana uulgo Tripol in Barbaria regia ciuitas.
Cyniphi flu. oſtia 42 15:31 30
Barathia *Brata uulgo.* 42 40:31 30
Cinſternæ 43 15:31 20
Triẹrorum promont. 43 15:31 20

Syrtis magnæ

Macomaca uilla *Meſorota uulgo.*
43 30:30 45
Aſpis 43 40:30 20
Sacamaza uicus *Zedicbo uulgo.*
43 56:30 0
Pyrgos Euphranta 44 10:29 40
Pharaxa uicus 44 30:29 0
Aſportis uic. *Naym ciuit.* 45 :29 0
Hippi extrema *Cabo de forta.*
46 :29 0
Philæni uilla 46 45:29 0
Aræ Philænorum, duorum fratrum, dicũtur. Hiſtoriam uide apud Valer. lib. 5. & Salluſt. in bello Iugurthino. hodie dicitur portus de Sabia.
Sub hãc eiuſdẽ nominis Arę terminus Aphricæ ſunt
Orientale uero latus terminatᷣ poſt interiorem ſinũ Syrtis, inde linea uerſus meridiem ducta, iuxta Cyrenaicam uſq; ad finem, cuius ſitus
47 :25 0
Meridionale uero latus terminatur linea, quæ expoſitos duos fines iũgit iuxta Getuliam & deſerta Libyæ
Mõtes in prouincia inſignes ſunt Buzara, cuius pars oriẽtalis gradus habet 28 :27 0
Et mons Audus 28 30:29 30
Et Thãbes mons, cuius limites habẽt partes 29 30:27 30 & 32:28 30
Ex quo fluit Rubricatus flu. & mons, qui dicitur Cirna 33 :30 0
A quo paludes inuicem contiguæ connectũtur. Et Hipponites palus, quæ gradus habet 32 40:32 30
Et Siſara palus 33 :31 0
Et Mampſarus mons, cuius fines cõtinent gradus 33:27 30 & 36 30:26 15
A quo Bagradas flu. decurrit
Et qui uocatur Dios mons, uel Iouis
37 30:31 15
Et Vſaletus mõs *aliter Vaſaletus*. cuius fines cõtinẽt grad. 37:28 & 39 30:56 30
A quo fluit Tritõ amnis, & in ipſo paludes Tritonis ſcilicet 38 40:29 40
Et Pallas palus 38 30:29 15
Et quæ uocatur Libya palus
38 30:28 15
Et Gillius mons *Gigion aliter.*
40 30:29 30

Et Thizib

Et Thizibi mons 41 15:28 0

Et Zuchabarus mons, cuius fines habent partes 40 : 26 15 : & 43 30 : 40

A quo fluit Cyniphus fluuius, & Acaba fons, cuius gradus ſunt 45 15:26 10

Tenent aũt occidentalia Aphricæ uſque ad mare Cyrteſij & Nabatræ. Poſt hos uerſus ſolis ortum Ionij. Et Numidiam, nouamq́ꝫ prouinciã, uſqꝫ Tabracem. Poſt Mideni, & qui iuxta Carthaginem ſunt. Sub quibus Libyę Phœnices. Poſt uſqꝫ paruam Syrtim Machyni. Et ſub ipſam Cinichij *Cinithios Tacitus, Ethinos Plinius.* qui magis ad ortũ uergũt. Et uſqꝫ ad Cyniphũ flu. Nigitimi. Et circa fluuium ipſum Lotophagi. *Ex loto arbore uictitãt, cuius fructus adeò eſt dulcis, ut Homero teſte, Vlyßis ſocijs patriæ obliuionẽ incuſſerit.* Poſtea ultra magnã Syrtim Samamycij. Et deinde Nycpij. Quibus ſubiacẽt Eleones. Iterũ autẽ Cyrteſijs et Numidia auſtraliores ſub Audo mõte ſunt Miſulami. *Muſulanos Tacitus, Miſulanos Plin.* Sub quibus Natabutæ. Poſt Niſibes. Midenis autem Mizdij. Sub quibus Muſuni. Poſtea ſub Thãme monte Sabubures. Sub quibus Haliardi & Sitaphius campus.

A meridionali autẽ Libyphœnicũ eſt Bazacitis regio. Sub qua Zutæ. *Ozuti.* Poſtea Cerophęi, & Mampſari, ſupra eiuſdẽ nominis montẽ. Sub monte autem ſunt Moturij. Sub Machinis aũt ſunt Machryes. Poſt Gephes, poſt q̃s Mimaces. Et ſub Vſalętũ, *Vaſalætum aliter* montem Vzaræ & principium Libyæ deſertæ.

Similiter autẽ ſub Cinithijs ſunt Sigiploſij. Poſt Achæmenes. Poſt Muturgures. Sub quib. Muchthuſij. Sub Nigitimis autẽ ſunt Aſtacures. Sub Lotophagis Eropęi. Poſtea Dolopes. Sub quibus Erebidæ. Sub Samamicijs aũt ſunt Damẽſij. Poſt Nigbeni. Sub quibus Nycpij. Sub Nycpijs aũt & Elæonis Macæi Syrtitæ. Et deſerta Libya.

Ciuitates uero in prouincia mediterraneæ inter Ampſagã fluuium, & Thabracam ciuitatem ſunt.

Cirteſiorum quidem

*Cirta Iulia	26	50:31	10
Miræum	26	40:30	20
Vaga	28	:31	40
Lares	27	30:30	40
Apari	27	40:29	40
Azama *Zama Salluſtio, Floro, & cæteris.*	27	:27	50

Numidiæ nouæ

Culcua Colonia	28	30:31	15
Thunudronũ Colon.	28	20:30	30
Aſpucca	29	30:32	20
Simiſchi	29	31:31	20
Tuburnica Colonia	30	:31	40
Tucca	29	30:31	20
Thieba Colonia	29	30:30	45
Tuburſica	29	20:30	30
Vcibi	30	:29	45
Gauſaphna	29	15:31	0
Lambæſa	29	:30	0

Legio auguſta tertia

Thubutis	29	30:28	20
Bullaria *Bula Procopio: Bulla regia Plinio.*	30	40:31	30.
*Sicca Veneria	30	30:30	50
Aſſurus	30	50:30	30
Naranga	30	:30	10
Thebeſca	30	30:29	45
Thumuſda	31	40:32	0
Madurus *Madaurenſis Plinio.*	32	:31	30
Ammædara	32	10:30	30
Thanutada	32	:29	45
Gazacupada	31	10:29	15
Gedne	31	40:28	45

Inter Thabraca autem ciuitatem & Bagradam fluuium

Canopiſi	32	15:32	30
Meldita	32	40:31	30
Vzan	33	15:31	20
Thiſica	33	15:32	0
Cipipa	34	:31	45
Theudali	33	20:31	40
Auitta	33	30:30	15
Tobros	34	:30	30
Ilica	34	30:30	20
Tucca	34	:29	50
Dabia	33	:29	45
Bendina	34	30:29	20
Vazua	33	20:29	10

Nenſa	34	10:28	45
Aquæ calidæ	33	40:28	15
Zigira	33	10:27	50
Thaſia	33	:27	40
Thunuba	33	20:27	30
Muſte	33	40:27	30
Themiſua	34	40:28	40
Zamamizon	34	20:28	0
Timica	34	50:27	47
Tuſcubis	35	30:28	10

Inter Bagradam autem amnē et Tritonem flu. ſub Carthagine quidem

Maxula uetus	34	10:32	30
Vol	34	45:32	30
Thimiſa	35	:32	10
Cuina Colonia	35	30:31	30
*Vthina	34	15:31	20
Audira	34	30:30	50
Mediccara	35	20:31	10
Thuburbo *Tuburbis Plinio.*	35	:30	10
Tucma	35	30:30	10
Ballam:nſa	34	20:30	0
Cerbica	36	:30	0
Nuroli	34	20:29	30
Ticelia	34	40:29	0
Saſura	36	:29	40
Cilma	35	30:29	10
Vepillium	36	15:29	0
Thabba	35	20:28	20
Tichaſa	36	:28	40
Negeta	36	:27	50
Bunthum	36	15:29	20

Sub Adrumento autem ciuitate

Almæna	35	15:30	40
Vticna	35	40:32	30
Charbaſa	36	:32	20
Turza	35	40:31	50
Vlizibira *Vluſuburitanum Plinio.*	36	:31	20
Orbita	36	20:32	0
Vzita	36	50:32	20
Giſira	36	20:31	45
Zurmentum	37	:32	30
Zalapa	36	45:31	45
Auguſtum	36	20:30	40
Lex	36	20:30	30
Auidus	36	40:30	0
Vbata	36	45:29	20
Tiſurus	36	50:28	40

*Thyſdrus	37	50:32	0
Vzecia	37	56-31	10
Setienſis	37	45:31	30
Laſice	37	10:31	20
Bizacina *Byzacium Procopio.*	37	50:30	45
Targarum	37	15:30	30
Kararus	37	:30	20
Campſa *Capſa omnibus dicitur.*	37	30:29	45
Putea	37	50:29	10
Caraga	38	10:29	40
Muruis	38	10:30	45
Zugar	38	:30	30

Inter autem duas Syrtes ciuitates hæ

Chuzis	39	30:30	0
Sumucis	40	20:30	30
Piſinda	41	:31	0
Sabrata	41	15:30	50
Syddenis	41	40:31	10
Azuis	42	45:31	10
Geriſa	43	:30	50
Iſcina	43	20:30	30
Ammonis	42	:30	40
Amuncla	42	40:30	10
Muſte uicus	42	30:28	40
Butta	42	40:28	30
Tege	42	40:27	30
Durga	43	:26	30
Sicapha	43	30:30	0
Vddita	43	20:28	40
Galybe	43	40:29	10
Thagulis	44	15:29	0

Inſulæ uero adiacent Aphricæ iuxta continentem hæ

Hydras inſula	28	:33	0
Calathe inſula *Gaulos & Galata Plinio.*	31	:33	40
Dracontinus inſula	33	15:34	15
Aegimnus inſula *Aegimurus Straboni.*	31	15:33	15
Larunesiæ inſulæ duæ	37	:33	30
Lopaduſa inſula	39	:33	20
Aethuſa inſula	39	30:33	20
Cercinna inſula & ciuitas *aliâs Cerauna.*	39	:32	15

Lotophagites inſula, in qua ciuitates duæ *Mirmex dicitur Plin. Meninx & Strab.*

Gerrapolis	39	15:31	15
*Mininx ciuitas	39	30:31	20

Miſynus

Miſynus inſula 44 40:30 40
Pontia inſula 45 20:30 15
Gaia inſula 46 :29 40
Pelagiæ uero inſulæ Aphricæ hæ ſunt
*Coſſira inſula & ciuitas *aliâs Gloſyra, Corſura Straboni.* 37 20:34 20
Glauconis inſula & ciuitas
36 20:34 40
*Melite inſula in qua ciuitas
Melite 38 45:34 40
Et Cherſoneſos 38 40:34 45
Et Iunonis templum *Iunora inſula.*
39 :34 40
Et Herculis templum 38 45:34 6

CYRENES SITVS
Cap. IIII.

Tabula tertia Aphricæ.

Pentapolis alio nomine dicitur, à quinq; eius præclaris urbibus, Berenice, Arſinoë, Ptolemaide, Apollonia, Cyrene.

Cyrenaica prouincia definitur ab occaſu quidem Syrti magna, et Aphrica, iuxta lineã, quę à Philenis aris uerſus meridiem eſt, uſq; ad finem, Cuius ſitus continet gradus 46 45:29 uſque ad 47 :25 0
A ſeptentrionibus Libyco pelago, iuxta littus q̃d eſt ab interiore ſinu Syrtis uſq; Darnidem ciuitatẽ. Cuius deſcriptio ſic ſe habet.
Poſt Phylæni uillam
Automalax præſidiũ *Automala Straboni, Eſtani uulgo.* 47 15:29 10
Drepanum promont. 47 15:29 20
Maritimæ ſtationes *Salinat uulgo.*
47 20:29 40
Diarrœa portus 47 15:30 0
Herculis turris *Zinayra uulgo.*
47 20:30 30
Diacherſis præſidium *Carcorella.*
47 20:30 50
Boreum promont. finis Sirtis
47 15:31 10
Borion, Hyporegius. Hypon deinde dictum.
Bryorum littus 47 30:31 15

Pentapolis

*Berenice, quæ & Heſperides
47 45:31 20
Heſperis primo, Callimacho & Plin. Barcè Strab. & Herodoto, hodie uulgo Bernicho.
Lathonis flu. oſtia *Lethon.*
48 15:31 20
*Arſinoë, quæ & Theuchira *Trochara uulgo.* 48 40:31 20
*Ptolemais *Tolometa uulgo.*
49 6:31 10
Auſigda *Zadra uulgo.* 49 30:31 30
Aptuchi fanum 49 30:31 40
Phycus promont. & Caſtellum
50 :31 50
*Apollonia *Bonandria uulgo.*
50 10:31 40
Nauſtathmos portus 50 20:31 40
Erythron locus 50 30:31 30
Cherſis uilla 50 45:31 20
Zephyriũ promont. 51 :31 20
Darnis *Dardanis aliter.* 51 15:31 15
Ab ortu uero ſolis fines habet Marmaricæ partem iuxta extẽſam lineam à Darnide, uerſus meridiem, uſq; ad finem, Cuius ſitus 51 15:25 0
A meridie deſerta Libyę iuxta lineam extẽſam, coniungentẽ duos terminos
Habet autẽ prouincia montes qui appellantur Herculis harenæ, quorum medium grad. habet 48 40:29 0
Et Velpos montes 47 40:29 30
Et Bæcolicũ montem 51 :26 30
Et paludes marinas, & eam quæ à Lathone flu. diuertitur, cuius medium continet gradus 47 45:31 10
Lethes dicitur, infernalis flu. poëtis celebris, cuius aquæ guſtus præteritorum efficit obliuionem.
Et paludẽ, quæ ſub Paliuro eſt, in qua Conchylium 50 30:30 10
Tenẽt aũt prouinciã ſub Pẽtapoli quidẽ Barcitæ, ab oriẽtali plaga hortorũ Heſperidũ, quibus magis etiã ad oriẽtem Ararauceles. *Hortus Heſperidum aurea mala proferens, quæ peruigili dracone interẽpto Hercules ſurripuit.* Sub hortis aũt Heſperidum ſunt Herculis cumuli arenoſi. Et qui magis orientales ſunt Asbetæ. Poſt iuxta Aphricã ſub Velpis mõtibus Macatutæ. Et deinde Laganicorũ ſpecus. Magis aũt orientales ipſis ſunt Pſylli. Et deinde loca ſunt ferarũ plena. Et Silphiophera regio, necnõ Libyę deſerta

Ciuitates mediterraneæ in prouincia hæ ſunt,

* Cyrene *Battidas Silius nominat Cyrenenſes*
50 :31 20
Archile 50 30:31 15
Chærecla 48 30:31 20
Neapolis 49 :31 20
Artamis uicus 49 45:31 10
Zemythus 49 50:31 30
Barce 49 15:31 45
Rhaga *Aropus poſtea dicta.*
49 40:31 0
Celida 50 30:30 40
Hydra 50 50:3ↄ 45
Alibaca 49 10:30 10
Thintis 50 :30 15
Cęnopolis 50 45:30 20
Phalacra 49 45:30 30
Marabina 48 :30 0
Auritina 49 45:29 30
Acabis 50 30:29 40
Maranthis uicus 47 30:29 40
Andan oppidum *aliter Agaua.*
47 45:19 0
Echinus pagus 49 30:28 40
Philonis uicus 51 :28 40
Arimantis oppidum 51 :28 56

Inſulæ autem penes regionem ſunt.

Myrmex inſula 48 40:31 50
Læa ſeu Veneris inſ. 50 10:31 56

MARMARICAE LIBYAE *& Aegypti totius circumſcriptio.* Cap. V.

Tabula tertia Europæ.

Marmarica appellatur hac ætate Barcha, ab Alexandria uſq; Cyrenē, aſpera regio, & homines feri. In Aegypto ciuitates & oppida inſignia ultra 18. millia fuiſſe tradit Diod. Sicu. Plin. 20. millia.

MArmarica cū Aegypto terminaē ab occaſu Cyrenaica, iuxta lineam, quę extenditur per Darnidem ciuitatem, & parte interiores Libyæ ſub eodem meridiano, uſq; finem, cuius ſitus
51 15:23 0
A ſeptentrionib. uero Aegyptiaco pelago iuxta littoris deſcriptionē hanc Marmaricæ Nomi *νομός præfectura ſeu prouincia dicitur.*

Axilis uilla 51 40:31 15
Cherſoneſus magna *Cabo de Raxatimi.*
52 :31 40
Phthia portus *Plynus dicitur Straboni.*
52 10:31 15
Paliurus 52 15:31 15
Batrachus portus *Menelaus appellatus.*
52 30:31 15.
Petræ paruæ portus 52 45:31 15
Antipyrgus *Tetrapyrgia Strab. Lucho uulgo.*
53 20:31 15
Scythranius portus 53 30:31 10
Catæonium promont. 53 45:31 15
Ardanis promontorium *Ardanaxes.*
54 :31 10
Petræ magnę portus *Hinc ad Cretam 500. miliaria.* 45 10:31 10

Libyæ Nomi littus

Panormus portus 54 20:31 10
Cathabathmos magnus
54 30:31 15
Aeneſiſphyra portus *Neſiſphira Strab.*
55 :31 10
Zygris uilla 55 15:31 10
Chettæa uilla 55 30:31 10
Zagylis uilla 55 45:31 10
Selinus portus 56 :31 30
Triſarchi uilla 56 20:31 6
Apis 56 40:31 6
*Paratonium 57 :31 10
Hammoniā alij, eſt ciuitas & portus ingēs Strabo.
Pythis extrema 57 10:31 10
Greaſgony ſeu Vetulæ portus
57 20:31 6
Callij promont. 57 30:31 10
Zygis portus 57 40:31 6
Leuce acte, uel Album littus
57 50:31 10
Leucogeum, Alba acta Straboni, hodie Ripæ albæ.
Hermæa extrema 58 :31 15
Phœnicis portus 58 20:31 10
Antiphra uilla 58 40:31 6
Derris extrema 58 50:31 20
Leucaſpis portus 59 :31 6
Glaucum promont. 59 10:31 10

Mareoti Nomi littora

Chimo uicus *Cynoſſema.*
59 30:31 6
Plinthine *Plintina.* 59 45:31 0

Cherſoneſus

Cherſoneſus parua portus *Boſire hodie ibi ciuitas pulchra.* 60 :31 6

Totius Aegypti Metropolis

*Alexandria *Scanderia Turcis dicitur.* 60 30:31 0

Menelai Metropolis

Canobos *Canopus alijs, Bochir hodie.* 60 45:31 6

Nili oſtia Septem

Heracleoticũ oſtium 60 56:31 6

Naucraticum Plinius, Mela Canopicum, hodie Roxetum, roſetto

Bolbitinum oſtium 61 15:31 6

Sebennyticũ oſtium 61 30.31 6

Pineptimi pſeudoſtomum 61 45:31 0

Diolcos pſeudoſtomum 62 10:31 10

Pathmeticum oſtium *Phatnicum straboni.* 62 30:31 10

Mendeſium oſtium 62 45:31 10

Taniticũ oſtium *Tanicum Plinio & Strab.* 63 :31 15

Peluſiacum oſtium 63 15:31 15

Peluſium ciuitas *Damiata hodie, Hebraicè Sin, olim Heliopolis.* 63 20:31 10

Gerrũ terminus *Gerra.* 63 30:31 20

Caſſiotidis

Caſſium 63 45:31 15

Caſius eſt mons, ubi Iouis Caſij templum, & Pompei ſepulchrum.

Eruptio Sirbonidis paludis 63 56:31 10

Oſtracine *Stragioni uulgo. Aſedech Hebraicè, Lariſſa hodie.* 64 15:31 50

Rhinocorura 64 40:31 50

Anthedon 64 50:31 40

Ab oriente terminaẽ parte Iudææ, quę eſt ab Anthedone ciuitate uſq; finẽ, cuius ſitus 64 15:30 44

Et inde Arabia Petræa uſq; ad Heroũ urbem interioris partis ſinus Arabici, cuius ſitus 63 30:29 50

Heroopolis & Aemon Stephano, in Biblijs dicitur terra Hieſſen, Iſraëlitarum manſio.

Et parte Arabici ſinus iuxta littoris deſcriptionem hanc. Poſt interiorẽ ſinum præfatum, qui gradus habet 63 30:29 50

Acant ſinus, ubi ciuitas Zuem. Acant ſinũ uocãt Arabes.

Arſinoë *Cleopatrida poſt dicta.* 63 20:29 10

Clyſma præſidium 63 20:28 50

Drepanũ promont. 64 :27 50

*Miſormus 64 30:27 15

Philoteras portus 64 15:26 45

Philoteris Pomponio, Aenum Plinio, & eſt ciuitas in eo portu celebris

Aias mons 64 20:26 30

Leucos, hoc eſt, Albus portus 64 30:26 0

Acabe mons 64 30:25 45

Nechesia 64 30:25 30

Smaragdus mons 64 50:25 0

Lepte extrema 64 40:24 40

*Berenice *Choſair portus.* 64 6:23 50

Pentapactylũ mons 64 45:23 30

Baziũ promontoriũ 65 :23 0

A meridie aũt definitur linea inde extẽſa uſq; ad præfatũ finẽ in Libya interiori, cui lineæ adiacet Aethiopia, quę eſt poſt Aegyptum. Montes autem in prouincia inſignes ſunt Baſciſæ,

Quorum medium 52 20:30 0

Et Anagõbri montes 54 :27 30

Et Aſiphus mons 55 :30 30

Et Aſpis mons 57 30:30 40

Et Ogdamus mons 58 :29 30

Et Tinodes mons 58 30:26 40

Et Azar mons, cuius fines 51 30 :23 30 & 53:23 30

Et Libyci montes ab occidẽtali plaga Nili amnis, quorum fines 61 :29 & 60 30:23 30

Paludes autem hæ ſunt

Cleartis palus 52 :26 20

Et Lacci palus 55 30:26 40

Et Lycomedis palus 57 :24 0

Et Solis fons 58 15:28 0

Et Maria palus *Arapotes, Mareotis.* 60 15:30 50

Et Mœridis lacus *Muridem & Lyridem diuerſis appellari Hermolaus notat.* 60 20:29 20

Et Sirbonis palus 64 15:31 0

Tenẽt autem plagam maxime ſeptentrionalem Marmaricæ Nomi Libyarchæ, & Aniritę, et Baſſachitæ. Sub quibus Apotonitæ

Poſtea

Poſtea qui etiam ijs auſtraliores ſunt,
Augilæ,quorũ ſitus 52 30.28 0
Augilarum fœminæ, nocte qua nubunt omniũ coitu proſtituũtur, exinde pudicitiam maxime ſeruantes: autor Herodotus, Mela & Solinus.

Poſt quos Naſamones,& Bacatæ, Poſtea Auchiſę & Tapanitæ. Poſt quos Sentites & Obilæ. Poſtea Aezari. Libyę aũt Nomi,quę ſupra mare ſunt, colũt Zygritæ,& Chattani & Zyges. Meridionalia uero Buzes, & Ogdæmi. Poſt quos Adyrmachitæ. Poſtea Hammoniaca regio,cuius ſitus
55 30:28 0

Poſt Anagõbri. Poſt Iobãchi & Ruaditæ. Mareoti uero pars,quæ mari imminet Tenia dicitur. Interiora autẽ tenent Goniatę et Proſoditæ. Poſt quos Scythiaca regio,cuius ſitus
60 40:30 10

Et poſt Maſtitę, His etiam auſtraliora incolunt Nitriotæ,& Oaſitæ, quorũ ſitus 59 30:29 30
Poſt quos Libyægyptij
Iuxta aũt totũ auſtrale latus Marmaricę,& Libyę ptingit Diãmos & Abrochos regio. *διάμμος & ἄβροχος, id eſt, arenoſa, et ſine pluuia.* Vniuerſum uero littorale latus iuxta Arabicũ ſinũ tenent Arabes Aegyptij. Ichthyophagi, in quibus dorſa montium ſunt
Troigi lapidis mõtis *Exieleſæ petræ Strab.*
62 40:29 15
Et Alabaſtreni mõtis 63 :28 0
Et Porphyriti montis 63 :26 40
Et nigri lapidis 63 :24 20
Et Baſaniti lapidis 64 :23 30

In Marmatica opp. mediter. hæc ſunt,
Leucoẽ 51 20:31 0
Bonchyris 52 20:33 0
Leucæ uel Albæ camini
53 10:30 50
Menelaus 53 40:31 0
Gaphara 54 :30 20
Maſuchis *Manſuchis.* 53 30:30 40
Maſadalis 51 20:30 30
Abathuba 51 30:30 0
Lucæ uel Albæ Napę, *id eſt, ſaltus, ſyluoſa uallis.* 52 30:30 15
Tacaphotis 53 50:30 10
Dioſcoton 53 30:28 50
Migo 53 30:28 30
Saragina 53 15:28 0
Alo 53 15:28 30
Mazacila 54 20:26 30
Billa 54 30:25 40

Et in Augilis,& Naſamonibus
Augela & Auaſis regio hac etiam etate dicta, uia publica de Mauritania ad Aegyptum.

Augila 52 30:28 0
Et Magri locus 54 20:27 50

Libyę autem Nomi & uici hi ſunt,
Tachorſa 54 50:30 50
Azicis 55 :31 0
Nemeſium 55 30:30 50
Tiſarchi 55 50:30 50
Philonis 55 50:30 30
Sophanis 56 30:30 50
Bibliaphotium 56 20:30 40
Scopæ 56 40:30 30
Callij *Catani populi.* 57 :30 50
Laodamantinum 57 30:31 0
Catabathmus paruus *Ligees populi.*
58 :30 50
Pedonia 58 20:31 0
Pnigeus 58 30:30 30
Glaucum 59 30 50
Tuccitora 55 10:30 15
Thanuthis 55 40:29 45
Pednopum 57 15:29 40
Climax 57 40:30 10
Siropum 56 20:28 45
Mareotis 58 :28 20

Et in Hammoniaca
Auaſis, Amonenſis Plin. ubi Amonis Iouis oraculũ.

Alexandri caſtra 56 30:28 10
Et Hammorũ ciuitas 55 30:28 0

Mareoti autẽ Nomi, ciuitates & uillæ
Tenia regio hac etate.

Monocaminum 59 10:30 30
Halmyre *Salinæ, ſiue terra ſalſugine ſterilis.*
59 40:30 50
Tapoſiris 59 50:30 15
Cobij 59 10:30 20
Antiphili 59 30:30 20
Ierax 59 40:30 40
Phamothis 60 :30 40
Palęmariæ uicus 60 :30 20

Et in Scythiaca regione
Chriſtiana etate heremitis religioſis oppleta.

Scyathis 62 40:30 20
Et circa Mœridis paludẽ *Maſt te populi.*
Banchis 60 30:29 40
Dionyſias *Nitriotæ.* 60 30:29 0
Et in Oaſitis *Oeaſitas alij uocant.*
Oaſſis parua 60 15:28 45
* Oaſſis magna 59 30:26 56
Gademes regio Iacobo Zieglero hæc hodie cenſetur: dactilorum prouentu diues, etiamſi inopia frumenti laboret, negociantur cum Nigritis.

Ipſe autem Nilus, & Nomi, quæ circa ipſum ſunt, præterea inſigniores ciuitates ſic ſe habent.

Magnũ Delta uocatur id, iuxta quod diuertitur fluuius dictus Agathodæmon, hoc eſt, bonus genius, q̃ p oſtium Heracleoticũ defluit in amnẽ appellatum Bubaſticum, qui effluit per oſtium Peluſiacum. Situs autem eſt diuertigij ad Deltam 62 :30 0
Vocatˇ & paruũ Delta id, iuxta quod ſcinditur Bubaſticus fluuius, in amnẽ Buſiriticum, qui excurrit per Pathmeticum oſtium. Habet autem paruum Delta ſitum 62 40:30 20
Vocatur & tertium Delta inter prædicta fermè id, iuxta quod ſcindiť Bubaſticus ad fluuiũ per Thribeũ oppidum excurrentẽ, & p Pineptimi oſtiũ egredientem, cuius & ipſius tertij Deltæ ſitus eſt 62 15:30 6
Iuxta autem magnum Delta diuertitur ab Agathodæmone fluuio ad ſeptentriones. prior quidẽ, q uocaˇ Phermuthiacus flu. *aliter Thermuthiacus*, qui fluit per oſtium Sebennyticum, eiuſq; diuertigium gradus habet 61 30:30 15
Oro inſula & oppidum.

Deinde ſecũdus amnis Taly nomine, qui exit per oſtiũ Bolbitinũ, & ipſius Taly fluuij diuertigium gradus habet *Tala fluuius alijs dicitur.* 61 :30 50
Vnde & Bubaſticus fluuius, & qui deinceps eſt, per æquedistãtem quodammodo maritimæ poſituræ cõiungũt & Phermuthiacũ, & Athribiticũ, & Buſiriticum, & Bubaſticũ amnes, è quib. illi quidẽ in mare, per adiacentes paludes lacuſq; exeunt, iuxta reliqua oſtia.

Alij uero præfatis amnibus magnis im miſcẽtur. Vocaˇ autẽ cõmuni uocabulo regio, quę circa hos eſt fluuios, inferior, cuius Nomi & Metropoles ſunt
Ab occaſu magni fluuij, cũ à mari incipiunus prouinciæ Alexandrinorum Nomos & Metropolis
Mercurij ciuitas parua 61 :30 50
Andropolites Nomus & Metropolis
Andron, hoc eſt, uirorum ciuitas 61 20:30 20
Latopolites Nomus & Metropolis
Latone ciuitas mediterranea 61 30:30 6
Derotte hodie nobilis ciuitas ſine muris.

Inter autem magnum fluuium & Taly fluuiũ ab ortu eiuſdem magni fluuij
Metelites Nomos & Metropolis *Metelis, Meletis Plinio.* 61 :31 0
Inter uero magnum fluuiũ & Phermuthiacum amnem ciuitates hæ ſunt,
Phthenoti Nomos & Metropolis
Butos 61 30:30 45
Cabaſites Nomus & Metropolis
Cabaſa 61 30:30 40
Saites Nomus & Metropolis
Sais *Mineruæ olim cultrix.* 61 30:30 50
Et apud magnum fluuium ab occaſu
Naucratis ciuitas 61 15:30 30
Proſopites Nomus & Metropolis
Ab ortu ſolis iuxta magnum fluuium
Nicij *Niciæ uicus Straboni, hodie Fuoa ciuitas diues.* 61 30:30 20
Inter Phermuthiacum & Athribiticum amnes
Sebennites inferior locus & Metropolis ipſorum
Pachnamunis 61 40:31 0
Xoites Nomus & Metropolis
Xois 61 40:30 45
Phthemphuthi Nomus & Metropolis *Templum uocat Plinius.*
Taua 61 40:30 30
Inter Athribiticũ & Buſiriticũ amnes
Onuphites Nomus & Metropolis
Onuphis 62 6:30 40
Athribites Nomus & Metropolis
Athribis *Murem araneum celebrant.* 62 :30 30

Mendeſius

Mendeſius Nomus & metropolis
Thmuis *Pan & Hircus ab his colebatur.*
62 20:30 50
Sebennytes ſuperior locus & metrop.
Sebennytus 62 20:30 20
Buſirites Nomus & metropolis
Buſiris 62 30:30 15
Leontopolites Nomus & metropolis
Leonum ciuitas *Leonton, Leontopolis.*
62 15:30 36
Inter Buſiriticũ autem & Bubaſticum
amnes Neut Nomus & metropolis
Panephyſis 62 40:31 6
Aegypti ſinus
Tanites Nomus & metropolis
Tanis 62 45:30 50
Hic fuit prima Iſraëlitarum captiuitas, à qua per mare rubrum duce Moſe ſunt erepti: Taphnis & Taphium dicitur: ſita erat in terra Heſſen, ſed nunc deſtructa eſt, ut tradit Brocardus monachus.
Pharbætites Nomus & metropolis
Pharbæthus 62 45:30 30
Ab orientali parte Bubaſtici fluuij
Sethroites Nomus & metropolis
Herculis parua urbs 63 20:31 0
Arabię Nomus & metropolis
Phacuſa 63 10:30 50
Bubaſtices Nomus & metropolis
Bubaſtus *Pibeſeth, hodie Azioth.*
63 6:30 40
Heliopolites Nomus & metropolis
Onij, *aliter Elij.* 62 30:30 10
Rameſſes ubi Iudæi ab accolis bouis latriam didicerunt, ubi Chriſtus cum parentibus exul fuit.
Et in finibus Arabiæ & Aphroditi ciuitates
Babylon *Babulis.* 62 15:30 0
Alcayrum ſiue Cayro nunc uocant: uaſtiſſima urbs, & Sultani erat regia: & interpretatur Cahira, id eſt, munitio.
Heliopolis *Bethſemes.* 62 30:29 50
Heroum ciuitas *Poſidium.*
63 10:29 50
Per hanc et Babylonem ciuitatẽ amnis Traianus fluit. Quæ autẽ magno Delta & inferiori regioni Auſtraliora ſunt Heptanomi uocãtur. Et eſt primus Nomus Memphites & Metropolis ab occaſu fluuij

*Memphis 61 50:29 50
Nophet & Migdol Hebræis, hodie Meſſer.
Similiter ab occaſu flu. mediterranea ciuitas
Acathorum, *aliter Acanthon.*
61 40:29 40
Poſtea iuxta eam partẽ, qua ſcinditur fluuius inſulam faciẽs Heracleopolitem nomnm, Et inſula
Nili ciuitas mediterranea
62 :29 0
Et metropolis apud occidentalem partem fluuij
Herculis ciuitas magna
61 50:29 10
Ab occaſu uero inſulæ
Arſinoites Nomus & metropolis
Mediterranea Arſinoẽ *Crocodilorum ciuitas, quod ibi maxime colerentur.*
61 40:29 30
Et portus Ptolemaïs 61 40:29 20
Ab orientali parte inſulæ
Aphroditopolites Nomus & metrop.
Eiuſdem nominis Aphroditopolis *Veneris ciuitas.* 62 15:29 40
Poſtea ſimiliter ab oriẽtali parte inſulę
Angyrorum ciuitas 62 20:29 20
Conueniunt autem fluuij, qui inſulam faciunt iuxta ſitum 62 :28 45
Cõiungitur autẽ fluuio ab occaſu Nomus Oxyrynchites & metropolis mediterranea
Oxyrynchos *Oxyrynchus piſcis ibi colebatur.* 61 40:28 50
Poſtea ſimiliter Nomus Cynopolites & metropolis ab occaſu fluuij
Co *ibis ciuitas.* 61 50:28 40
Cui opponitur inſula
Cynon uel Canum ciuitas *Cynoſpolis.*
62 10:28 30
Et deinde ab orientali parte fluuij
Acoris 62 :28 30
Et mediterranea
Alabaſtrorum ciuitas 62 30:28 20
Poſtea Hermopolites Nomus & metropolis ab occaſu flu. mediterranea
Hermetis uel Mercurij ciuitas magna *Hermopolis.* 61 40:28 26
Et ab occaſu flu. adiacent cuſtodiæ
61 50:28 15

Cuſtodia

Cuſtodia Hermopolitana, hodie Beniſuaif, laudatiſsimi lini ferax.
Ab orientali autē parte fluuij Nomos Antinoētes & in ipſo Metropolis
Antinoi ciuitas *Antios hodie ciuitas ſuper Nilo ad Aſiam: & iuxta eam Barnabal.*
62 6:28 10
Cui Nomi aſcribuntur Aſitæ dux
Quæ autem adhuc auſtraliora Heptanomis ſunt uocātur Thebais, Et loca ſuperiora.
Sunt & hic ab occaſu quidē fluuij Lycopolites Nomus, & Metropolis mediterranea
Luporum ciuitas *Lycopolis. Iuxta eſt hodie Muniа pulcherrima ciuitas.*
61 45:28 0
Hypſelites Nomus, & Metropolis
Hypſele 61 :27 50
Aphroditopolites Nomus & Metropolis mediterranea
Crocodilorū ciuitas 61 20:27 20
Thinites Nomus & Metropolis
* Ptolemais Hermij 61 50:27 10
Poſtea ciuitas mediterranea ab occaſu fluuij
Abydus *Memnonis regia olim, hodie parua.*
61 20:26 50
Dioſpolites Nomus & Metropolis ſuperiorum locorum
Dios, hoc eſt, Iouis ciuitas parua
61 50:26 40
Tentyrites Nomus & Metropolis
Crocodilorū inimici, quos tamen reliqui Aegyptij uenerantur.
Tentyra 61 50:26 10
Et uicus mediterraneus.
Pampanis 61 30:25 45
Poſtea Memnon & mediterraneus uicus
Tathyris 61 20:25 10
Hermonthites Nomus & Metropolis
Hermonthis 61 50:25 20
Et deinde Latorum ciuitas *Latopolis.*
61 45:25 0
Apollinis ciuitas magna.
61 50:24 40
Poſtea uicus mediterraneus
Phthontis 61 40:24 20
Et inſula Elephātina 61 30:23 50

Ab orientali autem parte fluuij Anteopolites Nomus & Metropolis
Antæi mediterranea 62 20:27 40
Et deinde Paſſalus *Peſla Antonio.*
62 10:27 30
Panopolites Nomus & Metropolis
Panorū ciuit. *Panopolis.* 62 :27 20
Poſtea Lepidotorum ciuitas
62 :26 50
Poſtea Chenoboſcia 62 :26 30
Poſtea Noua ciuitas 62 10:26 20
Coptites Nomus & Metropolis mediterranea
Coptos ciuitas *Emporiū Aegypti & Aethiopiæ.* 62 30:26 0
Poſtea Apollinis ciuitas parua
62 30:25 50
Thebarum Nomus & Metropolis
Thebæ, centum portarum urbs Homero & Iuuenali, Hebræis No ſiue Nō, alijs Dioſpolis. Diodorus Solis urbem ab Aegyptijs appellari tradit, Buſiris à conditore prius nominata.
* Dios uel Iouis ciuitas magna
62 :25 30
Poſtea Tuphium 62 :25 20
Poſtea Chnubis 62 :25 0
Poſtea Elithya, hoc eſt,
Lucinæ ciuitas 62 6:24 45
Poſtea Toi mediterranea
62 15:24 20
Poſtea Ombi 62 :24 6
* Poſtea Syene *Seueneh Hebraicè, Aſna, quod ſignificat illuſtre.* 62 :23 50
Poſtea Dodecaſchœni, à cuius orientali parte ſunt Arabes dicti Adæi, in quibus ab orientali parte fluuij, poſt Cataractam paruam cuius ſitus
61 50:23 45
Hiera, hoc eſt, Sacra Sycaminus
61 45:23 40
Candace regina, inquit Strabo, his locis uſque Meroën imperauit, cuius eunuchus Hieroſolymam ueniens à Philippo eſt baptizatus, Act. 8.
Philæ 61 20:23 30
Metacompſo *Tacompſon Plin.*
61 40:23 6
Contra hanc ab occaſu fluuij Pſelcis
61 10:23 6
Inſulæ autem Libyæ & Aegypto adiacentes in Aegyptio pelago

Aedonis inſula 52 40:31 50
Tyndarij ſcopuli tres 55 50:31 30
Aeneſippa inſula *Eniſiſpis Strab.*
56 30:31 36
Phocuſæ inſulæ duæ 56 50:31 30
Pedonia inſula *Sidonia Straboni.*
58 30:31 30
Didymæ inſulæ duæ 60 :31 30
Pharos inſula 60 20 31 20

In Arabico ſinu inſulæ hæ,

Saſpirene inſula 64 50:28 0
Aphrodites inſula, hoc eſt, Veneris
Aphrodiſia, quæ & Colias.
65 15:25 0
Agathonis inſula 65 15:23 20

INTERIORIS LIBYAE *ſitus.* Cap. VI.

Tabula quarta Aphricæ.

Aphrica tota Græcis dicta eſt Libya, inquit Plin. cuius hæc interior dicitur.

Libya interior definitur à Septentrionib. duab. Mauritanijs, & Aphrica, atq; Cyrenaica iuxta expoſitas ipſarum meridionales lineas.

Ab ortu uerò ſolis parte Marmaricæ iuxta meridianũ Dardaneæ ciuitatis, uſque expoſitum Marmaricæ finem, ac etiã Aethiopia, quæ ſub Aegypto eſt, ex eodem meridiano uſq; ad finem, cuius ſitus 51 15:3 10

A meridie autẽ interiori Aethiopia, in qua Agiſymba eſt regio, iuxta lineam, quæ eſt à prædicto fine, uſq; ad eũ, qui eſt ſecundum Heſperium & magnũ ſinum nũcupatum exterioris pelagi receſſum, cuius ſitus 14 15:5 0

Ab occaſu terminatur occidẽtali oceano à præfato ſinu uſque Tingitanes Mauritaniæ finẽ, cuius littora ſic ſe habent cum parte Tingitanicæ Mauritaniæ, cuius ſitus ſic ſe habet

Subi flu. oſtia 9 :25 0
Salathi flu. oſtia 9 20:22 0
Salathos ciuitas 9 40:22 0
Chuſari flu. oſtia, *Coſenum Plinio.*
10 :21 40
Gannaria extrema 9 30:20 30

Ophiodi flu. oſtia 10 20 :0
Bagaxi ciuitas *Begazi.* 11 :19
Nuij flu. oſtia 10 :18 20
Soluentia extrema *Caput album.*
9 30:17 30
Maſſæ flu oſt. *Maſatat.* 10 30:16 30
Iarzitha ciuitas 10 :15 30
Daradi flu. oſtia *Darat.* 10 :15 0
Magnus portus *Orarani portus, à barbaris Morſacubi.* 10 :14 0
Babiba ciuitas 10 30:13 0
Arſinariũ promõt. 8 :12 0
Ryſſadium promõt. 8 30:12 30

Poſtea in ſinu Heſperio

Stachiris flu. oſtia 9 30:11 0
Perphoſius portus 11 :10 30
Catharum promont. 12 30:9 30
Niæ flu. oſtia 13 30:9 0
Heſperi Ceras, ſeu Cornu extrema
13 :8 0

Caput uiride, Cabo uerde, Aethiopibus Biſecher. accolis Mandanga dicitur referente Alberico Veſputio: poſt quod eſt Regnum Gambræ Cadamuſto.

Maſſitholi flu. oſtia 14 :6 40
Hypodromus Aethiopiæ
14 :5 15

Montes aũt in hac Libya inſignes ſunt

Mandrus mons. à quo fluunt, qui à Salatho flu. uſq; Maſſam amnem excurrunt, cuius montis medium cõtinet
14 :19 0

Et qui appellaẽ Sagapola mons, à quo Subos amnis fluit, cuius mediũ continet 13 :22 0

Et Ryſſadius mons à quo fluit Stachir flu. faciens iuxta ipſum Cloniã paludem, cuius medium continet gradus
17 :11 0

Et mons, qui deorum Currus appellatur. Ex quo Maſſitbolus fluuius excurrit. 19 :5 0

Et Caphas mons ex quo Daradus fluuius labitur. Cuius medium cõtinet gradus 17 :10 0

Et mons, qui uocatur Vſargala, à quo defluit Bagradas amnis, cuius medium 33 :20 20

Hic per Aphricã delatus in mare exit, iuxta ſitum 34 :32 4

Et mons

Et mons Girgiris, à quo Cyniphus fluuius labitur, originem habẽs iuxta duos ſitus 40: 21 & 45: 21

Adunatio autem duorum ſituum 42 :25 0

Et mons qui dicitur Thala, cuius medium continet 38 :10 0

Et Garamantica uallis mons 50 :10 0

Et Arualtes mons 33 :3 0

Et Arangas mons 47 30:1 30

In mediterranea uerò fluũt amnes maximi, nempe Gir, coniungens Vſargalam montẽ, & uallem Garamanticam, à quo diuertens amnis continet ſecundũ ſitum 42 :16 0

Qui paludes facit Chelonidas, quarũ medium 49 :20 0

Et qui deficit, et ut aiũt terra abſorptus alium educit flu. Cuius terminus occidentalis habet gradus 46 :16 0

Orientalis autem pars fluuij Nubã paludem facit, cuius ſitus 50 :15 0

Et Nigir fluuius iungens & ipſe Mandrum & Thala montes. Facit autem & hic Nigritẽ paludem, cuius ſitus 15 :18 0

Nigris, eiuſdem cum Nilo naturæ, hodie flu. de Senega, nam inter eius oſtia eſt regnum Senega. Meridionalis ripæ homines ſunt omnino nigri, dicti Zilofi, cæteri fuſci coloris.

Et ad Septẽtriones diuertigia bina cõſtituit ad Sagapola ſcilicet & Vſargala montes. Ad ortũ autem diuertigium unum ſupra paludem Libyem, cuius ſitus 35 :16 30

Ad meridiem autem diuertigiũ unum ſupra Daradon flu. iuxta duos ſitus 23 : 17 & 21 :13 30

Subiacet autem Mauritanijs Getulia *Getulos Athenodorus Garthcas appellat.*

Aphricæ uerò & Cyrenaicæ, deſerta Libyæ, Maxime uerò gentes Libyã incolunt Garamãtes, nempe qui protenduntur, à Bagradæ fluuij fontibus uſq; ad Nubam paludem.

Garamantes incertè & permixtim uxoribus utuntur, Plinius, Pom. Mela & Solinus.

Et Melano Getuli, qui tenẽt quæcunque interiacent inter Sagapolam montem & Vſargala.

Præterea Pyrrhæorum Aethiopum genus, qui magis ad Auſtrum tendunt, quàm Gir fluuius. Et Nigritarum Aethiopum gens, qui magis Septentrionales ſunt Nigrite amne.

Et Daradorum populi, qui tenent, quę ſupra mare ſunt eiuſdẽ fluuij nomine.

Et Perorſorũ genus, qui procul à mari magis oriẽtales ſunt, quàm mons, qui Deorum currus appellatur.

Et Odrangidorum Aethiopum, qui tenent quicquid iacet inter Capham & Thala montes.

Et Mimacorũ, qui ſub ipſo Thala mõte ſunt. Et Nuborum, qui tenent occidentalia uallis Garamanticæ montis. *Nubæ dicuntur Straboni.* Et Derbicorũ, qui magis ad occaſum uergunt, quã Aranga mons.

Minores deinde gentes tenent, quę ſupra mare ſunt poſt Getuliam Autolaræ *Autololes Plinio.* & Sirangæ, & Mauſoli, uſq; ad Mandrum montem. Poſtea ad eundẽ & Rabij, & Malcoæ, & Mandori, uſq; Daradas. Poſt quos Sophucæi. Et ſub Ryſſadio mõte, Leucæthiopes. Inter quos et Perorſos, Pyrrus extenditur cãpus. Poſtea Sagapola montem magis Septẽtriõales ſunt Phoruſij. Vſargala uerò mõte magis Septẽtrionales ſunt Natembes. Girgiri autem monte Lynxamatæ, & Samamycij. Et inter Mandrum montem & Sagapola Salathi, & Daphnitæ, & Zamazij, & Aronicę, & Ceciani uſq; Nigrites Aethiopes ſunt. Sub Vſargala uerò monte Suburpores. Sub Girgiri uerò monte quaſi ad Garamantes Mancoi, & Dauchiſæ, & Calitæ, uſq; ad Nubã paludem. Poſtea Daradis magis orientales ſunt Machurebi. Sophucæis autem Soluẽtij. Iis Auiticoli ſũt & Phauruſij, *Pharuſos Plinius.* & Churitæ, & Stachiræ, uſq; ad Capham montem. Inter quem montẽ & Deorũ currũ tenẽt Orphes. Sub quib. Tarualtæ, et Marites, et Africerones. *Qui & Gãphaſantes* gens magna.

Rurſus Odrangidis auſtraliores ſunt Achamæ. Et Mimacibus Gongalæ. Poſt quos Nanosbes. Poſtea Nabathræ uſq; Arualiũ montẽ. Inter aũt Libyæ paludẽ, & Thala mõtem ſunt Alitambi, & Maurali. Inter hos uerò & Nubas Armiæ, et Thalę, ac Dolopes, & Aſtacuri, uſq; uallem mõtis. Et magis Septẽtrionales ſunt, quàm Arãga mons Aroncæ. Oriẽtaliores uerò Aſaracę. Inter Derbicos autem & Arualtã mõtẽ ſunt Dermones. Et ſub Africetionibus, quaſi ad Libonotum ſunt Agangine Aethiopes. Quibus orientaliores ſunt ſub ipſo Arualta monte uſq; Arangã mõtem Xylinces Aethiopes. Poſt quos Alchalinces Aethiopes.

Ciuitates in regione nominantur iuxta littus hæ

* Autolalæ	10	:23	50
Thuilath	11	30:21	40
Tagana	12	30:20	15
Magura	12	30:15	0
Vbrix	14	20:13	20
* Iarzitha	16	20:12	15

Super Nigirem autem fluuium diſſuæ ciuitates hæ

Talubath	18	40:22	40
Malachath	20	20:20	15
Tucaba	18	:19	30
Binthа	20	15:11	0

Et ſub fluuio ciuitates hæ

Anygath	20	30:14	0

Apud ipſum fluuium à parte eius Septentrionali

Peſide	19	:18	0
Thige	21	:17	30
Cuphe	23	15:18	0
Nigira Metropolis	25	40:17	40
Vellegia	28	30:17	40
Tagama	30	:17	0
Panagra	31	:16	40

A parte meridionali fluuij

Thupæ	26	30:16	40
Punſe	18	:17	0
Saluce	19	30:17	0
* Thamondocana	23	:17	0
Dudum	31	:15	0

Iterũ iuxta principium Bagadrę fluuij

Silice	29	:24	30
Buthuris	31	:24	0
Anygath	33	:14	0
Thabudis	34	:22	0
Sincathorium	34	:23	0
Capſa	34	:21	30

Circa originem Cinyphis fluuij

Gelanus	40	:24	30
Vanius	41	:22	40
Sabæ	43	:23	0
Bouta	39	:21	30
Bedirum	41	:11	40
* Garama Metropolis	43	:11	30

Debris Hermolao apud Plin. & Solinum, ubi fons die frigens nocte feruens.

Tumelitha	41	:19	0

Sub Gira fluuio

* Gira Metropolis	36	:18	0

Et apud ipſum à Septentrione

Thycimath	38	:19	40
Geua	39	:19	0
Badiath	40	:17	0
Iſchert	41	30:16	30
Tucrumuda	41	30:15	30
Thuſpa	43	:17	40
Atragira	44	:18	0
Rubune	46	:19	0
Lynxama	48	30:20	40

Inſulæ autem Libyæ adiacent in oceano occidentali

Cerne inſula	5	:25	40
Iunonis, quæ Autolaa inſula	8	:23	50

Et fortunatæ inſulæ ſex numero

Canariæ inſulæ hodie dicuntur, ab Hiſpanis excultæ, ſunt ſeptem habitatæ, tres deſertæ, Cadamuſtus cap. 7. & 8. ſunt tamen Septentrionaliores quàm Ptolemæus tradat. & hoc loco ſunt Heſperides inſulæ, hodie inſulæ Capitis uiridis, ſub dominio regis Portugaliæ. Petrus Martyr decade prima.

Aproſitus, uel inacceſſibilis inſula	1	:16	0
Heræ, hoc eſt, Iunonis inſula	1	:15	15
Pluitana inſula	1	:14	15
Caſperia inſula	1	:12	30
Canaria inſula	1	:11	0
Pinturia inſula	1	:10	30

AETHIOPIAE AEGYPTI *ſitus.* Cap. VII.

Tabula quarta Aphricæ.

Aetheria prius & Atlantia Plinius. Ioſephus Chuſeos à Chus filio Cham cognominat. Regnum Nubiæ hodie dicitur, quam totam eſſe Chriſtianã refert Brochardus monachus.

AEthiopia quæ ſub Aegypto eſt, definitẽ à Septentrionibus expoſito latere Libyæ ac Aegypti.

Ab occaſu parte interioris Libyæ, iuxta lineam expoſitã per meridianum Darnis, uſq; auſtralẽ Libyæ finẽ, qui eſt 51 : 15 & auſtralior eſt 3 :10

A meridie linea, quæ extenditur à fine huius, iuxta reliquã interiorem Aethiopiam, uſq; ad Raptũ promont. cuius ſitus 73 50: & Auſtralior 8 20

Ab ortu uerò Solis reliqua Arabici ſinus parte, & deinde mari rubro, ac Barbarico pelago, quod uſq; Raptum pertingit promont. iuxta deſcriptionem littoralem hanc

Poſt Bazium promont. quod dictũ eſt

Prionotus mons 65 :22 30
Cherloneſus 65 :22 0
Mnemium promont. 65 10:21 30
Ilius mons 65 20:21 30
Bathus uel profundus portus
65 :21 0
Dioſcorũ portus, uel Caſtoris & Pollucis 65 :21 0
Dimetris, hoc eſt, Cereris Scopias promontorium 65 20:10 15
Alpis promontoria 65 30:19 45
Diogenis promont. 65 40:19 40
Satyrorum mons 65 40:19 0
Monodactilus mons *Pentedactylos Plin.*
65 30:18 30
Gaurus mons 65 30:18 0
Theon Sorerum, hoc eſt, Deorũ ſalutarium portus 65 30:17 30
Euangeliorum, id eſt, bonorũ nunciorum portus 65 45:17 0
* Ptolemais ferarum *Epitherus Plinio.*
66 :16 20

Sebaſtricum os *Sebaiticum Straboni.*
65 :15 0
Ara amoris promontor.
67 :15 0
Magnum littus 66 :14 15
Colobon terminus promont.
68 :13 40

Et in Adulico ſinu

Sabath ciuitas 68 20:12 15
Montuoſa Cherſoneſus
68 :12 20
* Adulis *Aduliton Plinio.*
67 :11 40
Croni uel Saturni promont.
68 :11 20
Antiochi Silen 72 :10 15
Mandaith uicus 73 45:10 20
Arſinoë 73 45:10 40

Poſt anguſta in mari rubro

* Dire ciuitas 74 30:11 0

Poſtea in Aualite ſinu

Aualites Emporium 74 :8 20
Malao Emporium 78 :6 30
Mondi Emporium 78 15:6 50
* Moſylon promont. & Emporium *Moſsilicus Plinio.* 79 :9 0
Cobe Emporium 80 :8 0
Elephas mons 81 :7 30
Acanæ Emporium 82 :7 0
* Aromata promont. & emporium
83 :6 0

In Barbarico ſinu

Azaniam hic promontorium Hiſpalum dictũ meminit Plinius, & Ptolemæus ipſe ſupra libro 1. cap. 17.

Panotiicus 82 :5 0
Opone Emporium 81 :4 15
Zingis extrema 81 :3 30
Phalangis mons 80 :3 20
Apocopa 79 :3 0
Noti cornu promõt. 79 : Auſtralis: hoc 1 0
Paruum littus 78 :eſt ultra æquinoctialẽ 1
Magnum littus 76 :2 0
Eſſina Emporium 73 30:3 30
Serapionis portus & promont. 47: Auſtralis 3 0
Tonice Emporium 72 :Auſtralis 4 15

Rapti flu. oſtia 72 :Auſtralis 7 0

Rapta Metropolis Barbariæ parum à mari diſtans 71 :Auſtralis 7 0

Raptum promont. 73 50:Auſtralis 8 30

Reliquum uerò Nili, poſt maiorem cataractã deſcribetur per uicos ei attinentes, quorum ſitus ita ſe habet.

Poſt Pſelcin & magnum Cataractem, cuius ſitus habet gradus 60 30:12 30

Ab occidentali parte fluuij uici hi poſiti ſunt

Taſitia	60	30:22	0
Boum	62	:21	20
Autoba	61	30:21	30
Phthut *Phthuris Plinio.*	61	25:21	20
Piſtre	61	:20	40
Premythis	61	:20	15
Abuncis *Aboccis Plin.*	59	30:20	0
Cambyſi Erarium	59	:18	0
Erchoas	59	30:18	0
Sarachtha	60	30:18	0
Mori	61	30:18	40
Nacis	62	:19	30
Tathis	61	:17	0

Ab orientali parte fluuij uici hi ſunt

Pnups	62	:22	10
Berithis	62	:21	30
Gerbo	62	:21	0
Patæta	61	40:20	30
Pontetis	61	10:20	0
Premis parua	60	:19	30
Arbus	60	30:18	30
✤ Napata	63	:20	15

Candaces regiam fuiſſe inquit Strabo.

Sacole	63	:19	30
Sandace	63	:18	30
Orbadari	62	40:18	0
Premis magna *Primin uocat Plinius.*	62	:17	0

MEROE INSVLAE SItus. Cap. VIII.

Tabula quarta Aphricæ.

Meroë Regiò, Elſaba hodie dicitur in qua diuum Matheum Euangelium prædicaſſe ferunt. Hæc Ioſepho teſte, eſt illa Saba, unde ad Salomonẽ profecta eſt regina.

Hinc inſula efficitur Meroë regio, à Nilo fluuio, ob occaſu affluẽte, & ab Aſtabora flu. qui à parte eſt orientali.

In ea ciuitates hæ ſunt,

✤ Meroë	61	30:16	26
Sacolche	61	40:15	15
Eſet	61	40:13	30
Darorum uicus	62	:12	30
Poſtea coniunctio Nili & Aſtapodis amnis	61	:12	0

Aſtaboram & Aſtapum Mela, Plinius & Solinus ipſummet Nilum eſſe dicunt, qui duobus bis brachijs Meroën intercludit.

Poſtea coniunctio Aſtaboræ fluuij, & Aſtapodis 62 30:11 30

Poſtea ubi Nilus unus efficitur à fluentibus amnibus ex duabus paludib. ſuperiacentibus 60 :Septentrionalis 2

Paludum autem ea, quæ maxime occidentalis 57 :Auſtralis 6

Quæ uerò orientalior eſt 65 :Auſtralis 7

Coloë palus, ex qua Aſtabus fluit 69: æquinoctialis

Et procul à fluminibus mediterraneæ ciuitates ſunt

Auxume in qua regia 65 30:11 0

Hinc Candaces reginæ eunuchus à Philippo baptizatus A.9or.8.

Et Coloë ciuitas *Tolen Plin.* 62: Septentrional. 4 15

Et Maſte ciuitas 65: Auſtral. 4 15

Montes autem nominantur in regione ab occaſu Nili adiacẽtes per totum Nilum, qui cõmuniter dicũtur Aethiopici montes, quorum ſitus 55 :23 & 55 :Auſtralis 8 30

Ab orientali autẽ parte Nili mons, qui Garbata dicitur, cuius medium habet gradus 69 :6 0

Et

Et Elephas mons 78 :5 30
Iuxta uerò paludes & montes, qui Pylæi dicuntur 65 : Aequino.
Et Maſte mons 63 : Auſtral. 5

Appellatur autē uniuerſaliter totū littus, quod eſt iuxta Arabicum & Aualitem ſinum Regio Troglodytica uſq; montem Elephantem, in qua & Adulitæ & Aualitæ. *Troglodit æ dicuntur quod in ſubterraneis cauernis ob nimios calores agūt. ἀπὸ τῶν τρώγλας ὑποδεδυκέναι. Dionyſius & Homerus Erembos uocant, Diodorus Volgios uulgò appellari tradit. Plinius regio Michoë eſt nuncupata. Humana uoce ferè carent, ut ſtridere potius quàm loqui uideantur, aluntur q; ſerpentibus.* Iuxta eiuſdem nominis Sinus, & Moſyli ſupra eiuſdem nominis promontorium & Emporium. Quæ autem hinc eſt uſque ad Rapti promontorij maritima tota uocatur Barbaria. Quæ uerò interior eſt, Azania, in qua plurimi unt elephantes. Partem autem regionis ab orientali parte fluuij poſt Bazium promontorium, quod gradus habet 65 :25 30

Tenent Colobi. Poſt quod uerſus meridiem Tabieni. Poſt Syrtibes. Poſt quos Apiri. Poſtea Babyllini, & Rizophagi. Poſt quos Auxumitæ, quorum ſitus 65 :11 10

Et Soboridæ. Poſtea Molibę, & Megabardi, & Nubæ, qui maxime occidentales ſunt Aualitarum. *Megabari Straboni, Adisbaros nominatos ait Plinius.* Poſtea ſub Molibis Blemyes. Sub quibus Didacæ. Et inter Aſtapodem amnem & Garbatum montem Pechini. Quibus occidētaliores ſunt Struthophagi. Aethiopes. Auſtraliores autem monte ſunt Catadrę, & Myrrhifera regio, pertingens uſque ad Coloēm paludem. Poſt quam Maſtitæ uſque ad Nili paludes

Regionem autem, quæ ab occaſu eſt huius partis Nili fluuij tenent poſt magnam Cataractam, qui triginta Schœnum incolunt, inter montes Aethiopum & Nilum amnem. Poſt quos ſimiliter uerſus Auſtrum Euonymitæ. Poſt media Aethiopia, & Sebridæ. Comprehendit autem genera hæc, & Meroēn inſulam. Poſt quæ ſubiacent Gapachi. Sub quibus Proemphanes. Sub quibus Duppi. Poſt quos Elephantophagi Aethiopes. Sub quibus Peſendaræ. Et ſupra paludes regio eſt Cinnamifera. Inter Nilum autem & Aſtapodem fluuium ad Meroēn intus Memnones. Et qui auſtraliores ſunt Apei. Reliqua regionis, quæ occidentaliora ſunt Aethiopum montibus, tenent poſt harenoſam & aridam regionem, qui iuxta Phazacam, & Bacalitem, Poſtea Scynitæ & Trallitæ. Poſt quos Daradorum eſt genus. Poſtea Orypei uenatores. Poſt quos Nygbenitæ Aethiopes. Inſulæ autem iuxta Aethiopiam, quæ ſub Aegypto eſt, hæ ſunt. In Arabico quidem ſinu,

Aſtarte inſula 66 :22 20
Ara Palladis inſula 66 10:21 30
Gypſitis inſula *Cytis Plinio, topaſij ferax.* 67 :19 40
Gomadeorum inſulæ duæ 67 30:19 0
Myronis inſula *Marcu Plinio.* 67 :18 0
Cathatræ quæ etiam Chelonitides dicuntur, inſulæ duæ 68 :17 30
Thriſitides inſulæ duæ 67 30:17 30
Magorum inſula 68 15:16 0
Daphnine inſula *Daphnidis Plinio.* 68 30:15 20
Acanthine inſula 68 30:15 0
Macaria uel Fortunata inſula 68 30.14 0
Orneon uel auium inſula 69 :14 0
Banchi & Antibacchi *Bacchias & Antibacchias Plinio.* 69 30:13 15
Panis inſula 68 20:12 10
Diodori inſula 70 :12 30
Iſidis inſula 70 :11 30
Iſidis portum facit Plinius, Strabo Iſidis templum.

In ſinu autem Aualite

Mondi inſula 77 :8 30

Poſt aromata uerò inſulæ hæ

Amici inſula 85 :4

Menan inſulæ duæ	84	:2	30
Myrſiace inſula	85	30.1	0

Ab oriente harum inſularum pelagus Hyppadis uocatur, cui coniungitur ab ortu ſolis mare Indicum uſque orientem.

AETHIOPIAE INTERIORIS ſinus. Cap. IX.

Tabula quarta Aphricæ.

QVæ uerò huic regioni, & toti Libyæ ſubiacet Aethiopia, terminatur à Septentrionibus lineis expoſitis meridianis dictarum regionũ, eis nempe quæ ex magno ſinu exterioris maris uſq; ad Raptũ educuntur promont. quod gradus habet
73 50 : Auſtralis 8 26

Præterea à parte Oceani occidẽtalis iuxta magnum ſinum.

Ab occaſu uerò & meridie terminatur terra incognita.

Incognita, hodie illuſtrata uſq; ad caput bonæ ſpei, Cabo de bona ſperanſa, latit. merid 32. grad.

Ab ortu autem, à Rapto promõtorio Barbarico ſinu, qui dicitur Aſperũ, mare, propter æſtus uſque ad Praſſum promont. Deinde terra incognita. Praſſum autem promontorium, *vbi nunc Melindæ regnum* gradus habet 80 : Auſtralis 15 0

Huic adiacet ab æſtiuo ortu inſula nomine Menuthias, cuius poſitio
85 :12 0

Madagaſcar inſulam, ſiue inſulam ſancti Georgij nominant, licet accolæ ſint Machometiſtæ.

Hunc quidem ſinum circumhabitant Aethiopes antropophagi. A quorum occidentali parte pertingit Lunæ mons, à quo Nili paludes niues ſuſcipiũt, & Lunę montis fines gradus habent 57 : Auſtralis 12 30 & 67: Auſtralis 12 30

Supra aũt ipſos ſũt Rapſij Aethiopes

Magnum uerò ſinum, qui ad occidentalem oceanum eſt, tenent Ichthyophagi Aethiopes. Et ex his meridionaliſſimi uſq; ad incognitam terrã, qui cõmuni uocabulo Heſperij appellantur Aethiopes. *Regnum Senega, Ganbra, & Ginea.*

Orientaliores autem ſunt Athacæ Aethiopes. Adhuc autem uerſus ortum, iuxta totam Libyam, Regio multa Aethiopum eſt, in qua Elephantes candidi omnes gignuntur, et Rhinocerotes, et Tigrides. Iuxta autem terrã incognitam Regio Aethiopum, quæ lariſſime extenditur, uocaturq; Agiſymba. *Regnum Meli, & Nebeorũ, & terra Papagay ſeu pſitacorũ.*

Habet uerò Regio cum alios montes multos & magnos, quorum pleriq; nomine carent, ad incognitam uſq; terram. Qui uerò ad noticiam peruenere, hi ſunt,

Dauchis mons, cuius medium
15: Auſtral. 13

Ion mons, cuius medium
10: Auſtra. 8 26

Ziphæ montis medium
25: Auſtra. 8 26

Meſche mons, cuius medium
25. Auſtral. 13

Barditi montis medium
45: Auſtral. 16

Ab auſtro uerò habitabilis noſtrę uſq; ad polum Auſtralem, ubi nobis incogniti habitãt gradus ſunt 73. min. 36. aut integri gradus 74

CLAVDII PTOLEMAEI Geographicæ enarrationis quartus Liber explicit.

LIBER QVINTVS HAEC HABET.

Expoſitionem primarum partium magnæ Aſiæ, ſecundum ſubiectas prouincias & præfecturas
Ponti & Bithyniæ
Regionis, quæ proprie Aſia dicitur
Phrygiæ Lyciæ
Galatiæ
Paphlagoniæ
Pamphyliæ
Cappadociæ
Armeniæ minoris
Ciliciæ
Sarmatiæ Aſiaticæ
Colchidis Iberiæ
Albaniæ
Armeniæ maioris
Cypri inſulę
Syrię curuæ
Phœnicię
Paleſtinæ, Iudeę
Arabiæ petroſę
Meſopotamiæ
Arabiæ deſertę
Babyloniæ

PONTI ET BITHYNIAE ſitus. Cap. I.

Tabula prima Aſiæ.

Turchiam maiorem, hanc totā primæ tabulæ Cherſoneſum uocant, quæ & Aſia minor. alij Nataliam ſiue Anatoliam appellant. Bithyniam primo Bebryciam, deinde Mygdoniam dictam Solinus ait.

POntus & Bithynia terminatur ab occaſu, ore Pōti et Thracio Boſphoro, & parte Propontidis, iuxta deſcriptionē littoris hanc,
Bithyniæ, quod ad os Ponti promontorium eſt, in quo fanum Dianæ, *Giro bodie.* 56 20:43 6
* Chalcedon *Procerastis prius Plinio, Calcedonenſis hodie.* 56 6:43 6
Acritas promōtoria 56 20:42 45
Tararium, *aliter Pſirium.* 56 45:42 45
Olbia *Nicea Plinio.* 57 :42 40
Aſtacus *Aſtacenus ſinus Straboni.* 57 20 42 30
* Nicomedia *Nichor Turcis, nautis uulgò Comidia.* 57 30:42 30
Poſidium promont. 56 30:42 30
Aſcanij flu. oſtia 57 15:42 15
Aſcania palus 57 45:42 0
Daſcylium *Daſcylos Melæ, Diaſquillo hodie.* 56 46:41 50
* Apamia *Myrlea Plinio.* 56 50:41 56
Rhyndaci flu. oſtia *Lycus ante uocatus Plin.* 56 20:41 45
Fontes fluuij 57 :40 30
A Septētrionibus terminaē parte ponti Euxini, Cuius deſcriptio poſt os & Artemidis, hoc eſt, Dianæ fanum.
Bithyniæ promontoria *Cabo de Potiſio:* 56 45:43 20
Artace caſtellum *Carpi hodie ciuitas.* 57 :43 6
Pſillidis flu. oſtia *Feneſis.* 57 15:43 15
Calpę flu. oſtia *Aqua uulgò.* 57 40:43 6
Sangarij flu. oſtia *Sagaris, alijs Coralius uulgò Zagari.* 58 :42 45
Prima flu. conuerſio 58 30:42 0
Secunda flu. cōuerſio 61 20:42 0
Tertia flu. 58 45:41 0
Fontes fluuij. 60 50:40 50
Hyppij flu. oſtia 58 40:42 45
Elatæ flu. oſtia 48 50:43 0
Diopolis *aliter Dioſpolis.* 58 45:43 20
* Heraclea ponti *Naxio portus.* 59 :43 10
Pſyllium *Picello.* 59 30:43 30
Tion *Thio.* 59 56:43 30
Parthenij flu. oſtia *Pyle dictus, Portemi uulgo.* 60 15:43 30
Fontes fluuij 62 30:42 10
Amaſtris *Seſamus olim Plinio dicta, Suyaſtro uulgò.* 60 20:43 30
Cromna 60 30:43 36

Cytorum

Cytorum 60 45:43 36

A meridie terminat̃ regione, quæ proprie Aſia dicitur, & linea producta à Rhyndaco fluuio uſque ad finem, Cuius ſitus 61 :41 15

Ab ortu Galatia iuxta Paphlagoniã per lineam exeũtem à fine prędicto, hoc eſt, ad Citorũ ciuitatem Ponti 61 :41 15

Montes autem in regione inſigniores ſunt Orminius mõs, cuius medium continet gradus 59 40:42 40

Et Myſiæ Olympius mons 57 :41 30

Tenent autem littora ab ore uſq; Hippium amnem Chalcedonij, quæ uerò ab Heraclea ſunt ciuitate uſq; Cytorum ciuitatem Mariandini.

Sub monte autẽ Orminio Caucones.

Et ſub Chalcedonijs extẽditur Timonitis regio.

Et ſub hac Bogdomanis, in qua uerſus ſolis ortum Zygiani.

Ciuitates autem mediterraneę hæ ſunt,

Libyſſa 57 20:42 15
Bithyniæ φρούριον uocat Stephanus, Annibalis interitu notam.

Eriboea 57 30:42 20

Gallica 57 45:42 26

Patauium *Poimen hodie.* 57 45:42 0

Pruſa iuxta Hippium flu. 58 30:42 36

Dedacana 59 :42 36

Protomacræ 58 45:42 0

Claudiopolis, quæ & Bithynium 59 20:42 45

Flauiopolis, quæ & Cratia 60 :43 0

Timæa 59 45:42 20

Clitæ 60 30:43 0

Latania 60 36.42 30

* Nicæa *Nicæna ſynodus, Ancora prius, deinde Antigonea.* 57 30:41 40

Cæſarea, quæ & Smyrdiane 56 40:41 40

* Pruſa penes Olympum montem 57 :41 40
Burſa hodie Aſiatici imperij caput

Agrilium 57 30:41 40

Dablis 58 40:41 40

Dadaſtana 59 30:41 45

Iuliopolis *Gordo quondã.* 60 10:42 0

Inſulæ autẽ adiacent regioni Cyaneorum, orientalior, cuius ſitus 56 30:43 26

Et Thynias, quæ & Daphnuſia inſula *Apollonia Plinio.* 57 40.43 20

Et Eruthini ſcopuli inſulæ 53 30:43 15

SITVS REGIONIS, QVAE *proprie Aſia dicitur.*
Caput II.

Tabula prima Aſiæ.

REgio quę proprie Aſia dicitur, terminat̃ à Septentrionibus Bithynia, iuxta expoſitam lineam.

Ab occaſu uerò reliqua Propõtidis parte, et Helleſpõto, Aegęo'q; pelago ac Icario, Myrtoo'q;, iuxta deſcriptionẽ littoris hanc. Ex Propontide minoris Myſiæ, quæ in Helleſponto eſt

* Cyzicus *Spiga uulgò Zelia.* 56 :41 30

Aeſipi flu. oſtia *Aeſapus Straboni.* 56 10:41 36

Parium *Adraſtia Homero, Pariſa uulgò.* 55 45:41 30

Grenij flu. oſtia *Granicus cæteris.* 55 30:41 30

* Lampſacus *Cirſæ uulgò, Pityuſa Homero.* 55 20:41 26

Helleſponti
Brachium ſancti Georgij, ubi Xerxis pons:

* Abydus 55 20:41 15

Simoentis flu. oſtia 55 20:41 10

Dardanum *Dardania Aeneæ ditio.* 55 15.41 6

Scamandri flu. oſtia *Xanthus.* 55 15 41 0

Sigeum promontorium *C. ſanctæ Mariæ.* 55 10:41 0

In Aegęo autem pelago Phrygiæ minoris, quæ Troas dicitur.
Epictete dicitur, ſeu Helleſpontia Phrygia.

* Alexandri Troas 55 20:40 40

Lectum

Lectum promont. 55 40:40 16
Aſſum *Apollonia Plinio, Aſſus Straboni.*
56 :40 15
Myſiæ maioris *Aeolis facta Pomp. Melæ.*
Iarganum 56 10:40 20
Vetus Scepſis *Paleſcepſis.*
56 15:40 20
* Antandrus *Edonis Plinio.*
56 30:40 20
* Adramyttium *Adramiteos Plinio.*
56 30:40 0
Poroſelene 56 10:39 45
Pitane *Pitana, Pitanæi populi Strab.*
56 30:39 15
Caici flu. oſtia 56 30:39 15
Fontes fluuij 58 :40 30

Aeolidis

Cene promontoria 56 15:39 15
Canæ oppidum Strabo, Pomponius Canna.
Pitane circumfluit Pitanem ciuitatem
56 30:39 15
Elæa Pergamorum naualia
57 :39 6
Myrina (eſt & Pergami Teuthrania) *Sebaſtopolis.* 57 15:39 15

Inter Elæam autem & Pitanem ac Atarnæam.

Hydræ extrema 57 30:39 6
Cuma *Folia noua, Cyme Tacito, Melæ & Plin,*
57 20:39 0
Phocæa *Folia uetera.* 57 15:38 50
Hermi flu. oſtia 57 30:38 45
Coniunctio Hermi amnis, & Pactoli fluuij 58 10:39 26
Fontes Hermi flu. 60 :40 0
Fontes Pactoli flu. 59 :39 0

Ioniæ *Quiſcum hodie, Turcarum prouincia, Naulochus Steph.*

* Smyrna *Lamires uulgò.* 57 26:38 36
Clazomene *Grina, unde Apollo Grinæus.*
57 :38 36
Argenum promont. 56 30:38 40

Et in Icario pelago

Eryhtræ *Erythræa Sibylla, Gnopopolis dicta Steph.* 56 40:38 26
Teos 57 10:38 20
Lebedus 57 30:38 30
* Colophon *Homeri patria.*
57 40:38 10
Caiſtri flu. oſtia 57 15:37 50
Fontes fluuij 60 15:39 20
* Epheſus *in Apocalypſi.*
57 20:37 40
Caput prouinciæ Quiſitan Turcarum, tradit Halthonus: prius dicta Morges, Ortygia, & Ptelea.
Trogiliũ promont. 57 10:37 40
Mæandri flu. oſtia 57 40:37 20
Coniunctio Lyci flu. cum ipſo
60 :38 40
Fontes Mæandri flu. 62 30:39 30
Fontes Lyci flu. 60 :37 15

Cariæ iuxta Mirtoum pelagus

Pyrra *Pyrrha.* 57 50:37 26
Heraclea ad Latmon *Lamius antea.*
57 30:37 10
* Miletus *Lelegis, Pityuſa & Anactoria.*
58 :37 0
Iaſſus 57 30:36 50
Bargylia *Bargyla Plinio Bargylos dicitur Stephano & Melæ.* 57 50:36 40
* Myndus 57 40:36 26

Doridis

Scopie extrema *Termerium Straboni.*
57 20:36 26
* Alicarnaſſus *Coſmeti hodie, Halicarnaſſus, Zephyra olim.* 57 50:36 10
Ceramus 57 :36 0
* Cnidus ciuitas & promont. *Chij caput à noſtris appellatur.* 56 15:36 0
A meridie Rhodienſi pelago, in quo
Onugnatos extrema 56 40:35 30
Loryma *Larumna Pom. Melæ, Plinio & Straboni Loryma.* 57 50:35 36
Creſſo portus 57 40:35 50
Phœnix Caſtellum 58 :36 10
Phuſca *Phyſcus Straboni.* 58 15:36 10
Calbis flu. oſtia *Ninus Plinio.*
58 48:36 6
Caunus *Magri uulgò.* 59 10:36 0
Ab oriente autẽ Lycia à termino poſt Caunum uſq; ad eum, qui continet gradus 59 30:37 50
A quo & à meridie terminatur Lycia iuxta Myliadem ciuitatem uſque ad finem, cuius ſitus 61 :37 56
Et Pamphylia per lineam à fine prædicto quouſq; contineat partes
61 20:38 36
Et Galatia per lineã, quę inde ad communem Bythiniæ terminum flectitur
uerſus

Pyſtus 59 :36 36
Phiſcus Straboni, ubi Latonæ lucus, ſub Rhodienſibus erat ante Turcas.

Et gens penes Phrygiam Erizoli Mǫoniæ in finibus Myſiæ & Lydiæ atq; Phrygiæ.

Septe 58 10:40 15
Dadales *aliter Daldia.* 58 :40 20
Cadi 58 30:40 26

Phrygiæ magnæ ciuitates *Paria dicitur, & Bebricia.*

Synaus 58 :41 15
Dorylæum *Dorilæum Plinio.* 58 15:41 20
Midaium 59 30:41 20
Tricomia 60 :41 10
Angyra Phrygiæ *Ancyra Plinio. Andira Strab.* 58 20:40 56
Nacolia *Nacolla Strab. regia erat Turcarum ante Conſtantinopolim.* 59 :41 0
Tribanta 59 40:40 36
Dioclia *Decela.* 60 :40 56
Amorium 60 30:40 15
Abroſtolæ 60 30:40 50
Coriaium 58 40:40 40
Azani 59 :40 20
Conna 59 15:40 30
Lyſias 59 50:40 30
Cercopia 59 26.40 15
Eucarpia 60 :40 6
Prymneſia 60 20:40 40
Docimæum *Docimia.* 60 15:40 30
*Synnada *Synaga prius, Stephano.* 60 50:40 6
Gammauſa *Gambua.* 61 15:40 20
Melitara 61 30:40 20
Iuliopolis 61 50:40 10
Acmonia 59 50:39 20
Eumenia 60 10:39 38
Druzon 60 20:39 56
Tiberiopolis 60 15:39 30
Bleandrus 60 30:39 10
Stectorium *aliter Eſtorium.* 61 :39 15
Silbium 61 40:39 15
Philomelium 62 15:39 15
Peltæ 62 :39 30
Metropolis 61 15:39 26
* Apamia Cibotis *Calenas primo, dein Cibotos Plin.* 61 10:38 56
Hierapolis 60 :38 15
Cibyra 60 10:38 36
Diocęſarea 61 :38 56
Sanis 61 :38 30
Themiſonium 60 10:38 30
Pylacęum 60 20:38 10
Sala 60 15:38 20
Gazena 60 40:38 6

Et populi ſunt apud Lyciam quidem Lycaones & Themiſonij. Iuxta Bithyniam autem Moccadyni, & Cydiſſes. Sub quib. Spelteni. Poſtea Moxiani. Poſtea Phylacenſij. Sub quibus Hierapolitę.

Inſulę uero adiacent Aſię apud Helleſpontum

Tenedos inſula & ciuitas 55 :40 56
Alij Calydnam uocarunt, alij Leucophorin, ut Diodorus: ex Troiano excidio ſatis eſt nota.

In Aegæo autem pelago

Lesbos Aeolica inſula, cuius deſcriptio ſic ſe habet *Macaria cognominata.*

Sigrium promont. 55 :40 0
Pyrra 55 15:39 40
Ereſſus 55 26:39 30
Mania extrema 55 :39 26
*Mytilene *A qua nunc tota inſula Mytilene dicitur.* 55 40:39 20
Argenum promont. 55 40:39 50
Methymna 55 26:40 26
Antiſſa 55 15:40 20

In Icario uero pelago inſulæ hę

Icaria *Macris Doliche dicta. Ichthyoeſſa primo.* 56 45:37 20
*Myndus 57 40:36 26
*Chios ciuitas *Macris, Etalia dicebatur,* 56 20:38 26
Phanęa extrema 56 20:38 15
Poſidium *Pathmos.* 56 26:38 26
Sami inſulę ciuitas 57 :37 36
Cypariſsia, Parthenias, Anthemus poſtea, deinde dicta Melamphylus.
Ampelos extrema 56 10:37 30

In Myrtoo autem pelago inſulę

Arceſine inſula 56 :37 0
Begialis 56 10:36 50
Minyia 55 50:36 50
*Aſtipalęa ciuitas *Vna ex Cycladibus inſulis.* 55 40:36 26

In Rhodiaco autem & Carpathio pelago.

Syme inſula *Syma Straboni.* 56 20:35 40

Ceſi ciuitas *Caſus Plin.* 56 30.35 15

*Co ciuitas *Coos, Coum, Longoum hodie, Aſtyphalea olim.* 57 :36 26

Carpathi inſ. deſcriptio. *Eſcarpāto uulgo.*

Thoantiū promont. 57 :34 40

Ephialtium promont. 57 40:35 10

Poſidium ciuitas 57 20:35 6

Rhodi inſulæ deſeriptio *Ophiuſa, Telchinis dicta: ſub Turca eſt.*

Paniſextrema 58 :35 56

Camirus 58 20:35 15

Lindus 58 40:36 0

Iliſſus 58 20:36 0

Ialyſus cæteris, iuxta quam hodie Rhodus ciuitas, ſola alijs dirutis ſuperſtes.

LYCIAE SITVS. Cap. III.

Tabula prima Aſiæ.

Briquia hodie, populi Solymi primo, Termilæ poſtea dicti, Turci iam ſunt omnes.

LYeia terminatur ab oeeaſu & ſeptentrionibus Aſia, iuxta expoſitas lineas.

Ab ortu uero parte Pāphiliæ, quæ à fine eſt Aſiæ uſq; ad mare, p Maſicytū montē. *Climax cæteris dicitur.*

Cuius finis, qui ſupra mare eſt gradus habet 61 50:36 30

A meridie autem mari Lycio iuxta littoris deſcriptionem hanc

Poſt Caunum

Calinda *Calymna Strab. Calydna Plinio.* 59 20:35 56

Chydæ 59 36:35 50

Carya *Crya Plinio.* 59 50:35 56

Dædala locus 60 :35 56

Telmeſus *Telmeſſus Strab.* 60 10:35 50

Xanthi flu. oſtia *Sirbis fl. à prioribus dictus.* 60 20:36 0

Fontes fluuij 60 :37 40

* Patara *Patera hodie, Sataros prius.* 60 30:36 0

Antiphellus *Habeſſus primo.* 60 30:36 20

Andriaee *Gorante uulgo, Andriaca.* 60 50:36 26

Limyri flu. oſtia *Lorymus Straboni.* 61 :36 20

Apiræ 60 10:36 26

Hiera uel Sacra promontoria *Caput Chelidoniæ.* 61 30:36 15

Olympus eiuitas 61 40:36 20

Phaſelis *Phaſilus Strab.* 61 50:36 20

Et Cragus ſeu Cragas mōs, cuius medium cōtinet gradus 60 :36 40

Ciuitates uero ſunt in Lyeia mediterraneæ eirea montem Cragantem.

Cydna *Cyane Plinio.* 59 30:37 10

Sembra 59 40:35 50

Octapolis 59 26:36 36

Comba 59 30.36 30

Sidyma *Solyma Straboni* 59 50:36 40

Pinara 59 50:36 6

Araxa 59 50:37 6

Tlo *Tlos legendum.* 60 :36 40

Xanthus 60 15:36 10

Apud montem autem Maſicytū eiuitates hæ *Maßycites mons Plinio.*

Corydalla 60 15:36 50

Sagalaſſus 60 40:36 56

Rhodia *Rhodiopolis Plin.* 61 10:36 50

Trebenda *aliter Arendæ.* 61 10:36 15

Phellos 60 36:36 30

Myrra *Myra Plinio & Straboni.* 61 :36 40

Limyra 61 26:36 36

Myliadis

Podalæa *Podalia Plinio.* 60 :37 30

Nyſa 60 :37 15

Choma 60 20:37 20

Condica *Candyba Plin.* 60 40:37 10

Cabaliæ pars

Bubon 60 20:37 40

Oeneanda *Oenoanda Plinio, Oenoandros Straboni.* 61 :37 40

Balbura 60 40:37 30

Inſulæ uero adiacent Lyeiæ

Maxima inſula *Megiſta Plinio.* 60 40:35 15

Dolichiſte inſula *Doliche, alijs.* 60 45:35 38

Chelidoniæ ſcopuli quinq; *Chelidonias inſulas tres ponit Strabo.* 61 30:36 0

Galatiæ

GALATIAE SITVS Cap. IIII.

Tabula prima Aſiæ.

Hæc & Sallogræcia à Gallis, Gomoritæ prius dicti à Gomor filio Iaphet, ut refert Ioſephus lib. 1. ad hos ſcripſit Paulus apoſtolus.

GAlatia limites habet, ab occaſu Bithyniam, & partem Aſiæ, iuxta expoſitã lineã. A meridie Pamphiliam, à præfato iuxta Aſiam termino, uſq; ad Parallelum, qui continet gradus 64 15:38 36

Ab ortu uero partẽ Cappadociæ, quæ eſt ab hoc fine uſq; Põtum, iuxta ſitum, qui continet 65 30:43 10

A ſeptentrionibus partẽ Ponti ſecundum deſcriptionem hanc

Poſt Cytorum ciuitatem littoralem

Climax caſtellum 61 10:43 50

* Theuthrania *Tripoli* 61 30:44 0

Carambis extrema *Comana.* 61 20:44 26

Zephyrium 61 30:44 20

Calliſtratia *Caſtellas nũc.* 61 45:44 15

Aboni mœnia *Arcani uulgo.* 62 :44 0

Cimolis *Quinoli uulgo* 62 30:44 0

Armene 62 56:43 56

Stephane uicus *S. Stephanus.* 63 20:43 56

* Sinope *Sinopi hodie, Mithridatis patria & ſepulchrum.* 63 50:44 0

Cypraſia *Caroſa uulgo.* 64 :43 40

Zaliſci flu. oſtia *Amnias dicitur.* 64 :43 30

Galorũ *Garipo hodie.* 64 15:43 20

Halis flu. oſtia 64 30:43 10

Fluuij conuerſio 64 15:42 15

* Amiſus *Enetia prius Sabell. dicta, Simiſo.* 65 :43 6

Mõtes in Galatia ſũt memoratu digni

Olyſas mons, cuius medium *alias Gigas alij oligas. olgaſis* 63 :42 40

Et Didymi orientalia 62 :41 20

Et qui uocatur Celęnorũ tumulus, cuius medium 62 30:39 30

Et quæ ad mare ſunt, tenẽtur ab his qui incolunt Paphlagoniam, *Pylemenia hæc prius dicta Plinio, à Pyle flu. qui eſt Parthenius.*

In quib. ciuitates et uillę mediterraneę

Zagira 61 40:43 40

Plegra 62 30:43 30

Sacora 63 20:43 40

Helua 61 40:43 0

Tobata 62 20:43 0

Germanopolis *Ginapolis, caput prouinciæ Turcarum.* 63 :43 0

Gelaca 63 40:43 15

Xoana 63 15:43 0

Dacaſya 61 40:42 40

Moſium 61 6:42 15

Sacorſa 62 :42 15

Pompeiopolis 62 30:42 15

Conica *Ciniata, Mithridatis caſtellum.* 62 15:42 30

Andrapa, quę & Noua Claudiopolis 63 15:42 20

Sabanis 63 50:42 20

Titua 64 15:42 30

Euſene 63 40:42 40

Intra Paphlagoniam magis occidẽtales ſunt Toliboſti, *Toliſtobogi, Teliſtobogij Straboni.* In quibus ciuitates

* Therma Colonia 61 30:42 0

* Peſſenus *Peßinuntem Dyndymenã & Cybelem uocant, ibi Gordius nodus eſt ab Alexandro reſciſſus.* 61 :41 30

Vindia 61 40:41 40

Anarus 61 30:41 20

Tolaſthachora 61 15:40 56

Veteſtum 62 40:43 0

Poſt quos quaſi ad ortum ſolis Tectoſagæ ſunt, In quibus ciuitates

* Ancyra Metropolis *Mediaeus nunc dicitur, teſte Ra. Volaterrano.* 62 40:42 0

Olenus 62 15 42 0

Corbeuntus 62 40:41 40

Agrizama 62 :41 30

Vinzela 62 30:41 20

Oroſologia 63 :41 26

Sarmalia 63 20:41 6

Dictis 62 40:40 50

Carima 63 :40 40

Landoſia 63 40:40 15

Iis etiam magis orientales ſunt Troemi, In quibus ciuitates

Tanium *Taniam, alij Tabiam uocant.* 63 36:41 40

Laſcoria	63	15:42	0
Androſia	64	18:42	•
Claudiopolis *Adrape aliàs dicta.*	63	50:42	0
Cariſſa	64	40:41	40
Phubatena	64	10:41	30
Duduſa	63	50:41	20
Saralos	64	20:41	20
Vcęna	64	10:40	56
Raſtia	64	30:41	0

Sub pręfatis gentibus habitant Proſerliminitæ ipſis cōiuncti. Sub iſtis Byceni, & pars Lycaoniæ. In quibus ciuitates

Penteneſſus	62	15:40	30
Ecdaumana	63	20:40	26
Siuata	64	15:40	26
Ardiſtama	64	:40	01
Cinna	63	20:40	0
Conguſtus	62	40:39	50
Tetradium	63	:39	30
Laodicia combuſta	62	40:39	40
Vaſada	64	:39	26
Perta	64	20:39	30

Poſtea ſub ijs ab occidētali plaga pars eſt Piſidiæ, & ciuitates

Apollonia	62	:39	•
*Antiochia Piſidiæ	62	30:39	15
Amblada	61	50:38	56
Neapolis	62	50:39	15

Ab ortu uero ſolis ab Iſauria, Et ciuitates

Sauatra	64	20:39	15
Lyſtra	64	:39	0
*Iſaura	63	50:38	40

In medio autem Orondici gens, & ciuitates

Miſthium	63	:39	15
Pappa	63	20:38	56

PAMPHYLIAE SITVS. Cap. V.

Tabula prima Aſiæ.

PAmphylia *Mopſopia cognominata*, terminatur ab occaſu Lycia & parte Aſiæ iuxta expoſitam lineam. A ſeptentrionibus uero Galatia iuxta dictum Galatiæ latus. Ab oriente Cilicia et parte Cappadociæ iuxta lineam, quæ eſt à fine uerſus Galatiam, uſq; ad Pamphylium pelagus, cuius finis ad mare continet gradus 63 50:36 40

A meridie uero ipſo Pamphyliæ pelago, iuxta deſcriptionem hanc

Poſt Phaſelidem ciuitatem Lyciæ littorales Pamphyliæ

Olbia	62	:36	36
Attalia *Satalia regia.*	62	15:36	30
Cataracti flu. oſtia *Cataractes.*	62	30:36	36
Magydis	62	40:36	50
Ceſtri flu. oſtia *Oeſtros dicitur Pomp. Mele.*	62	50:36	30
Eurymedontis flu. oſtia	63	:36	56
*Side *Sida.*	63	20:36	10

Ciliciæ aſperæ ciuitates littorales

Coracenſium *Coraceſium Straboni.*	63	36:36	40
Syſdra	63	50:36	45

Ciuitates autem ſunt in prouincia mediterraneæ, Phrygiæ quidem P ſidiæ *Sauria nunc dicitur Turcarum prouincia, cuius caput Seleucia, quę eis dicitur Scandalor.*

*Seleucia Piſidiæ	62	:38	30
*Antiochia *Cæſarea Plinio.*	62	30:38	30
Antiquum Beudos	61	30:38	30.
Baris	61	50:38	26
Conane	61	50:38	6
Lyſinia	61	15:38	15
Cormaſa	61	10:37	56

Carbaliæ autem

Cretopolis	61	15:37	30
Pogla	61	40:37	40
Menedemium	61	20:37	30
Vranopolis	61	40:37	20
Piſinda	61	40:37	10
Ariaſſus	62	6:37	1ɔ
Corbaſa	62	20:37	6
Milyas	62	30:37	26
*Termeſſus	62	10:37	15

Pamphyliæ uero mediterraneæ ciuitates

*Perge *Perga Plinio, & Straboni.*	62	15:36	56
Siluum	62	26:36	50

Aſpenſus

*Aſpendus *Aſpendū.* 62 15:36 30

Piſidiæ autem

Proſtama 62 15:38 20
Adada *Adadata Strab.* 62 56:38 15
Olbaſa 62 40:38 0
Dyrzela 63 10:38 20
Orbanaſſa 63 20:38 0
Talbonda 63 45:38 0
Cremna Colonia 63 :37 50
Commacum 62 50:37 40
Pletenelſus *Petneliſſus Strab. Plantaniſtum Plinio.* 63 30:37 50
Vnzela 63 15:37 30
Selge *Selga Strab.* 63 :37 20

Ciliciæ Trachiæ ſiue aſperæ mediterraneæ

Laërte 63 40:37 26
Caſſæ 63 50:37 36
Lyrbe 63 15:37 6
Colobraſſus 63 20:37 10
Cebyra 64 :37 45

Inſulæ autem adiacent Pamphyliæ

Crambuſa inſula 62 30:36 50
Apelbuſa inſula *Attelebuſa Plinio.* 63 15:35 50

CAPPADOCIAE SITVS. Cap. VI.

Tabula prima Aſiæ.

Leucoſyris olim Euſtathio, quam à Cappadoce amne Plinius dicit Cappadociam.

CAppadocia terminaẽ ab occaſu Galatia, & parte Pāphyliæ iuxta expoſitam lineam à Ponto uſq; finẽ, cuius ſitus continet gradus 64 :37 40

A meridie Cilicia, iuxta lineã, quæ inde per Taurum uſq; ad Amanũ montem producitur uſq; finem, cuius ſitus 70 :37 30

Præterea parte Syriæ, quæ inde eſt per Amanum montem ad Euphratis partem, quæ continet gradus 71 40:38 0

Ab oriente Armenia magna iuxta Euphraten quidem, à præfata parte Amani montis uſq; ad conuerſionem eius; quę maxime ſeptentrionalis, ad ortum tẽdit, cuius grad. ſunt 71 :42 30

Poſt hæc linea, quæ eſt iuxta montes Moſchicos uſque finem, cuius poſitio habet 72 30:44 45

A ſeptentrionibus parte ponti Euxini, quæ ab Amiſo Galatiæ protenditur uſq; ad dictum finem 72 20:44 45

Littus igitur patris huius habet deſcriptionem hanc

Leucoſyrorum cubitus *Lirus hodie.* 65 40:43 20
Iris flu. oſtia *Lycus alter flu. cum influens Plinio dicitur & Strab.* 66 :43 0
Prima flu. flexio 67 15:41 20
Secunda flu. flexio 66 :41 20
Fontes fluuij 68 :41 0

Ponti Galatici circa Phanagoriam campum

*Themiſcyra *Fadida uulgo, A qua Themiſcyra prouincia Strab. Sed Pomp. Mela Themiſcyrum appellat* 66 20:43 6
Herculis promont. 66 50:43 20

Ponti Polemoniaci

Thermodontis flu. oſtia 67 :43 15
Fontes fluuij 68 30:42 30
Polemonium *Leona uulgo.* 67 15:43 6
Iaſonium promontorium *S. Thomas.* 67 30:43 15
Cyteorum *Cotyorum Plinio, Cecino hodie.* 67 36:43 6
Hermonaſſa *Siriſonda uulgo.* 68 :43 15

Ponti Cappadocij iuxta Sydonem *Sidena alijs.*

Iſchopolis *Tripolli uulgo.* 68 20:43 20
Ceraſus *Zefano.* 68 50:43 20
Pharnacia *Pharnace Plinio, Platena.* 69 20:43 6
Hyſſi portus 70 30:43 20
* Trapezus *Trapezuntia, Trapezonda, Metropolis prouinciæ Turcarum, quæ dicitur Genech, ſiue Ienech, Haithonus cap. 13.* 70 45:43 6

Iuxta autem Ciſſios

Pitiuſa *Fionda uulgo, aliter opius.* 71 :43 26
Rhizus por. *Riſſo uulgo.* 71 10:43 36

Athenarum promontorium
71 :43 45
Chordule, *aliâs Chorduba.*
71 20:43 45
Morthula 71 40:43 50
Archadis flu. oſtia 71 56:44 0
Xyline *Sentina uulgo.* 72 6:44 10
Ciſſæ fl. oſt. *Quiſa uulgo.* 72 10:44 20
Apſorrus *Arcani hodie.* 72 20:44 15
Apſori flu. oſtia *Abſarus Plinio.*
72 20:44 40
Vbi ſcinditur in Glaucum amnem, & in Lycum 72 30:43 45
Fontes Apſori flu. 72 45:43 0
Sebaſtopolis *S. Gregorius.*
72 20:44 45

Montes autem memoratu digni Cappadociam cingunt Argeus mons, *Artagum putat Boccatius.* Cuius fines continent gradus 65 20:40 30 & 66:39 40

Vnde fluuius Melas appellatus fluens Euphrati immiſcetur iuxta gradus
71 :39 50
Meletem uocant Ruffus, per quem Rom. duces in Meſopotamiam nauigabant.

Et Antitaurus mons, tranſiens à monte Tauro, uſq; Euphraten fluuiũ in interuallo, cuius media pars ad Taurum montem terminum habet 65 30:38 30 & 67 15:39 15

Finis autem apud Euphraten flu. gradus & ipſe habet 67 30:39 20: & 71 30:41 15

Et Scordiſcus mons, cuius fines continent gradus 68:41 & 69:42 30

In Cappadocia uero ciuitates ſunt mediterraneæ & uicus poſt Leucoſyros, qui in cõfinibus Galatiæ ſunt.

Ponti Galatici mediterraneæ.

Boenaſſa 65 30:42 45
Sebaſtopolis alia *Cabira, Diopolis, Auguſta.*
66 :42 20
Tebenda 66 40:42 10
*Amaſia *Amaſcia, Strabonis patria*
65 30:42 0
Chologi 66 :42 0
Etonia 65 :41 30
Piala 65 45:41 40
Pleuramis 65 15:41 20
Pida 65 40:41 45
Sermuſa 66 20:41 21
*Comana Pontica 67 :41 30
Eudoxiana 68 30:40 15

Ponti Polemoniaci mediterraneæ.

Gozalina 66 30:42 40
Eudiphus 67 20:42 10
Caruanis 67 40:42 10
Barbaniſſa 68 :42 20
Ablata 68 20:42 0
*Neocæſarea 67 20:41 50
Saurania 68 :41 15
Megaluda 67 40:41 40
Zela *Zelitica regio à Pompeio dilatata & Megalopolis nominata.* 67 30:41 20
Danati 68 :41 0
*Sebaſtia 68 :40 40
Meſorome 68 30:41 45
Sabalia 68 20:41 40
Megaloſſus 68 10:41 10

Ponti Cappadocij mediterraneæ.

Chriſtiani erant & Marcionem hæreticum habuerunt, ſed iam à Turcis cum Trapezunti imperio ſunt debellati.

Zephyrium 68 20:40 20
Aza 69 :42 30
Cocalia 69 30:42 45
Cordyle 70 :43 0
Trapezuſæ 70 30:43 6
Aſiba 71 20:43 15
Mardara 71 30:43 40
Camureſarbum 72 :43 30

Præturę uel pręfecturæ Chamanneſis.

Zama 65 :40 36
Andraca 65 :40 50
Gadaſena 65 45:40 56
Vadata 65 20:40 0
Saruena 65 40:40 20
Odoga 66 :40 20

Præfecturæ Sargauraſenæ.

Phiara 67 :41 0
Sadagena 66 20:40 45
Gauræna 67 :40 30
Sabalaſſus 66 30:40 26
Ariarathira 67 20:40 45
Maroga 67 30:40 30

Præfecturæ Gardaucretæ.

Phreata uel putei 65 :40 0
Archelais 64 45:39 40
Naneſſus 65 30:39 45

*Diocæſarea

Diocæſarea *Cabira Straboni prius dicta*	65	30:39	20
Salambriæ, quæ & Sarabraëa	65	15:39	20
Tetrapyrgia	66	:39	20

Præfecturæ Ciliciæ

Muſtilia	66	15:40	20
Sina	66	30:40	6
Campæ	66	15.39	45
*Maza, quæ & Cæſarea *Mazaca Straboni, Euſebio magna Cæſarea, ubi præſules Baſilius & Gregorius Nazianzenus, Ruffo dicta Megara.*	66	30:39	30
Cyziſtra	67	:39	20
Ebagena	67	10:40	15
Archallæ	67	30:40	
Sobara	67	10:39	40

Lycaoniæ

Adopiſſus	64	40:39	15
Canna	64	45:39	0
*Iconium *Cogni hodie, ait Sabellicus, Caramanorū principum regia.*	64	30:38	45
Paralais	64	45:38	30
Corna	65	:38	6
Casbia	65	10.38	45
Baratha	65	30:38	30

Antiochianæ

Derbe	64	20:38	15
*Laranda	64	45:38	6
Olbaſſa	65	20:38	10
Musbanda	64	45:37	50

Præfecturæ Tyanidis

Dratæ	65	10:39	0
*Tyana	66	:38	56
Bazis	66	15:38	56
Siala	66	30:38	56

ARMENIAE MINORIS *ſitus.* *Cap. VII.*

Tabula prima Aſiæ.

Leucoſyriam appellatā ait Procopius, Chriſtiani ſunt, ſed diſsident à Romana eccleſia: habent ſuum papam, quem uocant Catholicum.

ARmeniæ minoris ſitus, cuius pars maxima Septentrionalis uocatū Orbaliſſina, & quæ ſub ipſa Aeculana. Poſtea Aerethica & ſub hac Horſena. Et pars maxime auſtralis poſt Horſenem Orbiſene. Ciuitates uero iuxta Euphratē hę ſunt

Sinibra	71	:42	30
Aziris	71	:42	0
Ladana	71	:42	40
Siſmara *(aliâs Iſmara)*	71	30:41	26
Zimara	71	30:40	40
Daſcuta	71	:40	26

Interius autem & iuxta montana.

*Satala	69	30:42	10
Domana	70	:42	6
Tapura	70	30:42	10
*Nicopolis	69	:41	40
Chorſabia	69	40:41	45
Charax	70	30:41	45
Dagona	68	40:41	20
Seleoberia	69	30:41	0
Caltiorſſā	69	50:41	15
Analibla	70	20:41	20
Peſingara	68	30:40	56
Godaſa	69	:40	45
Eudixata	68	15:40	26
Carape	70	20:40	0
Maſora	70	30:40	40
Oromandus	69	40:40	20
Iſpa	70	30:40	20
Phuphena	69	:40	15
Arane	69	45:40	10
Phuphatena	68	40:39	50
Mardara	69	6:39	40
Varſapa	67	50:39	30
Horſa	68	30:39	20

Melitenes iuxta Euphraten fluuium. *Medena Ruffo, inde & Monoraticum uinum.*

Daguſa	71	:40	6
Sinis Colonia	71	:39	45
*Melitene	71	:39	30

Intra autem has.

Zopariſtus	70	:40	0
Titariſſus	69	45:39	45
Cianica	69	20:39	30
Phuſſpara	70	30:39	40
Euſimara	70	10:39	30
Iaſſus	69	:39	30
Ciacis	69	30:39	15
Leugæſa	70	15:39	10
Carmala *(aliâs Marcala)*	70	40:39	20
Semiſus	70	30:39	0
Laleneris	69	30:38	30

Præfecturæ Cataoniæ *Hanc præfecturã Cappadociæ adſcribit Strabo.*

Caballus	67	15:38	36
Tynna	66	50:38	30
Tirallis	67	:38	20
Cybiſtra	66	:38	15
Claudiopolis	65	40:37	50
Daliſandus	66	20:37	50
Padyandus *aliâs Polyandos.*	67	:38	0
*Comana Cappadociæ	68	:38	0
Mopſi fons	67	20:37	30
Tanadaris	68	20:37	45
Leandis	68	40:37	40

Præfecturæ Muriannæ

Sindita	67	30:39	10
Chotæna	68	15:39	10
Zoropaſſus	69	40:39	0
Nyſſa	68	20:38	40
Araſaxa	67	30:38	30
Carnalis	68	45:38	30
Garnace *Gorneas caſtellum munitum, Corn. Tacitus lib. 12.*	68	30:38	30

Præfecturæ Lauianæ penes Euphraten flu.

Corne	71	:39	15
Metita	71	:39	0
Claudia	71	:38	45

Interius uero ſunt

Caparcelis	70	30:39	0
Sizoatra	70	:38	45
Paſarne	70	30:38	30
Cizara *Cirra dicitur Sexto Ruffo.*	69	20:38	30
Sabagina	68	50:38	10
Noſalene	69	50:38	20
Lauſtaſa *aliter Largaſa.*	69	20:37	50

Præfecturę Arauenę iuxta Euphraten quidem fluuium

Iuliopolis	71	:38	26
Barzalo	71	:38	10

Interius uero his

Seraſtere	70	40:38	15
Lacriaſſus	70	15:38	10
Entelia	70	:37	45
Adattha	69	30:37	30

CILICIAE SITVS. Cap. VIII.

Tabula prima Aſiæ.

Armeniam hodie uocari tradit Haithonus cap. 14. ſub proprio fuit principe Caramano Turca, & aliorum Turcarum inimico. Cilicia, Solinus inquit, antea uſq; ad Peluſium Aegypti pertinebat, Lydiis, Medis, Armeniis, Pamphylia, Cappadocia ſub imperio Cilicum conſtitutis.

Cilicia terminatur ab occaſu, parte Pamphylię expoſita, Ab oriente iuxta Amanum mõtẽ, à fine, qui eſt ad Cappadociam, qui uſq; ad Iſſicum ſinũ extenditur, & uſq; Pylas Amanicas, cuius finis ſitus continet gradus 69 30:36 20

A ſeptentrionibus aũt partẽ expoſita Cappadociæ, iuxta Taurum montem. A meridie anguſtiis Cilicię, et Iſſico ſinu iuxta deſcriptionẽ ſic ſe habentẽ. Poſt Syſdram ciuitatem Pamphylię in littore, quod ſequitur.

Lelentidis Thrachiæ, hoc eſt, aſperę regionis. *Duplex Cilicia, Trachea hæc, reliqua campeſtris.*

Iotape	64	:36	45
Selenus *Selinus flu. Strabo.*	64	20:36	45
Antiochia ſup Trago	64	40:36	50
Nephelis	64	50:36	36

Cetidis

Anemurium	65	10:36	50
Orymagdi flu. oſtia	65	20:36	45
Arſinoe	65	30:36	50
Colenderis *Celendris Strab.*	65	45:36	50
Aphrodiſia uel Venerea	66:	36	50
Sarpedorum extrema *Sarpedon promont. Strabo*	66	10:36	45
Calycadni flu. oſtia	66	20:36	50
Zephyriũ promont.	66	20.36	20

Proprie Ciliciæ, *Campeſtris Cilicia*

*Corycus *Curch uulgo, Corycum promontorium Strab.*	66	30:36	50
Sebaſte uel Auguſta	66	45:36	45
Lami fl. oſt. *Latmus Stra.*	67	:36	45

*Pompeiopolis, quæ & Sole *Soloë Pomponio,*

Pomponio, Soli Straboni.	67	15:46	40
Cydni flu. oſtia	67	45:36	40
Fontes fluuij	66	:38	30
Sari flu. oſtia *Coeranum prius.*	68	:36	30
Pyrami flu. oſtia	68	15:36	30
Pyrami fontes	68	30:38	0
*Mallus *Malo uulgo.*	68	30:36	30
Setræpolis oppidum *Caßiopolis Plinio.*	68	45:36	30
Aegæ *Aegae Straboni.*	69	:36	30
Iſſus *Laiaſſa hodie.*	69	20:36	26
Mediterraneę uero ciuitates in Cilicia ſunt, Aſperæ quidem Lelentidis			
Cayſtrus	64	45:37	20
Domitiopolis	65	26:37	6
Philadelphia	66	:37	26
*Seleucia aſpera *Trachiotis cognominata Plinio.*	66	10.36	56
Diocæſarea	66	10:37	10
Citidis autem			
Olbaſa *Olbus Straboni.*	64	30:37	30
Labaſſidis uero			
Ninica	65	30:37	30
Characine			
Flauiopolis	66	20:37	30
Lamotidis			
Lamus	67	:37	0
Lacanitidis			
Irinopolis	67	50:37	20
Bryclices			
Auguſta	68	30:37	10
Propriæ Ciliciæ mediterraneæ			
*Tarſos *Teraſſa uulgo, Pauli Apoſtoli patria.*	67	40:36	50
*Adana *Adena uulgo.*	68	15:36	45
*Cæſarea penes Anazarbum *Cæſaraugusta Plinio, quæ prius Anazarba.*	68	30:37	0
Mopſi eſtia uel lares	68	50:36	45
Caſtabala	69	:37	0
Nicopolis	69	30:37	15
Epiphania *Eniandos prius Plinio.*	69	30:36	40
Et Amanicæ pylæ	69	30:36	20

SARMATIAE ASIATICAE ſitus. Cap. IX.

Tabula ſecunda Aſiæ.

Cumania hodie unus Tartarorū Principatus, Hunnos etiam hoc loci Procopius & Agathius deſcribunt, à quibus Vngaria. Autores cum de Scythis loquuntur, iſtos intelligunt, nam de illis quos ad Imaum Ptolemæus Scythas uocat, raro noſtri meminerunt, quos omnes Iornandes Gothos ſiue Getas facit.

SArmatia quæ in Aſia eſt, terminatur à ſeptentrionibus terra incognita. Ab occaſu Sarmatia quæ in Europa eſt, uſꝗ ad fontes Tanais flu. & ab ipſo Tanai fl. uſꝗ ad eius oſtia in Mæotim paludē & Mæotidis paludis oriētali parte, quę à Tanai eſt uſꝗ Cimmerium Boſphorum. Cuius partis ſitus hic eſt, Poſt Tanais fluuij oſtia.

Paniardis	67	20:53	20
Marubij flu. oſtia	68	:53	0
Patarue *Tocari uulgo.*	68	:52	30
Rhombiti magni flu. oſtia *Rhombites. Strabo.*	68	30:52	0
Theophanij flu. oſtia	68	30:51	40
Azara ciuitas	68	30:51	20
Rhōbiti parui flu. oſtia	69	:50	30
Azabiteſmitra *aliter Azabetiſtena.*	68	:50	0
*Tyrambe *Trapano hodie.*	69	40:49	50
Atticiti fl. oſtia *Latiti hodie, Anticeita Strab.*	70	:49	20
Geruſa ciuitates *S. Georgius.*	70	:49	0
Pſathis flu. oſtia	69	:48	45
Mapeta *Copa hodie.*	69	:48	30
Vardani flu. oſtia	68	:48	20
Cimmeriū promont.	66	30:48	30
Apathurgus *Apaturos Plinio, Apaturum Veneris fanum Straboni.*	66	20:48	15
Achilleum apud os	64	30:48	15
Et in Boſphoro Cimmerico			
*Phanagoria	64	30:47	50
Corocondame	64	15:47	30

A Meridie autē parte, quæ hinc eſt Euxini ponti, uſꝗ ad Coracem fluuiū, & ab hinc

abhinc æquidiſtāti linea Colchidis & Iberiæ ac Albaniæ uſqꝫ ad latus Hyrcani maris, quod & Caſpium uocatur, Cuius lateris deſcriptio ſic ſe habet, Poſt Corocondamen ponti ciuitatem rurſus

*Hermonaſſa *Madaque hodie.* 65 :47 30

Syndicus portus *Sindiacus Strabo.* 65 30:47 50

Synda oppidum *Sindica Plinio.* 66 :48 0

Bata portus 66 30:47 40

Bata oppidum *Maui hodie.* 66 20:47 30

Pſychri flu. oſtia 66 40:47 30

Achæa uic. *Locho uulgo.* 67 :47 30

Cerceticus ſinus 67 30:47 20

Tazos 68 :47 30

Toretice extrema 68 :47 0

Ampſalis ciuitas *Albaſcquia hodie:* 68 30:47 15

Burcæ flu. oſtia 69 :47 15

* Oenanthia *S. Sophia.* 69 40:47 15

Theſſyris flu. oſtia 69 40:47 0

Fortia mœnia 70 :46 50

Coracis flu. oſtia 70 30:47 0

Finis, qui hinc eſt ad Colchidis latus 75 :47 30

Reliquum, quod deinde eſt uſqꝫ ad terminum Iberiæ, in quo & Sarmaticæ pylæ 77 :47 0

Quod deinde eſt ad Albaniam uſqꝫ finem Hyrcani pelagi, in quo Soane flu. oſtia 86 :47 0

Ab oriente autem inde parte Hircani maris, in qua poſt Soane fl. oſtia, Cuius ſitus dictus eſt 86 :47 0

Alontæ flu. oſtia 86 30:47 40

Vdonis flu. oſtia 87 :48 20

*Rha flu. oſtia *Volga, Volba, à Tartaris Edel nūcupatus, non ex Hyperboreis, ſed ex Moſcouiæ planis & paludibus oriens, affirmante Mathia de Michou, & Paulo Iouio.* 87 30:48 50

Et Scythia iuxta Rha fluuium uſqꝫ ad flexionem, cuius ſitus continet gradus 85 :54 0

Et hinc iuxta meridianū uſqꝫ ad incognitam terram. Eſt & alia Rha fluuij flexio, quæ appropinquat flexioni Tanais fluuij, Cuius ſitus cōtinet gradus 74 :56 0

Supra quam admiſcentur duo amnes à montibus Hyperboreis fluentes, Eius cōmixtionis gradus ſunt 79 :58 30

Fontes uero alterius amnis magis occidentales gradus habent 70 :61 0

Alterius uero magis orientalis 90 :61 0

Segregant & alij montes Sarmatiam, & qui nominant Hippici et Ceraunij. Et Corax mōs, in quo fines illi ſunt, q per montes Colchidis & Iberię producūtur, uocanturqꝫ Caucaſij, ipſorumqꝫ flexio ſuper Hyrcaniā eſt quæ & ipſa Caucaſus uocatur.

Hippicorum igitur montium promontoria gradus habent 74:54 & 81: 52

Cerauniorum uero 81 30:49 & 84: 52

Coracis autem 69:48 & 75: 48

Caucaſi uero 75:47 & 85: 48

Habent autem et Alexandri columnę gradus 80 :51 30

Pylæ uero Sarmaticæ 81 :48 30

Albaniæ autem pylæ 80 :47 0

Abgazari & Abgazeli populi has Caucaſi partes incolunt.

Colunt autem Sarmatiam in climatibus iuxta terram incognitam Hyperborei Sarmatæ. Sub ijs Baſilici, hoc eſt Regij Sarmatæ. Et Modocæ gens. *Moſcouitas, Albam Rußiam, hoc eſſe cenſet Paulus Iouius, à Moſco amne, à quo & Moſca eorum regia: in Aſiā extenditur, licet Europæ ſit: & Chriſtiani ſunt, Græcis tamen plus adhærentes, quàm eccleſiæ Romanæ.* Et Hippophagi Sarmatæ. Et ſub ijs etiam Zacatæ. Et Suardeni. Et Aſæi. Poſtea iuxta quidem flexionem Septentrionalem Tanais fluuij Perierbidi ſunt gens magna. Et iuxta auſtralem Iaxamatæ gens

Ciuitates uero

Exopolis 72 :55 20

* Tanais *Tana uulgo.* 67 :54 20

*Nauaris 70 :55 0

A Suardenis autem Chænides. Et ab ortu Rha fluuij Phthirophagi. Et Ma-

teri

teri Et Neſiotis regio. Poſtea ſub Iaxamatis Siraceni. Inter aũt Mętotim paludem & Hippicos montes poſt Siracenos Pſeſſij. Poſt Themeotæ. *Meotæ cæteris dicti unde Meotides paludes.* Sub quibus Tyrambæ. Poſt Aſturicani. Poſtea uſqꝫ Coracem montem Arichi, Et Zinchi. Supra autem prædictos Coraces montes Conapſeni, Et Metibi, Et Agoritæ. Inter uero Rha fl. & Hippicos montes ſub Siracenis eſt Mithridatis regio. Sub qua Melanchlæni. Poſt Sapothrenæ. Sub quibus Scymnitę. Poſt Amazones. Et inter Hippicos montes & Ceraunios Surani, & Sacani. Inter autem Ceraunios montes & Rha flu. Orinęi, & Vali, et Serbi. Et inter Caucaſum mõtẽ & Ceraunios Tuſci, *Turci legendum quibuſdam placet, unde Turcarum origo. Plinius Turcas hic nominat.* & Diduri. Et iuxta mare Caſpium Vlæ, & Olondæ. & Iſonde, & Gerri. Sub dorſis autẽ mõtium Boſphorani quidem ſupra utranqꝫ Cimmerij Boſphori partem. Iuxta autem pontũ Achęi, & Cercitæ, & Heniochi, ac Suanocolchi. Supra autem Albaniam Sanaręi.

Ciuitates uero nominantur, & oppida iuxta quidem minorem Rhombitem

Azaraba	70	:50	30

Iuxta autem Pſathin fluuium

Auchis	72	40:49	40

Iuxta autem Vardanum fluuium

Scopelus	68	:48	0
Suruba	72	:48	20
Coruſia	73	40:48	30
Ebriapa	75	20:48	30
Seraca	77	:48	40

Et iuxta Burcum fluuium

Cucunda	70	:47	45

Iuxta autem Theſſarum amnem

Batrache	71	:47	30

Iuxta autem Coracem fluuium

Naana	73	30:47	45

In montium autem dorſis ciuitates

Abunis	73	:48	0
Naſunia	74	:48	0
Almia	75	:48	0

COLCHIDIS SITVS. Cap. X.

Tabula tertia Aſię.

Comania Tartarorum hodie Colchin Iberiã & Albaniam continet. Colchi dicũtur hodie Lazi, Agathius lib. 2.

COlchis terminatur à ſeptentrionibus parte Sarmatiæ. Ab occaſu Põti Euxini parte ea, quæ extenditur à Corace amne uſqꝫ interiorem ſinum iuxta Phaſim flu. ſecundũ deſcriptionẽ hãc.

* Dioſcuria, que & Sebaſtopolis *Totius Euxini ſinũ obtinet, & extrema nauigatio dicitur, Strab uulgo Sebaſtropori.*	71	10:46	45
Hippi flu. oſtia	71	:46	30
Cyanei flu oſtia *Cicabo.*	71	30:45	15
Siganeum *Garbendia.*	71	30:45	30
Neapolis *Negapotimo hodie.*	71	30:45	40
Aeapolis *aliter Geapolis, Aea, unde Circe dicta Aeæa.*	72	:45	30
Chariſti flu. oſtia	72	:45	15
Phaſis fl. oſtia *Boas prope fontes dicitur Procopio. Hinc phaſides aues epulæ precioſiſſimæ tornandi.*	7	30:45	0
* Phaſis ciuitas *Poliſtonia hodie.*	72	30:44	45

A meridie terminaẽ hinc ſinu Cappadocio iuxta expoſitã lineã, & reliquũ parte maioris Armenię p ipſam lineã uſqꝫ finẽ, cuius ſitus 74 :44 40

Ab oriente uero Iberia iuxta lineã coniungentem fines expoſitos per Caucaſios montes 75 :47 30

Tenẽt aũt maritima Colchidis Zalæ. *Lazos populos Procopius appellat, de quib. multa in bello Perſico inter Coſroèm & Iuſtinianum.* Superiora uero Manrali, & qui iuxta Ecreticem regionem ſunt

Mediterraneę uero ciuitates & oppida hæc ineſſe dicuntur

Mechleſſus	74	30:46	45
Madia	74	15:46	15
Sarace	73	:45	0
Surium	73	20:44	40
Zadris	74	:44	40

Zanorũ hodie populos hoc loci cõmemorãt Proc. & Agathius

Iberiæ

IBERIAE SITVS
Cap. XI.
Tabula tertia Aſię.

Georgiani has regiones incolunt, Chriſtiani quidẽ ſed ſchiſmatici, quorum ad ſe legationem refert Pius ſecundus.

IBeri a terminatur à ſeptentriõibus parte Sarmatiæ expoſita.

Ab occaſu Colchide iuxta dictam lineam.

A meridie parte maioris Armenię, ſub limite, iuxta Colchidẽ, uſq; ad finem. Cuius ſitus continet gradus

	76	:44	40

Ab oriente aũt Albania iuxta lineam dictos fines coniungentem uſq;

	77	:47	0

Sunt aũt in ea ciuitates & oppida hæc

Lubium oppidum	75	40:46	50
Aginna	75	:46	30
Vaſæda	76	:46	20
Varica	75	20:46	0
Sura	75	:45	20
*Artaniſſa	75	40:45	0
Meſtleta	74	40:45	0
Zaliſſa	76	:44	40
* Armactica *Harmaſtis Plinio.*			
	75	:44	45

ALBANIAE SITVS.
Cap. XII.
Tabula tertia Aſiæ.

Sub Perſis Macedonibus & Romanis uiciſſim fuerunt, nunc ſub Magno Cham Tartarorum. Horum canes omnium animalium feritatem ſuperant.

ALbania terminatur à ſeptẽtrionib. expoſita parte Sarmatiæ.

Ab occaſu Iberia, iuxta lineam annotatam.

A meridie parte maioris Armenię, quę eſt iuxta Iberię finem uſq; Hircanum mare, ſecundũ Cyri flu. oſtia, quæ gradus habent 79 40:44 30

Corus Strab. dictus. Cydnus Plutar. Cirtus Sabel.

Ab ortu ſolis parte, quæ hinc extenditur uſque ad Soanam fluuium Hircani maris iuxta deſcriptionem hanc. Poſt Soanæ flu. oſtia, quæ gradus habent.

	86	:47	0
Teleba ciuitas	85	:46	50
Gerri flu. oſtia	84	30:46	30
Gelda ciuitas	83	:46	10
Cæſij flu. oſtia *Caſſios Plinio.*			
	82	30:46	40
*Albana ciuitas	81	40:45	50
Albani flu. oſtia	80	30:45	30
* Getara ciuitas *Gangara.*			
	79	30:45	0
Poſt quam Cyri flu. oſtia			
	79	40:44	30

Ciuitates autem in Albania ſunt & oppida, inter Iberiam quidem, & fluuium à Caucaſo in Cyrum influentem, qui per totam Iberiam & Albaniam fluit, dirimens ab ipſis Armeniam.

Tagoda	77	30:46	50
Banchia	77	:46	30
Sanua	77	40:46	40
Diglane	77	20:45	45
Niga	77	20:45	15

Inter autem præfatum fluuium & Albanum amnem, qui & ipſe à Caucaſo fluit.

Moſega	79	:46	56
Samunis	79	:46	40
Iobula	78	.46	20
Iuna	79	:46	0
Embolæa	78	30:45	40
Adiabla	79	:45	30
Abliana	78	45	15
Mamechia	79	45:45	40
Oſica	77	30:44	45
Sioda	78	15:44	40
Baruca	79	20:44	40

Tenent autem Albaniæ portæ gradus ut dictum eſt 80 :47 0

Inter autem Albanum & Cæſium flu.

* Chabala *Cabalaca Plinio, inſignior Albaniæ ciuitas*	80	:46	45
Chobata	80	30:46	45
Boziata	80	46	20
Miſia	81	46	20
Chadacha	81	:46	0
Alamus	82	:46	15

Inter autem Cæſium & Gerrũ amnem

Thiauna	82	15:46	40

Thabilaca

Thabiſaca 82 45:46 50

Inter Gerrum autem & Soanam flu.

Thilbis 84 15:46 50

Inſulæ autem adiacent Albaniæ duæ. Paluſtres. Quarũ medium gradus habet 87 30:45 0

ARMENIAE MAIORIS ſitus. Cap. XIII.

Tabula tertia Aſiæ.

Turcarum imperio ſubeſt, ſicut & minor Armenia.

ARmenia maior terminat à ſeptẽtrionib. parte Colchidis, & Iberiæ, & Albaniç, iuxta expoſitã ꝑ Cyrum fluuiũ lineã. Ab occaſu parte Cappadociæ, ſecundũ expoſitam ponti Cappadocũ uſq; Colchidẽ per Moſchicos montes lineam. Et portione Euphratis, quæ eſt inter Moſchicos montes & Taurum.

Ab oriente aũt parte Hyrcani maris, quæ eſt ab oſtijs Cyri amnis, uſq; ad finem, cuius gradus 79 45:43 20

Inter quam & Cyri amnis oſtia

Araxi fluminis oſtia 79 45:43 50

Præterea Media, iuxta lineã, quæ hinc protenditur ad montem Caſpium, ac etiam ultra montem. Cuius fines gra. habent 79:42 30 & 80 30:40

A meridie Meſopotamia, iuxta Tauri montis lineam quæ quidem Euphrati fluuio iungitur iuxta gradus 71 30:38 0

Tigridi autẽ amni iuxta ſitum gradus habentem 75 30:38 30

Præterea Aſſyria iuxtam lineã per Niphatem montem egredientem ad directum antedictæ uſq; præfatum finẽ Caſpij montis, per quam lineam Niphates mons extenditur.

Montes autem Armeniæ nominantur ij, qui Moſchici appellantur, qui protenduntur, uſq; ad ſupraiacentem partem Ponti Cappadocũ. Et mons, qui Paryarges dicitur, *Pariedri montes Plinio.* Cuius fines continent gradus 75:43 20 & 77:42

Et Vdaceſpes mons, cuius mediũ gradus habet 80 30:40 0

Et Antitauri pars, quæ eſt intra Euphratem cuius medium 72 :41 40

Et qui uocatur Abos montes, cuius medium habet 77 :41 0

Et Gordçi montes, quorum medium continet 75 :39 40

Hi ſunt Armeniæ montes, in quibus poſt diluuium arcam Noë conſediſſe ferunt: Boccatius & Haithonus אֲרָרָט *Ararat montem uocant, unde terra Ararat lib. regum hæc dicitur.*

Fluuij autem per Regionẽ excurrunt. Et Araxes flu. qui quidem oſtia habet iuxta Hyrcani maris ſitum in gra. 79 45:43 50

Fontes uerò iuxta ſitũ gradus habentem 76 30:42 30

Ab ijs impetu ad oriẽtem uectus, uſq; montem Caſpium, & ad ſeptentrionẽ flexus, partim ad Hyrcanũ mare exit, partim admiſcetur Cyro fluuio, ſecundum ſitum continentem gradus 78 30:44 30

Et Euphratis fluuij pars, à prædicta ad orientẽ flexione uſq; ad fontes qui & ipſi gradus habent 75 40:42 40

Almachar fluuius Aſſyriorũ lingua dictum ait Plinius.

Sunt & alij montes memoratu digni, à diuertigio Euphratis fluuij. Finis aũt, qui Euphrati coniungitur, gradus habet 71 30:40 30

Finis uerò, qui iuxta ipſius eſt fontes 77 :41 0

Et Tigridis pars in Armenia compræhẽſa, à particula ea, quæ eſt à latere meridiano uſq; fõtes ipſius Tigridis, quç gradus habent 74 40:39 40

Diglito iuxta fontes uocatũ Tigridem ait Plinius.

Facientes paludem iuxta fontes, quæ uocatur Thoſpites. Sunt & aliæ paludes, inter quas ea, quç uocatur Lychnites, Cuius medium gradus habet *Thoatin & Arſenium lacum uocat Strabo, Dionyſius poëta Thonitin, Plinius Teſbitem* 78 :43 15

Et Arſiſſa palus, cuius medium continet gradus 78 30:40 50

Ciuitates autem ſimiliter in hac ſunt parte

Taſca	75	30:40	20
Phora	76	:40	10
Mæpa	76	:40	40
Buana	76	45:40	0
Cholima	76	45:40	40
Terebia	77	20:40	56
Daudyana	77	40:40	20
Capura	79	20:40	10
* Artemita	78	40:40	30
Thelbalane	76	15:39	50
Siæ	75	45:39	40
Pherendis	74	40:39	40
Tigranocerta *Penes. quam Niceforius amnis Tacitus lib. 15.*	76	45:39	40
Sardeua	75	50:39	10
Colſa	78	:39	50
Tigranoamá	79	45:40	0
Artagigarta	75	20:38	45

CYPRI INSVLAE SITVS. Cap. XIIII.

Tabula quarta Aſiæ.

Crypta Stephano dicebatur, Minois, Colinia, Ceráſtis, Machara, Acamantis, Aſpelia, & Amathuſa: Chitim Hebreis. Veneti imperant ſub Turcarum tributo.

CYprus quaqua uerſus pelago terminatur,

Ab occaſu quidem Pamphylio ſecũdum deſcriptionem hanc.

*Acamas promont.	64	10:35	30
Paphos noua	64	20:35	10
Drepanum promont.	64	30:34	45
* Paphos uetus *Palæpaphos Plinio & Straboni.*	64	30:35	0
Zephirium promont.	64	10:35	6

A meridie mari Aegyptio atq; Syriaco ſecundum deſcriptionem hanc

Poſt Zephirium promont.

Phrurium promont.	64	45:34	50
Curium ciuitas *Limiſo à noſtris dicitur.*	65	:35	0
Lyci flu. oſtia	65	20:35	6
Curias extrema	65	30:34	45
*Amathus *Veneri Sacra fuit, unde tota inſula Amathuſia dicebatur.*	65	45:35	0
Tetij flu. oſtia	66	10:35	0
Citium ciuitas *Cetium Straboni*	66	15:35	0
Dades extrema	66	30:35	0
Throni ciuitas & extrema *Cabo delagroda.*	66	45:35	0

Ab oriẽte pelago Syriaco ſecundũ deſcriptionẽ hãc Poſt Thronios promõt.

Padalium promont. *Pedaſium Strab.*	67	:35	20
Pedíæi flu. oſtia	66	50:35	20
* Salamis *Cenchrea dicta, hodie Famaguſta.*	66	40:35	30
Elæa extrema	67	:35	40
Clides extrema *Caput ſancti Andreæ,*	67	30:35	50

A ſeptentrionibus uero anguſto Ciliciæ freto iuxta deſcriptionem hanc

Carpaſia *Carpaſiũ Plin.*	66	50:35	50
Achæorum littus	66	40:35	40
Aphrodiſium	66	30:35	40
Macaria	66	:35	45
Ceraunia	65	40:35	45
Lapithi flu. oſtia	65	30:35	50
Lapithos Ciuitas *Lapheto Plinio.*	65	20:35	50
Crommyorũ extrema *Promontoriũ proximũ Animurio promontorio Ciliciæ Tracheæ ad ſtadia 350. Strabo.*	65	10.36	10
Soli *Solûs Straboni*	65	:36	0
Callinuſa promont.	64	40:35	45
Arſinoẽ	64	40:35	36

Orientaliora igitur inſulæ Salaminia occupat.

Occidẽtalia uero Paphia. Inter hæc uero & meridionalia Amathuſia, & Olympus mons. Septentrionalia aũt Lapithia

Ciuitates aũt mediterraneæ hæ ſunt

Chytrus *Chytri Plinio.*	66	30:35	36
Tremithus	66	26.35	26
Tamaſſus *Tamaſeus Pli.*	66	40:35	26

Inſulæ uero penes ipſam hæ ſunt, & quæ appellantur Clides, quarũ mediũ gradus habet 67 20:35 40

Et Carpaſarum inſularum mediũ continet gradus *Carpaſias uocat Strabo.* 64 6:35 45

SYRIAE SITVS.
Cap. XV.
Tabula quarta Aſiæ.

SYria terminat̃ à ſeptentrionibus Cilicia, & parte Capadociæ iuxta expoſitam per Amanum montem, lineam. Ab occaſu Syriaco pelago, ſecundum deſcriptionem hãc. Poſt Iſſum & Ciliciæ portas

Alexandria penes Iſſum 69 30:36 10
Myrandrus *Quia ibi Xerxes per myriades, id eſt, dena milia exercitum in Græcos numerauit.* 69 30:35 50
Rhoſſus . 69 20:35 40
Scopulus Rhoſſicus 69 :35 40
Seleucia pieria *Soldi uulgo.* 68 36:35 26
Orontis flu. oſtia *Tiphon prius. Farſarus hodie, ubi portus S. Simeonis.* 68 30:35 30
Fontes fluuij 70 :33 20
Poſidium *Pualo uulgo.* 68 30:35 15
Heraclea 68 20:35 10
*Laodicia *Rhamata Hebræis, Lychæ Barbaris.* 68 30:35 6
Gabala *Gebol Hebræis, hodie autem Volaterrano teſte Gibel dicitur.* 68 20:34 56
Paltos 68 20:34 45
Balanææ *Valat, Beona* 68 20:34 30

Phœniciæ

Eleutheri flu. oſtia *Valania flu. hodie* 68 :34 26
Simyria *Taxymiria Strab.* 67 50:34 40
Orthoſia *Tortoſa hodie, prius Antaradum.* 67 10:34 40
*Tripolis *Tripol en Suria* 67 30:34 20
Theuproſopon, uel dei facies promõ. 67 20:34 15
Botrys *Botrus* 67 30:34 6
*Byblus *Saietem hodie, ait Benedictus Aretinus.* 67 40:33 56
Adonij flu. oſtia 67 40:33 45
*Berytus 67 30:33 40
Felix Iulia Plinio, hodie Barutus, Barutim, emporium celebre ſicut olim Tyrus & Sydon.
Leontis flu. oſtia 67 30:33 36
*Sidon *Sychem prius.* 67 :33 6
*Tyrus *Zor Hebraice, Sur uulgo* 67:33 20
Ecdippa *Albũ promont.* 67 10:33 15
Ptolemais *Acon hodie, Acè Plin.* 66 50:33 0
Sycaminon *Epha Hebr.* 66 50:32 50
Carmelus mons *Caſtellum peregrinorum.* 66 36:32 56
Dora *Durum Plin. Dor Hebræis dicitur. fuit Machabeorũ ætate ita potens, ut ab Antiocho 120 millibus peditum & 8. m. equitum fuerit obſeſſa.* 66 30:32 40
Chorſæi flu. oſtia 66 20:32 36

A meridie Iudęa iuxta lineam inde deſcriptam, quaſi orientẽ uerſus, quæ ad meridiem flectitur, & ſecundum ſitum habet gradus 67 30:32 20
Finitur autem ſecundum ſitum, qui habet gradus 68 :31 15
Et parte Arabiæ Petreæ iuxta lineã ꝓductam à fine prædicto, quaſi ad deſertam Arabiam, uſq; finem. Cuius ſitus gradus habet 70 30:30 50
Ab ortu ſolis linea inde producta, iuxta Arabiã quidẽ deſertã: uſq; uadum Euphratis iuxta Tabaſcũ, cuius finis ſuper Euphrate gra. h. 73 :35 6
Et deinde parte Euphratis fluuij penes Meſopotamiam, uſq; finem fluuij, qui & finis Capadociæ, gradus habens 71 40:38 0

Montes aũt in Syria inſignes ſunt
Pieria mons. Cuius medium habet gradus 69 40:34 40
Et Caſius mons. Cuius mediũ habet gradus 68 45:34 45
Et Libanus. Cuius fines habẽt grad. 68 38:34 & 70:33 15
A thure nato λίβανος dictus, Arabiam coniungit.
Et Antilibanus mons, cuius extrema habẽt grad. 68:33 20 & 69 40:32 30
Et iuxta quidem Arabiam deſertam
Alſadamus mons. Cuius medium habet gradus 71 :33 0

Penes autem Iudæam

Hippus mons. Cuius medium habet gradus 38 30:32 0
Fluunt aũt per regionem & alij fluuij.
Et qui præter Palmyram labitur. Cuius fines continent gradus 71 30:33 15 & 71:34 40
Et qui Damaſcum præterfluit Chryſoroas uocatus, Cuius fines habent gradus

dus 69 15:33 30 & 69 45:23
Et Iordanis fluuij pars, quæ uerſus Geneſaritidem eſt lacũ, cuius medium habet gradus 67 40:32 20
Ipſe eſt Tiberias Lacus, licet Ptolemæus duos faciat. nam Tyberias oppidum eſt ad lacum ipſum, ubi & Capernaum.
Et fluuius Singas nominė, qui à monte Pieriæ delatus, ad ſeptẽtriones & ad ortũ ſolis uerſus gra. h. 71 :37 30
Admiſcetq́; Euphrati iuxta ſitum, qui habet gradus 72 :37 20
Ciuitates in Syria ſunt mediterraneæ à ſeptentrionali primũ plaga in Cõmagena hæ *Euphratiſia hodie, Procopio.*

Aracæ 70 50:37 40
*Antiochia penes Taurum montem 70 15:37 20
Alep Alepo, Ludouico Vartomanno cap. 3. lib. 1.
Singa 71 :37 30
*Germanicia 70 :37 0
Catamana 70 40:37 0
Doliche 70 40:36 40
Deba 70 20:36 30
Chaonia 70 30:36 30

Et apud Euphratem fluuium

Cholmadara 71 15:37 50
*Samoſata legio *Comagene caput, Luciani patria, ibi eſt Euphratis põs.* 71 30:37 36

Pieriæ autem ciuitates hæ

Pinara 69 50:36 30
Pagræ 70 :36 36
Et Syriæ pylæ 69 40:36 15

Cyrreſticæ autem Ciuitates hæ

Ariſeria 71 :37 0
Regia 71 15:36 50
Buba 71 20:36 40
Heraclea 71 :36 30
Niara 70 50:36 10
*Hierapolis *Callinice dicta, Bambycen Plinio, Syris Magog.* 71 15:36 15
Cybros 70 10:36 0
*Berrœa 71 :36 0
Bena 70 50:36 0
Paphara 71 30:36 0

Et penes Euphraten Ciuitates hæ

Vrima 71 45:37 30
Arudis 71 56:37 15
*Zeugma 72 :37 0
Europus 72 :36 50
Cecilia 71 56:36 40
Bethammaria 71 50:36 30
Gerre 71 50:36 15
Arimara 71 50:36 6
Eragiza 71 50:36 0

Seleucidis autem ciuitates hæ
Tetrapolis Straboni.

Gephyra 69 30:35 30
Gindarus 70 :35 40
Imma 69 50:35 26

Caſſiotidis autem ciuitates hæ

*Antiochia, quæ ſuper Oronte eſt fluuio 69 :35 30
Epidaphne cognominata, & Theopolis, Emath, quæ Reblata Hebræis, ubi ex Petri doctrina primi Chriſtiani nominati ſunt.
*Daphne 69 :35 20
Bacatailli 69 :35 0
Lydia 69 30:35 0
*Seleucus penes Belũ 69 30:34 45
Lariſſa 69 40:34 26
*Epiphania 69 36:34 26
Raphaneæ 69 15:34 15
Antaradus *Antheradum, Pom. Mela Aradon uocat.* 68 15:34 15
Marathus *Margath* 68 40:34 26
Mariame 69 20:34 0
Mamuga 69 20:34 45

Chalibonitidis Ciuitates

Thema 71 30:35 30
Acoraba 71 15:35 15
Derrima 72 :35 0
Chalybon 71 20:35 0
Spelucca 71 20:34 15

Et penes Euphraten

Barbariſſus 71 56:35 45
Athis 72 :35 30

Chalcidices autem Ciuitates

Chalcis 70 30:35 40
Aſaphi 70 36:34 50
Tolmideſſa 70 26:34 30
Maronia 71 10:34 30
Coara 70 50:34 10

Apamenes Ciuitates

Nazama *aliàs Namaxa* 70 30:34 6

Et ab orientali parte Orontis fluuij

Thelmeniſſus 69 40:35 0
*Apamia *Pella prius.* 70 :34 45
*Emeſa *Hemeſa Plinio.* 69 40:34 0

Laodicines ciuitates

Scabioſa Laodicia 69 40:33 45
Paradiſus 69 45:33 36
Iabruda 70 :33 30

Phœniciæ ciuitates mediter.

Arca 68 20:34 0
Paleobiblus, uel uetus Biblus 68 45:34 0
Gabala *Gabe Plinio.* 67 15:33 10
Cæſarea Paniæ *tribus Dan. Cæſarea Philippi, Belina hodie* 67 40:33 0

Curuæ uero Syriæ ciuitates hæ

Syria Caua ſiue Cœle uocatur, Decapolis Plin.

*Heliopolis 68 40:33 40
Abyla cognomine Lyſanij 68 45:33 20
Saana 69 20:33 26
Ina 68 30:33 0
*Damaſcus 69 :33 0
Samulis *Antiopia.* 67 30:32 30
Abida *Bellena.* 68 15:32 45
Hippus *Hippon Plin. Sephet.* 68 :32 30
Capitolias *ſuuetha* 68 45:32 30
Gadara *Gadarenorum porci in Euangelio.* 68 :32 10
Adra 68 40:32 10
Scythopolis *Nyſa prius Plin. Bethſan.* 67 20:31 56
Geraſa *Geſara Ioſepho Gelaſa Plinio.* 68 15:31 45
Pella *Buthis prius* 67 40:31 40
Dium 67 50:31 50
Gadora 67 45:31 30
* Philadelphia 68 :31 20

Ammonitarum hæc erat ciuitas Rabbath. 2. Reg. 11. & 12. Stephano autore & Euſebio.

Canatha 68 50:31 45

Palmyrines uero ciuitates hæ

Rhæſapha 72 15:31 45
Cholle 71 45:34 30
Oriza 72 15:34 30
Putea 71 20:34 30
Adada 72 20:34 15
* Palmyra *Hadrianopolis poſteà ab Hadriano Steph. Thamor Hebraicè à Solomone conſtructa: de qua inter Parthos & Romanos diu eſt imperio certatum.* 71 30:34 0
Adacha 72 :34 0
Danaba 70 50:33 50
Goaria 70 30:33 30
Aueria 71 30:33 40
Caſama 70 40:33 10
Odmaria 70 10:33 10
Atera 71 10:33 15

Et penes Euphratem ciuitates hæ

Alalis 72 20:35 15
Sura 72 40:35 40
Alamatha 73 :35 0

Bataneæ prouinciæ, à cuius orientali parte eſt Saccæa. Et huius ſub Alſadamum montem ſunt Trachonitæ Arabes. *Gheſuri regio, cuius oppida 60. occupauit tribus Menaſſeh.*

Gerra 70 :32 50
Elere 70 :32 40
Nelaxa 70 10:32 30
Adrama 69 45:31 45

Inſulæ autem adiacent Syriæ

Aradus *Paria dicta Plinio. Eſt petra quædã 7 ſtadiorum ambitus & à continente 20. ſtadiis ſemota Strab.* 68 :34 30
Et Tyrus continenti adnexa. 67 :32 20

PALESTINAE IVDAEAE situs. Cap. XVI.

Tabula quarta Aſiæ.

PAleſtina Syriæ, quæ & Iudæa uocatur, terminatur à ſeptentrionibus Syria, iuxta lineam expoſitam. Ab oriente uero atque meridie Arabia Petræa, ſecundum lineam, quæ ab orientali eſt termino ad Syriam uſq; ad finẽ Aegypti. Huius finis (ut dictũ eſt) gradus habet 64 15:30 40
Ab occaſu parte Aegypti, quæ deinceps ad mare uſq; protenditur, & reliquum pelago, uſq; ad Syriæ limitẽ, per deſcriptionem hanc.

Poſt Chorſei fluuij oſtia.

* Cæſarea Stratonis *Flauia, Acarõ, Cæſarea Paleſtinæ.* 66 15:32 30
Apollonia 66 :32 15
*Ioppe *Iaphet, Iapha portus peregrinis, Barbaris Zapha* 65 40:32 6
Iamnetorum portus 65 :32 0
* Azotus 65 15:31 50
*Aſcalon *Eſcalona uulgo. Gat hebræis, poſt Agrippia, Hibelis hodie.* 65 :31 40
Anthedon 64 50:31 40
Gazeorum portus *Maionia* 64 45:31 30

Flui

Fluit autem per Iudæam Iordanis fluuij pars ad Aſpaltitem lacum. Cuius medium continet gradus *Mare mortuum, Sodomorum lacus, Iam melah Heb.*

66 50:31 10

Et Ciuitates in ea mediterraneæ hæ ſunt, Galilęæ

Sapphura *Authocratorida Harabib, Sephoris.* 66 40:32 36

Caparctoni *Caparcotia, In Græco exemplari Caparnaum.* 66 50:32 6

*Iulias *Betſaida fuit Iudæis, & iuxta Chorazim.* 67 6:31 30

Tiberias lacus 67 15:32 6

Samariæ autem

*Neapolis *Sichem, Mamortham dictam ait Plinius, Marbotam Ioſephus.* 66 50:31 50

Thena *Tapuah Hebræis. Heſſeni Plinio & Martiano: populi ſunt Iudæorum.* 67 6:31 45

Iudææ aũt ab occaſu Iordanis flu.

Rhaphia *Rama Iudæis* 65 :31 30

Gaza *Gazara Haazab Hebræis.* 65 26:31 45

*Iamnia *Ianoab Hebr.* 65 40:32 0

Lydda *Dioſpolis, Rama hodie.* 66 :32 0

Antipatris *Arſur.* 66 20:32 0

Druſias 66 30:31 56

*Sebaſte *Eſbenias Euſebio olim, Samaria.* 66 40:31 30

Bætogabri *Giblin.* 65 30:31 30

Sebus 65 40:31 26

*Emmaus *Nicopolis, ubi cognitus Chriſtus in fractione panis.* 65 45:31 45

Guphna 66 10:31 45

Archelais 66 30:31 45

Phaſelis 66 56:31 36

Ericus 66 45:31 56

*Hieroſolyma quæ nunc dicitur Capitolia *Salem, Iebus antea, poſt Helia.* 66 :31 40

Thamna *Timnathath.* 66 15:31 30

Engada *Hengbedi Hebræis, Gadi Ioſepho, ciuitas palmarum, ubi Emoræi.* 66 30:31 15

Bedoro 66 30:31 0

Thamaro 66 20:31 20

Ab orientali parte Iordanis fluuij

Coſmos 67 15:31 36

Libias 67 10:31 26

Callirhoë 67 6:31 10

Gazorus 67 30:31 15

Epicæros 67 :31 0

Idumææ, quæ tota eſt ab occaſu Iordanis fluuij

Bezamna *Berſabee, terminus terræ promiſſionis uſq; ad Dan, quod eſt Cæſarea Paneæ.* 64 50:31 15

Caparorſa 65 30:31 15

Gemmaruris 65 50:31 10

Eluſa *Eleuſa.* 65 10:30 50

Maps *Maſſa* 65 40:30 56

ARABIAE PETRAEAE SITVS. Cap. XVII.

Tabula quarta Aſiæ.

Barraab Sarracenis hodie dicitur, Nabathæa Straboni & Plinio. In ſacris literis Amalechitæ ſunt hi qui ad Aegyptum & ſinum Arabicum.

PEtrea Arabia terminatur ab occaſu parte Aegypti expoſita.

A ſeptentrionibus Paleſtina Iudæa, & parte Syriæ, iuxta ipſarum diuiſas lineas.

A meridie autem ſeceſſu ſinus Arabici (*qui eſt Rubrum ſiue Erythræum mare, mare Suph.*) iuxta Heroum ciuitatem, qui gradus habet 63 30:29 50

Ab expoſito termino iuxta Aegyptũ uſq; ad promontoriũ, quod apud Pharan eſt, *Pharan & Elam, ubi Sarracenorum ſolitudines,* gradus habet 65 :28 30

Et hinc Elanite ſinu *Alaniticus Artemidoro, Leniticus Iubæ,* uſq; ad eius inflexionem, quæ gradus habet 66 :29 0

Continet autem & Phara oppidũ partes 65 :28 40

Oppidum uero Elana, quod iuxta ſeceſſum iacet eiuſdem nominis gradus habet 65 36:29 15

Mecha Mahumeto ſacra domus. Hebraicè Haila & Elat, Leana Plinio.

Ab ortu uero linea emiſſa ſuper expoſitum Syriæ terminum orientalem iuxta Arabiam felicem uſq; ſectionem, quæ gradus habet 70 :30 30

Scabioſa Laodicia 69 40:33 45
Paradiſus 69 45:33 36
Iabruda 70 :33 30

Phœniciæ ciuitates mediter.

Arca 68 20:34 0
Paleobiblus, uel uetus Biblus
68 45:34 0
Gabala *Gabe Plinio.* 67 15:33 10
Cæſarea Paniæ *tribus Dan. Ceſarea Philippi, Belina hodie* 67 40 33 0

Curuæ uero Syriæ ciuitates hæ

Syria Caua ſiue Cœle uocatur, Decapolis Plin.
*Heliopolis 68 40:33 40
Abyla cognomine Lyſanij 68 45:33 20
Saana 69 20:33 26
Ina 68 30:33 0
*Damaſcus 69 :33 0
Samulis *Antiopia.* 67 30:32 30
Abida *Bellena.* 68 15:32 45
Hippus *Hippon Plin. Sephet.* 68 :32 30
Capitolias *Suucthà* 68 45:32 30
Gadara *Gadarenorum porci in Euangelio.*
68 :32 10
Adra 68 40:32 10
Scythopolis *Nyſa prius Plin. Bethſan.*
67 20:31 56
Geraſa *Geſara Ioſepho Gelaſa Plinio.*
68 15.31 45
Pella *Buthis prius* 67 40:31 40
Dium 67 50 31 50
Gadora 67 45:31 30
* Philadelphia 68 :31 20
Ammonitarum hæc erat ciuitas Rabbath. 2. Reg. 11. & 12. Stephano autore & Euſebio.
Canatha 68 50:31 45

Palmyrines uero ciuitates hæ

Rhæſapha 72 15:31 45
Cholle 71 45:34 30
Oriza 72 15:34 30
Putea 71 20:34 30
Adada 72 20:34 15
* Palmyra *Hadrianopolis poſteà ab Hadriano steph. Thamor Hebraicè à Solomone constructa: de qua inter Parthos & Romanos diu eſt imperio certatum.* 71 30:34 0
Adacha 72 :34 0
Danaba 70 50 33 50
Goaria 70 30:33 30
Aueria 71 30:33 40
Caſama 70 40:33 10
Odmana 70 10:33 10
Atera 71 10:33 15

Et penes Euphratem ciuitates hæ

Alalis 72 20:35 15
Sura 72 40:35 40
Alamatha 73 :35 0
Bataneæ prouinciæ, à cuius orientali parte eſt Saccæa. Et huius ſub Alſadamum montem ſunt Trachonitæ Arabes. *Gheſuri regio, cuius oppida 60. occupauit tribus Menaſſeh.*
Gerra 70 :32 50
Elere 70 :32 40
Nelaxa 70 10:32 30
Adrama 69 45.31 45

Inſulæ autem adiacent Syriæ

Aradus *Paria dicta Plinio. Eſt petra quædã 7 ſtadiorum ambitus & à continente 20. ſtadia ſemota strab.* 68 :34 30
Et Tyrus continenti adnexa.
67 :32 20

PALESTINAE IVDAEAE situs. Cap. XVI.

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Ab occaſu parte Aegypti, quæ deinceps ad mare uſq; protenditur, & reliquum pelago, uſq; ad Syriæ limitẽ, per deſcriptionem hanc.

Poſt Chorſei fluuij oſtia.

* Cæſarea Stratonis *Flauia, Acarõ, Ceſarea Paleſtinæ.* 66 15:32 30
Apollonia 66 :32 15
*Ioppe *Iaphet, Iapha portus peregrinis, Barbaris Zapha* 65 40:32 6
Iamnetorum portus 65 :32 0
* Azotus 65 15:31 50
*Aſcalon *Eſcalona uulgo. Gat hebræis, poſt Agrippia, Hibelis hodie.* 65 :31 40
Anthedon 64 50:31 40
Gazeorum portus *Maionis*
64 45:31 30

Fluí

Finit autem per Iudæam Iordanis fluuij pars ad Aſpaltitem lacum. Cuius medium continet gradus *Mare mortuum, Sodomorum lacus, Iam melah Heb.*
66 50:31 10

Et Ciuitates in ea mediterraneæ hæ ſunt, Galileæ

Sapphura *Authocratorida Harabih, Sephoris.* 66 40:32 36
Caparctoni *Caparcotia, In Græco exemplari Capernaum.* 66 50:32 6
*Iulias *Betſaida fuit Iudæus, & iuxta Chorazim.* 67 6:31 30
Tiberias lacus 67 15:32 6

Samariæ autem

*Neapolis *Sichem, Mamortham dictam ait Plinius, Marbotam Ioſephus.* 66 50:31 50
Thena *Tapuah Hebræis. Heſſeni Plinio & Martiano: populi ſunt Iudæorum.* 67 6:31 45

Iudææ aũt ab occaſu Iordanis flu.

Rhaphia *Rama Iudæis* 65 :31 30
Gaza *Gazara Haazah Hebræis.* 65 26:31 45
*Iamnia *Ianoah Hebr.* 65 40:32 0
Lydda *Dioſpolis, Rama hodie.* 66 :32 0
Antipatris *Arſur.* 66 20:32 0
Druſias 66 30:31 56
*Sebaſte *Eſbenias Euſebio olim, Samaria.* 66 40:31 30
Bætogabri *Giblin.* 65 30:31 30
Sebus 65 40:31 26
*Emmaus *Nicopolis, ubi cognitus Chriſtus in fractione panis.* 65 45:31 45
Guphna 66 10:31 45
Archelais 66 30:31 45
Phaſelis 66 56:31 36
Ericus 66 45:31 56
*Hieroſolyma quæ nunc dicitur Capitolia *Salem, Iebus antea, poſt Helia.* 66 :31 40
Thamna *Timnathath.* 66 15:31 30
Engada *Hengbedi Hebræis, Gadi Ioſepho, ciuitas palmarum, ubi Emoræi.* 66 30:31 15
Bedoro 66 30:31 0
Thamaro 66 20:31 20

Ab orientali parte Iordanis fluuij

Coſmos 67 15:31 36
Libias 67 10:31 26
Callirhoë 67 6:31 10
Gazorus 67 30:31 15
Epicæros 67 :31 0

Idumææ, quæ tota eſt ab occaſu Iordanis fluuij

Bezamna *Berſabee, terminus terræ promiſſionis uſq; ad Dan, quod eſt Cæſarea Paniæ.* 64 50:31 15
Caparorſa 65 30:31 15
Gemmaruris 65 50:31 10
Eluſa *Eleuſa.* 65 10:30 50
Maps *Maſſa* 65 40:30 56

ARABIAE PETRAEAE SITVS.

Cap. XVII.

Tabula quarta Aſiæ.

Barraab Sarracenis hodie dicitur, Nabathæa Straboni & Plinio. In ſacris literis Amalechitæ ſunt hi qui ad Aegyptum & ſinum Arabicum.

PEtrea Arabia terminatur ab occaſu parte Aegypti expoſita.

A ſeptentrionibus Paleſtina Iudæa, & parte Syriæ, iuxta ipſarum diuiſas lineas.

A meridie autem ſeceſſu ſinus Arabici (*qui eſt Rubrum ſiue Erythræum mare, mare Suph.*) iuxta Heroum ciuitatem, qui gradus habet 63 30:29 50

Ab expoſito termino iuxta Aegyptũ uſq; ad promontoriũ, quod apud Pharan eſt, *Pharan & Elam, ubi Sarracenorum ſolitudines,* gradus habet 65 :28 30

Et hinc Elanite ſinu *Alaniticus Artemidoro, Leniticus Iubæ,* uſq; ad eius inflexionem, quæ gradus habet 66 :29 0

Continet autem & Phara oppidũ partes 65 :28 40

Oppidum uero Elana, quod iuxta ſeceſſum iacet eiuſdem nominis gradus habet 65 36:29 15

Mecha Mahumeto ſacra domus. Hebraicè Haila & Elat, Leana Plinio.

Ab ortu uero linea emiſſa ſuper expoſitum Syriæ terminum orientalem iuxta Arabiam felicem uſq; ſectionem, quæ gradus habet 70 :30 30

Iuxta aũt deſerta Arabię ſupra reliquã lineam tendit. Protenduntur in regione montes, qui Melanes uel nigri appellantur à ſinu ſcilicet, qui iuxta Pharam eſt quaſi ad Iudæam genteſq; ſunt ab occaſu quidem horum montium ad Aegyptum & Saracene. *Mons Sina, mons ſanctæ Catarinæ, Sur deſertum Hebræis, à Mauris Tur dictũ.* Adiacet et ſub ipſa Munichiates *Medina Talnabi, ubi Mahumeti ſepulchrum.* ſub qua ad ſinum ſunt Pharantiæ. Iuxta autẽm montana felicis Arabiæ Ratheni

Ciuitates uerò mediterraneæ & uillæ in prouincia hæ ſunt

Eboda	65	15:30	30
Meliattha	65	45.30	30
Calguia	66	20:30	30
Lyſa	65	50:30	15
Gubba	65	45:30	0
Gypſaria	65	40:29	45
Geraſa	65	30:29	30
* Petra *Arach hodie dicitur, Hebræis Iachtheel*	66	45:30	20
Characmoba	66	10:30	0
Auara	66	10:29	40
Zanaatha	66	45:29	50
Adron	67	:29	56
Zoara	67	20:30	30
Thoana	67	30:30	30
Necla	67	30:30	15
Clétharro	67	:30	20
Moca	67	50:30	10
Esbuta *Eſebon, Hebræis Cheſbon: in tribu Gad.*	68	50.31	0
Ziza	68	45:31	0
Maguza	68	:30	45
* Medaua *Medbah Hebræis, in tribu Ruben.*	68	50:30	45
Lydia	69	:30	40
Rhabmathom *Rabbat Moab regis Balac.*	68	30:30	30
Anitha	68	40:31	15
Suratha	69	15:31	10
Boſtra legio *Boſrah.*	69	45:31	30
Meſada	69	20:31	20
Adra	69	40:31	20
Corace	68	:30	6

MESOPOTAMIAE SITVS; Cap. XVIII.

Tabula quarta Aſiæ.

Hæc regio, quòd inter duos amnes Tigrim & Euphratem media ſit μεσοποταμία dicta eſt, in ſacris literis Aram uocatur, Gene. 11. ab Hebræis Aram Neharot, id eſt, Syria fluuiorum, Azanis hodie dicitur, ſiue Halapia.

MEſopotamia terminatur à ſeptentrionibus quidẽ expoſita parte maioris Armeniæ.

Ab occaſu parte expoſita Euphratis fluuij iuxta Syriam.

Ab oriente parte iuxta Aſſyriam uſq; Tigridis amnis, quæ eſt à parte uerſus Armeniam, uſq; ad Herculis aras, quę gradus habent 80 34:20 0

A meridie reliqua parte Euphratis iuxta deſertam quidem Arabiam uſq; ad finem, cuius ſitus continet gradus 76 15:33 20

Iuxta autem Babyloniam uſq; quo Tigridi amni cõmittitur: & uſq; ad aras prædictas, cuius partis ſitus gradus habet 80 :34 20

Mõtes uerò in Meſopotamia celebres ſunt Maſius mons, cuius medium habet gradus 74 :37 20

Et Syngaras mons 76 40:36 15

Fluuij uero per regionem fluunt ex dictis montibus proruentes, cũ alij, tum qui Chaboras appellatᷣ, cuius fontes gradus habent 74 :37 15

Cõiunctio autem eius cum Euphrate gradus habet 74 :35 0

Et qui Saocoras dicitur, cuius fontes continent gradus 75 :37 20

Eius uero cum Euphrate coniunctio partes habet 76 :34 0

Occupant aũt prouinciã regiones iuxta Armeniã quidẽ Anthemuſia. Sub qua Chalcitis, ſubq; hac Gauſanitis. Et uerſus Tigridem flu. Acabene. Sub Gauſanite aũt Ingine, & perlonge iuxta Euphraten Ancorabites.

Ciuitates in Meſopotamia & uillę iuxta quidem Euphraten fluuium

Porſica	72	:37	30
Aniana	72	20:36	40

Barſami

Barſamſe	72	20:36	15
Sarnuca	72	10:35	50
Berſima	72	20:35	36
Maube *Barna*	72	50:35	40
*Nicephorium	73	6:35	20
Maguda	73	15:35	10
Chabora	74	:36	10
Thelda	74	15:34	45
Aphphadana	74	30:34	36
Banabe	74	45:34	26
Zitha	75	10:34	20
Bethauna	76	:34	15
Rheſcipha	76	:34	0
Agamana	76	30:33	30
Eudrapa	77	10:33	40
Addæa	77	15:34	0
Pacoria	77	20:34	45
Teridata	77	30:35	20
Naarda	77	40:35	30
Sipphara	78	15:35	40

Euphratis ſitus, quo ſcinditur et in partem fluentem per Babyloniam, & alteram per Seleuciam, in quorum medio eſt, qui uocatur Baſilius fluuius, cuius ſitus diuertigij 79 :35 40

*Seleucia ciuitas *Moſel ciuitas magna, refert Haithonus cap. 12.* 79 20:35 40

Iuxta autem Tigrim flu. Ciuitates hæ ſunt

Dorbeta	76	:38	0
Sapphe	76	:37	40
Deba	76	:37	20
Singara	76	:37	0
Betum	77	:36	45
*Labbana	77	50:36	30
Birtha	78	45:36	25
Carthara	79	:36	15
Manchane	79	10:36	0

Et poſt Seleuciam

Scaphe	79	45:34	30
*Apamia	79	50:34	20

Sub qua Euphratis eſt cõmixtio cum Tigride, in media autem regione ciuitates hæ

Bithias	72	20:37	40
*Edeſſa *Bambyca Straboni, Erech dicitur Hebræis teſte Hieronymo in traditionibus Hebraicis: olim Rages, nunc Raſe, Rohais Haithono.*	72	30:37	30
Ombrea	73	:37	10
Ammæa	73	20:37	50
Suma	73	30:37	40
Rhiſina	73	30:37	30
Olibera	73	30:37	0
Sarrana	74	:38	15
Sacane	73	:37	45
Arxama	74	40:37	15
Gizama	74	20:37	15
Sinna	74	15:37	30
Mambuta	74	45:37	26
*Niſibis *Niſibis Straboni, Stephano, Tacito & reliquis: quam Macedones Antiochiam Mygdoniam appellarunt.*	75	10:37	30
Bithiga	75	10:37	45
Bazala	75	20:37	0
Auladis	73	:36	40
Ballatha	73	45:36	40
*Carræ *Hebræis Charan, ubi Abraham habitauit, ubi & M. Craſſus cũ Ro. exercitu cæſus eſt.*	73	20:36	10
Tiritha	73	50:36	15
Thergubis	74	40:36	20
Orthaga	74	40:36	0
Elija	74	40:36	45
Zama	75	30:36	20
Sinna	76	20:36	40
Gorbata	77	:36	15
Dabauſa	76	:36	0
Bariana	77	20:36	0
Acraba	73	10:35	50
Aphadana	74	:35	30
Rheſena	74	40:35	40
Peliala	75	45:35	50
Aluanis	74	15:35	20
Bimatra	76	15:35	20
Daremma	76	20:35	0

ARABIAE DESERTAE SITVS.

Cap. XX.

Tabula quarta Aſiæ.

ARabia deſerta definitur à Septentrionibus parte Meſopotamię iuxta expoſitã Euphratis fluuij partem, quæ continet gradus 76 15:33 20

Ab

Ab oriente uero Babylonia per mōtana, quę à deſerto ſunt ad Euphratis flu. fines uſq; ad receſſum

Siniar montem appellat Haithonus, à quo terra Sinear in campo Babyloniæ, Gene. 11.

Perſici Meſanij ſinus, qui ad ſinū gradus habet 79 :30 10

Ex parte deinde ſinus Perſici ad finē uſq; cuius ſitus continet gradus 79 :29 0

A meridie aūt terminaī felici Arabia, per montana, quæ ab expoſito Petrææ Arabiæ limite ad prædictū ſunt finē, ad terminū uſq;, qui iuxta expoſitum Perſicum Meſanium eſt ſinum, cuius limes habet 79 :29 0

Ab occaſu annotatis partib. Syriæ & Arabiæ Petræ.

Tenent aūt hanc deſertā Arabiā iuxta quidē Euphratē fluuiū Cauchabeni. Et quæ iuxta Syriam ſunt Bathanei.

aliâs Atanei.

Iuxta uero Felicem Arabiā Agubeni, Poſt quos Raabeni. Et apud Perſicū ſinum Orcheni. Iuxta aūt Babyloniā ſub Cauchabenis Aſitę, & ſupra Rhabenos Maſani.

In medio uero Agræi quidē iuxta Batauos. Materni autē iuxta Babyloniā. Ciuitates autē & uici in regione iuxta Euphratem quidem flu. hæ ſunt

Thapſacus *Amphipolis Plinio dicitur.*	73	30:35	6
Birtha	73	40:35	0
Gadirtha	73	50:34	45
Auzara	74	6:34	30
Audattha	74	15:34	20
Dadara	74	20:34	10
Balagala *aliâs Balagea*	75	:34	0
Pharga	75	40:34	0
Colarina	75	30:33	40
Belginæa	76	:33	30

Iuxta autem Perſici ſinus partem Ciuitates hæ

Ammæa	79	:30	10
Idicara	79	:29	30
Iucara	76	:29	15

Iuxta Meſopotamiam autem Ciuitates hæ

Barathena	73	20:33	0
*Sabe	73	:33	0
Choce	72	30:32	30
Gabara	73	40:32	40
Aurana	73	15:32	40
Rheganna	75	15:23	40
Alata	72	30:32	0
Erupa	72	30:31	15
Themma	75	:31	40
Luma	75	40:31	0
Thauba	72	45:31	30
Seuia	73	30:30	30
Dapha	74	15:30	30
Sora	75	:30	20
Odaagna	76	15:30	40
Tedium	77	:30	30
Zagmais	76	30:30	10
Arrade	74	30:30	15
Obæra	71	:30	45
Artemita	72	15:30	10
Banacha	73	20:29	56
Dumętha	75	:29	40
Allata	75	40:29	30
Bere	76	40:29	30
Calathua	77	30:29	30
Salma	78	20:29	30

BABYLONIAE SITVS. Cap. XX.

Tabula quarta Aſiæ.

Chaldæos prius uocatos Cephenos ſcribunt Stephanus & Hellanicus in hiſtoria Perſica, incolas Neſtorianos, partim Mahumetanos ferunt.

BAbylonia terminaī à Septētrionibus Meſopotamia iuxta expoſitam Euphratis fluuij partem.

Ab occaſu Arabia deſerta iuxta prædicta montana.

Ab oriente Suſiana, iuxta reliquam Tigridis fluuij partem, uſq; ad eius oſtia, in ſinum Perſicum.

Quæ gradus habent 80 30:31 0

A meridie inde ad finem, qui eſt iuxta Arabiam deſertam Perſici ſinus receſſu.

Fluunt autem per regionem Baſilius uel regius fluuius. Et qui per Babyloniam fluit Maarſares nominę, qui Euphrati

phrati immiſcetur iuxta ſitum haben-
tem partes 78 20:35 40
Huic autem cõiungitur Baſilius amnis in gradibus 79 :34 20
Faciunt aũt fluuij & ipſorũ diuertigia, lacus atq; paludes, quorũ etiã medium continet gradus 78 30:32 30
Adiacet quoq; Euphrati Auchanites regio.
Deſertæ uero Arabiæ Chaldæa regio.
Circa autem paludes Mardoçæa ſubiectos habẽs Strophades appellatos.
Ciuitates aũt in Babylonia & oppida ſunt iuxta quidẽ partem Tigridis uſq; mare ſub Apamia ciuitate

Bible	79	:34	0
Didigua	79	30:33	40
Punda	79	40:33	0
Batracharta	79	40:32	40
Thalatha	80	:32	10
Altha	79	30:31	15

Et quod inter oſtia Tigridis fluuij maxime orientale eſt gradus habet

	80	30:31	0
Occidentale uero	79	3030	15
*Teredon	80	;31	10

Iuxta uero Euphratis fluuij partem

Idicara	77	:33	20
Duraba	77	40:34	0
Thaccona	77	45:34	30
Thelbencane *Maraga hodie ex Haithoni deſcriptione, ubi primũ Sarraceni Perſas inuaſerunt eorum rege interfecto.*	78	20:35	30

Et ſuper flu. per Babylonem fluente

*Babylon *Baldach.*	79	:35	0

Iuxta autem Maaſarem fluuium

*Volgeſia	78	20:34	30
*Barſita *Borſippa Strab.*	78	45:34	20

Sub ijs autem & iuxta paludes & deſertam Arabiam

Beana	79	:32	40
Chuduca	78	:33	20
Chumana	79	:33	10
Cæſa	76	40:32	50
Birande	77	20:32	30
*Orchoẽ *Vrchoa dicitur apud alios, ipſa eſt Hur Chaldeorũ Abrahæ patria*	78	30:32	40
Beththana	79	:32	56
Thelme	77	40:32	0
Sorthida	77	:32	30
Iamba	78	:31	20
Rhagia	78	40:31	20
Chiriphe	79	15:31	10
Rhattha	79	15:30	50

CLAVDII PTOLEMAEI
Coſmographicæ enarrationis quintus Liber explicit.

LIBER SEXTVS HAEC HABET.

Expoſitionem partium, quæ ſequuntur Aſiæ maioris.
Aſſyriæ.
Suſianæ.
Mediæ.
Perſidis.
Parthię.
Carmaniæ deſertæ.
Arabiæ felicis.
Carmaniæ.
Hyrcaniæ.
Margianæ.
Bactrianæ.
Sogdianorum.
Sacorum.
Scythiæ intra Imaum montem.
Scythiæ extra Imaum montem.
Sericæ.
Ariæ.
Paropaniſadorum.
Drangianæ.
Arachoſiæ.
Gedroſiæ.

ASSYRIAE SITVS.
Cap. I.

Tabula quinta Aſiæ.
Syriæ nomine hodie comprehenditur, Hebræis Aſſur.

Aſſyria terminatur à ſeptentrionibus præfata Armenię magnę parte iuxta Niphatẽ montẽ. Ab occaſu autẽ Meſopotamia iuxta expoſitam partem Tigridis fluuij.
A meridie uero Suſiana iuxta lineã à Tigride fluuio uſq; ad finẽ, cuius poſitio partes habet 806:34 6 & 84:36

Ab oriẽte autem parte Mediæ iuxta lineam inde coniungentem prædictos duos fines, ſupra quam eſt Coathras mons, cuius fines habent gradus

80:39 30 & 83:38

Regionis uerò pars, quæ iuxta Armeniam eſt, uocatur Arrapachitis. Quæ uerò iuxta Suſianam eſt Sittacene *Apolloniatis eadem dicta Straboni.* Media uerò tenent Garamæi. Vocatur autẽ ea quæ inter Arrapachitidẽ & Garamæos eſt Adiabene. Quæ autem inter Garamæos et Sittacenam interiacet Apolloniates. Cui ſupraiacet gens Sambatæ. Et ſupra Adiabenam Calacine. Garamæis autem Arbilites regio imminet.

Ciuitates aũt & oppida Aſſyriæ iuxta partem Tigridis amnis hæ ſunt

Marde	76	:38	15
Sauara	76	15:37	15
Beſſara	77	:37	20
Belciana	77	30:37	0
*Ninus	78	:36	40

Niniue, quæ Ionæ prophetæ prædicationem audiuit, nunc uaſtata tota eſt, ut tradit Haithonus libro de Tartaris, cap. 11.

Sacada	78	30:36	40
Oroba	79	29:36	20
Thelbe	80	:36	0
Cteſiphon	80	:35	0

In reliqua uero media regione.

Bithaba	77	40:38	40
Dartha	78	20:38	45
Zigira	79	40:38	45
Darna	80	30:39	30
Obana	81	:39	0
Theſara	81	15:38	30
Corcura	78	20:38	10
Oroba	79	20:38	10
Degia	80	45:38	10
Comopolis	81	30:38	10
Doſa	79	:37	45
Gaudameda	79	30:37	0
Sarbena	79	:37	0

*Arbela *Gangabela Marcellino, Arbelitis Plinio dicitur, ubi Darium uicit Alexander. Strabo Gangamelam ab Arbela ſeparat.*

Gomara	81	20:37	30
Phuſiana	82	10:37	40
Iſone	82	30:37	20
Sura	83	:36	40
Chatracharta	80	30:36	10
Apollonia	81	10:36	30
Thebura	83	:36	30
Arrapa	82	:36	30
Cinna	83	20.36	10
Artemita	81	15:36	0
Sittace	82	:35	30

Amnes uero per regionem excurrunt Tigri fluuio ſe immiſcentes

Lycus, cuius fontes habent gradus 78 :39 0

Et cũ Tigride mixtio 79 :36 30

Et Caprus flu. *Caper Strab.* cuius fontes continent 79 :39 30

Cum Tigride uero eius mixtio habet gradus 79 30.36 6

Et Gorgos, cuius fontes habent gradus 80 20:38 0

At mixtio eius cum Tigride partes habet 8 :35 40

MEDIAE SITVS.

Cap. II.

Tabula quinta Aſiæ.

Medenam appellari ait Sextus Ruffus, Medos ab accolis Cordinos uocari tradidit Haithonus, Magno Cham Tartarorum ſeruiunt, ut refert Pius II.

MEdia terminatur à ſeptentriõibus parte Hyrcani maris, iuxta deſcriptionẽ hãc. Poſt dictum ad Armeniam finem Araxis flu. Sanina

	80	:43	0
Cambyſis flu. oſtia	81	:42	45
Fontes fl.	80	:41	0
Tazina	81	40:42	30
Sabææ aræ	82	30:42	30
Cyri flu. oſtia	83	30:42	15
Fontes fluuij	82	:39	30
Caduſiorum uallum	84	40:42	0
* Cyropolis *aliàs, Gyrupolis, à Perſis Cyrecbata dicitur, Stephanus.*	85	30:41	40
Amardi flu. oſtia	86	30:41	30
Fontes fluuij	85	:38	30

Medium lacus, qui ſibi coniungitur, uocaturque Marcianes, gradus habet *Spanthia lacus, in quo ſales naſcuntur & congelantur.* 82 30:39 20

Amana	87	30:40	40
Acola	88	15:40	15
Srratonis flu.oſtia	90	20:40	0
Fontes fluuij	88	:38	30
Mandagarſis	92	:40	0
Carindę flu.oſtia	93	:40	30

Finis iuxta regionem Hyrcaniæ habet partes 94 :40 30

Ab occaſu terminaẽ maiori Armenia & Aſſyria iuxta expoſitas ipſarum orientales lineas *Pars occidentalis ad Armeniam & mare Caſpium terminata, Antropatia dicta eſt, & ſeparatum fuit regnum, ab Antropatro qui eam contra Macedones, reliqua occupantes defendit, quod Adelphius, Apollonides, Trogus & alij referunt.*

A meridie uerò Perſide iuxta lineam quæ cõiungitur à fine Aſſyriæ & Suſianæ uſq; finem 94 :34 30

Supra quam eſt occidentalis pars Parchoathri montis

Ab oriẽte autem Hyrcania & Parthia ſecundum lineam meridianam coniungẽtem dictos fines, cuius pars dirimẽs Hyrcaniam à Parthia gradus habet 94 :39 0

Montes autẽ Mediæ inſignes ſunt Zagros mons, cuius medium habet gradus 85 :38 0

Et Orontes, cuius medium cõtinet gradus 88 30:38 0

Et Iaſonium, cuius medium habet gradus 90 30:36 0

Et Coroni occidẽtalis finis habet gradus 91:38 & 103:39

Tenent autem occidentalia penes Armeniam Caſpij, quibus ſubiacet Margiana ſecundũ totum latus Aſſyriæ, ſupra mare uerò Caduſij, & Geli, & Dribyces. Poſt quos uſque ad mediterranea ſe extendẽtes Amariacæ *Auarici Plinio, Solino & Martiano.* & Mardi. Tenent autem quæ iuxta regionem Caduſiorum ſunt Carduchi *Gordienos poſtea dictos ait Plinius.* & Marundæ, uſq; lacum Martianem. Interiora uerò Gelorum Margaſi. Poſt quos Tropatene, quę extenditur uſque Amariacos. Orientaliora uerò Zagri montis Sagartij occupãt. Poſt quos extenditur uſque Parthiam Choromitrene, magis Septentrionalẽ habẽs Elymaidam, cuius quę ad ortum uergunt tenent Tapuri, *Tapyri Plinio.* A meridie Choromithrenæ regionis ſunt Sidices, & Sigrianicæ, & Ragianæ. Et etiam poſt has ſub Iaſoniũ montem Vadaſſi ſunt, & Darius regio, *Dareus Solino locus fertiliſſimus in regione Zapauortene Plinio dicta.* Et iuxta totam Perſidem Syromedia. Continent autem Zagri portæ 84 30:37 0

* Caſpiæ uerò portæ 94 :37 0

Ciuitates autem mediterraneæ & oppida Mediæ ſunt

Scabina	76	30:42	30
Gabale	80	:42	0
Vca	80	40:42	30
Varna	81	:42	0
Candis	83	30:41	0
Gabris	83	:41	15
Sazoa	83	:41	30
Tonzarma	81	30:41	45
Azaga *Gaza Straboni, Antopatrorum regia.*	81	15:41	10
Morunda	81	20:41	30
Tigrana	82	40:41	30
Pharambara	84	10:41	20
Tachaſara	84	20:41	0
Zalace	86	15:41	0
Aluaca	80	40:40	30
Gauzania	80	:40	40
Phaſaba	81	30:40	10
Pharaſpa	85	30:40	30
Curna	86	15:40	30
Phanaſpa	86	30:40	0
Gabris	87	40:40	20
Nande	81	40:39	40
Zazaca	85	40:39	30
Saraca	85	15:39	20
Mandagara	87	45:19	30
Aganzaua	89	:39	30
Galla	90	10:39	15
Oracana	91	:39	30
Alicadra	93	:39	0
Phanaca	93	:39	30
Nazada	83	:38	10
Alinza quæ & mons	84	:38	0
Arſiſaca	85	:38	40
Aliſdaca	86	40:38	45
Dariauſa	87	30:38	30

Sincar	88	:38	30
Batina	89	:38	40
Veſaſpe	89	40:38	40
Niguza	90	15:38	0
Sanais	92	:38	30
Rhazunda	93	20:38	40
Veneca	93	20:38	15
Bithia	85	30:37	40
Alinza	86	10:37	45
Zaranis	86	:37	0
Gabena	87	:37	30
Laraſa	87	10:37	10
* Achatana *Echbatana cæteri, in libro Iudith Egbatanis, ab Arphaxat condita, licet Plinius & alij conditam à Seleuco tradant.*	88	:37	45
Choaſtra	89	:37	40
Niphanandra	88	50:37	10
Guriauna	91	37	20
Choana	92	:37	15
Trauaxa	93	:37	40
Auradis	93	40:37	15
Thebarga	84	30:36	40
Carine	85	10:36	20
Caberaſa	86	:36	30
Parachana	87	40:36	0
* Arſacia	88	20:36	20
Gauna	88	45:36	30
Heraclea *Achais poſtea, Plinio & Solino.*	89	:36	40
Zania	90	15.36	50
Aruzis	91	:36	0
Zarama	92	2036	30
Tautice	93	20:36	15
* Europus *Rhaga, à Macedonibus condita, Strabo, de qua in libro Tobiæ.*	93	40:36	40
Abacena	93	:36	0
Cibina	87	:35	36
Doththa	88	20:35	26
Gerepa	89	40:35	20
Rapſa	90	10:35	40
Andriaca	91	:35	10
Cluaca	92	40:35	10
Argaraudaca	93	10:35	20
Canatha	93	20,35	45
Aradriphe	93	20:34	45

SVSIANAE SITVS. Cap. III.

Tabula quinta Aſiæ.

Hæc Perſidis eſt pars, ſed à Suſo flumine ſiue à Suſis Aſſueri ciuitate magna ſpeciale nomen ſortita eſt. Incolæ Suſij, qui & Ciſſij Straboni dicuntur.

SVſiana terminatur à Septētrionibus Aſſyria, iuxta deſcriptū eius latus. Ab occaſu Babylonia iuxta partē Tigridis expoſitam uſq; mare.

Ab oriente uerò Perſide iuxta lineam coniunctam à prædicto ad Aſſyriæ atque Mediæ finem, uſq; ad oſtia in ſinū Perſicum Oroatidis amnis.

A meridie uerò à Tigride parte Perſici ſinus uſq; ad oſtia Oroatidis amnis, quæ cōtinent gradus 86 30:30 30

Secundum deſcriptionem hanc orientale oſtium

Tigridis amnis	80	30:32	0
Vallum Paſini	81	:31	0
Moſæi flu. oſtia	82	:30	40
Fontes fluuij	82	30:33	0
Pelodes uel cenoſus ſinus	83	:31	0
Eulæi flu. oſtia	84	30:30	40
Fontes flu. in Suſiana	83	:35	0
Fontes flu. in Media	86	:38	0
Coniunctio fontium	84	:33	0
Tenagos arenoſus	84	45:30	30
Oroatidis flu. oſtia	86	30:30	30
Fontes fluuij	88	30:34	40

In Suſiana quæ ſupra mare ſunt, tenent Eldimæi *Qui Elymei & regio Elymea ſiue Elymais.* quę uerò ad Aſſyriam Coſſęi. Regio uerò quæ iuxta Tigrim eſt Melitena dicitur, quæ iuxta Perſidem Cabandene. Quæ ſupra uallum Characene. Inter hęc autem quod eſt ſupra Eldimæos Ciſſia. Supra quam Chaltapitis. Inter quā & Ciſſiā campus eſt Deera.

Ciuitates autem in Suſiana ſunt & uillæ iuxta

Tigrim fluuiū poſt aras Herculis, quæ continent gradus 80 :34 6

Agra	80	30:33	45
Aracca	80	10:32	40
Aſia	80	10:31	40

In

In mediterraneis uerò ciuitates hæ

Palinza	83	45:35	30
Sacrone	82	45:35	0
Bergan	84	15:34	45
* Suſa	84	:34	15

Baldach hodie, in qua agit Pontifex magnus Saracenorum, Caliphum uocant, teſte M. Paulo Veneto lib. 1. cap. 16. & Haithono cap. 15. Antea Memnonia dicebatur Herodoto lib. 5. alij Baldachum hodie uolunt, quæ fuit Babylonia: quod uerius eſt, nam ad Euphraten eſt ſita.

Saura	85	:32	45
Dera	81	30:33	40
Agarra	83	40:33	20
Abinna	85	10:33	10
* Tariana	82	:32	30
Sele	84	:32	30
Graan	82	:31	30
Anuchtha	83	30:31	40
Vrzan	84	40:31	40

Inſula uerò adiacet Suſianæ

Taxiana	84	:29	15

PERSIDIS SITVS. Cap. IIII.

Tabula quinta Aſiæ.

PErſis terminatur à Septentrionibus Media iuxta expoſitã per Parchoathram montem lineam.

Ab occaſu Suſiana iuxta dictum eius orientale latus.

Ab ortu ſolis Carmania iuxta productam meridianam lineam à fine iuxta Mediam & Parthiam, uſq; ad oſtia Bagradæ fluuij, qui in Perſicũ ſinum exit.

Perſicus ſinus, mare de Balſera nomen habet, in cuius ore inſula Gulfar.

A meridie parte Perſici ſinus ab oſtijs Oroatidis amnis uſq; Bagradæ fluuij oſtia, iuxta deſcriptionem hanc,

Poſt Oroatidis fluuij oſtia

Taoce extrema	87	30:30	10
Rhogomanis flu. oſt.	88	30:30	0
Fontes fluuij	92	:35	0
Cherſoneſus extrema	89	40:29	30
Ionaca polis	90	:29	45
Briſoanæ flu. oſtia	92	:29	40
Fontes fluuij	93	:34	30
Auſinza	93	:29	20
Bagradæ flu. oſtia	94	:29	15
Fontes fluuij	94	:35	15

Vocatur autẽ Perſidis pars ea, quę iuxta totam eſt Mediam Parætacine, cui à meridie hærent Meſabatæ & Rapſij. Sub quibus Miſdia. & uſq; mare Mardiene, & Taocene, & Hippophagi, & Suzæi. Et ſub Mardyena Męgores. Supra autem Suzæos Stabęi.

Ciuitates autem & uicus mediterranei in Perſide ſunt

Ozoa	85	45:35	20
Tanagra	86	:34	30
* Marraſium	92	30:34	30
Aſpadana	86	:33	38
* Axima	87	45:33	50
Poryoſpana	89	:33	50
* Perſepolis	91	:33	20

Perſarum imperij caput, urbium elegantiſſima ab Alexandro direpta, Curtio, Arriano & Diodoro referentibus.

Niſerge	90	15:34	.0
Sycta	91	30:34	0
Arbua	92	15:33	0
Cotamba	93	30:33	40
Poticara	87	15:32	15
Ardea	88	:32	30
Cauphiaca	89	:32	30
Batthina	90	:32	20
Cinna	92	40:32	20
Parodana	93	50:32	15
Taëpa	87	:31	45
Tragonice	87	40:31	40
Mætona	89	10:31	45
Chorodna	90	:31	15
Corra	91	20:31	40
Gabra	92	15:31	30
Orebatis ciuitas	87	:30	50
* Toace	89	:30	20
Parta	90	:30	20
Mammida	91	:30	20
Vzia	91	40:30	0
Paſarracha	93	:30	30
Gabæ	93	40:30	10

Inſulæ autem Perſidi adiacent

Tabiana	87	:29	15
Sophtha	88	:29	20
Alexandri, quæ & Aracia dicitur	90	:29	0

PARTHIAE SITVS. Cap. V.

Tabula quinta Aſiæ.

Parthorum imperium Solinus latiſſimè extenſum indicat, ſub Thamerlane ad Tanaim, Aſiam minorem, & Aegyptum uſq; peruenit, teſte Pto. 2. Parthi, id eſt, exules nominantur Scythica lingua: ex Gothis enim Scythiæ profugi hoc loco conſederũt, Trogus Iuſtinus & Iornandes.

PArthia definitur ab occaſu parte Mediæ expoſita. A Septẽtrionibus Hyrcania regione, ſecundum æquediſtãtem lineam, quæ per Coronũ montem exit, uſq; finem, qui ad eum eſt, cuius gradus ſunt

101	:39	0

Ab oriẽte Aria iuxta lineã à prædicto fine per Maſdoranum montem exeuntem uſq; ad terminũ, cuius gradus ſunt

101	30:39	20

A meridie deſerta Carmania, iuxta lineam iungentem expoſitos fines per Parchoatram montem uſq; ad

101	:33	0

Vocatur autẽ pars ea Parthiæ, quæ iuxta Hyrcaniam eſt Comiſene. Et quæ ſub hac eſt Parthiene. Poſt Choroanẽ & Parautacene. Poſt quã iuxta Carmaniam Tabiene adiacens, habens Sobidas.

Ciuitates autẽ & oppida Parthiæ hæ ſunt

Ambrodax	94	39:38	20
Oenunia	95	:38	40
Caripraca	97	15:38	40
Rhoara	98	30:38	20
Suphtha	100	:38	30
Araciana	94	15:38	0
Dordomana	94	15:37	40
* Hecatompylon Regia	96	:37	50

ἑκατόμπυλος, id eſt, centum habens portas, de qua meminit Apollodorus.

Syndaga	96	10:37	0
Parbara	98	50:37	30
Mylia	100	30:37	30
Charax ſeu uallum	94	15:36	40
Apamia	94	15:36	0
Aſpa	95	20:36	20
Femina	96	:36	40
Marriche	98	:36	40
Taſtache	99	:36	20
Armiana	101	:36	10
Choana	95	15:39	30
Paſacarta	94	15:35	15
Rhuda	95	:35	0
Simpſimida	96	30:35	40
Ariacana	96	:34	30
Appha	98	:35	20
Rhagaa	98	20:34	20

CARMANIAE DESERTAE ſitus. Cap. VI.

Tabula quinta Aſiæ.

CArmania deſerta terminatur ab occaſu parte Perſidis, iuxta Bagradã fluuium, q̃ ſcilicet à Parchoatra mõte extendit̃ uſq; ad finẽ, cuius ſitus habet grad 94 :31 0

A Septẽtrionibus Parthia, iuxta expoſitam per Parchoatram mõtem, lineã. Ab oriẽte parte Ariæ ſecũdum lineam productã à prædicta linea uſq; finẽ, cuius ſitus habet grad. 101 :29 50

A meridie reliqua Carmania per latus tangens præfatos limites. Colunt autẽ hanc deſertã Carmaniam à plaga quidẽ meridionali Iſatichæ & Zuthi(alij, Cuthi) Media aũt Gadanopydres. Regio uerò quæ eſt ad latus Septentrionũ ſimul & ortus Modomaſtice appellat̃.

ARABIAE FELICIS SItus. Cap. VII.

Tabula ſexta Aſiæ.

ARabia felix terminat̃ à Septẽtrionibus expoſitis lateribus meridionalib Petreæ, & deſertæ Arabiæ, & parte auſtraliori Perſici ſinus.

Ab occaſu ſinu Arabico

A meridie mari rubro.

Ab oriente parte Perſici ſinus, & mari, quod ab ore ipſius effunditur uſque Syagrum promont.

Littora

Littora igitur ipſius hanc habẽt deſcriptionem. Poſt limitem Arabici ſinus, iuxta Elanitem ſinum interiorem. *Lenticum, Alaniticum, Aelaniticum ſinum ait Plinius.*

Onne	66	20:28	40
Modiana	66	40:27	45
Hippos mons	66	50:27	20
Hippos uicus	67	:26	40
Phœnicum oppidum	67	20:26	20
Rhaunathi pagus	67	15:25	40
Cherſoneſi extrema	67	:25	20
Iambia uicus	68	20:24	0

Hanc uerò littoralem partem primo quidem habitant Thamyditæ *Thamideni Diodoro. Omnes autẽ nũc ſunt Mahumetani, ſub Sultanis agentes.* Et deinde Sideni. Poſtea Darræ. Poſt quos Banubari. Poſtea Arſæ.

Cinędocolpitarum regionis

Copar uicus	68	30:23	15
Arga uicus	69	:22	40
Zabram Regia *Gezan ipſam eſſe cõijcimus ex lib. 2. nauigationis Ludouici Bononienſis.*	69	20:22	0
Centos uicus	69	20:21	30
Thebæ ciuitas	69	40:21	0
Bętij flu. oſtia	69	30:10	40
Fontes fluuij	76	:24	30

Caſſanitorum regionis

* Badeo Regia *Vadei populi Plinio.*	70	:20	15
Ambe ciuitas	70	40:19	30
Mamala uicus	71	45:18	10
Adedi pagus	72	15:17	10

Eleſarorum regionis

* Pudni ciuitas	72	30:16	30
Aeli uicus	73	30:15	30
Napegus oppidum	73	30:15	0
Sacacia ciuitas	74	15:14	30
* Muza Emporium	74	30:14	0
Soſippi portus	74	45:13	0
Pſeudocelis	75	:12	30
* Ocelis Emporium *Acila promontorium Straboni.*	75	:12	0
Palindromos extrema	74	30:11	40

Rubri maris poſt Anguſta

Poſidium promont.	75	:11	30
Sanina ciuitas	75	30:11	30
Cabubathra mons	76	15:11	15

Homeritarum regionis

Madoce ciuitas	77	:11	45
Mardache ciuitas	78	:11	45
Lees uicus	78	40:11	30
Ammonij promont.	79	20:11	10
* Arabia Emporiũ *Aden hodie, munitiſsima urbs & Emporiũ famigeratum lib. 2. cap. 4. Lud. Vartomanni.*	80	:11	30
Agmaniſphe uicus	80	40:11	45
Mela mons	81	30:11	45

Adramitarum regionis

Abiſama ciuitas	82	0:11	45
Magnum littus	82	30:11	30
Mada uicus	83	:11	30
Eriſthæ ciuitas	83	30:11	45
Paruum littus	83	40:11	30
Cane Emporium & extremum	84	:12	30
Trulla portus	84	:12	40
Męthath uilla *In hac Alchoranus à Mahumeto componitur anno domini 624.*	84	20:13	0
Prionotus mons	84	40:13	0
Prionis flu. oſtia.	85	:13	30
Fontes fluuij	82	:17	30
Embolum uicus	85	30:13	30
Tretos portus	86	20:13	45
Thialemath oppidũ	87	:14	0
Moſcha portus	88	30:14	0
Syagros extrema	90	:14	0

Sachalitarum

In ſinu Sachalite, in quo Colymbeſes Pinici ſuper utribus tranſnauigant

Meracum uicus	88	:16	0
Auſara ciuitas	87	20:16	45
Ange uicus	87	30:17	30
Aſtoa uicus	88	30:18	30
Neogilla nauale	89	:19	0
Hormani flu. oſtia	89	30:19	30
Didymi montes	90	15:19	20
Coſeudę *aliâs Boſara.*	91	:10	0
Vaticinium ſiue oraculum Dianæ	91	40:20	0
Abiſſa	92	20:10	15
Corodamũ promõt.	93	:20	15

Et in Anguſtijs ſinus Perſici

Cryptus portus	92	40:21	30
Melanes montes Aſaborũ dicti, quorũ mediũ ſupra mare hab. gra.	93	:22	0
Aſaborum promont.	92	30:23	20

Perſici ſinus.

Ichthyophagorum ſinus, qui maximè ſe extendunt, intra quos ſunt Macæ.

Poſtea Anaritorum

Rhegama ciuitas	88	:23	20
* Sacra ſolis extrema	87	20:23	30
Laris flu. oſtia	86	30:23	30
Fontes fluuij	81	:18	0
Capſina ciuitas	86	:23	10
Cabana ciuitas	85	:23	0

Poſtea Aegæorum

Sarcoa ciuitas	84	15:23	0
Carada ciuitas	83	40:23	30
Atta uicus	82	:23	15

Poſtea Gerreorum *Gerraicus ſinus Plinio.*

Magindana ciuitas	81	:23	20
* Gerra ciuitas	80	:23	20
Bilbana ciuitas	80	:24	10

Poſtea Themotum

Ithar ciuitas	80	:25	0
Magorum ſinus	80	:25	20
Iſtriona ciuitas	80	:25	49

Poſtea Leannitotum

Mallada ciuitas	80	20:26	10
Ch:rſoneſi extrema	80	20:26	30
Leanites ſinus	79	45:27	0
Iramos portus	79	40:27	20
Adari ciuitas	79	15:27	40

Poſtea Abucęorum

Sacer ſinus	79	15:28	15
Coromanis ciuitas	79	:28	45

Poſt quam præfatus iuxta deſerta finis

Et Meſanites ſinus	79	:30	10

Montes uerò in regione inſignes habentur ij, qui iam dicti ſunt cōprehendētes multum etiam in mediterraneis, et is, qui cognominatur Zames mons, cuius medium habet gradus

	76	:25	0
Et Marithæ montes	80	30:21	30
Et Climax	76	30:16	0
Poſt quem fons eſt, qui appellatur Stygis aqua	78	:15	0
Et alij ignobiles mōtes ſupra Cingedocolpitas	71	:25	0
Et ſupra Caſſanitas	73	:20	0
Et ſupra Marithis	84	30:17	40
Et ſupra Aſaborum montes	88	:28	30

Tenent autē mediterranea iuxta montana quidem, quę ad Septētriones uergunt ferè in totum Scenitę. *Scenitis regio Plin. & Strab. uagi populi à tabernaculis cognominantur, σκηνὴ enim tabernaculum. Poſteritas hos omnes Sarracenos appellauit, ut ait Ammianus Marcellinus lib. 23.* Prętereà ſuper ipſos Oaditæ. Magis autē auſtrales ſunt eis Sarraceni, & Thamydeni. Poſtea iuxta Zameta mōtem ab occaſu ipſius Apatæi, & Athritę, & apud ipſum Maſemanes & Vdeni.

Ab oriente Læceni & Aſateni, & Ioliſitæ.

A meridie Catanitæ. Poſtea Thanuitæ, & ab occaſu horum Manitæ. Supra quos Alapeni. Et iuxta Cinædocolpitas Malichæ. Et ſub Manitis interior Myrrifera. Poſtea Minęi gens magna. Sub quibus Doreni, & Mocritæ. Poſtea Sabæi, & Achitæ ſupra montem Climaca. Supra autem Marithos montes Malangitæ quidem à Septentrionibus, & Dacharemoizæ.

A meridie autem Iritæ & Bliulęi, & Omancitæ. Quibus magis orientaliores ſunt Cottabani uſq; montes Aſaborū. Sub quib. Libanotophoros ſiue Thurifera. Poſtea iuxta Sachalitas Iobaritę. Sub Gerræis autem Alumeotæ. Poſtea Sophanitę, & Cithebanitę. Et uſque ad Climacum Arabanitæ. Sub his autem omnibus Cathramonitæ *Chatramotitæ Plinio,* à Climaco uſq; Sabæos.

A meridiana uerò plaga Climacis, Maſſonitæ ſunt. Poſtea Saritæ. Et iuxta Homeritas Tappharitæ & Rhatinæ. Supra quos Maphoritæ. Quibus uerſus oriētem iuxta Cathramonitas quidem eſt exterior Myrrifera. Iuxta autem Syagrum montem uſq; mare, Aſcitæ ſunt.

Ciuitates autem dicuntur fœlicis Arabiæ & oppida mediterranea hæc

Aramana	67	30:29	10
Oſtama	69	30:29	0
Thapaua	71	40:29	0
Macna	67	:28	45
Ancale	68	15:28	45

Madia

Madiamá	68	:28	25
Achrona	70	:28	15
Obraca	71	30:28	20
Rhadiuicus	73	30:28	30
Pharatha	73	40:28	40
Satula	77	30:2[illegible]	20
Laba	68	20:27	40
Thema	71	:27	0
Gæa ciuitas	71	25:27	20
Aina	75	40:27	20
Lugana	76	30:27	15
Gaſa	78	40:27	15
Soaca	68	:26	15
Negran	70	30:16	0
Salma	74	30:26	0
Arre uicus	75	40:26	10
Digima	77	26	30
Saphtha	78	15:26	20
Phigia	79	:26	0
Badais	68	30:25	30
Auſara	71	:25	30
Iabri	74	30:25	0
Alata ciuitas	77	20:25	30
Mochura	69	40:24	30
Thumna	71	20:14	50
Aluare	71	:24	25
Phalbini	73	45:24	0
Salma	73	20:24	20
Gorda	76	10:24	30
Marata	79	20:24	20
Ibirtha	79	20:24	40
Lathrippa	71	40:23	40
Carna	73	10:23	15
Biabanna	76	30:23	0
Giratha	77	40:23	0
Catara	79	30:23	20
Bæma *aliâs Reba:*	71	30:22	30
Macoraba	73	20:22	0
Sata	81	10:22	20
Maſthala	81	45:22	30
Domana	82	20:22	30
Atia	85	:22	15
* Rhabana regia	87	:22	0
Chabuata	79	25:22	0
Thumata	77	40:21	20
Olaphia	77	40:21	45
Inapha	79	10:21	40
Tiagar	85	:21	20
Appa	81	:21	0
Agdami	73	30:21	20

* Carman regia	81	15:20	15
Carna ſiue Carana dicitur Straboni, Minæorum regis			
Irala	82	:20	15
* Maocoſmos Metropolis	81	25:20	40
Læbris	82	:20	30
Lattha	83	20:20	15
Ieracum uel accipitrum uicus	84	20:20	30
Albana	74	30:20	15
Chargatha	76	10:19	15
Laaththa	75	20:19	20
* Omanum Emporium	77	40:19	45
Maraſdi	74	30:18	30
* Mara Metropolis	76	:18	20
Maraba in codice græco, Plinio & Straboni, Mariaba Sabæorum regia.			
Amara	73	30:28	40
* Nagara Metropol.	78	45:28	40
Iula	85	20:18	15
Magulaua	75	30:17	0
Sylæum	76	40:17	0
Mariama	78	10:17	10
Thumna	79	:17	25
Vodona	80	:17	20
Marimatha	85	10:17	40
Sabe	73	40:16	56
* Manambis regia	75	45 16	30
Thabba	78	40:16	10
* Sabbatha Metropolis *Sobotale Plinio.*	77	:26	10
Madaſara	81	45:16	40
Gorda	82	30:16	0
Thabane	85	40:16	20
Miba	74	20:15	20
Stygis aquæ fons	78	:15	0
Draga	79	10:15	15
Saruum	80	40:15	25
Mæpha Metropolis	83	15:15	0
Saraca	75	30:14	30
* Sappha Metrop.	88	:14	30
* Are regia	80	30:14	20
Rhæda	83	20:14	20
Benum	84	30:14	15
Thuris	75	15:13	0
Lachchere	77	30:13	20
Hyæla	79	:13	50
Maccala	81	:13	45

Sachle 82 40:13 20
* Saberegia 76 :13 0
Deua 77 40:12 45
Sochchor 78 30:12 40
Bana 80 20:12 40
Dela 82 :12 40
Cua 83 30:12 30

Inſulæ uerò regioni adiacent iuxta ſinum Arabicum

Aeni 65 45:27 20
Timagenis 66 :25 45
Zyggna 66 15:24 20
Dæmonum 66 45:23 15
Polybij 67 40:21 40
Ieracum uel accipitrũ 69 30:19 0
Socratis 70 :16 40
Cardamine *Camaran hodie, ubi elegantiorem quàm unquã ſalem conſpicatus eſt Ludouicus Vartomanus.* 71 :16 0
Are 71 :15 20
Combuſta 70 30:14 30
Meliachi dux 71 40:14 0
Adani dux 72 30:12 30

In rubro mari

Agathoclis dux 81 20:10 0
Cocconati tres, quarum medium 83 :9 10
* Dioſcoridis ciuitas *Dioſcuriada Plinio.* 86 40:9 30
Occidentalia inſulæ finis 85 :12 30
Trite 86 30:12 0

Et iuxta Sachalitem ſinum

Zenobij ſeptem, quarum media habet 91 :16 30
Organa *Orgyris Plinio.* 92 :19 0
Agremus ſiue Ormus nunc dicitur, in ea ſola Chriſtiani reperiuntur, licet Mauris pareant. Cadamuſtus cap. 71. & Ioſeph Indus cap. 132. & 140
* Sarapiadis, in qua fanum 94 :17 30

In ſinu Perſico

* Apphana inſula 81 20:28 40
Ichara 82 :25 0
Tharro 85 15:24 45
Tylus *Tyrus Straboni.* 90 :24 40
Arathos *Aradus legendum.* 91 40:24 40

CARMANIAE SITVS. Cap. VIII.

Tabula ſexta Aſiæ.

Ichthyophagi, maximè uerſus Gedroſiam ad Indicam [illegible]am adeò, ut teſte Hieronymo contra Iouinianum, ſuper petras Solis calore feruẽtes, piſces aſſent, & hoc ſolo alimẽto uictitent. hodie eſt regnũ Turqueſtan Mahumetanorum.

CArmania terminatur à Septẽtrionib. expoſito meridiõali latere Carmaniæ desertæ.

Ab oriente Gedroſia, iuxta Perſicos montes, ſecũdum lineam meridianã ipſos iungentẽ, à fine iuxta deſertam Carmaniam uſq; ad Indicum pelagus, iuxta ſitum continentem gradus 104 :20 0

Ab occaſu parte Perſidis à fine uerſus deſertam Carmaniã, uſq; ad Bagradæ flu. oſtia. Et hinc Perſici ſinus parte, quę uocatur et ipſa ſinus Carmanicus, iuxta deſcriptionem hanc.

Poſt Bagradæ flu. oſtia

Daræ flu. oſtia 95 15:28 40
Cathrappis flu. oſtia 95 30:27 40
Corij flu. oſtia 96 :26 0
Achindanæ flu. oſtia 96 40:26 0
Andanij flu. oſtia 96 :25 0
Sagani flu. oſtia 95 40:24 30
* Armuza ciuitas 94 30:23 30
Armuzum extremum *Armoſus Straboni. Mogoliſtanũ caput Ioſepho Indo, unde Arabia conſpicitur.* 94 :23 40
Carpella extremum 94 :22 30

A meridie uerò parte Indici maris uſq; ad prędictum finem, cuius deſcriptio ſic ſe habet.

Poſt Carpellam extremum in ſinu Pharagonti

Canthatis ciuitas 96 :22 40
Agris ciuitas 96 30:23 0
Nommana 97 30:23 0
Rhogana 98 15:22 30
Salari flu. oſtia 98 30:22 40
Maſin 99 :22 40
* Samydace 99 45:22 40
Samidachis flu. oſtia 100 30:22 20

Fontes

Fontes fluuij	104	30:15	0
Tiſa ciuitas	101	10:22	0
Caudriacis flu.oſtia	101	15:11	40
Bagia extrema	101	:21	0
Cyiza portus	101	15:20	40
Alambatera extremũ	101	:20	0

Hucuſq; ſinus uocatur Paragon.

Poſtea

Deraneblila	101	30:20	10
Gophanta portus	101	:10	0
Zorombæ flu.oſtia	102	30:20	0
Badara *Cuchina.*	103	:10	10
Muſarna	103	15:10	10

Poſt quæ præfatus finis uſq; Indicũ pelagus habet gradus 104 :20 0

Montes autẽ ſunt in regione ultra iam dictos, iuxta deſertam & Gedroſiam, & qui uocatur Semiramidis, & Strongelus, à figura rotundus dictus, cuius mediũ habet gradus 94 30:23 0

Et alij quodammodo æquidiſtantes à Perſicis, à quibus fluũt amnes, qui magis occidentales ſunt, quã Samydaces fluuius, quorũ mediũ 99 :16 0

Tenent autem quæ iuxta deſerta ſunt Camelobosci, Sozotæ appellati. Sub ijs autem à mari extenduntur & Rhudiana, & Agdenites. Poſtea Parepaphitis. Sub qua Aræ & Charadræ genres. Poſtea Cabadina & Chãtonice, & iuxta mare Paſargadæ, & Chelonophagi.

Ciuitates autem mediterraneæ & uici eſſe dicuntur in Carmania

Portoſpania	96	:28	30
* Carmana Metrop.	100	:19	0
Thaſpis	98	:27	40
Nipiſta	97	30:16	0
Chodda	101	30:15	0
Taruana	96	:24	30
* Alexandria	99	:24	20
Sabis	97	30:14	30
Throaſca	99	40:13	40
Ora	102	20:13	40

Biſinagar hodie, aut Beſenegal, triplici circundata muro, ubi rex potentiſſimus Narſindus, ſiue Narſingue.

Cophanta	102	15:13	0

Inſulæ autẽ adiacent Carmaniæ in Perſico quidem ſinu.

Sogdana in qua Miltus	94	:27	15
Vorochtha	94	20:15	30

In Indico autem mari

Polla	98	:19	0
Carminna	102	:18	0
Liba inſula	104	:19	0

HYRCANIAE SITVS. Cap. IX.

Tabula ſeptima Aſiæ.

HYrcania terminaĩ à Septentrionib. parte Hyrcani pelagi, quæ eſt à fine Mediæ uſque oſtia Oxi fluuij, quæ gradus habent 100 :43 0

Hyrcanum ſiue Caſpium mare, mare Abacuc ſiue mare de Sale hodie uocitant, quem Ptolemæus lacum facit, Plinius, Solinus, Strabo & Priſcianus ſinum Oceani ad Boream eſſe tradunt: ſed nos Ptolemæo ſubſcribimus.

In qua particula iacent Saramane ciuitas 94 45:40 30

Maxeræ flu.oſtia *Maxeras Plin.* 97 20:41 30

Fontes fluuij	98	:38	40
Socandæ flu.oſtia	97	30:41	0

Et ſtatim Oxi fluuij oſtia 100 :43 0

Ab occaſu autem expoſita parte Mediæ uſq; ad Coronum montem, in qua parte media habet 94 :39 0

A meridie autẽ Parthia, iuxta expoſitum ipſius latus, per Coronum

Ab oriente uerò Margiana per montana præfatos fines iungentia.

Colunt autem Hyrcaniam, qui iuxta mare ſunt Maxeræ, et Aſtabeni. Et ſub Maxeris Chrindi. Poſt quos Arſitis adiacet Corono.

Sub Aſtabenis autem Syracene.

Ciuitates autem in ea feruntur

Barange	99	:42	0
Adrapſa	98	30:41	30
Caſape	99	30:40	20
Abarbina	97	40	10
Sorba	98	:40	30
* Amaruſa	96	:39	50
Sinica	100	:39	40
* Hyrcania Metropolis	98	30:40	0

Sacæ

Sacæ 94 15:39 30
Aſmurna 97 30:39 30
Mæſoca 99 :39 30
Et inſula iuxta littus ipſum nomine
Talca *Tazatam Plinius, Talgam Pomponius appellat.* 95 :42 0

MARGIANAE SITVS. Cap. X.

Tabula ſeptima Aſiæ.

Margiana amœnitatis eſt adeo inclytæ, ut in ea uitem inueniri aſſerat Strabo, cuius ſtipitem duorum hominum uix ulnæ complectantur, racemum uerò duorum cubitorum orbem implere, quod Alexander miratus ibi primum Alexandriam condidit.

MArgiana terminatur ab occaſu Hyrcania, iuxta expoſitum latus.

A Septentrionibus parte Scythiæ, quæ eſt ab oſtijs Oxi amnis uſque ad particulam eius iuxta Bactrianam, cuius ſitus gradus habet 103 :44 0

A meridie parte Ariæ iuxta æquediſtãtem lineam, quæ eſt à termino, qui annotatur iuxta Hyrcaniam atque Parthiam, per Sariphos montes uſque finem, cuius ſitus habet gradus 109 :39 0

Ab oriẽte uerò Bactriana, iuxta montana, quæ præfatos fines coniungunt, Fluit autem per regionem fluuius inſignis Margus, cuius fontes habent gradus 105 :39 0

Eius uerò coniunctio cum Oxo flu. 102 40:43 30

Tenent aũt regionem, quæ iuxta Oxũ eſt Derbiccæ. Qui autem ſub ijs Maſſagetæ. Poſt quos Patni & Daę. Sub quibus eius deſerta. Et qui magis orientales ſunt eis Tapuri. *Tapyri Plinio & Solino, Arriano Tapurij.*

Ciuitates autem ipſius ſunt

Ariaca 103 :43 10
Sena 102 30:42 20
Aratha 103 30:42 30
Argadina 101 20:41 40
Iaſonium 103 30:41 30
Apud ipſum coniungitur fluuio Margo, alius fluuius à Sariphis defluens montib. cuius fontes 103 :39 0
Rhea 102 :40 30
* Antiochia Margiana *Alexandria primo deinde Seleucia.* 106 :40 20
Hæc inter duo principia Margi flu. ſita eſt, Guriane 104 :40 10
* Nigæa *Nyſea legendum, Straboni Niſſa.* 105 15:41 40

BACTRIANAE SITVS. Cap. XI.

Tabula ſeptima Aſiæ.

Mille in ea olim urbes, rerum omnium, inquit Strabo, fertilis eſt, oleo duntaxat excepto, fortiſſimos mittit Camelos, Solinus.

BActriana terminos habet ab occaſu Margianam, iuxta expoſitum latus.

A Septentrionibus & ortu ſolis Sogdianos, iuxta reliquã partem Oxi amnis

A meridie poſt Ariam fine, qui iuxta Margianam eſt uſque ad finem, cuius ſitus habet gradus 111 :39 0

Et Paropaniſadis, ſecũdum lineam inde productam æqualiter diſtãtem, per conuerſionem Paropaniſi montis, ad fontes uſque Oxi amnis, qui cõtinent gradus 119 30:39 0

Bactrianam aũt percurrũt fluuij Oxo ſe cõiungentes, Ochus cuius fontes habent gradus 110 :39 0
Et Dargamanis, cuius fontes habent gradus 116 :36 40
Et Zariaſpis, cuius fontes habent gradus 113 :39 0
Et Artames, cuius fontes 114 :39 0
Et Dargidus, cuius fontes 116 :39 0
Hic quidẽ admiſcetur Oxo amni iuxta ſitũ habentẽ grad. 116 :44 0
Reliqui uerò Artamis quidem, & Zariaſpes immixti prius inuicem iuxta ſitum 113 :40 0
Oxo admiſcetur in gradibus 112 30:44 0
Dargomanis autem, & Ochus, & ipſi prius

prius immixti ſimul, iuxta gradus 109 :40 10

In Oxum exeunt in gradibus 119 :44 20

Paropaniſi uerò mõtis ſitus pars occidẽtalis finis 111 30: 39 & 119 30: 39

Bactrianæ uerò Septentrionalia, iuxta Oxum fluuium tenent Salataræ, & Zariaſpæ. Horum à meridie ſub Salataris Chomari ſunt. *Comanos Plinius, Pom. Mela Coamonos appellat.* Sub quibus Comi. Poſtea Acinacæ. Poſtea Tambyzi. Sub Zariaſpis uerò Thocari, magna gens. Sub quibus Marycæi, & Scordæ, & Varni, & etiam ſub ijs Sauadij. Sub Sauadijs autem Orſiti & Amariſpi.

Ciuitates autem ſunt Bactrianæ iuxta Oxum amnem.

* Charracharta	111	:44	10
* Zariſpa *aliâs Chariſpa eandem cum Bactra faciunt Plin. & Strab.*	115	:44	°o
Choana	117	:42	o
Suragana	117	30:40	30
Pharatrua	119	:39	20

Iuxta autem alios amnes

Alicodra	107	30:43	30
Chomara *aliâs Comana.*	106	30:42	30
Curiandra	109	30:42	10
Cauaris	111	20:43	o
Aſtacana	112	:42	20
* Ebuſmi regia	108	20:41	20
Menapia	113	:41	20
Eucratidia	115	:42	o
* Bactra regia *Zariaſtes prius dicta, Zariaſpa Plinio & Straboni.*	116	:41	o
Eſtobara	109	30:39	40
* Maracãda *Paracãda Strab.*	112:39		15
Maracodra	115	20:39	30

SOGDIANORVM SITVS. Cap. XII.

Tabula ſeptima Aſiæ.

Coraſinorum ſiue Coraſminorũ regnũ uſq; ad mare Caſpium protendit Haytonus, eorum regia Coraſine, qui ad nihilum poſtea redacti in Tartarorum imperia conceſſere.

SOgdiani terminãtur ab occaſu ea particula Scythiæ, quæ eſt uerſus Bactrianam, & Margianam ad Oxũ fluuium, per Oxios montes lineam uſq; ad particulam Iaxarti fluuij, Quæ grádus habet 110 :49 o

A Septentrionibus ſimiliter parte Scythiæ, quæ inde eſt ad Iaxarti fluuij ſectionem, uſq; eius flexionis finem, cuius gradus ſunt 120 :48 30

Ab oriẽte uerò Sacis, iuxta flexionem inde Iaxarti, uſque eius fontes, qui grádus habent 115 :43 o

Et iuxta lineam ab ijs productam, uſq; ad finem, cuius ſitus habet gradus 125 :38 30

A meridie & etiã ab occaſu Bactriana iuxta expoſitam Oxi partem, & montibus, qui proprie Cauçaſij appellañ, iuxta lineam iungentem præfatum finem, & Oxi fontes, qui gradus habẽt 119 30:39 o

Protenduntur autem montes ferè inter duos fluuios, qui Sogdij dicuntur, quorum fines gradus habent 111 :47 & 121:45 30

Ab ijs defluunt fluuij, quorum pleriq; ſunt ignobiles, inuicem confluentes. Eorũ unus lacum Oxianem facit, cuius mediũ habet gradus 111 :45 o

Et alij duo ab ipſis eiſdem montanis à quibus & Iaxartes, feruntur. Vocantur autem montana hæc Comedorum, ex amnibus autem qui ipſi fluuio admiſcentur, appellatur alter Demus, cuius fontes gradus habent 124 :43 30

Mixtio autem cum Iaxarte 113 :47 o

Alter uero Baſcatis dicitur, cuius fontes gradus habent 123 :43 o

Et cum Iaxarte commixtio 121 :47 30

Tenent autem regionem iuxta Oxios montes Paſicæ, quæ uero ad partem Septẽtrionalem Iaxarti ſunt, tenent Iatij, & Tachori, Sub quibus Augali. Poſtea iuxta montes Sogdios Oxidrancæ, & Dribactæ & Candari. Sub montibus autẽ Mardyeni. Et iuxta Oxum Oxiani, & Choraſmij. Iis uerò orientaliora habent Drepſiani, ambos fluuios coniun-

coniungentes. Poſtea ijs Orientaliores Anieſes iuxta Iaxartem quidem. Cirrodees autem iuxta Oxum, & inter Caucaſum mõtem & Imaum eſt regio nomine Vandabanda.

Montanæ autem ciuitates Sogdianorum ſunt iuxta Iaxartum

Cyreſchata 124 :43 40

Iuxta Oxum autem

* Oxiana 117 10:44 40
* Maruca 117 15:43 20
Cholbeſina 120 40:43 15

Inter hæc aũt & ſuperiores partes flu.

Tribactra 122 15:45 30
Alexandria Oxiana 113 :44 40
Indicomordana 115 :44 40
* Drepſa Metropolis *Panda Plinio & Solino, Darapſa Straboni.* 120 :45 0
* Alexandria ultima 122 :41 0

SACARVM SITVS. Cap. XIII.

Tabula ſeptima Aſiæ.

Sacæ terminantur ab occaſu, Sogdianis iuxta expoſitum orientale ipſorũ latus.

Nomades dicti, qui ſoliti uicinos deprædari, à Perſis poſtea ſunt funditus deleti.

A Sep:ẽtrionibus Scythia, iuxta æquediſtantem lineam, quę à cõuerſione Iaxarti amnis educitur, uſq; finem, cuius ſitus habet gradus 130 :49 0

Ab oriẽte uerò ſimiliter Scythia, iuxta lineas inde productas per reliquũ montis, qui Aſcatãcas dicitur, uſq; receptaculum eorũ, qui ad Seras negocij cauſa proficiſcũtur, penes Imaũ montem, eius gradus ſunt 140 :43 0

Imaus, accolarum lingua niuoſus dicitur. Plinius libro 6.

Et per montem Imaum ad Septentriones uergit, uſq; finem, qui gradus habet 145 :35 0

A meridie autem ipſo Imao monte, iuxta lineam expoſitos coniungentem. Sacarum regio Nomadum eſt, ciuitates autem non habent: Nemora autem & ſpeluncas habitant. Inter Sacas eſt etiam dicta regio Comedorum montana, cuius aſcenſus à Sogdianis gradus habet 125 :43 0

Quæ autẽ iuxta uallem Comedorum ſunt gradus habent 130 :39 0

Et turris quæ lapidea dicĩ gradus habet 135 :43 0

Appellantur autem ij qui iuxta Iaxartum ſunt Caratæ & Comari. Qui uerò ſupra rotam mõtanam ſunt regionem Comedæ. Qui uerò iuxta Aſcatãcam Maſſagetæ. Qui uerò interiacenr Grynæi Scythæ & Toornæ. Sub quibus iuxta Imaum montem Bylt æ.

SCYTHIAE INTRA MONTEM *Imaum ſitus.* Cap. XIIII.

Tabula ſeptima Aſiæ.

Scythia intra Imaũ montem terminaĩ ab occaſu Sarmatia Aſiatica, ſecũdum latus expoſitum, A Sep:entrionibus terra incognita.

Scythas omnes, Plinio & Herodoto teſtibus, Perſæ uocant Sacas.

Regnum Chatay magni Cham Tartarorum has Scythias comprehendit, cuius ciuitas Gambaleſchia à Nicolao Veneto duo de triginta millia paſſuum circuitus habere fertur. Sabellicus Cathaium ponit inter Gedroſiam & Indum.

Ab oriente uerò Imao mõte ad Septentrionem uergente, ſecundum meridianam fermè lineam, quæ à prædicto eſt receptaculo uſq; ad terram incognitã. A meridie, ac etiam oriente, Sacis quidem, & Sogdiana, & Margiana iuxta ipſorum expoſitas lineas uſq; ad oſtia Oxi amnis in Hyrcanum mare exeuntis, ac inde etiam parte Hyrcani maris, ad Rha uſq; amnem, ſecundum talem deſcriptionem.

Poſt Rha flu. oſtia, quę continent gradus 87 30:48 50

Cõuerſio uerò ipſius, in qua & Sarmatiæ & Scythiæ eſt limes 85 :54 0

Rhymni flu. oſtia 91 :48 15
Daicis flu. oſtia 94 :48 15

Iaxarti

Iaxarti flu. oſtia *Sylin Scythæ uocant, Plin. & Solinus.* 97 :48 0
Iaſti flu. oſtia 100 :47 20
Polytimeti flu. oſtia 103 :45 30
* Aſpabota ciuitas 102 :44 0
Poſt quã Oxi flu. oſt. 100 :43 0

Montes uerò Scythiæ intra Imaũ montem inſignes ſunt, magis orientales, & qui appellantur Alani, quorum fines habent gradus 105 :59 & 118:59 30
Et qui appellãtur Rhymmici, quorum fines habent gradus 90:54 & 99:57 10
A quibus defluunt Rhymmus, & alij quidam, in Rha fluuium, Daici amni ſe cõmiſcentes. Et Noroſſus mons, cuius fines partes habent 97:53 & 106:52 30
Ab hoc autem defluit Daix amnis & alij quidam admiſcentes ſe Iaxarti fluuio. Et mõtes qui Aſpiſij dicũtur, quorum fines gradus habent 111:55 30 & 117 :52 30
Et ab his quidã defluũt, ad Iaxartũ flu. Et qui dicuntur Tapuri montes, quorũ fines habent gradus 120:56 & : 125:49
A quibus iterum ad Iaxartum quidam amnes excurrunt. Apud hos autem in imo fluuiatilis regiõis mõtes ſunt Syebi, quorum fines gradus habent
121 :58 & 132 : 62
Et qui uocantur Anatei montes, quorum fines 130 : 56 & 137 : 50
Poſt quos eſt flexio montis Imai ad Septẽtriones uergens. Colunt autẽ hanc Scythiã omnem uerſus Septentriones, ad terram ferè incognitam, qui cõmuni uocabulo Alani Scythiæ nominantur. Et Suobeni. Et Alanorſi. Partem autem quæ ſub ijs eſt, tenent Sætiani, & Maſſæi, & Syebi. Et iuxta Imaum montem Tectoſaces. Iuxta autem orientaliores Rha fluuij fontes Rhoboſci.
Sub quibus Aſmani. Poſtea Paniardi. Sub quibus iam apud fluuiũ eſt Canodipſas regio. *Caſanum.* Et ſub ipſa Coraxi. *Cytrachs, Emporium Armenorum, Medorum & Perſarũ, ſub Tartaris eſt. Paulus Iouius.* Poſt Orgaſi. Poſt q̃s ad mare uſq; Erymi, ex quibus regionem uerſus ortũ tenẽt Aſiotæ. Poſtea Aorſi. Poſt quos Iaxartæ, gens magna, penes eiuſdem nominis fluuiũ, uſq; ad flexionem ad Tapuros montes. Iterum ſub Sętianis Mologeni. Sub quibus uſq; ad Rhymmicos mõtes ſunt Samnitę. Sub Maſſæis autẽ & Alanis mõtib. Zaratæ, & Saſones, & magis orientales ſunt Rhymmicis montibus Tybiacæ. Poſt quos ſub Zaratis Tabieni & Iaſtę, & Machetegi iuxta montem. ſub quibus Notosbes, & Noroſſi, & ſub ijs Cachagæ Scythæ iuxta Iaxartas. Sunt Aſpaſijs montibus magis occidẽtales Aſpaſij Scythię *aliàs Aſpiſij.* Orientaliores autẽ Galactophagi. Similiter aũt & Tapuris montibus & Syebis Scythis oriẽtaliores ſunt Taputæi. Anaræis uerò mõtibus & Aſcatancæ mõti ſubiacent eiuſdẽ nominis Scythæ. Anarei quidẽ ſub Alanorſis, *aliàs Agathyrſis.* Aſcotancæ autẽ orientaliores ſunt Tapuris montibus, & uſq; montẽ Imaũ colunt. Inter autẽ Oxios montes, & ſectionẽ, quæ apud oſtia eſt Iaxarti, et littorea, quę iacẽt inter duos amnes, tenent Ariacæ iuxta Iaxartem. Sub ijs autẽ Namaſtæ. Poſtea Sagaraucæ, & iuxta Oxũ fluuiũ Rhibij. In quibus eſt ciuitas.
Dauaba *Samarcanda unius Tartarorum hordæ nobiliſsima, princeps cuius Zagathai, teſte Paulo Iouio.*

SCYTHIAE EXTRA IMAUM MONTEM SITUS. Cap. XV.

Tabula octaua Aſiæ.

Terra Mongal magnæ Tartariæ pars hodie dicitur.

EXtra montem Imaũ Scythia, definitur ab occaſu Scythia interiori & Sacis iuxta totam montium diuerſionem ad arctos.
A Septentrionibus terra incognita.
Ab oriente Serica, ſecundũ lineam rectã, cuius fines gradus habẽt 150: 63 & 160 :35
A meridie uerò parte Indiæ, quæ extra Gangẽ eſt flu. iuxta lineã æquediſtantẽ expoſitos fines uſq; gentẽ. Iacet aũt in hac parte occidẽtalis Auxaciorũ montiũ pars, cuius fines 149:49 & 165:55

Et pars montiũ, qui Caſſiorũ appellantur, ad occaſum uergentes. Horũ fines gradus habent 153: 41 & 162: 44
Et Emodorum ſimiliter pars occidentalis, cuius finis habet gradus 153 : 36 & 165 : 36
Et iuxta Auzacios fons eſt Oechardi fluuij, cuius gradus partes habet 153: 51
Tenent aũt Scythiã hanc à Septẽtrione Abij Scythæ. Et quæ ſub ijs eſt Hippophagi Scythę. Poſt quos Auzacitis extẽdit regio. Et ſub hac etiã iuxta pręfatũ receptaculũ regio Caſia. Sub qua Chatæ Scythæ. Poſtea Achaſſa regio. Et ſub hac iuxta Emodos montes Chauranæi Scythæ.

Ciuitates autem in hac parte ſunt,

* Auxacia	144	:49	20
* Illedon Scythica	150	:48	30
Chaurana	150	:37	10
Sœta	145	:35	20

SERICAE SITVS.
Cap. XVI.
Tabula octaua Aſiæ.

Cambalu regio & ciuitas Metropolitana Magni Cham, hinc uermes qui ſericũ filum cõficiunt, quorum iam apud Hiſpanos eſt copia.

SErica terminatur a bocca ſu Scythia, quæ extra Imaum montem eſt, iuxta lineam expoſitam
A Septẽtrionib. terra incognita, iuxta parallelũ inſulę Thyles.
Similiter & ab oriẽte terra incognita, iuxta meridionalem lineã, cuius fines habent gradus 180 :63 & 180 :35

Tabin promonturium ad extrema terræ inter ortum & Septentrionem nominant.

A meridie reliqua parte Indiæ extra Gãgem per eãdem paralleli lineã uſq; finem, cuius ſitus habet gradus 173 :35
Pręterea Sinis per lineã hinc productã uſq; finem expoſitum terrę incognitę.
Montes autem cingũt Seras, qui Annibæ appellantur. Quorum fines gradus habent 153 :60 & 171 :56
Et Auzaciorum partem oriẽtalem, cuius finea habent gradus 165 :54
Et Caſiorum orientalem partem, cuius finis 162 :44 & 171 :40
Et Aſimiræi mõtes, ꝗrum extrema gradus habẽt 167 :47 30 & 174 :47 30
Et Tagurus mons, cuius medium gradus habet 170 :43
Et Emodorum etiam, & eorum qui Serici dicũtur pars orientalis, cuius fines gradus habent 165 :36
Et qui uocatũ Ottorocoras mõs, cuius fines gradus habẽt 169 :36 & 176: 39
Sericæ autem regionis maximam partem duo præcurrunt fluuij,
Oechardes amnis, cuius fons iuxta Auzacios expoſitus eſt. Qui uerò iuxta Aſmiſæos montes fons eſt, gradus habet 174 :47 30

Cambrim & Pſitaram hos duos amnes uocat Plinius, quibus tertius additur Lanos.

Diuertigiũ uerò, quod ad Caſios quaſi montes eſt gradus habet 160 :49 30
Fons aũt qui in ijs eſt 161 :44 15
Præterea fluuius, qui Bautiſus dicitur, cuius fons iuxta Caſios mõtes gradus habet 160 :43
Qui uerò eſt ad Ottorocorã 176 :39
Diuertigium uerò ad Emodos montes 168 :39
Fons uerò in ijs 160 :37
Quæ igitũ maximè Septẽtrionalia ſunt Sericæ, colit gẽs Anthropophagorũ. Sub quibus ſunt Annibi gẽs, quæ eiuſdem nominis montibus ſuperiacet. Inter hos uerò & Auzacios ſunt Siziges gens. Sub quibus Dãnæ. Poſt Pialæuſque Oechardum fluuium, & ſub hoc eodẽ nomine Oechardæ. Iterũ orientaliores Annibis ſunt Garinæi, & Rhabbanęi. Sub'q; ijs Aſmiræa eſt regio, ſupra eiuſdem nominis montes. Sub ijs autem uſq; ad montes Caſios, ſunt Iſſedones magna gens. Et ipſis Orientaliores Throani. Poſtea ſub ijs quidẽ Ithaguri, ab orientali parte eiuſdem nominis mõtis. Sub Iſſedonibus uerò Aſpacaræ. Et ſub ijs etiam Batæ, & maximè auſtrales, iuxta Emodos mõtes, & Sericos Ottorocoræ.

Attarocoros Plinius, Marianus & Solinus appellant, quibus mira aëris clementia & longiſſimus æuus.

Ciuitates

Ciuitates autem nominantur in Serica hæ

Damna	156	:51	40
Piada	160	:49	40
Aſmiræa	170	:48	20
Throana	174	40:47	40
* Iſſedon Serica	162	:45	0

Eſſedonum urbē inter gētes maximā tradit Pius 2.

Aſpacæa	162	30:41	40
* Droſache	167	40:41	30
Palliana	162	30:41	0
Thogara	171	20:39	40
Abragana	163	30:39	30
Daxata	174	:39	40
Oroſana	162	:37	30
* Ottorocora	165	:37	15
Solana	169	:37	30
* Sera Metropolis	177	15:38	30

ARIAE SITVS.

Cap. XVII.

Tabula nona Aſiæ.

Turqueſtan regnū Haytonus & Marcus Venetus appellant, regia horum ciuitas Ocerra.

Aria terminatᷓ à Septētrionibus. Margiana & parte Bactrianę, iuxta expoſita ipſarū meridiōalia latera. Ab occaſu Parthia, & Carmania deſerta, iuxta lineas ipſarū orientales diffinitas.

A meridie Drangiana, ſecūdum lineā quæ incipit à præfato fine iuxta Carmaniam, & ad arctos cōuerſa per mōtem Bagoum flectitur ad orientem uſq; finem, cuius gradus 111 :34

Situs autē curuationis montis gradus habet 105 :32

Ab oriente Paropaniſadis, iuxta meridionalem lineā, iungentem fines expoſitos, per occidentales partes Paropaniſi. Eſt autem Paropaniſi ſitus iuxta ſigna tria.

Quod auſtrale	111		:36
Quod Septētrionale eſt	111	30	:39
Quod maximè orientale	119	30	:39

Fluit autē per regionē fluuius inſignis Aria, cuius fontes qui in Paropaniſidis quidem ſunt continent 111 :38 15

Quæ aūt apud Sariphos 103 :38 40

Pars autē iuxta lacū ab ipſo factū, quæ & ipſa Aria uocatur 108 40: 30

In Aria, quæ Septentrionalia ſunt, tenent Niſęi, & Aſtaueni. Quę aūt iuxta Parthiā, & Carmaniā deſertā Maſdorani. Quæ uerò iuxta Drangianā Caſirotæ. Quę autem iuxta Paropaniſadas Parauti. Sub quibus Obares. Quæ autem interiacent, tenēt Drachamæ. Sub quibus Etymandri. Poſtea Borgi. Sub quibus regio Scorpiofera.

Ciuitates autem & oppida in Aria ſunt hæ

Diſta	102	30:38	15
Namaris	105	40:38	20
Taua	109	:38	45
Augara	102	:38	0
* Bitaxa	103	40:39	0
Sarmagana	105	20:38	10
Siphare	107	15:38	15
Rhaugara	109	30:38	10
Zamuchana	102	:37	0
Ambrodax	103	30:37	45
Bogadia	104	15:37	40
Varpna	105	30:37	0
Godana	110	30:37	30
Phorana	110	:37	0
Catriſche	103	:36	20
Chaurina	104	20:36	18
Orthiana	105	15:36	20
Tauciana	106	10:36	0
Aſtauda	107	40:36	0
Articaudna	109	20:36	10
Artacana Straboni.			
* Alexādria in Aria	110	:36	0
Karbaſana	103	20:35	20
Caporana	104	30:35	30
* Aria ciuitas	105	:35	0
Caſce	107	20:35	20
Sotira	108	40:35	10
Arcitane	109	20:35	30
Niſibis	111	:35	20
Paracanece	105	30:34	20
Sariga	106	40:34	40
Darcama	111	:34	40
Coraca	107	30:33	20
Tribaſina	106	:33	40
Aſtaſana	105	:33	0
Zimyra	102	30:33	15

PAROPANISADVM SItus. Cap. XVIII.

Tabula nona Aſiæ.

Sic dicti à monte Paropaniſo, eis à Septētrione im minente. Torquaſtenſis Tartarorum regni pars, preter oleum omnia proferens.

PAropaniſadæ terminātur ab occaſu Aria iuxta prædictum latus.
A Septētrionibus expoſita parte Bactrianæ.
Ab oriente parte Indiæ iuxta emiſſam meridionalem lineam à fontibus Oxi fluuÿ per Caucaſios mōtes uſq; finem, cuius gradus ſunt 119 :32 40
A meridie uerò Arachoſia iuxta lineā, quæ per montes Paruetos fines iungit expoſitos. Erumpit aūt ex regione & Dargamanis amnis, q ad Bractrianā labitur, cuius ſitus eſt 116 30:36 40
Fontium aūt dictus eſt. Et qui ad Coa commiſcetur, cuius fontes habent gradus 115 :34 30
Septētrionalia regionis tenent Bolitę. Occidentalia Ariſtophyli. Orientalia uerò Ambantę. Meridionalia Parietę, & Parſÿ.

Ciuitates & uicus ſunt in Paropaniſadis

Parſiana	118	30:38	45
Barzaura	114	:37	30
Artoarta	116	30::37	30
Baborana	118	:37	20
Catiſa	118	40:37	30
Niphanda	119	:37	0
Draſtoca	116	:36	30
Gauzaca	118	30:36	15
* Naulibis	117	:35	30
Parſia	113	30:35	0
Locharna	118	:34	0
Daroacana	118	45:34	45
* Carura quæ & Orthoſpana	118	:35	0
Tarbacatta	114	30:33	40
Bagarda	116	40:33	40
Arguda	118	45:33	10

DRANGIANAE SITVS. Cap. XIX.

Tabula nona Aſiæ.

DRangiana terminatur ab occaſu et Septentrionib. Aria, iuxta expoſitam lineam per Bagoum montem exeuntem.
Ab oriente Arachoſia, iuxta meridionalem lineā, quæ eſt à fine ad Arios & Paropaniſadas emiſſa, uſq; ad finē, cuius fines habēt grad. 111 30:18
A meridie parte Gedroſiæ iuxta lineā coniungentē expoſitos fines, per montes Bætios. Interfluit autem regionem fluuius, qui ab Arabio diuertitur, cuius fontes gradus habent 109 :32 30
Teneni ante ea, quæ ſunt ad Ariā Darādæ, quæ uerò uerſus Arachoſiā ſunt Batrÿ
Pars autem quæ interiacet Tatacene *aliâs Tauacene* appellatur
Ciuitates autem & oppida Drāgianæ eſſe hæ dicuntur.

* Prophthaſia	110	:32	20
Rhuda	106	30:31	30
Inna	109	31	30
Aricada	110	20:31	10
Aſta	107	30:30	40
Xarxiare	106	20:19	15
Noſtaua	108	:29	40
Pharazana	110	:30	0
Bigis	111	29	40
* Ariaſpe	108	40:28	40
Arana	111	:28	15

ARACHOSIAE SITVS. Cap. XX.

Tabula nona Aſiæ.

Arianam hanc dicit Pom. Mela, ſolibus eſt ambuſta, Aria tamen fertilis. Arianā hanc extendit Strabo per oram maritimam ab Indo uſq; Carmaniam, ut Gedroſiæ pars potius uideatur.

ARachoſia terminatˀ ab occaſu Drangiana.
A Septētrionib. regione Paropaniſadū iuxta expoſita ipſorum latera.
Ab oriente parte Indiæ iuxta lineā meridionalem

ridionalem emiſſam à limite Paropaniſadũ uſq; finem, cuius gradus ſunt,

	119	:10	

A meridie uerò reliqua parte Gedroſiæ iuxta lineã expoſitos fines iungentem per montem Bætium. Irrumpit autem in regionem fluuius ab Indo diuerſus, cuius fontes gradus habent

	114	:32	30
Diuertigium autem	112	30:31	30

Pars uerò iuxta lacũ, qui ab eo fit fons Arachotos appellat. 115 :28 40

Vocantur autẽ qui Septentrionalia regionis tenent Pargyetæ. *Arimaſpos prius, deinde Euergetas, id eſt, beneficos dictos ait Diodorus Siculus.* Qui uerò ſub ipſis ſunt Sydri. Poſt quos Roplutæ & Eoritæ.

Ciuitates aũt & uicus Arachoſię ſunt.

Axola	114	15:32	15
Phoclis	118	15:32	10
Aricaca	113	:31	20
* Alexandria	114	:31	0
Rhizana	115	:31	10
Arbaca	118	:31	20
Sigara	113	15:30	0
Choaſpa	115	15:30	10
Arachotus	118	:30	20

Arachoſiorum oppid. Plinius Cophen alijs dictum tradit.

Aſiace	112	20:29	20
Gammace	116	20:29	20
Maliana	118	:29	20
Dammana	113	:28	20

GEDROSIAE SITVS. Cap. XXI.

Tabula nona Aſiæ.

Tarſe regnum Haithono & Sabellico, & ſunt hodie populi Chriſtiani.

Gedroſia terminaẽ ab occaſu Carmania, iuxta expoſitã lineã meridiem uerſus uſq; ad mare. A Septentrionibus uerò Drangiana, & Arachoſia, iuxta annotatas ipſarum meridionales lineas. Ab oriente parte Indiæ, iuxta Indum amnem, per emiſſam lineam à limite Arachoſiæ uſq; terminum, qui mare attingit, cuius grad. ſunt 109 :20 .

A meridie parte Indici pelagi, cuius deſcriptio hæc eſt. Poſt finem, qui apud Carmaniam eſt

Arabij flu. oſtia *Arbis fluuius Straboni.*

	105	:20	15
Fontes fluuij	110	:27	30
Diuertigium eius ad Drangianam ingredientis	107	40:25	0
Rhagiana ciuitas	106	20	0
Mulierum portus	107	:20	15
Coiamba	108	:10	0

Cambais hodie ſiue Gambais, regni caput. Cadamuſtus cap. 71. Ioſeph indus cap. 140. & 141.

Rizana	108	40:20	15
Poſt quã prædictus finis, qui mare attingit.	109	:20	

Protenduntur autem montes per mediam Gedroſiam qui appellanrur Arbiti, quorũ fines 107: 22 & 113: 26 30

A quibus Indo admiſcentur profluentes quidam, quorum unius fons

	111	:25	30

Et ſimiliter à Bætijs montibus per Gedroſiam labuntur amnes

Regionẽ uerò quæ penes mare eſt, tenent Arbitorum uicus, *Orbitas appellant. Diodorus & alij.* Quæ iuxta Carmaniam Parſirę. Quæ iuxta Arachoſiam Muſarnæi. Medium autem regionis omne uocatur Paradene, & quæ ſub ipſa eſt Pariſene. Poſt quam quæ apud Indum ſunt, tenent Rhamnæ.

Ciuitates autem & uicus Gedroſiæ ſinus.

* Cuni	110	:27	0
Badara	113	:27	0
* Muſarna	115	:27	30
Cottobara	118	:27	30
Soxtra	113	30:27	45
Oſcana	116	:26	0
* Parſis Metropolis	106	30:23	30
Omiza	110	:23	30
* Arbis ciuitas	105	20:23	30

Inſulæ adiacent Gedroſiæ

Aſthæa	105	:18	0
Codane	107	30:17	0

LIBER SEPTIMVS HAEC HABET.

Expoſitionem ultimarũ partium maioris Aſiæ ſecundum ſubiectas prouincias ac præturas.
Indiæ intra Gangem fluuium.
Indiæ extra Gangem fluuium.
Sinarum terræ.
Taprobanes inſulę, et q̃ circa illã ſunt.
Deſcriptionẽ ſummariã tabulæ orbis.
Armillaris ſphæræ, cum habitabili terra deſcriptionem.
Deſcriptionem extenſionis.

INDIAE INTRA GANGEM ſitus. Cap. I.

Tabula decima Aſiæ.

QVæ intra Gangem eſt India, definitur ab occaſu regione Paropaniſadum, & Arachoſia, & Gedroſia, iuxta latera ipſarum orientalia iam expoſita.

A Septentrionibus autem Imao mõte *Emodes eſt potius* Diodoro, iuxta ſuperiacentes ſibi Sogdianos & Sacas.

Ab oriente uerò Gange fluuio.

Ganges flu. altitudine nuſquã minore paſsibus 20. latitudine 8. aut 10. millium paſſuum ubi minima eſt, ubi autem maximè patet ſtadiorum centum amplitudinem habet, teſtes Curtius, Strabo, Plinius, Pomp. Mela, & cæteri.

A meridie ac etiam occaſu, parte Indici pelagi, cuius traditio deſcriptionem habet talem.

In ſinu appellato Canthicolpico Syraſtrenes.

Canthinauſtathmus ſtatio — 109 45: 20

Occidentale oſtium Indi flu. quod Sagappa dicitur — 110 20:19 50

Cambaiæ regni pars ad Indi flu. oſtia recentioribus dicitur.

Quod deinde eſt & appellatur Sinthũ — 110 40:19 50

Tertium quod aureum appellatur — 111 20:19 50

Quartum quod Cariphi uocatur — 111 40:19 50

Quintum quod Sapara uocatur — 112 30:20 15

Sextum quod Sabalaſſa dicitur — 113 :20 15

Septimũ Lonibare dictũ	113	30:20	15
Bardaxema ciuitas	113	40:10	40
Syraſtra uicus	114	:19	30
Monogloſsũ Empor.	114	10:18	40
Laryces			
Mophidis flu. oſtia	114	:18	20
Pacidare oppidum	113	50:17	50
Namadi flu. oſtia	112	17	45

Mareum promont. *aliter Malæum.* — 111 :17 30

In ſinu Barigazeno

* Camanes *Calicbut, Emporium aromatum totius orbis, Portugalenſibus frequentatum.* — 112 :17 0

Nuſaripa	112	30:16	30
Pulipula	112	30:16	0
Ariaces Sadanorum			
Suppara	112	10:15	30
Gaoris flu. oſtia	112	15:15	10
Dunga	111	30:15	0
Bindæ flu. oſtia	110	30:15	0

Simylla Emporium & promõtorium — 110 :14 45

Timula ab incolis dictum, ſupra lib. 1. cap. 17.

Balepatna	111	30::14	20
Hippocura	111	45:14	0
Virorum Pyratarum			
Mandagora	113	:14	10
Byzantium	113	40:14	40
Cherſoneſus	114	20.14	30
Nanagunæ flu. oſtia	114	30:13	50
Armagara	115	30:14	20
* Nitra Emporium	115	30:14	40
Limyrices			
Tyndis ciuitas	116	:14	30
Bramagara	116	45:14	20
* Muziris Emporiũ	117	:14	0
Calecariæ extrema	116	40:14	0
Pſeudoſtomi flu. oſt.	117	20:14	0
Podoperura	117	40:14	15
Semne	118	:14	20
Cereura	118	40:14	20
Bacare	119	30:14	30
Batis flu. oſtia	220	:14	30

Alorum

Melcynda 120 20:14 20
* Elancorũ Emporiũ 120 40:14 0
Cottiara Metropolis 121 :14 30
Bamala 121 20:14 0
Commaria extrema 121 45:13 30
In ſinu Colchico, in quo Colymbeſis
Penici Careorum
Soſicure 122 :14 30
Colchi Emporium 123 :15 0
Colchinum, ſiue Chuchina, regia ciuitas, cuius rex Luſitanorum eſt amicus.
Solenis flu. oſtia 124 :14 40

In ſinu Agarico

Pandonis regionis in ſinu Agarico
Cory promont. quod & Calligicum
125 40:13 20
Colaicum promont. Plinio & Boccatio cui opponitur Taprobana.
Argari ciuitas 125 15:14 20
* Salur Emporium 125 20:15 20

Batorum

Nigama Metropolis 126 :16 0
Thelchir 127 :16 10
* Curula ciuit. *Colon hodie, ciuitas & regnũ.*
118 :16 0

In ea quæ proprie dicitur Paralia ſiue littoralis Soringorum

* Chaberis ciuitas 118 20:15 45
Chaberi flu. oſtia 129 :15 20
* Sobura Emporiũ 130 :14 30

Aruarorum

Poduca Emporium 130 15:14 45
Melange Emporium 131 :14 20
Tynæ flu. oſtia 131 40:12 45
Cottis 132 20:12 30
Maliarpha Emporiũ 133 10:12 0

Meſoliæ

Meſoli flu. oſtia 134 :11 30
* Cõtacoſſyla Empor. 134 30:11 30
Cayl hodie Portugalenſibus dicitur.
Coddura 135 :11 20
* Adoſygne Empor. 135 40:11 10
Et locus unde ſoluũt, qui in Chryſam nauigant 136 20:11 0

In ſinu Gangetico

* Pallura ciuitas 136 40:11 30
Nanigæna 136 20:12 0
Caticardama 136 20:12 40
Ciromandei hodie dicitur, & paulò interius Miliſpar ſiue Milapar, ubi S. Thomas fuit ſepultus.
Canagara 136 30:13 30
Mandæ flu. oſtia 137 :14 0
Cottobara 137 15:14 40
Sippara 137 40:15 30
Tyndis flu. oſtia 138 30:16 0
Mapura 139 :16 30
Minnagara 140 :17 15
Doſaronis flu. oſtia 141 :17 40
Cocala 142 :18 0
Adamantis flu. oſtia 142 40:18 7
Coſamba *Tarnaſari regula.*
143 30:18 15
Gangis flu. oſtiũ maximè occidentale, quod Cãbyſum dicitur 144 30:18 15
* Palura ciuitas *Oriza hodie.*
145 :18 30
Secũdum oſtium, quod dicitur magnũ
145 40:18 30
Tertium quod dicitur Camberychum
146 30:18 40
Tilogrammũ ciuitas 147 :18 30
Quartum, quod dicitur Pſeudoſtomũ
147 40:18 30
Quintum quod dicitur Antiboli
148 30:18 15

Montes autẽ inſignes in expoſita ſunt parte Indiæ

Apocopi montes, qui deorũ pœnæ appellantur, Quorũ fines gradus habent 116: 23 & 124: 26
Et Sardonix mons, in quo eiuſdem nominis lapis eſt, cuius medium
117 30:21 0
Et Vindius mons, cuius fines gradus habent 127: :27 & 135 27
Et Bittigo mõs, cuius fines gradus habent 123 :21 & 130 :20
Et Adiſathrus mons, cuius mediũ habet gradus 132 :23 0
Et Vxentus mons, cuius fines habent gradus 136 :22 & 143: 24
Et Orudij montes, quorum fines
138 18 :& 133 :16

Ordo aũt fluuiorũ in Indum excurrentium à monte Imao ſic ſe habet

Indum ab incolis Sandum appellari tradit Plin.
Coæ flu. fontes *Cophes Straboni.*
120 :37 0
Suaſti flu. fontes 122 30:36 0

Indi flu.fons 125 :37

Bidaſpi flu.fontes *Hydaſpis cæteris dicitur.* 127 30:35 0

Sandabalis flu.fontes 129 :36 0

Adris flu.fontes *aliâs Vadris.* 130 30:37 0

Bibaſis flu. fontes *Hypaſis Plinio, Hypanis Straboni, ultra quē Alexander non auſus fuit progredi.* 131 :35 0

Zaradri flu.fontes 132 :36 0

Diuertigium Coē ad Paropaniſadas 121 30:33 0

Commixtio Coē & Suaſti fl. 122 30:31 40

Commixtio Coē & Indi 124 30:31 0

Commixtio Bidaſpi & Sandabalis 126 40:32 40

Commixtio Bidaſpi & Adris 126 30:31 30

Commixtio Zaradri & Bibaſis 131 :34 0

Commixtio Bidaſpi & Zaradri 126 :30 15

Commixtio Zaradri & Indi 124 :30 0

Diuertigiū Indi ad Vindium montem 122 :29 30

Diuertigiū illud eſt locus ubi exoneratur in Indum fluuius à Vindio monte deriuatus.

Diuertigium Indi in Arachoſiam 122 30:27 30

Fons diuertigij 111 :25 30

Fons diuertigij 127 :27 0

Diuertigium Indi ad Arbetos montes 117 :25 0

Diuertigium Indi ad os Sagapa 113 40:23 15

A Sagapa ad Sinthū 111 21 30

Diuertigium Indi ad aureum os 112 30:22 0

A Sapara ad Gariphum 113 30:22 20

A Gariphauci ō ad os Sabalaſſa 113 :21 20

Diuertigium à Garipho fluuio ad Lonibare os 113 20:21 40

Græcum exemplar pro Garipho habet Chariphū.

Ordo fluuiorum, qui in Gangem exeunt ſic ſe habet.

Diamunæ flu.fontes. *Iomanes Plinio.* 134 30:36 0

Gangis flu.fontes 136 :37 0

Sarabi flu.fontes 140 :36 0

Commixtio Diamunæ & Gangis 136 :34 0

Commixtio Sarabi & Gangis 136 30:32 30

Diuertigium à Gange ad Vindium montem

Sox flu. 136 20:31 30

Fontes fluuij 131 :28 0

Diuertigium Gāgis ad Vxentū montem 142 :28 0

Fontes diuertigij 137 :23 0

Diuertigium Gāgis in Cambuſum os 146 :22 0

Diuertigium à Cambuſo ad magnum os 145 :20 0

Diuertigium à magno ore ad Camberichum os 145 30:19 30

Diuertigium à Gange flu. ad Pſeudoſtomum 146 30:20 0

Diuertigium à Gange flu.ad Antibolis os 146 30:21 0

Ex aliorum flu.ſitus ſic ſe habent

Namadi flu.fontes à monte Vindio 127 :26 30

Fluuij flexſo iuxta Sirſpallæ 116 30:22 0

Iuxta quod miſcetur Mophidi flu. 115 :18 30

Nanagunæ fluuij fontes à monte Vindio 132 :26 30

Vbi ſcinditur ad Goarim & Byndā fluuium 114 :16 0

Pſeudoſtomi fluuij fontes à Bittigo monte 123 :21 0

Flexio fluuij 118 30:17 15

Baris flu.fontes in Bittigo monte 125 30:30 21

Solenis flu.fontes in eodem monte 127 :20 30

Flexio fluuij 124 :18 0

Chaberi fluuij fons in monte Adiſathro 132 :22 0

Tynæ fluuij fontes in Orudijs montibus 133 :17 0

Mæſoli fluuij fontes in eiſdem montibus 134 30:17 30

Mandæ

Mandæ flu. fontes in eiſdem
136 30:16 30
Tyndis fluuij fontes in Vxento monte 137 :21 30
Doſaronis fluuij fontes in eodē monte 140 :24 0
Adamantis fluuij fontes in eodē monte 142 :24 0

Ordo autem ciuitatum atq; oppidorũ, quæ ſunt in regionis huius parte, ſic ſe habet. Sub fontibus enim Coæ amnis locati ſunt Lambatæ, & horũ mõtana protendũtur uſq; montes Comedorũ. Sub fontibus aũt Suaſti Suaſtene. Sub fontibus uerò Indi Daradrę, & horum montana ſupereminent. Sub fontibus autẽ Bidaſpi, & Sandabalis, & Adris, eſt Caſpiria. Sub Bibaſis aũt fontibus, & Zaradri, & Diamunæ, & Gãgis eſt Cylindrine. Et ſub Lãbatis, & Suaſtene ſita eſt Goryza.

Et ciuitates hæ

* Carnaſa	120	:34	15
Barborana *Bandobens Strab.*	120	15:33	40
Gorya *Gorydales Strab.*	122	:34	15
Nagara quæ & Dionyſiopolis	121	30:32	36
Draſtoca	120	30:32	30

Inter Suaſtum autem & Indum ſunt Gandaræ & ciuitates hæ

Gandari Plinio & Pomp. Mele dicuntur.

Poclais *Peucolaitis Strab.*	123	:33	0
Naulibi	124	20:33	20

Inter Indum & Bidaſpũ, iuxta quidem Indum Varſa eſt regio

Et ciuitates hæ

Ithagurus	125	40:33	20
Taxiala *Taxila Plinio & Straboni.*	125	:32	15

Circa autem Bidaſpum Pandouorum regio in qua ciuitates hæ ſunt

Pandea gens à fœminis regitur, Plinius & Arrianus.

Labaca	127	30:34	15
Sagala quæ & Euthymedia	126	40:32	0
* Bucephala	125	30:30	20

Ab Alexandri equo nomen ſortita.

Iomuſa	124	15:30	0

Quæ inde uerſus ſolis ortũ ſunt, tenẽ uiq; ad Vindium montem Caſpiræi, & in ipſis ciuitates hæ ſunt

Salagiſã	129	30:31	30
Aſtraſſus	131	15:31	15
Labocla	128	:33	20
Batanagra	130	:33	20
Ariſpara	130	:32	50
Amacatis	128	15:32	20
Oſtobalaſſara	129	:32	0
* Caſpira	127	:31	15
Paſicana	128	30:31	15
Dædala	128	:30	30
Ardone	126	15:30	10

Aornos petra Diodoro Siculo, Auernus Straboni, quam utpote fortiſſimam cum Hercules expugnare nequiuerit Alexander expugnauit.

Indabara	127	15:30	0
Liganira	125	30:29	0
Chonnamagara	129	:29	20
Gagaſmira	126	40:27	30
* Karaſſa Metrop.	123	:26	0
Modura aut deorum	125	:27	10
Cognandaua	124	:26	0

His etiam orientaliores ſunt Gymnoſophiſtæ. Et iuxta hos circa Gangem magis Septentrionales Dætychæ.

In quibus ciuitates hæ

Conta	133	30:34	20
Margara	135	:34	0
Batancæſara	132	40:33	20

Et ab orientali parte fluuij

Paſſala	137	:34	15
Orza	136	:33	20

Sub ijs autem Nanichę, in quibus ciuitates hæ

Perſacra	134	:32	40
Sannaba	135	:32	30

Et ab orientali parte fluuij

Toana	136	30:32	0

Sub ijs uerò Praſiacę, in qua ciuitates hæ

Sambalaca	132	15:31	50
Adiſdara	136	:31	30
Canagora	135	:30	40
Cindia	137	:30	30
Sagala	139	:30	20

Et ab orientali parte fluuij

Aninacha	137	20:31	50
Coanca	138	40:31	30

Sub

Sub hac autem Sandrabaris, in qua ciuitates hæ

Empelathra	130	:30	0
Nadubandagar	138	40:29	0
Tamaſis	133	:30	20
Curaporina	130	:29	0

Iterũ regio quę iuxta occidẽtalem Indi partem omnis communi uocabulo Indoſcythia appellatur. Huius autẽ pars quæ circa diuiſionem oſtiorum eſt Patalene, & quæ ipſi ſuperiacet Abiria.

Quæ autem circa oſtia Indi & Canthicolpum, Syraſtrene

Sunt autẽ ciuitates Indoſcythiæ hæ, ab occidẽtali quidem parte fluuij remotæ

Artoarta	121	30:31	15
Andrapana	124	15:30	40
Sabana	122	10:32	0
Banagara	122	15 30	20
Codrana	121	15:29	40

Et iuxta ipſum fluuium

Embolima	124	:31	0
Pentagramma	224	:30	20
Aſigramma	123	:29	30
Tiauſa	121	40:28	50
Ariſtobatra	120	:27	30
Azica	219	15:27	0
Pardabathra	117	:25	30
Piſca	116	30:25	0
Paſipeda	114	30:24	0
Suſicana *Muſicani terra Straboni dicitur.*	112	:22	30
Bonis	111	:21	30
Colaca	110	30:10	40

In Inſulis autẽ ab ipſo fluuio factis ſunt ciuitates hæ

* Patala *Pattalenam inſulam ab Indi oſtijs eſſectam ait Strabo.*	112	50:21	0
Barbari	213	15:22	30

Ab orientali latere fluuij remotiores ab eo ciuitates hæ

Xodrace	116	:10	15
Sarbana	116	:22	50
Auxoamis	115	30:22	20
Auſinda	214	15:22	0
Orbadari	115	:22	0
Theophila	114	15:21	10
Aſtacapra	114	40:20	15

Iuxta ipſum uerò fluuium ciuitates hæ

Panaſſa	122	30:29	0
Budæa	121	15:28	15
Naagramma	120	:27	0
Camigara	119	:26	20
Binagara	118	:25	20
Parabali	216	30:24	30
Sydrus	114	:23	30
Epirauſa	113	45:22	30
Xoana	113	30:21	30

Indoſcythiæ ab orientali plaga ſuper mare Larice ſita eſt Regio

In qua ciuitates mediterraneæ ab occaſu Namadi fluuij hæ ſunt

* Baryg .za Emporiũ	113	15:17	20

Ab orientali uerò parte eiuſdem fluuij

Agrinagara	118	15:22	30
Siripalla	116	30.21	30
Bammogura	116	:10	45
Sazantium	115	30:20	30
Xerogere	216	20:19	50
* Ozene regia Tiaſcani	217	:20	0
Minagara	215	15:19	30
Tiatura	115	50:18	50
Naſica	114	:17	0

Quæ ſuperiacẽt colũt Pulindę Agriophagi. Et ſupra ipſos etiam Chatriæi *Chataros appellat Diodor. Cathæos Strabo, quibus pulchritudo eſt in maximo pretio.*

In quibus ab occidẽtali & oriẽtali parte Indi fluuij ciuitates hæ ſunt

Nigramigramma	124	:28	15
Antachara	122	:27	0
Sudaſſanna	123	:26	50
Syrniſca	221	:26	30
Patiſtama	122	:25	0
Tiſapatinga	123	:24	20

Iterum autem inter Sardonicum montem & Bittigũ, tenẽt Tabaſi, Magorũ gens. *Græcus codex habet, gens maxima.*

Quæ aũt ſupra hos ſunt uſq; Vindium montẽ, iuxta quidem Namadem, à parte orientali fluuij tenent Parapiotæ

In quibus ſunt Rhãnæ Et ciuitates hæ

Cognabanda	210	15 23	0
Ozoabis	120	30:23	40
Olta	122	30:23	30
Coſa in qua eſt Adamas	121	20:22	30

Circa autẽ Nanagunã Phylliæ & Bittigi. In quibus Condali quidem iuxta Phyllitas & fluuiũ. Ambaſtę aũt iuxta Bittigos & montẽ ipſum. Et ciuitas hę

Agara

Agara	129	20:25	0
Adiſathra	128	30:24	30
Soara	124	20:24	0
Nygdoſora	125	:23	0
Anara	122	30.22	20

Inter Bittigū autem montem & Adiſathrum ſunt Soræ Nomades *Narſingæ regnum mediterraneum Indiæ potentiſſimum.*

Et ciuitates hæ

Sangamarta	133	:21	0
* Arcati regia Sora	130	:20	15

Rurſus ad partē orientalē Vindij montis tenent Brolingæ. In quibus ciuit. hæ

Stagabaza	133	:28	39
Bardaotis	137	30:28	30

Quæ ſub ijs ſunt, habitant Poruari

In quibus ciuitates hæ

Bridama	134	30:27	30
Tholobana	136	20:27	0
Malęta	133	30:25	50

Et ſub ipſis uſq; Vxentū mōtem, Adiſathri. In quibus ciuitates hæ

Maliba	140	:27	30
Aſpathis	138	30:25	40
Panaſſa	137	40:14	30
* Sageda Metrop.	133	:23	30
Balantipyrgum	136	30:23	30

Iis orientaliores uſq; Gangē Mandalę ſunt. In quibus ciuitates hæ

Aſthagura	142	:15	0

Et apud ipſum fluuium ciuitates

Sambalaca	141	:29	30
Sigalla	142	:28	0
* Palibothra regia	143	:27	0

Hinc Palibothri populi quos Plin. & Strab. Praſios appellant, omnium Indiæ potentiam eo tempore antecedebant, toto maritimo tractui ab Indo ad Gangem dominantes, quod & Pomponius teſtatur, Diodorus Palicotram urbem appellat, ab Hercule conditam.

Tamalites	144	30:26	30
Oreophanta	146	:24	30

Similiter q̄ ſub Birtigo mōte ſunt tenēt * Brachmanę Magi uſq; ad Betios

In quibus ciuitates hæ

Brachme	128	:19	0

Quę uerò ſub Adiſathro uſq; Aruręos tenent Badiamæi. In quibus eſt ciuitas

Tathilla	234	:18	50

Quæ aūt ſub Vxēto ſunt, tenent Dryllophyllitæ. Quorum ciuitates

Sibrium	139	:22	20
Opotura	137	30:21	40
Ozoana	138	15:20	30

Orientaliores uſq; Gangē ſunt Cocconagæ. In quibus ciuitates hæ

Doſara	142	30:22	30

Et uerſus fluuiū in parte occidētaliori

Cartinaga	146	:23	0
Cartaſina	145	30:21	40

Supra autem Mæſolos Salaceni, iuxta Aruręos mōtes. In quibus ciuitates hę

Benagorum	140	:20	15
Caſtra	138	:19	30
Magaris	137	30:18	20

Iuxta autem Gangem flu. ſunt Sabaræ apud quos Adàmas eſt in copia. Et ciuitates hæ

Taſopium	140	30:22	0
Caricardama	141	:20	15

Regionē autē, quæ circa oſtia Gangis fluuij eſt omnem Gangaridæ tenent *Gargarides Plinio, quorum regem potentiſſimum Alexander inuadere nō eſt auſus, teſtantur Curtius & Diodorus, ſed longè in alio ſitu hos ipſi cū Strabone collocant: nempe inter Indi & Gāgis fontes, iuxta Pori regis ab Alexandro uicti regionem, quæ iuxta Hydaſpis fontes erat.*

In quibus ciuitas

* Gange regia	146	:19	15

Reliquū autem Ariacæ quidem regionis mediterraneæ ſunt ciuitates & pagi ab occaſu quidem Bindæ fluuij hæ

Manippala	119	30:20	45
Sariſabis	119	:20	0
Tagara	118	:19	20
* Bætana regia Siriptolemæi	117	:18	10
Deopalli	115	40:17	50
Gamaliba	115	15:17	20
Omenogara	114	:16	20

Inter Byndā uerò flu. & Pſeudoſtomū

Nagaruris	120	:20	15
Tabaſo	121	30:20	40
Inde	123	:20	50
Tripangalida	121	15:19	40
* Hippocura regia Baleocuri	119	45:19	10
Subuttum	120	15:19	10
Sirimalaga	219	20:18	30

Calligeris

Calligeris 118 :18 0
Modogulla 119 :18 0
Petirgala 117 45:17 15
Banauaſi 116 :16 45

Virorum autem Pyratarum mediterraneæ ciuitates ſunt hæ

Olochœra 114 :15 0
* Muſopalle Metrop. 115 30:15 45

* Limyrice mediterranea ab occidentali quidem parte Pſeudoſtomi ciuitates hæ

Narulla 117 45:15 50
Cuba 117 :15 0
Pallura 117 15:14 40

* Inter Pſeudoſtomum uerò & Barim flu. ciuitates hæ

Paſage 124 20:21 50
Maſtanur 121 30:18 40
Curellur 119 :17 30
Punnata in qua beryllus 120 40:17 30
Haloẽ 110 40:17 0
* Carura regia Cerobothri 119 :16 20
Arembur 111 :16 20
Berderis 119 :15 50
Pantipolis 118 :15 20
Adarima 119 39:15 20
Coreur 120 :15 0

Aiorum mediterranea

Motunda 111 20:14 40

Careorum mediterranea

Mendela 123 :17 20
Selur 121 45:16 30
Tittua 112 :15 40
Mantitur 113 :15 45

Pandionorum mediterranea

Tænur 124 45:18 40
Perintari 123 20:18 0
Corindiur 125 :17 40
Tangala 123 30:16 45
* Modura regio Pandionis 125 :16 0
Acur 124 45:15 20

Batorum mediterranea

Calindoca 127 40:17 30
Bata 126 30:17 0
Tallara 128 :16 45

Paraliæ Soretanum mediter. ciuitates

Calıur 129 :17 40
Tennagora 132 :17 0
Icur 129 :16 40
* Orthura regia Sornatis 130 :16 20
Bere 130 20:16 15
Abur 129 :16 0
Carmara 130 20:15 40
Magur 130 :15 15

Aruarnorũ ciuitates mediterraneæ

Cerauge 133 :16 15
Phruriũ ſeu præſidiũ 132 :15 0
Carige 132 40:15 0
Poleur 131 30:14 40
Picendaca 131 30:14 0
Iatur 132 30:14 0
Scopolura 130 15:15 36
Icarta 133 30:13 40
* Malanga regia Baſſaronagis 133 :13 0
Candipatna 133 30:12 20

Mæſolorum mediterranea

Calliga 138 :17 0
Bardamana 136 15:15 15
Coruncula 135 :18 0
Pharytra 134 40:13 20
* Pityndra Metrop. 135 30:12 30

Inſulæ aũt adiacent expoſitæ parti Indiæ in Canticolpo ſinu

Barace 111 :18 0

In littore uerò uſq; ſinum Colchicum

Milizigeris 110 :12 30
Heptaneſia inſula 113 :13 0
Tricadıba 113 30:11 0
Peperina 115 :12 40
Trineſia inſula 116 20:12 0
Leuce 118 :12 0
Nanigeris 122 :12 0

In ſinu Argarico

* Cory inſula 116 30:13 0

INDIAE EXTRA GANGEM ſitus. CAp. II.

Tabula XI. Aſiæ

Mucini regio ab incolis hodie nuncupatur, ſcilicet à Gange uſq; Cyambam prouinciam: Indiam etiam minorem hanc uocamus.

EXtra Gangem India terminatur ab occaſu Gange fluuio. A Septentrionib. expoſitis partibus Scythię & Se ricæ

ricæ. Ab oriẽte Sinarum regiõe, iuxta meridionalem lineã emiſſam à fine Sericæ, uſq; ad ſinum magnũ appellatum, & ſinu ipſo. A meridie autẽ Indico Pelago, & parte maris Paraſſodis, quod ab inſula Menuthiadæ per lineã parallelam extenditur, uſque ad oppoſita magno ſinui, huius igĩ partis littorea per hunc modum ſe habent.

In ſinu Gãgetico poſt Gangis oſtium Antibolum appellatum
Cirta deorum
Pentapolis 150 :18 0
Catabedę flu. oſtia 151 20:17 0
* Baracura Emporiũ 152 30:16 0
Bangella hodie ciuitas fœcundiſſima, & regnum latiſſimum.
Tocoſannæ flu. oſtia 153 :14 30

Argenteæ regionis

Samba ciuitas 153 30:13 45
Sadi flu. oſtia 153 30:12 30
Sada ciuitas 154 20:11 20
* Berabõna Empor. 155 30:10 40
Temalæ flu. oſtia 157 30:9 0
Promont. quod poſt ipſam eſt 157 20.8 0

In ſinu Sabaraco
Beſyngitorum Antropophagorum

Sabara ciuitas 159 :8 30
* Begynga Emporiũ 162 20:8 20
Berſyngæ flu. oſtia 162 :9 0
Berobe ciuitas 162 30:6 0
Promont. poſt ipſam 159 :4 20

Chryſæ uel aureæ Cherſoneſi

* Tacola Emporiũ 160 15:4 15
Malacha nunc dicitur miræ magnitudinis, à Portugalenſibus ui capta, quod teſtatur epiſtola Emanuelis regis ad Leonem decimum.
Promont. poſt ipſam 158 40:2 40
Chryſoanæ flu. oſtia 159 :1 0
Sabana Emporium 160: auſtralis 3
Palandæ flu. oſtia 161: auſtralis 2
Maleucolon promõt. 163: auſtralis 2
Attabæ flu. oſtia 164: auſtralis 1
Coli ciuitas 164 20: ęquino.
Perimula 163 15:2 40
Perimulicus ſinus 162 30:4 15

Leſtorum ſiue Piratarum regionis. *Regnum Pego dicitur.*

Samarade 163 :4 50
Pagraſa 165 :4 50
Sobani flu. oſtia 165 40:4 45
Fontes fluuij 162 30:13 0
Thiponobaſti Empor. 166 20:4 45
Acadra 167 :4 50
* Zabæ ciuitas 168 20:4 45

Magni ſinus. *Sinus hic hodie dicitur mare de Sur.*

Quod iuxta principiũ eſt magnũ promontorium 169 :4 15
Thagora 168 :6 0
* Balonga Metropolis *Ciuitas Pego inter Orientales nulli ſecunda.* 167 30:7 0
Throana 167 :8 30
Doanæ flu. oſtia 167 :10 0
Fontes fluuij 153 :27 0
* Corthata Metrop. 167 :12 30
Sinda ciuitas 167 15:13 40
Pagraſa 167 30:14 30
Dorij flu. oſtia 168 :15 30
Fontes fluuij 163 :27 0
Aganagara 169 :16 40
Seri flu. oſtia 171 30:17 20
Fontes fluuij 170 :32 0
Alius fons 173 :30 0
Coniunctio 171 :27 0
Limes magni ſinus uerſus Sinas 173 :17 20

Montes autẽ in hac parte nominãtur. Bepyrrus, cuius fines habent gradus 148 : 34 & 154: 20
Et Mæandrus, cuius fines habent gradus 152 : 24 & 160: 16
Et Damaſi montes, quorum fines habent partes 162: 23 & 166 :33
Et Semanthini pars occidẽtalis, cuius finis habet gradus 170: 33 & 180:26
Hi ſunt orientaliſſimi, ubi à Nicolao Veneto Rhata urbs nominatur.

A Bepyrro uerò in Gangem exeũt fluuij duo. Quorũ eius qui magis Septentrionalis eſt fontes habent partes 148 :33 0
Coniunctio uerò cum Gange 140 15:30 20
Fluuij uerò qui poſt ipſum eſt fontes habent 152 :27 0
Coniunctio autem eius cum Gange 144 :26 0
A Mæandro uerò fluũt, qui poſt Gan-

gem ſunt amnes uſque Biſynga flu. Serus aũt fluuius à monte Semanthino è duobus fontib. fluit. Quorũ q occidentalior eſt grad. habet 170 30:32 0

Qui uerò magis orientalis 173 30:30 0

Iunguntur autẽ circa 171 :27 0

A Damaſis mõtibus autẽ fluunt Daonas & Dorias. Extenditur autem uſq; Bepyrrum Daonas, & Dorias quidem à ſitu 164 30:28 0

Daonas uerò à Damaſis montibus 162 :20 30

A Bepyrro aũt monte 152 30:27 30

Et coniunguntur fluxus circiter 160 20:19 0

Sobanus autem 163 30:13 0

Et qui per aureã Cherſoneſum fluunt inuicem cõmiſcentur, primum à dorſis ſupetiacẽtibus Cherſoneſo, ſine nomine, ex quibus unus ad Cherſoneſum fluens primo Attabam ſcindit circa 161 30:3 0

Chryoanũ uerò circa 161 :1 20

Reliquus autem fit Palandas

Tenẽt autẽ partẽ hanc ab orientali latere Gangis per totum latus ipſius, qui magis Septentrionales ſunt Gangani, per quos Sarabus excurrit fluuius.

Et in ijs ciuitates hæ ſunt

Sapolus	139	:35	0
Storna	138	40:34	40
Heorta	138	30:34	0
Rhappha	137	40:33	40

Sub ijs uerò ſunt Marundæ, uſq; Gangatidas

In quibus ciuitates ſunt apud Gangem ab oriente

Boræta	142	20:19	0
Corygaza	243	30:27	15
Condota	145	:26	30
Celydna	146	30:25	30
Aganagora	146	30:22	30
Talarga	146	40:21	40

Inter montem autem Imaum & Bepyrrum, Tacoræi ſunt, maximè ad arctos uergentes, Corancali uerò ſub eis. Poſtea Paſſalæ. Poſt quos ſupra Mæandrum Tilædæ. Vocant autem ſic Baſadas, ſunt enim breues, incurui, craſſi, & fronte latiores, colore albi. Supra autẽ Cirradiã, in qua dicũt gigni optimum Malabathrũ, habitãt iuxta quidẽ montem Mæandrũ Tameræ Anthropophagi. Super Argenteã autẽ regionum, in qua multa eſſe dicũtur metalla non ſignata, ſuperiacet autẽ aurea regio, Beſyngitis appropinquãs, quæ & ipſa metalla auri q; plurima habet. Qui eã incolũt, ſimiliter ſunt albi colore, et craſſi, & breues atq; ſimi. Iterũ inter Bepyrrũ montẽ, & mõtes Damaſos, quæ magis ad Arctos uergunt, tenent Aminachæ. Et ſub ijs ſunt Indaprathæ. Poſt q̃s Iberingæ. Poſt Dabaſæ, & uſq; Mæandrũ, Nargologæ, qđ ſignificat mundum nudũ. Interq; mõtes Damaſos & limitẽ qui uerſus eſt Sinas maximè Septentrionales ſunt Cacobæ. Et ſub ijs Baſanaræ. Poſtea Chalcitis regio in pua plurima metalla æris ſunt. Sub qua uſq; magnum ſinum Cudutæ, & Barrę. Poſt quos Sindi. Poſtea Daonę ad flu. eiuſdẽ nominis. Et poſt ipſos mõtana ſunt iũcta regioni Leſtorũ ſiue Predonũ Tigres habẽtia & Elephãtes. Hãc Lerũ ſiue Predonũ regionẽ qui colũt, Ferini eſſe dicunt, & in ſpecubus habitare, et pellẽ habere ſimilẽ Hippopotamis quæ ſagittis minime traijci poteſt. Ciuitates aũt & uicus huius partis mediterranei nominantur. Poſtea quæ iuxta Gangem expoſita ſunt hæ

Selampura	148	30:33	10
Canogiza	143	:32	0
Caſſida	146	:31	30
Eldana	152	:31	0
Aſanamara	155	:32	30
Archinara	163	:31	0
Vrathenæ	170	:31	10
Suanagura	145	30:29	30
Sagoda	155	20:19	10
Anthina	162	:19	0
Salatha	165	40:18	10
* Rhandamarcotta, in qua Naadus	172	:18	0
Athenagurum	146	20:17	0
Maniæna	147	15:24	40
* Toſalę Metropol.	150	:23	10
Aloſanga	152	:24	15

Adiſaga

Adiſaga	159	30:23	0
Cimara	170	:23	15
Pariſara	149	:22	15
✠ Tugma Metropol.	152	30:22	15
Ariſabium	158	30:22	30
Poſinara	162	15:12	50
Pandaſſa	165	:21	20
Sipiberis	170	:21	15
✠ Triglyphon regia, quod & Trilingum	154	:18	0

In hac galli gallinacei barbati eſſe dicuntur & corui, & Pſitaci albi.

Lariagara	162	30:18	15
Rhingiberi	166	:18	0
Agimœtha	170	40:18	40
Tomara	172	:18	0
Daona	165	:15	40
✠ Mareura Metropolis, quę et Malthura	158	:12	30
Laſippa	161	:12	30
Bareuaora	164	:12	50

Et in aurea Cherſoneſo

Chnigaphola, nunc & Sian duæ in Malacha inſignes urbes.

Balonca	162	:4	40
Cocconagara	160	:2	0
Tharra	162	:auſtr.1	40
Palanda	161	:auſtr.1	30

Inſulæ autem dicuntur in expoſita parte Indiæ hæ

Bazacata	149	30:9	40

In hac conchæ multæ. Et qui hanc incolũt, nudi cõtinuo degere ferũtur, uocarię Agmatas. Sũt & inſulæ tres Sindę Anthropophagorum, quarum medium partes habet 152 :auſtral.8 40

Bonæ fortunæ 145 15:ſub æquat.

Baruſſę quinque, quarum medium habet 152 40: auſt.5 20

In ijs Antropophagi incolæ eſſe perhibẽtur. Similiter aliæ Anthropophagorum inſulæ tres, quæ Sabadibæ appellantur, quarũ mediũ 160: auſtr. 8 30

Iabadij, hoc eſt, hordei inſula feraciſſima enim hæ inſula dicitur, & præterea auri multum efficere.

Hinc Chryſe & Argyre aureum & argenteum, ſolum habentes inſulæ Plinio, Melæ & alijs dicũtur, quas Martianus Chryſerã & Argyream nominat. χρυσὸς enim aurum, ἄργυρος argentum dicitur.

Hęc Metropolim habet à patre Septẽtrionali fine eius occidentali dictã Argenteã, quę grad. hab. 167 :auſtral.8 30
Orientalis uerò finis inſulæ 169: auſtral.8 0

Satyrorum inſulæ tres, quarum interuallum 171: auſtral.2 30

Qui has inhabitant, caudas habere dicuntur, quales Satyrorum pingunt. Ferũt & hic aliæ inſulæ cõtinue eſſe numero decẽ, Maniolæ appellatæ in quibus dicũt nauigia, quæ clauos ferreos habent detineri, ac ideo illa ligneis cõpaginant, ne quando lapis Herculeus, qui circa ipſas gignitur, illa attrahat. Obq́ȝ hoc ſuper trabibus ea in ſicco fir mari aſſerunt.

Tenere autem ipſas dicuntur Anthropophagi Manioli dicti. Harum medium gradas habet 142 :auſtral. 2

SINARVM SITVS.

Cap. III.

Tabula undecima Aſiæ.

Mangi & Cyamba prouinciæ Magno Cham Tartarorum ſubditæ.

SInæ terminãtur à Septentrionibus parte Serũ expoſita. Ab ortu Solis atq́ȝ meridie terra incognita.

Ab occaſu India extra Gãgem iuxta lineam annotatam, uſq́ȝ ad magnum ſinum, ac ipſo magno ſinu, & partibus quæ deinde adiacẽt Ferinis appellatis, ac parte Synarũ, quam habitãt Ichthyophagi Aethiopes ſecundum deſcriptionem hanc.

Sinum magnum dixi eſſe hodie mare de Sur, ad quẽ Hiſpani uerſus occidentem nauigãdo perueniunt, terreſtri itinere duorum dierum interuallo.

Poſt limitem ſinus qui iuxta Indiã notatus eſt.

Aſpitharæ flu. oſtia	175	:16	0
Fluuij fontes, qui ab oriẽtalib. partib. Semãthini ſunt mõtis	180	:26	0
Bramma ciuitas	176	40:12	30
Ambaſti flu oſtia	177	:10	0
Fontes fluuij	179	:15	0
Rhabana ciuitas	177	:8	30
Seni flu. oſtia	176	20:6	50

Notium promont. 175 :4 0
Ferini Sinus interior receſſus
176 :2 0
Satyrorũ promont. 175: æquinoct.
Sinarum ſinus 178: auſtrs.2 20

Hunc habitant Ichthyophagi
Aethiopes

Cotisris flu.oſtia 177: auſtralis 7
Iuxta quod miſcetur Seni amni
179: æquinoct.
Fontes fluuij 180: auſtral. 2
* Cattigsra Sinarum ſtatio
177: auſtr. 8 30

Var Moabar regnum recentiores quidam hoc loci ſtatuere.

Tenẽt autem regionẽ, quæ maximè ad Arctos uergit, Semanthinę ſupra eiuſdem nominis montem. Sub ijs aũt atq; monte Acadræ. Poſt quos Aſpithræ. Poſtea apud magnum Sinũ Ambaſtę, & circa alios ſinus Ichthyophagi Sinę

Ciuitates autem Sinarum mediterraneæ hæ nominantur.

Achatara 178 20:21 15
* Aſpithra 175 30:16 15
Coccorsnagsra 179: auſtral. 2
* Sarata 180: auſtral. 4
* Et Metropolis Thinæ *aliàs sinæ.*
180: auſtralis 3

Eam tamen nõ ærea mœnia habere dicunt. nec quicq; memoratu dignũ. Circundatur aũt à Cattigaris uerſus occaſum terra incognita, mare Praſode amplectens, uſq; promont. Praſum, à quo incipit, ut dictũ eſt, maris aſperi ſinus, terrã cõiungens Rhapto promont. & partibus Auſtralibus Azaniæ.

TAPROBANES INSULAE ſitus. Cap. IIII.

Tabula duodecima Aſiæ.

Taprobana, à noſtris Samotra ſiue Sumatra dicitur, ut Ioſeph Indus, Ludouicus Vartomanus & alij teſtantur. Huic quatuor reges moderantur, omnes idololatræ.

COry Indiæ promontorio opponitur promontoriũ inſulæ Taprobanes, quæ olim Simondi inſula dicebatur, nũc autem Salice. Qui eam habitãt communi uocabulo Salæ dicuntur, mulierum crinibus omnes ferè tecti.

Naſcit̃ apud hos oriza, mel, zingiber, beryllus, hyacinthus, & uniuerſorum metallorũ genera, auri & argẽti et aliorum. Elephãtes gignit & Tigres. Eius promontoriũ, quod dictũ eſt Cory oppoſiti gradus habet 126 :12 30
Et uocat̃ Boreũ promont. Alia autem circũſcriptio habetur in hũc modum.
Poſt dictum Boreum promont. quod gradus habet 126 :12 30

Galiba extrema 124 :11 20
Margana ciuitas 123 30:10 20
Iogana ciuitas 123 20:8 50
Anariſmõdi promõt. 122 :7 45
Soanæ flu.oſtia 122 10:6 15
Fontes fluuij 124 30:3 0
Sindocanda ciuitas 122 :5 0
Priapidis portus 122 :3 40
Anubingara 121 :2 40
Praſodes ſinus 121 :2 0
Iouis extrema 120 30:1 0
Nubartha ciuitas 121 40: æquinoct.
Azani flu.oſtia 123 20: auſtr. 1
Fontes fluuij 126: ſeptentr. 5
Hodoca ciuitas 123: auſtralis 2
Orneum uel auium extrema
125: auſtr. 2 30
Dagana ciuitas ſacra lunæ
126: auſtralis 2
Corcobara 127 40: au. 2 20
Dionyſi ſeu Bacchi ciuitas
130: auſtr. 1 30
Cetæum promont. 132 30: au. 2 20
Baraci flu.oſtia 131 30: ſeptẽ. 1
Fontes fluuij 128 :2 0
Bocana ciuitas 131 :1 20
Mordi portus 131 :2 20
Abaratha ciuitas in extremis 131:3 15
Solis portus 130 :4 0

Solis inſulam facit Plinius, quæ & Nympharum rubens cubile dicitur. ubi ob æſtũ intollerabilẽ omne animans ingreſſum ui circumfuſi aëris confeſtim exanimatur.

Littus magnum

Procuri ciuit. in pmõt. 131 :5 40
Rhizala portus 130 40:6 30
Oxia promont. 130 :7 30
Gangis flu.oſtia 129 :7 20

Fontes

Fontes fluuij	117	:7	15
Spatana portus	129	:8	0
Nagadiba ciuitas	129	:8	30
Panti Sinus	128	30:9	30
Anubingara ciuitas	128	40:9	40
Modutti Emporiũ	128	:11	20

Pynder hodie, & celebrior totius inſulæ portus.

Phaſis flu. oſtia	127	:11	20
Fontes fluuij	126	:8	0
Talacori Emporiũ	126	20:11	40

Poſt quod eſt Boreũ promontorium. Mõtes in inſula inſignes ſunt, qui Galibi appellantur, ex quibus fluunt Phaſis, & Ganges. Et mons, qui Malea dicũtur, unde fluũt Soanas, & Azanos, & Barraces. Et ſub hoc monte uſq; maris ſunt Elephantũ paſcua. Tenent autem inſulã à parte maximè Septentrionali Galibi & Mudutta. Sub quibus Anurogrãmi, & Nagadibi. Et ſub Anurogrammis Soani. Sub Nagadibis autem Semni. Subq; ijs etiã Sandocandæ quidẽ uerſus occaſum. Et ſub ipſis uſq; Elephantũ paſcua Bumaſani. Tarachi autẽ uerſus ſolis ortũ tenẽt. Sub quibus Bocani & Mõrduli, & qui maximè auſtrales ſunt Rhogãdani & Nanigiri. Ciuitates autem in inſula mediterraneæ hæ ſunt

Anurogrãmũ regia	124	10:8	40
Maagrãmũ Metrop.	117	:7	20
Adiſamum	119	:5	0
Poduce	124	3	40
Vliſpada	126	20: borealis	40
Nacaduma	128	30: æquino.	

Ante Taprobanem multitudo inſularum iacet, quas dicũt eſſe mille trecentas & ſeptuaginta & octo numero. Quarũ tamẽ nomina tradũtur, hæ ſunt

Vangana	120	15:11	20
Canathra	121	40:11	15
Orneorũ uel auium	119	:8	30
Aegidiorum	118	:8	30
Monache	116	:4	15
Ammine	117	:4	15
Carcus	118	auſtral.	40
Phelicus	116	30:auſt. 2	40
Erene	120	: auſtr. 2	30
Calandadrua	121	: auſtr. 5	30
Arana	115	: auſtr. 4	20
Baſſa	126	: auſtr. 6	30
Balaca	129	: auſtr. 5	30
Alaba	131	: auſtral.	4
Gumara	133	: auſtr. 1	40
Zaba	135	: æquinoct.	
Zibala	135	: boreal. 4	15
Nagadiba	135	: boreal. 8	30
Suſuara	130	: boreal. 11	15

Orbis igitur necnon prouinciarum ac præfecturarum enarratio particularis, hoc nobis explanata ſit modo. Cæterũ cum in principio cõpoſitionis oſtenderimus, quo pacto cogniti orbis pars, in ſphæra deſcribi poſſit, necnon in ſuperficie plana, ut maximè ſimilis & cõmenſilis ſit ijs, quæ in ſphæra comprehendũtur ſolida, cõgruaq; tabulis uniuerſi orbis explanatiõibus, deſcriptionem quandam addere ſummariam, ad demonſtrationem eorum quæ uniuerſaliter ſunt contemplata, abſoluatur & ipſa ſecundũ conuenientem rationem, quæ ita ſe habet.

DESCRIPTIO SVMMARIA TABULæ orbis. Cap. V.

ORbis noſter in tres diuiſus eſt continentes à uetuſtioribus illis, qui ſigillatim quàm diligentiſſimè ſcripſere, commẽtariosq; reliquere de ſingulis, ſicut in hiſtoria, quibus & nos aſtipulamur, qui partim hæc inſpeximus, partim uerò diligẽter ab eis excepimus, ac ideo tabulam quo pacto totus orbis figurari poſſit, ſubijcere deliberauimus, ut nil diſcendi cupidis inexpertũ relinquatur, ex ijs, quæ particulatim utilia ſunt, quo omnis hiſtoria ornetur, pariter & acumen uiriũ naturalium excitetur.

Pars terræ noſtræ habitabilis terminatũ ab ortu ſolis terra incognita, quæ populis oriẽtalibus Aſiæ magnæ adiacet Sinusq;, ac Sericæ.

A meridie ſimiliter terra incognita, quæ pelagus ambit Indicũ, & quæ Aethiopiam, quæ à meridie eſt Libyæ, uocaturq; Agiſymba, complectitur.

Ab occaſu etiam terra incognita, quæ

ſinū excipit Aethiopicū Libyę, & deinde oceano occidētali, qui occidētaliſſimis Libyæ & Europæ, adiacet partib.

Nulla ab occaſu hodie terra incognita, ſed occidentaliores Africæ partes Caput album & Caput uiride dicuntur, Oceano adiacentes.

A ſeptentrionibus autē cōiuncto ſibi oceano, qui inſulas cōplectitur Britannicas necnō Europæ Borealiſſima, appellaturq́; Deucalidonius & Sarmaticus, ac etiā terra incognita, quæ Borealiſſimis magnæ Aſiæ adiacet regionibus, Sarmatiæ et Scythię, & Sericę. Ex æquoribus uerò, quæ ab orbe excipiuntur habitabili, mare noſtrū cū adnexis ſibi finibus, utpote ſinu q̄ iuxta Adriā eſt, Pelagusq́; Aegæū, necnō Propontidem, pontū quoq;, ac paludem Mæotim, per ſolum ſretū Herculeū cū oceano cōmiſcetur, pelagi anguſtias quaſi Iſthmū Cherſoneſi inſtar faciens. Hyrcanum uerò mare, quod & Caſpiū dicitur, undiq; terra circūdatur, inſulæ quoad continentem oppoſitum, ſimile.

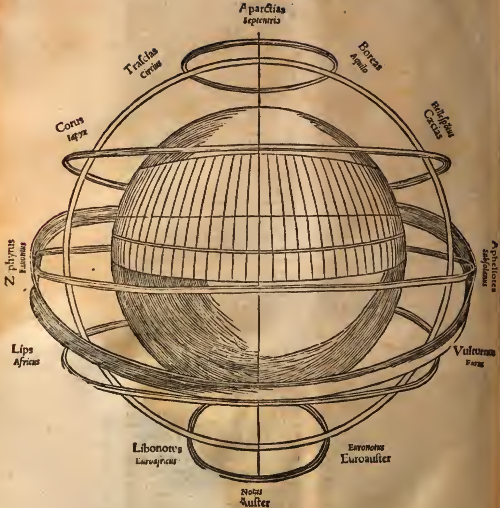
Similiter & mare, quod iuxta pelagus eſt Indicū, totū cum adiacentibus ei ſinibus, tam iuxta ſinū Arabicum, quàm Perſicū, necnon Gāgeticum, & eū qui propriè magnus uocatur ſinus, undiq; à terra circūambitur. Quapropter ex tribus continentibus, Aſia adnectit̄ Libyæ, & per dorſum Arabię, q̄ mare noſtrū à ſinu ſegregat Arabico, et per terram incognitā, quæ ab Indico alluitur pelago. Europę uerò adnectit̄ per dorſum, quod inter paludem eſt Meotim, oceanumq́; Sarmaticum ſuper Tanais amnis defluuio. Libya uerò ab Europa ſolū freto diſiūgitur, per ſeipſam illi cohærens minime, ſed per Aſiam omnino, quoniā illa utriq; connectitur, ambasq́; p̄ oriētalem plagā attingit. Portò ex tribus illis cōtinētibus magnitudinis gratia, Aſia eſt prima, ſecūda Libya, tertia Europa. ſimiliter inter maria prædicta, quę à terra excipiūtur, rurſus ob magnitudinē primū eſt mare iuxta Indicū pelagus, ſecūdum noſtrum, tertiū Hyrcanū, quod & Caſpiū. Prętereainter ſinus inſigniores, primus eſt ſimiliter & maior Gāgeticus, ſecūdus Perſicus, tertius uerò Magnus, quartus Arabicus, quintus Aethiopicus, ſextus Pōti, ſeptimus Aegęi pelagi, octauus paludis Mæotidis, nonus Adriæ, decimus uerò Propontidis. Ex inſulis uerò inſignioribus & peninſulis, prima eſt Taprobane, ſecunda Albionis Britannicorum, tertia aurea Cherſoneſus, quarta Iuuernia Britānicorū, quinta Pelopōneſus, ſexta Sicilia, ſeptima Sardinia, octaua Cyrnus, quæ et Corſica, nona Creta, decima Cyprus. Sanè meridionalē terræ cognitę finē terminat parallelus, qui æquinoctiali eſt auſtralior partib. 16. m̄. 26. qualiū eſt circulus maximus 360. *Hodie uſq; ad Caput bonæ ſpei, quod eſt Africæ continens 23. gradus latitudinis meridionalis numerantur.* Totidē etiā partibus qui per Meroēn ſcribit̄, æquinoctiali eſt ſeptētrionalior. Septētrionalē uerò finē terminat parallelus, qui æquinoctiali eſt ſeptentrionalior partibus 63. ſcribitur autē per Thylen inſulā, ita ut latitudo terræ cognitę partium fiat 79. m̄. 26. aut integris gradibus 80. Stadijs uerò quadraginta millib. ferè, ita ut pars una, ſeu gradus unus, quingēta cōtineat Stadia, quemadmodum ex diligētibus deprehenſum eſt dimenſionibus. Totius uerò ambitus cētum & octuaginta millia comprehēdat ſtadia. Rurſus orientalē finē terræ cognitæ terminat meridianus ſcriptus per Sinarū Metropolim diſtās ab eò, qui per Alexandriā ſcribit̄, orientē uerſus, ſub æquinoctiali partibus 119. m̄. 30. octo aūt horis ferè æquinoctialib. Occidentalem uerò finē terminat ille q̄ per fortunatas ſcribit̄ inſulas, diſtaniq; ab eo, qui per Alexandriā partibus 60. m̄. 30. horis autē æquinoctialibus quatuor. A ſemicirculo uerò oriētaliſſimo partib. 180. ac horis æquinoctialibus 12. ita ut longitudo orbis cogniti eſſe colligatur, ſuper parte quidem æquinoctialis, ſtadiorū nonaginta millia. Super eo uerò qui eſt auſtraliſſimus octuaginta & ſex milliū ac trecentorū & ferè triginta. At ſuper eo qui eſt ſeptentrionaliſſimus

ſimus millia quadraginta octingenta quinqua ginta quatuor. Et rurſus ſuper eo, qui per Rhodum ſcribitur ſub quo potiſſimū factæ ſunt dimenſiones diſtāte ab æquinoctiali partibus 36. ſtadiorum ſeptuaginta duorum ferè millium. Super eo autem qui per Syenem eſt quiq; ab æquinoctiali diſtat partibus 23. m 50. qui ferè in medio totius latitudinis ſitus eſt, Stadiorum octuaginta duo millia trecentorum triginta ſex, ſecundum proportionem ipſam dictorum parallelorū ad æquinoctialē, ita ut longitudo orbis latitudine maior fiat, in climatib. quidē ſeptētrionaliſſimis, quinquageſima ferè parte, in ijs uerò p Rhodū dimidia quodāmodo & tertia parte, in ijs aūt per Syenē totidem & ſexè ſexta, in auſtraliſſimis quoq; totidē. In ijs uerò qui ſub æquinoctiali ſunt totidem, ac inſuper quarta. Magnitudo autem maximi diei ſeu noctis in parallelo quidem inter prædictos auſtraliſſimo horarum æquinoctialium eſt 13. totidem & in eo qui per Meroēn ſcribit̃. In æquinoctiali autem horarum eſt 12. In eo uerò qui per Syenem deſcribitur, horarum 12. m̄. 30. At in eo qui eſt per Rhodum 14. & m̄. 30. In ſeptentrionaliſſimo autem et qui per Thylen 20. ita ut totius latitudinis differentia fiat horarum æquinoctialium nouem.

ARMILLARIS SPHAERAE cum habitabili deſcriptio. Cap. VI.

DEſcriptio igitur diſpoſitionis uniuerſæ, ad tanta uſq; cōpetenter ſe habet: uerum haud abſurdū erit his addere, quonam modo apparens terræ ſemiſphęriū, in quo habitabilis noſtra eſt, in plano deſcribatur, à ſphæra cōprehēſum armillari quandoquidem plures qui demonſtrationem hanc aggreſſi ſunt ineptiſſimè ea uſi uident̃. Proponatur igitur ſphæram armillarē in plano deſcribere, quæ partem cōplectatur terræ ita uſus ſitū habentem, ſecundū quem rectæ linearis ſit cōmunibus ſectionibus, hoc eſt, meridiani, qui per tropicas notas, cui & longitudo ſubiacebit, noſtram habitabilem bifariam incidit, & paralleli, qui per Syenem in terra ſcribitur, qui & ipſe latitudinem orbis æqualiter fermè ſecat. Sic autem habeantur rationes magnitudinū armillaris Sphęrę, & terræ, necnon uiſus diſtantiæ, ut in eo ſpacio, quod inter: Armillā ęquinoctialis & æſtiui cōtinetur tropici, tota pars terræ appareat cognitæ: Auſtraliori ſemicirculo, eius qui per media ſigna eſt circuli, ſuper terram conſtituto, ne ab illo obumbratio quædam fiat terræ habitabilis, ad Boream conſtitutæ. His igitur ſuppoſitis dicti quidem meridiani, unius rectæ lineæ ſecundum axim ipſam facient apparentiam, quaſi uiſus in plano, per eos ducto, cadat. Ob eandem etiam cauſam parallelus per Syenem rectæ lineæ apparentiam præbebit, illa exiſtente recta: reliqui uerò ex circulis inſcribendis, ſecūdum concaua ad rectas lineas, inuerſi apparebunt: meridiani quidem ad lineā eam quæ per polos eſt, paralleli uerò ad illā quæ per Syenem, & magis ij qui plus ex utraque parte diſtant, quemadmodum per ſe liquet. Quo pacto uerò deſcriptionem hanc effingere poſſimus ut quàm ſimilis ſit adumbramentis uiſualibus modus hic perquàm commodus nobis erit.

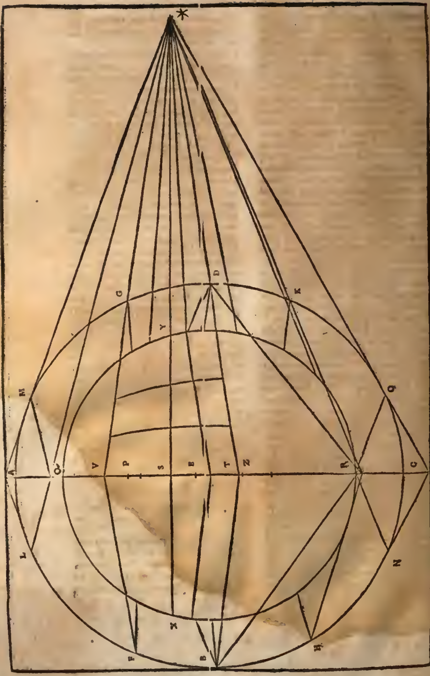
Eſto meridianus qui per ſigna æquinoctialia in ſphæra trāſit armillari a b c d circa cētrum e, & diametrum a e c, intelligaturq; a ſecundum polum Borealem, c uerò Auſtralem ac ſumatur b f & d g & b h & d k circūferentiæ in diſtātijs tropicorum ab æquinoctiali: a aūt & l & a m & c n & c o à diſtantijs poli arctici et antarctici, ſecetq; diameter æſtiui ipſam a e iuxta p. Quū igitur parallelum qui per Syenē ſcribitur, inter e & a poſitionem habere oporteat: ſit autem ratio circūferentiæ, quæ eſt à parallelo per Syenem ad æquinoctialem, ad quadrātem, quatuor ferè ad quindecim, dimidiæ autem e p ad e a


Aparctias
Septentrio
Traſcias
Circius
Boreas
Aquilo
Corus
Iapyx
Helleſpõtus
Cæcias
Zephyrus
Fauonius
AphelIotes
Subſolanus
Lips
Africus
Vulturnus
Eurus
Libonotus
Euroafricus
Euronotus
Euroauſter
Notus
Auſter

eorundē ferè quatuor ad uiginti ſeſqui
tertia erit & e a lineæ quæ ex cētro ter/
ræ exit. Aſſumatur iam e q taliū trium
qualiū eſt quatuor e a, & in centro e,
diſtãtia uerò e q, ſcribatur in eodē pla
no circulus, qui terram cōplectatur q
r: & diuiſa aliqua recta, quæ ſit æqualis
e q in nonaginta ſectiones æquales,
unius quadrantis æqualis ipſi e p, aſſu
matur quidē e s ſectionū uiginti trium
ſemis & tertij, at e t ſectionū ſedecim
tertij & duodecim, e u uerò eorūdem
ſexaginta triū, & perducat̄ x s y ad q
r recta cadens, uidelicet ſecundū paral
lelum per Syenē. Erit igitur t ſignum
per quod ſcribetur parallelus ille, qui
terminat auſtralem finē habitabilis, &
oppoſitus ei qui eſt per Meroēn: u ue/
rò per q̃d ſcribet̄ parallelus, qui termi/
nat finē Borealem, ſcriptusq́; per Thy
lem. Aſſumatur nunc ſignū paululum
auſtralius t ſicut z, & cōiungatur z d
pducāturq́; s y & z d, ac cōincidant
iuxta *. Si igitur nunc expoſitos circu
los intelligamus in plano, p ſigna tró/
picorum & polorū, aſpectumq́; ſuper
* propter ſubiecta: lineæ quidem ab *
per m et g ac d & k & o productę ad a
c facient ſuper ipſa ſectiones, per quas
ſcribentur ad aſpectū ſegmenta quinq;
parallelorum; ueluti per ſectionē z ſcri
bet̄ circa d æquinoctialis. Lineæ uerò
ab * ſuper l & f & b & h & n cōiun
ctæ apud a c ſectiones faciēt, per quas
ſcribentur ultra terraneæ portiones eo
rūdem parallelorū. Similiter quoq; in
parallelis deſcribendis in terra, ſi ſum/
pſerimus ſuper q r peculiares ab æqui
noctiali diſtãtias, ueluti u & t ac ſectio
nes, quæ fient ſuper eiſdē per rectas li/
neas a z coniunctis ſuper ſemicirculo
q r habebimus oppoſitas eis ſecūdum
parallelos poſitiōes, per quas ſcriben/
tur dictorū parallelorū ſegmēta: uelu/
ti g u f & d t b: ſuper quibus ſumentes
exortus eorum quæ ordinanda ſunt ex
utraq; parte meridiani t u & ſup x s y
recta, in peculiaribus trium illorum pa
rallelorum rationibus, ſcribemus per
trium ſimiliū ſignorū particulas, ſub/
ſectorum meridianorum, tanquam eo/
rum qui definiãt longitudinem, & f x
b & g y d.
Multitudo igitur in terra deſcribendo
rum ad deſcriptionis magnitudinē ad/
aptanda erit. In Armillarum uerò para
bola, id obſeruandum eſt, ut quum ſin/
gula per dicta quatuor ſigna trãſeant,
figura effingantur ouali, & non in mu/
erones deſinãt, in ſectionibus apud cir
culum extremum, ne ſpeciem præbeãt
fracturæ. Nam illic quoq; congruam
reliquis flexurã ſeruari oportet, quam/
uis lineamēta curua, quæ eclipſim com
plectuntur, ultra extremum circulum
totius deſcriptionis finitorem cadant,
quod & in ueris armillis accidere uide
tur. Animaduertendnm præterea, ne
circuli ſolum lineę exiſtant, ſed ut cum
aliquali latitudinis commenſuratione
& colore differant, ac etiam ut ultra ter
raneæ circulorum portiones, obſcurio
res habeant colores, quàm illæ, quæ
uſui ſunt expoſitæ, quo in proximio/
ribus fiant inciſuræ ſecundum obum/
brationes, quæ in ueris eueniunt armil
lis. Præterea ut Zodiacus incidat ſu/
per terram iuxta ſemicirculum auſtra/
liſſimum, & per tropicum hyemalem
incidatur autem ab ipſa ſecundum Bo
realem, & per æſtiuum tropicum. Con
ſcribemus autem de ijs quoque in locis
oportunis peculiares denominatiōes,
ac etiam in circulis, qui in terra ſunt nu
meros, quæ in orbis deſcriptione ſunt
explanati diſtantiarum & horarum.
Circa uerò exteriorem circulum uen/
torum ponemus nomina ad imitatio/
nem ſphęrę armillaris, apud adiacētes
quinque parallelos & polos per adno
tationes.

DESCRIPTIO EXTENSIO-nis. Cap. VII.

CAeterum huiuſce exten/
ſionis deſcriptio quæ &
ſummatim armillari con
gruit ſphęrę, talis erit. In
plano ſubijciatur deſigna


*
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tio, unà cũ terra cõprehenſa, quę talem habeat poſitionẽ, p quã uiſus rectus ſit cõmunibus inciſionib. hoc eſt, meridiano, qui bifariã per tropica ſigna orbem ſecat, cui & ſubiacet longitudo noſtri habitabilis, & parallelo per Syenem in terra ſcripto, qui & ipſe ferè latitudinẽ orbis interſecat, ita aũt ſe rationes magnitudinũ ſphæræ ac terræ, necnon uiſus habeãt diſtantiæ, ut in ſpacio, quod inter æquinoctialem eſt & tropicũ æſtiuum, tota pars terrę cognitę appareat, auſtraliori ſemicirculo per mediũ Zodiacæ armillæ, cõſtituto ſuper terrã, ne ſub hac obumbratio quædam habitabilis noſtræ fiat, quæ ad Borealius poſita eſt hemiſphærium, quapropter dicti meridiani unius rectæ lineæ per axẽ ipſam faciant imaginationem, tãquam uiſu in plano per ipſos cadẽte, ac etiam parallelus per Syenẽ, ob eam cauſam rectus uideaẽ. Reliqui uerò circuli adnotandi, ſecundum cõcaua, cõuerſi appareãt, ad lineas rectas, meridiani quidem ad eam lineã, quæ per polos tranſit. Paralleli autem ad eam lineam, quæ eſt per Syenem, & magis ij, qui plus ab utraq; illarũ parte diſtãt, ita ut arcticus magis quàm tropicus æſtiuus ad Septẽtriones. Hyemalis uerò tropicus magis quàm æquinoctialis ad meridiẽ declinet, ac etiã antarcticus magis quàm tropicus hyemalis. Præterea terræ cognitę pars ita conſtituatur, ut nullibi illam oceanus circũfluat, niſi in finibus deſcriptis, qui ad Corũ ſitæ ſunt & Circium Libyæ, & Europæ, cõformiter ueterum hiſtorijs.

CLAVDII PTOLEMAEI GEOGRAPHI cæ enarrationis.

Octauus liber hæc habet.

Cum qua præſuppoſitiõe facere oporret habitabilis noſtræ diuiſionẽ per tabulas.

Quænam ad unamquãq; tabulam deſcribere conueniat.

Expoſitio omnium deſcriptionũ, quibus continentur, Europę tabulæ decẽ, regiões triginta quatuor, ciuitates centum & decem & octo.

Aphricæ tabulæ quatuor, regiões duodecim, ciuitates quadraginta duæ.

Aſię magnæ tabulæ duodecim, regiones, quadraginta octo. Ciuitates centum & nonaginta, ita ut tabulæ orbis fiant 27. regiones 94. ciuitates 350.

CVM QVA PRAESVPPOſitione facere oportet habitabilis noſtræ diuiſionem ad tabulas. Caput I.

Vecũq; igitur ad enarrationem Geographicam in mediũ adducere oportebat, tã ex frequentior i diligẽtia eorum, qui regiones noſtras agnitas peragrarunt, quàm ad faciliorem ſimul & magis peculiarẽ deſcriptionũ aggreſſionẽ, ſufficienter ſe habere arbitror. Nunc uerò iuxta modum eorũ qui ante nos fuerũt, tãquam ſummariè addendũ erit, per quęnam loca in deſignatiõe unuſquiſq;, qui notari debet parallelus ſeu meridianus ſcribẽdus ſit, ne ridiculũ fiat, ſi omnia ſimpliciter loca, ac ea quoque, quæ haud quaquã in expoſitos incidũt circulos, adiacentes habeãt ſitus parallelorũ, et meridianorũ per ipſos deſcriptorum. Poſtq; competẽs quędã deſcriptio habitabilis totius facta eſt, ut in una cõprehenſa tabula, ſub uiſum noſtrum cadat, cõſequens eſt, ut ſummariè, ſiẽdas exponamus deſcriptiones, ſi generalẽ illam in plures diuidere uelimus tabulas, quo loca cũcta peragrata, cum lucidiori cõmenſuratione ordinari queãt, Etenim cum in uniuerſa deſcriptione neceſſarium ſit, quo rationes partium orbis inter ſe cõſeruentur, ut quædam propter frequẽtiam locorum ordinandorum dilatentur, alia autem propter defectum inſcribendorum contrahantur, quod plerique obmittentes multa quidẽ in tabulis ipſis peruertere coacti ſunt,

ſunt, tam in menſuris regionum, quàm figuris, tanquam haudquaquam ab hiſtoria rectè deducti, quemadmodum ij, qui maximam tabulæ partem Europæ attribuerunt, tam ſecundum longitudinem quàm latitudinẽ, propter frequentiam & uarietatem locorũ imponendorum. Aſiæ autem ſecundum longitudinem nimium reliquerũt ſpaciũ, Libyæ uerò ſecũdum latitudinem propter contrariũ, etenim ob cauſam hãc, Indicum pelagus, poſt Taprobanẽ ad Septẽtriones cõuerterunt, cum ipſis tabula obſtaret, quo minus ad ſolis ortũ progredi poſſent, nihilq́ tale haberẽt, q̃d ex contrario ſuper Scythia, Boreæ ſubiecta deſcribere poſſent, rurſusq́ occidentalem oceanũ ad ortum uerterunt, obſtãte eis tabula, ad diſtantiam meridianam, quum nihil ibi ſeu interioris Libyæ aut Indiæ uaſtitas cõtineret, quod occidentali littori propter locorum frequentiam opponi poſſet.

Quapropter tales, cum terram uniuerſam oceano cingerent, à cõſcribendis erroribus incipere uiſi ſunt, hiſtoriãq́ ad impoſſibilia detorſerunt. Nos uero in diuiſione tabulæ præfatũ errorẽ euitare poterimus, ſi diuiſiones ita fecerimus, ut regiones frequentiores, aut ſolæ ſint, aut cũ paucis tabulam ſortiantur, ſecũdum maiores circulorũ diſtantias. in frequentiores uerò & quæ non adeò multa intercipiunt loca, cum pluribus ſimilibus, ſub una cõprehendantur tabula, in minoribus circulorum diſtantijs. Haud enim neceſſe eſt, ut omnes tabulæ inuicem ſint commẽſuratæ, ſed ſolum ut in ſingulis inuicem cõſeruetur ratio, quemadmodũ cum caput ſolum depingimus, ſolum quæ capitis ſunt, aut quum manum ſolum quæ manus ſunt ſolum. Non enim quæ capitis ſunt cum manu iungimus, niſi cum ſub una figura totum facimus hominem.

Quemadmodũ enim nil impedit totũ nonnunquã augere, nonnunquã uerò minuere, ita nil impedimento erit, ex partibus, cum per ſe cõſtant quædã ob capacitatẽ ſupponendarũ tabularũ augere quædam uerò minuere. Nec multum à ueritate aberit, quemadmodum in principio compoſitionis præfati ſumus, ſi lineas rectas ꝓ circulis incidẽtibus per partes tabularũ inſcribamus, lineas etiã meridianas haudquaquam inclinatas, ſed & illas inuicem æquediſtantes, quamuis enim uniuerſi habitabilis, tam latitudinis, q̃ lõgitudinis termini, ſecundũ magnas ſumpti diſtãtias præcipuas in extremis circulis faciant mutationes, nõ tamẽ ita in ſingulis accidit tabulis, ac ideo ſecũdum rationem paralleli, qui bifariã incidit tabulã, ad circulum maximũ, neceſſariũ dicimus, ut q̃ plurimas faciamus parabolas, ne per totã diſtantiam tabulæ, id quod indagamus, quærere cogamur, ſed ſolum illud, quod ex ea à medio eſt ad alterũ extremorum.

QVAENAM PER SINGVLAS *tabulas aſcribere congruat.*

Cap. II.

TAli igitur præſuppoſitioni innitentes, Europæ diuiſiones, decem comprehendemus tabulis. Libyæ uerò quatuor. Aſiæ autem duodecim, in ſingulisq́ ſupraſcriptiones ponemus, prætermittẽtes, cuiuſnã continentis tabula quæq́ exiſtat, & q̃ magna, quasq́ contineat regiones, & quã rationẽ habeat parallelus, qui per mediũ illarum trãſit, q̃ exactiſſimè ad meridianũ & quænam circũſcriptio totius fiat tabulæ, ſubordinantes per ſingulas regiones, ciuitatũ inſigniũ eleuationes, aſſumptas ad magnitudinẽ dierum in ipſis. Situs uerò ſecũdum longitudinem ab diſtãtijs meridiani, qui eſt per Alexandriã, ſiue ad ortũ, ſiue ad occaſum magnitudinis ferè horarũ æquinoctialiũ. Et numerijs qui Zodiaco ſunt ſubiecti, ſol ſemel uel bis, ſuper uerticẽ fiat, ac quemadmodũ diſpoſitus ſit ad cõuerſiones. Quin & quãnam ſtellam fixam, ſingula loca in uertice habeant addidiſſemus. ii in obſeruando apparerent latitudines, ad æquinoctialẽ, hoc eſt

eſt, ſi ſemper per eoſdē parallelos tranſirent, uerū cum in mathematica compoſitione oſtenderimus, quod & fixarum ſphæra incidit in ſequentia mundi circa tropica & æquinoctialia ſigna, & haudquaquam circa æquinoctiales polos, ſed circa eos qui in medio ſunt circuli per Zodiacum, quemadmodum & errantium, nō poſſunt eadem aſtra ſemper in eiſdem locis ſupra uerticem eſſe, ſed neceſſe eſt, ut ex ijs alia tranſeant ad loca prioribus ſeptentrionaliora, alia uerò ad auſtraliora, ſuperuacua nobis uiſa fuit ea deſcriptiōis additio, quum ſecundum talem hypotheſim, ſi ſuper ſphæra ſtellata poſitionē ipſius in temporibus quæſitis, ad circulum qui per ambos eſt polos conſtituerimus, totamq́ circumuolerimus ad permanentis meridiani diuiſum latus, facile cōſiderare poſſumus, ſignum ipſius totidem ab æquinoctiali diſtare partibus, quod & perquiſiti loci, ad eadem ipſa parallelus, obiterq́ deprehendere, num omnino nulla ex errātibus ſtellis per ſignū illud incedat, ſeu una aut plures, & quænam illa exiſtat. Quibus ita præfinitis, iam ab alio inchoandum eſt propoſito.

MVNSTERVS.

NE eadem bis ponamus, remittimus lectorē pro ſequētibus huius libri capitibus ad tabulas geographicas. Poſuimus enim in illis tituli loco, tabulę cuius libet tenorem, nēpe prouincias, terminos & ciuitates inſignes atq; earundē diei lōgitudinē maximā & diſtantiam ab Alexandria. Vbi notandū, lōgitudinē Alexandrię eſſe graduū 60. & minutorum 30. Vnde ſi alicuius alterius urbis longitudo hac minor fuerit, diſtabit ab Alexādria uerſus occaſum: Sin maior uerſus ortum locabitur. Quantitatem longitudinis diſces, quindecim partibus differentiæ horam adſcribendo, & cuilibet parti quatuor unius horæ minutias, quod & in alijs quibuſcunque tuæ regionis urbibus obſeruabis. Maximè diei quantitatem ſequens tabella edocet. Aſſumpta enim urbis alicuius latitudine & in hac tabella quæſita, mox oſtendet diei maximam in horis & minutis longitudinem. Vt ſi latitudo alicuius loci fuerit 50. graduū, diei illius maxima lōgitudo erit horarum 16. & minutorum 10.

Gradus latitudinis.

Quantitas maximæ diei.

G	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65
H	12	12	12	13	13	13	14	14	15	16	17	18	21
m̄	17	35	54	14	34	58	24	52	26	10	8	50	50

EVROPAE TABVLAE SVNT decem, prouinciæ triginta quatuor & ciuitates centum atq; 18, quæ ſcilicet ſignatæ ſunt in tituli loco cum dierum longitudine & diſtantia ab Alexandria.

Prima Europæ tabula cōtinet duas inſulas Britannicas. Vide infrà primam Europæ pictam tabulam.

Secunda Europæ tabula complectitur totam Hiſpaniam, in tres prouincias, nempe Bæticam, Luſitaniam & Tarraconenſem partitam. Vide infrà.

Tertia Europæ tabula cōtinet Gallias in quatuor prouincijs, Aquitania, Lugdunenſi, Belgica & Narbonenſi.

Quarta Europæ tabula continet Germaniā magnā cū inſulis adiacentibus.

Quinta Europæ tabula complectitur Rhætiam, Vindeliciam, Noricū, Pannoniam utranq;, &c. uide infrà.

Sexta Europæ tabula cōtinet totā Italiam & Cyrnum inſulam, &c.

Septima Europæ tabula complectitur Sardiniam & Siciliam inſulas.

Octaua Europæ tabula continet Sarmatiam Europeam & Tauricam Cherſoneſum.

Nona Europæ tabula continet Iazyges Metanaſtas, Daciam, utranq; Myſiam, Thraciam & Cherſoneſum.

Decima Europæ tabula continet Macedoniã. Epirum, Achaiam, Peloponneſum, Cretam & Eubœam.

AFRICAE QVATVOR SVNT *tabulæ, regiones duodecim, ciuitates 42.*

Prima Africæ tabula continet ambas Mauritanias, Tingitanam et Cęſarienſem. Vide infrà tabulam Africę primã.

Secunda Africæ tabula continet Africam propriam.

Tertia Africæ tabula cõtinet Cyrenaicam & Aegyptum, Marmaricã & Libyam. In Thebaide duæ ſignantur urbes, Syrene ſcilicet & Berenice, ubi ſol ſemel in anno fit ſupra uerticẽ, quando eſt in æſtiuo tropico.

Quarta Africę tabula cõtinet interiorem Libyam & Aethiopiã quæ eſt ſub Aegypto. Signatur in ea urbs Autolalæ, ubi ſol ſemel in anno fit ſupra uerticem in æſtiuo tropico. Et rurſum ſignantur undecim urbes, in quibus ſol bis in anno fit ſupra uerticem capitis. Earũ nomina ſunt, Iarzitha, Thamondocana, Gira, Garama, Napata, Meroë, Ptolemais ferarum, Adulis, Dire, Moſylum & Aromata.

ASIAE TABVLAE SVNT *duodecim, regiones quadraginta quatuor, ciuitates centum & nonaginta.*

Tabula prima Aſiæ continet Pontum & Bithyniam, Aſiam minorem, Lyciam, Galatiam, Pamphiliam, Cappadociam, Ciliciam & Armeniam minorem.

Secunda Aſiæ tabula continet Sarmatiam, Aſiaticam.

Tertia Aſiæ tabulã continet Colchidem, Iberiam, Albaniã & Armeniam maiorem.

Quarta Aſiæ tabula habet Cyprum & Syriam, Iudæam atque ambas Arabias, Petream ſcilicet & deſertam, Meſopotamiam & Babyloniam.

Quinta Aſiæ tabula includit Aſſyriã, Suſianam, Mediã, Perſidem, Pathiam & Carmaniam deſertam.

Sexta Aſiæ tabula habet Arabiam felicem, atque Carmaniam cum adiacentibus inſulis.

Septimę Aſię tabulę inſunt Hyrcania, Margiana, Bactriana, Sogdiana, Sacarum regio & Scythia intra Imaum montem.

Octaua Aſiæ tabula cõtinet Scythiam extra Imaum montem & Sericam.

Nona Aſię tabula habet Ariam, Paropaniſadas, Drangianam, Arachoſiam & Gedroſiam.

Decima Aſiæ tabula continet Indiam intra Gangem flu. cum adiacentibus ſibi inſulis.

Vndecima Aſię tabula habet Indiã extra Gangem & Sinas.

Duodecima & ultima Aſiæ tabula cõtinet Taprobanam inſulam cum cæteris inſulis circa ipſam.

HAEC

SVNT COGNITAE OR*bis prouinciæ ſeu præfecturæ.*

EVROPAE PRIMA TABVLA.

Hybernia inſula Britãnica
Albion inſula Britãnica.
Tabula ſecunda
Hiſpania Bætica
Hiſpania Luſitania
Hiſpania Tarraconenſis.
Tabula tertia
Gallia Aquitania
Gallia Lugdunenſis
Gallia Belgica
Celtogallatia Narbonenſis.
Quarta tabula
Germania magna.
Quinta tabula
Rhetia & Vindelicia
Noricum

Panonia

Pannonia ſuperior
Pannonia inferior
Illyris
Liburnia
Dalmatia

Tabula ſexta

Italia
Cyrnos inſula

Tabula ſeptima

Sardinia
Sicilia inſula

Tabula octaua

Sarmatia in Europa
Taurica Cherſoneſus

Tabula nona

Iazyges Metanaſtæ
Dacia
Myſia ſuperior
Myſia inferior
Thracia
Cherſoneſus

Tabula decima

Macedonia
Epirus
Achaia
Peloponneſus
Europæ igitur prouinciæ 34.
Tabulæ 10.

APHRICAE

Tabula prima.

MAuritania Tingitana
Mauritania Cæſarienſis

Tabula ſecunda

Aphrica
Numidia

Tabula tertia

Cyrenaica, quæ & Pentapolis
Marmarica
Libya
Aegyptus
Thebais

Tabula quarta

Libya interior
Aethiopia ſub Aegypto
Aethiopia omnibus his auſtralior
Aphricæ prouinciæ 12.
Tabulæ 4.

ASIAE MAGNAE

Tabula prima.

POntus
Bythinia
Quæ propriè Aſia dicitur in qua Phrygia, Lycia, Pamphilia, in qua Piſidia
Galatia, in qua Paphlagonia & Iſauria
Cappadocia
Armenia
Cilicia

Tabula ſecunda

Sarmatia Aſiatica

Tabula tertia

Colchis
Iberia
Albania
Armenia maior

Tabula quarta

Cyprus inſula
Syria
Phœnicia
Iudæa Paleſtina
Arabia Petrea
Arabia deſerta
Meſopotamia
Babylonia

Tabula quinta

Aſſyria
Suſiana
Media
Perſis
Parthia
Carmania deſerta
Hyrcania

Tabula ſexta

Arabia felix
Carmania

Tabula ſeptima

Margiana
Bactriana
Sogdiana
Sacæ
Scythia intra Imaum montem

Tabula octaua

Scythia extra Imaum montem
Serica

Tabula nona

Aria
Paropaniſadæ
Drangiana
Arachoſia
Gedroſia

Tabula decima

India intra Gangem

Tabula undecim

India extra Gangem
Sinarum regio

Tabula duodecima

Taprobane inſula

Sunt igitur Aſiæ prouinciæ quadraginta octo.

Omnes prouinciæ noſtræ habitabilis ſunt 94.

Quæcunque igitur gentes ſubiacent Zodiaco, præterquã in Sphæra armillari, iis ſol fit ſupra uerticẽ à Borea deſcendens ad auſtrum, aſcendensque ſimiliter, & aliis quidem ſemel in anno, aliis uerò bis. Sunt autem omnes pariter qui ſub Zodiaco habitant ab occaſu ad ortum ſolis uſque nigri, coloribus Aethiopes, & præcipue qui ſub circulo æquinoctiali habitant, ii admodum nigreſcunt. Qui autem extra lineam perpendicularem Zodiaci degunt remiſſiores ſunt colore, & in albedinem tendunt, ſecundum diſtantiæ rationem, uſque ad Sarmatas Hyperboreos. Eadem eſt ratio Zodiaci ab utraque parte æquinoctialis, & Boreã uerſus & Auſtrum, uſque ad utroſque polos.

ADDITIO.

Qvum autẽ dicitur Parallelus eius ad meridiem ſcriptus, rationem habet ad meridianum, quemadmodum in prima Europæ tabula quam undecim ad uiginti, de partibus loquitur tabulæ Parallelogramæ, quo pacto ſe habeat pars longitudinis ad partem latitudinis. Siquidem unaquæque pars paralleli per medium ipſius, pars eſt longitudinis, rationem habens ad meridianum, uel partem unam latitudinis quam undecim ad uiginti. Eodem etiam modo in reliquis parallelis unaquæque longitudinis pars ad unamquamque latitudĩnis confertur partem, non tota tabulæ longitudo ad totam ipſius latitudinem. Hinc accidit ut in tabulis quibuſdam longitudo plus contineat quam latitudo, in nonnullis uerò latitudo plus longitudine. Hæc adnotauimus, ne ſpeculationi relinqueremus, Sed ut experientiæ certa ueritatem indagare poſſemus.

EX CLAVDII PTOLEMAEI LIBRIS GEOGRAPHICIS octo, totum orbem Agathus Dæmon Alexandrinus Mechanicus deliniauit.

Numerus & ordo parallelorum.	Eleuationes polares parallelorum		Arcus diurnus longioris diei, in gradibus & minutis.		Arcus diurnus in horis & minutis, &c.			Eleuationes polares parallelorum		Arcus diurnus longioris diei, in gradibus & minutis, &c.		Arcus diurnus in horis & minutis, &c.			Diſtinctio parallelorum horarum Ptolemæi.	
	G	m̃	G	m̃	H	m̃	*ſecūd.*	G	m̃	G	m̃	H	m̃	*ſecūd.*	H	m̃
1	4	10	183	40	12	14	40	4	15	183	46	12	15	4	12	15
2	8	25	187	28	12	29	52	8	30	187	32	12	30	8	12	30
3	12	30	191	12	12	44	48	12	35	191	18	12	45	12	12	45
4	16	25	194	56	12	59	44	16	30	195	0	13	0	0	13	0
5	20	15	198	44	13	14	56	20	20	198	48	13	15	12	13	15
6	23	50	202	30	13	30	0	23	55	202	35	13	30	20	13	30
7	27	10	206	12	13	44	48	27	15	206	18	13	45	12	13	45
8	30	20	209	58	13	59	52	30	25	210	4	14	0	16	14	0
9	33	15	213	38	14	14	32	33	20	213	46	14	15	4	14	15
10	36	0	217	26	14	19	44	36	5	217	32	14	30	8	14	30
11	38	35	221	14	14	44	56	38	40	221	20	14	45	20	14	45
12	40	55	224	56	14	59	44	41	0	225	16	15	0	40	15	0
13	43	0	228	40	15	14	40	43	5	228	48	15	15	12	15	15
14	45	0	232	26	15	29	44	45	5	132	36	15	30	24	15	30
15	48	30	239	52	15	59	28	48	35	240	2	16	0	8	16	0
16	51	30	247	24	16	29	36	51	35	247	38	16	30	32	16	30
17	54	0	254	54	16	59	36	54	5	255	10	17	0	40	17	0
18	56	10	262	26	17	29	44	56	15	262	44	17	30	56	17	30
19	58	0	269	58	17	59	52	58	5	270	20	18	1	20	18	0
20	60	55	285	10	19	0	40	61	0	285	40	19	2	40	19	0
21	62	55	299	32	19	58	8	63	0	300	14	20	0	56	20	0

Maxima Solis declinatio 23. 50. Ptolemæi tempore.

REGIONVM, CIVITATVM *aut quorumcunq; locorum diſtantiam arithmeticè dimetiri.*

Primum documentum.

COgnitis ex tabulis Ptolemęi am borum lõgitudine & latitudine locorum, animaduerte, an lõgitudine tantũ, aut latitudine tantũ, aut lõgitudine & latitudine ſimul diſcrepent, ſiquidem aliquo iſtorum modorum ea diſferre certum eſt. Si itaq; latitudine tantum differunt, hoc eſt, ſi unus eorum ſit altero aquilonior, ſub uno tamen meridiano locentur, hoc pacto diſtãtiam eorũ dignoſces. Subducta minore eorum latitudine à maiori, reſiduabis earum differentiam. Quã ſi per 15. multiplicaueris, miliaria Germanica communia producentur. Eandem uerò ducen do in 12. Sueuica quoq; miliaria ſe offerunt. At ſi tãdem Italica miliaria te delectant, eandem differẽtiam ſexagenario numero multiplicando, ea cognoſces. At ſi dictæ differentiæ latitudinum gradibus minuta aliqua adhæſerint, ea per 4. partire, & exibit numerus miliariorum Germanicorum prioribus addẽdorum. Quo habito, facilè erit reliqua miliaria, Sueuica uidelicet, uel Italica horum reſpectu dinumerare. Hæc cum facilima uideantur, exemplari calculo ſuperſedendum duco.

Longitudo eſt diſtantia circuli meridiani ab occidente, id eſt, ab inſulis Fortunatis in occidentali oceano ſitis, ubi Ptolemæus initium ſtatui. longitudinis terreni orbis, ſicut in orbe cœleſti aſtronomi ſecũdum longum numerare incipiunt ab initio arietis. Latitudo autem eſt diſtantia puncti uerticalis ab æquatore, quæ ſemper æqualis eſt eleuationi poli ſupra orizontem, id quod facilè imaginari poteris, ſi uel polum uel æquatorem loco puncti uerticalis ſtatueris.

DISTANTIAM DVORVM *locorum longitudine tantum differentium explorare.*

Secundum documentum.

VOlens talium duorũ locorum diſtantiam ſcire, conſidera eorum latitudinem, quę ſi 18. graduum metam non excedit, hoc eſt, quod nuſquam latius ab æquarore deuiet, pari ferè lege, ut cum differẽtia latitudinũ ſupra operatus es, & hîc cum lõgitudinum differentia, eadem multiplicando per 15. 12. uel 60. cuiuſuis etiam generis miliaria dignoſces. Sed ſi horum locorum latitudo dictũ 18. graduum limitem exceſſerit. opus erit, differentiã longitudinũ eorũdem, per ſubtractionem minoris à maiori cognitam, in gradus æquinoctialis cõuertere, ratione parallelorum ab æquatore euagantium id exigente. Cuius rei gratia tabulã ſequẽtem, Conuerſionum uidelicet graduũ Longitudinum in gradus æquinoctialis inſtitulatã, huic loco adaptãdam duxi, quam æquè breuitati atq; commoditati cõſulendo, charactere A inſignitã, eoq; nomine ſæpiuſcule appellãdã uiſum fuit. Rem igitur iteraturus, longitudinũ differentiam, uia iam dicta cognitã, in gradus æquinoctialis cõuerte, hoc pacto: Latitudinẽ ambobus locis cõmunẽ in prima uerſus ſiniſtrã linea huius tabulæ A quære, & minuta æquinoctialis è directo ſub ſuis titulis apparẽtia extra ſcribe, ſecunda eadẽ cõcomitantiã pro integro minuto aſſumendo, ſi alicuius momenti fore cõijcere potes, uel miſſa faciẽdo ſi exiguus eorũ numerus uidea tur. puta notabiliter citra uel ultra medietatẽ uni⁹ minuti uel duarũ tertiarũ, &c. Quibus habitis, differẽtiã lõgitudinũ ſupra habitã p eadẽ multiplica, & productũ per 60. partire, & exibũt gradus æquinoctialis quæſiti. Quos ſi per 15. aut 60. multiplicaueris, miliaria Germanica communia, Sueuica, aut Italica conflabis, prout in ſuperiori dogmate didiciſti. Sed exemplari calculo hæc clariora fiant. Sunt idcirco duo loca, A & B, ſub latitudine 50. grad. Quarũ A habet longitudinẽ 30. grad. B uerò 39. grad. et 15. m̃. Harũ differentiã p ſubtractionẽ minoris à maiori, elicio grad. 9. minut.

minut. 11. quam duco in 38. m̃. è directo 50. grad latitudinis occurrentia, nõ curando de ſecundis eis adiacentibus, utí nullius momenti exiſtẽtibus & produco minuta 342. Et quia ſub ea latitudine uni gradui latitudinis correſpõdent min. 38. æquinoctialis, ut ſit tertia ferè pars ablata, demo & tertiã partem à dictis 15. minutis differentiæ longitudinali adhærẽtibus, & relinquũtur mihi 10. m̃. quæ priori ſummæ addendo, colligo 352. m̃. quæ rurſus per 60. diuiſa, grad. 5. m̃. 52. æquinoctialis mihi exhibent. Duco itaq; grad. 5. in 15. & produco miliaria Germanica cõmunia 75. Minuta quoq; 52. diuido per 4. & exeunt miliaria 13. quæ ſuperioribus accumulando, conflabo 88. eiuſdem generis miliaria, diſtantiam uidelicet iamdudũ quæſitã. Cætera facilia ſunt ex præcedentibus.

DISTANTIAM DVORVM LOCORUM *longitudine & latitudine ſimul diſcrepantium arithmetica ſupputatione addiſcere.*

SI duo quælibet loca longitudine & latitudine differẽtia, parũ ab æquatore, puta 12. uel ſaltem citra 18. grad. deuiauerint, differẽtiam lõgitudinum, ut ſupra, inſuper latitudinum elice. Quibus habitis, utriuſq; numerũ quadratũ ex tabula B. iuxta titulorũ indicia ſumẽ, quibus in unam ſummã coacervatis, totius aggregati ex eadem tabula modo cõuerſo ſcrutare radicem. Quam multiplicando per 15. aut 12. uel 60. Germanica miliaria cõmunia, Sueuica, uel Italica ſingulis horũ ductuũ numeris debita experieris. Quòd ſi duo quæuis loca longitudine & latitudine diſcrepantia, ampliori ab inuicem q̃ 18. grad. latitudine, puta 20. 30. 40. uel amplius diſtiterint, & ita lõgitudo Septentrionalioris loci ſit auctior meridiano, opus erit latitudine quadã ſimul iunctarũ medietate, quam hoc loco Latitudinẽ mediam uoco, cuius ope ex tabula A, minuta æquinoctialis, eo modo, quo in præcedenti cum communi locorum amborum latitudine operatus es, elicias, ac differentiam longitudinum modo ſupradicto addiſcẽdam, per eadẽ multiplicãdo, in gradus æquinoctialis cõuertas, ut ibidem didiciſti. Horum deinde graduum ex tabula B. quadratum numerum inquire. Similiter & differentiæ longitudinum ex eadem elice numerum quadratum. Quorum duorum quadratorũ inuicem collectorum ſummæ quære radicem quadratam ex eadem tabula, iuxta doctrinam paulò ante traditã. Quã radicem per 15. 12. uel 60. ut ſupra dictũ eſt multiplica, & optato apprime potieris. Exemplari calculo cautiorẽ te reddã. Sint duo loca A & B, quarum A habeat longitudinem 20. grad. Latitudinem uerò grad. 55. B uerò habeat longitudinem 10. grad. Latitudinem uerò gradus 43. Differentia longitudinum eſt 10. grad Latitudinum uerò 12. Ambas igitur horũ locorum latitudines ſimul iungo, & colligo grad. 98. quorũ medietas eſt grad. 49. Latitudo uidelicet media, quam quæro in prima uerſus ſiniſtrã linea tabulæ A ſub titulo, Grad. latit. & è directo huius ſub debitis titulis 39. minut. æquinoctialis obuiãtia extra ſcribo, ſecũda 22. ibidẽ concurrẽtia, ob eorũ exiguitatem miſſa faciendo. Eadẽ minuta duco in 10. grad. differentiæ longitudinũ, & producuntur m̃. 390. quæ partior in 60. & exeũt grad. 6. min. 30. æquinoctialis. Quorum numerum, quadratum in tabula B. inuenio gradus 42. ferè. Similiter differentiæ latitudinum quadratum numerũ ex eadem tabula elicio 144. Hos duos numeros quadratos ſimul iungam, & colligo 186. ferè. Cuius radicem quadratã inuenio gradus 13. quos duco in 15. & conſequor 195. miliaria Germanica communia. Vel eoſdem in 12. duco, & elicio Sueuica miliaria 156. At miliaria poſtremum Italica extorqueo 780, ſi ſexagenario ductu rem proſecutus fuero. Hæc uera ſunt, cum longitudinum aut latitudinum gradibus nullæ fractiones adiacent.

extrà æquinoctialem in gradus æquinoctiales.

Gradus latit.	Miñ. æquat.	Secunda.		Gradus latit.	Miñ. æquat.	Secunda.	
1	59	59		46	41	41	
2	59	58		47	40	56	
3	59	55		48	40	9	Parallel. 15.
4	59	51	Parallel. 1.	49	39	22	min. 30.
5	59	46	min. 15.	50	38	34	
6	59	40		51	37	46	Parallel. 16.
7	59	34		52	36	56	min. 30.
8	59	25	Parallel. 2.	53	36	7	
9	59	16	min. 15.	54	35	16	Parallel. 17.
10	59	5		55	34	25	
11	58	54		56	33	33	Parallel. 18.
12	58	41	Parallel. 3.	57	32	41	
13	58	28	min. 30.	58	31	48	Parallel. 19.
14	58	13		59	30	54	
15	57	57		60	30	0	
16	57	41	Parallel. 4.	61	29	5	Parallel. 20.
17	57	23	min. 25.	62	28	10	
18	57	4		63	27	15	Parallel. 21.
19	56	44		64	26	19	
20	56	23	Parallel. 5.	65	25	21	
21	56	1	min. 15.	66	24	24	
22	55	38		67	23	27	
23	55	14	Parallel. 6.	68	22	29	
24	54	49	min. 50.	69	21	30	
25	54	23		70	20	31	
26	53	56		71	19	33	
27	53	30	Parallel. 7.	72	18	32	
28	52	59	min. 40.	73	17	33	
29	52	29		74	16	32	
30	51	58	Parallel. 8.	75	15	32	
31	50	26	min. 20.	76	14	31	
32	50	53		77	13	30	
33	49	19	Parallel. 9.	78	12	28	
34	49	45	min. 20.	79	11	27	
35	49	9		80	10	25	
36	48	32	Parallel. 10.	81	9	23	
37	47	55		82	8	21	
38	47	17	Parallel. 11.	83	7	19	
39	46	39	min. 35.	84	6	16	
40	45	58	Parallel. 12.	85	9	17	
41	45	17	min. 55.	86	4	21	
42	44	35		87	3	8	
43	43	53	Parallel. 13.	88	2	6	
44	43	10	min. 5.	89	1	3	
45	42	25	Parallel. 14.	90	0	0	

TABVLA AD EVITANDVM LA-
boris extractionis Radicum quadratarum.

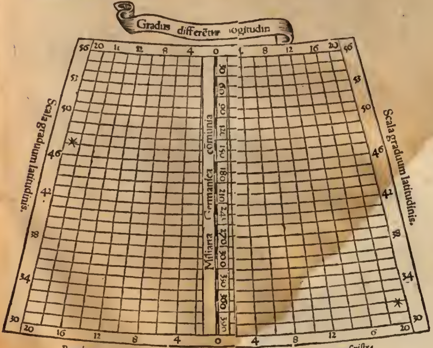
Radix.	Numerus quadratus.	differentiæ	Radix.	Numerus quadratus.	differentiæ	Radix.	Numerus quadratus.	differentiæ
2	4	5	35	1225	71	68	4624	137
3	9	7	36	1296	73	69	4761	139
4	16	9	37	1369	75	70	4900	141
5	25	11	38	1444	77	71	5041	143
6	36	13	39	1521	79	72	5184	145
7	49	15	40	1600	81	73	5329	147
8	64	17	41	1681	83	74	5476	149
9	81	19	42	1764	85	75	5625	151
10	100	21	43	1840	87	76	5776	153
11	121	23	44	1936	89	77	5929	155
12	144	25	45	2025	91	78	6084	157
13	169	27	46	2116	93	79	6141	159
14	196	29	47	2209	95	80	6400	161
15	225	31	48	2304	97	81	6561	163
16	256	33	49	2401	99	82	6714	165
17	289	35	50	2500	101	83	6889	167
18	324	37	51	2601	103	84	7056	169
19	361	39	52	2704	105	85	7225	171
20	400	41	53	2809	107	86	7396	173
21	441	43	54	3916	109	87	7569	175
22	484	45	55	3025	111	88	7744	177
23	529	47	56	3136	113	89	7921	179
24	576	49	57	3249	115	90	8100	181
25	625	51	58	3364	117	91	8281	183
26	676	53	59	3481	119	92	8464	185
27	729	55	60	3600	121	93	8649	187
28	784	57	61	3721	123	94	8836	189
29	841	59	62	3844	125	95	9025	191
30	900	61	63	3969	127	96	9216	193
31	961	63	64	4096	129	97	9409	195
32	1024	65	65	4225	131	98	9604	197
33	1089	67	66	4356	133	99	9801	199
34	1156	69	67	4489	135	100	10000	201

DISTANTIAM DVORVM LOCORVM, QVOcunq; modo differentium, geometricè dimetiri.

cunq; modo differentium, geometricè dimetiri.

QVære ex Ptolemæo duorum locorũ, quorũ diſtantiam ſcire cupis, longitudinem & latitudinem. Latitudinẽ utriuſq; loci ſeorſum ſerua. Longitudinẽ uerò minorem ſubtrahe à maiori, & differentiã relictam diuide in duas æquas partes. Quo facto ingredere cum unius loci latitudine & medietate differentiæ partẽ dextram inſtrumenti infra delineati, & in cõmuni earum concurſu fac notam imaginariam. Haud ſecus cũ altera latitudine & medietate differẽtiæ ages in ſiniſtra inſtrumenti

ſtrumenti parte, & obſeruabis earũ concurrentem punctũ. Inuentis duabus his notis, expandes circinum ab una nota in aliam, & acceptam intercapedinem applicabis ſcalæ miliariũ, & inuenies diſtantiam in miliaribus Germanicis. Quod ſi duo loca in longitudine, uſq; adeò diſtiterint, ut medietatem differẽtiæ longitudinis in ipſo inſtrumento inuenire nequeas, accipe medietatis illius mediam partem, id eſt, quartã partem integræ differentiæ longitudinis, & ſerua eam. Deinde ſubtrahe minorem latitudinem à maiori latitudine, & relictæ differentię quartam partem adde minori latitudini & ſubtrahe à maiori latitudine, quo facto, ages cum quarta parte differentię lõgitudinis & cũ duabus latitudinibus rectificatis, ut prius egiſti, quando cum medietate differentię longitudinis & integris latitudinibus inſtrumentum ingredi iuſſus es. Miliaria tamen quæ ex hac operatione prouenient ſunt duplicanda. Exemplum. Cupio ſcire diſtantiam quę eſt inter Baſileam & Hieroſolymã, & Baſileæ quidem longitudinem inuenio gradus 28. m̃. 0. Latitudinẽ uerò grad. 47. m̃ 10. Hieroſolymæ longitud. 66. grad. m̃. 0. latitud. autẽ grad. 31. m̃. 40. ſubtractaq; minori longitudine à maiori, colligo differentiam 38. graduum, cuius medietatẽ, nempe 19. gradus cũ latitudine Hieroſolymitana grad. 31. m̃. 40. quæro in dextra parte inſtrumenti & facio punctũ. Deinde eandem differẽtiæ medietatem cum latitudine Baſilieñ. grad. 47. m̃. 10. quęro in ſiniſtra parte inſtrumenti & facio notam. Inuentis duabus notis, excipio circino diſtantiam earũ, applicoq; circinum ſic expanſum ſcalę miliariũ & inuenio miliaria Germanica, quę ſunt à Baſilæa ad Hieroſolymam circiter quingenta.



ORBIS

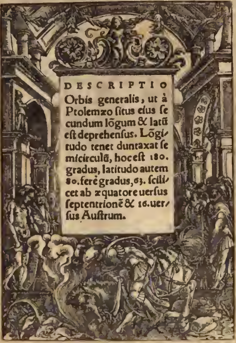
VNIVERSALIS DESCRIprio, in qua præter Ptolemæi aliorumq; ueterum Coſmographorũ inueſtigationem, Africæ & item Indiæ extrema littora, interiacensq; terra à noſtri æui Geographis deprehẽſa & explorata, expreſſa cernuntur. Ptolemæus enim ab Africæ occidentali littore, ubi primum conſtituit meridianum, peruenit ſecundum longitudinem uſq; ad meridianum 180. ut ſequenti tabula oſtendetur.

I

TYPVS VNI


Circius
Latitudo Septen.
Chorus
Iſland
Terra Florida
Euro pa
Madera
Mare mediter.
In ſulæ Fortunatæ
Mauritania
Hiſpaniola
Tropic
Cancri
Libya
Cuba
Oceanus occidētal'
Africa
Aethiopia
Zephirus
Ame rica vel Bra ſilij inſ.
Latitudo Meri.
Africus Lipse
Libonotus


Aquilo
Latitudo Septen.
Cacias
Ca thai Re gio
Aſia
India
Oceanus oriẽtal
Zipangri
Porne
Tropicus Capricorni
Zanzibar
Latitudo Merid.
Eurus
Sub ſolanus
100 110 120 130 140 150 160 170 180 190 200 210 220 230 240 250 260



DESCRIPTIO
Orbis generalis, ut à Ptolemæo ſitus eius ſecundum lōgum & latū eſt deprehenſus. Lōgitudo tenet duntaxat ſemicirculū, hoc eſt 180. gradus, latitudo autem 80. ferè gradus, 63. ſcilicet ab æquatore uerſus ſeptentrionē & 16. uerſus Auſtrum.

TYPVS ORBIS PT




Septentrio
Aquilo
Cecias
Mare Glaciale
ASIA
Scythia extra Imaum
Emodi montes
Ganges
INDIA extra Gangem
India intra Gangem
Sinus Gangeticus
Mare Indicũ
Taprobana
Mare Praſodum
Subſolanus
Vulturnus
Euro auſter

HIBERNIA ET ALBION, EVROPAE TABVLA I.

Cōtinet hæc tabula inſulas Britannicas, nempe Hiberniam, & Albionem, quā hodie Angliam & Scotiam uocant. Thylen & Orcades atq; alias adiacentes inſulas, ſuis quibusq; nominibus in ea expreſſas.

De moderna harum inſularum appellatione & habitatione, inuenies in auctario regionum per nos in fine adiecto.

PTOLEMAEVS.

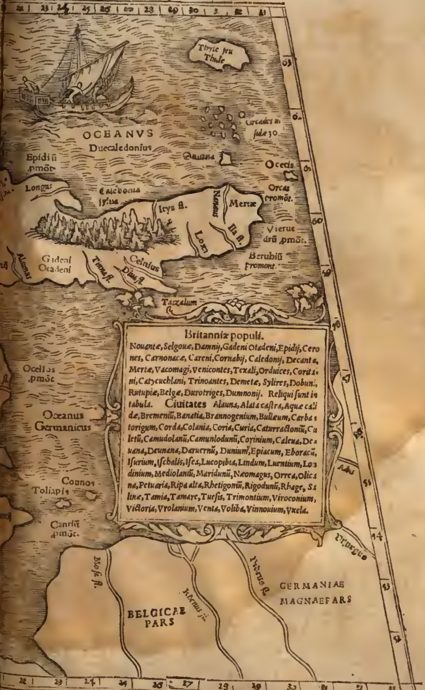
Parallelus medius harum inſularum proportionem habet ad meridianum, quam 11 ferè ad 20. Terminatur tabula ipſa ab omni parte oceano, ab oriente Germanico, ab auſtro Britannico &c.

Ciuitates inſignes		Habet diem maximum. H	m	Diſtans ab Alexandria uerſus occaſum H	m
Hibern.	Thyle	20	0	2	0
	Iuernis	18	0	3	15
	Rhœba	18	30	3	12
Albionis	Londinum	17	0	2	40
	Caturracton.	18	0	2	40
	Petoroton	18	20	2	0

TABVLA



Parallelus uicefimus primus
Parallelus uicefimus
Par. decimusnonus
Parallelus 19
Paral. 17
OCEANVS Hyperboreus
OCEANVS OCCIDENTALIS
Ebuda
Ricina
Rhobogdiu pmōt.
Boriū pmōt.
Venicnion promont.
Vidua fl.
Argita
Logia
Rauius fl.
Inderi
Isamniū pmōt
Libœus
Ausoba
Senus fl.
Edros
Limnos
HIBERNIA
Oboca fl.
Modonus
Dur fl.
Iernus fl.
Notion promōt.
Birgus
Hieron promont.
Mona
Selgouæ
Brigantes
Ordu
ALB
ON
INSVLA BRITAN
Coritani
Cornabū
Dimetæ
Trinoātes
Atrebatij
Regni
Dobuni
Belgæ
Durotriges
Hercleū pmōt.
Boleriū pmōt.
Dumonij
Ocrinū pmōt.
Oceanus Vergiuius
OCEANVS Britanicus
Hiberniæ populi.
Venicnij, Rhobogdij, Erdini, Nagnatæ, Autiri, Gangani, Vellaberi, Vterni, Vodiæ, Brigantes, Darnij, Voluntij, Blanij, Cauci, Manapij, Coriondi.
Ciuitates.
Dunum, Eblana, Iuernis, Laberus, Manapia, Macolicum, Nagnata, Rheba, Rhigia.


Thyle ſeu Thule
Orcades in ſule 30.
OCEANVS Duecaledonius
Epidiũ pmõt.
Longus
Caledonia ſylua
Itys fl.
Mertæ
Orcas promõt.
Vierue drũ pmõt.
Gideni Otadeni
Celnius
Berubiũ promont.
Taizalum
Britanniæ populi.
Nouantæ, Selgouæ, Damnij, Gadeni Otadeni, Epidij, Cerones, Carnonacæ, Careni, Cornabij, Caledonij, Decantæ, Mertæ, Vacomagi, Venicontes, Texali, Ordnices, Coritani, Catycuchlani, Trinoantes, Demetæ, Sylires, Dobuni, Rutupiæ, Belgæ, Durotriges, Dumnonij. Reliqui ſunt in tabuls. Ciuitates Alauns, Alata caſtra, Aquæ calidæ, Bremeniũ, Banatia, Brannogenium, Bullæum, Carbatorigum, Corda, Colania, Coria, Curia, Caturractoniũ, Culetũ, Camudolanũ, Camunlodunũ, Corinium, Caleua, Desuana, Deunana, Daruernũ, Dunium, Epiacum, Eboracũ, Iſurium, Iſchalis, Iſes, Lucopibia, Lindum, Luentium, Londinium, Mediolanũ, Maridunũ, Neomagus, Orrea, Olicana, Petuaria, Ripa alta, Rhetigoniũ, Rigodunũ, Rhage, Salinæ, Tamia, Tamare, Tueſis, Trimontium, Viroconium, Victoria, Vrolanium, Venta, Voliba, Vinnouium, Vxela.
Ocellos pmõt.
Oceanus Germanicus
Connos
Toliapis
Cantiũ pmõt.
Moſa fl.
Rhenus fl.
Viſurgis fl.
BELGICAE PARS
GERMANIAE MAGNAE PARS

HISPANIA

SECVNDA EVROPAE TABVLA.

Continet hæc tabula totam Hiſpaniam in tribus prouintijs partitam cum inſulis ſibi adiacentibus. Parallelus per medium eius ductus, proportionem habet ad meridianum, quam tres ferè ad quatuor. Circumſcribitur tabula ipſa ab oriente Pyrenæis montibus, à meridie Balearico & Iberico mari ſr toq; Heracleo, ab occaſu oceano occidentali, & ab Arcto oceano Cantabrico.

			Habet diem maximum. H	m̄	Diſtans ab Alexandria ad occaſum H	m̄
Ciuitates inſignes	Luſitaniæ	Norba	14	55	3	30
		Auguſt. Emerita	14	50	3	30
	Beticæ	Corduba	14	50	3	20
		Iſpalis	14	40	3	30
		Aſturica	15	25	3	20
	Tarraconenſis	Noua Carthago	14	40	3	10
		Tarracon	15	ferè	2	55
		Clunia	15	8	3	15
		Cæſarea Auguſt.	15	5	3	0
		Gadira inſula	14	30	2	40

TABVLA R


Scopuli Trileuci
OCEANVS
Caſſiterides
inſulæ
Nerium
promōt.
Artabri
Tamara
Vls fl.
Callaici
Lucenſes
Lucus
Cōplutica
Turdi
HIS
Deorum
inſulæ
Nebis
Auſron
promōt.
Auus
Doris fl.
Vacus fl.
Barcanō
Vettones
LVSITANIA
Tolet
Lunæ
promōt.
Læcobriga
Tagus fl.
Barbarum
Augusta
Emerita
Oretani
OCEANVS OC
CIDENT
Salduba
Turdetani
BAETICA
Anas fl.
Celtici
Corduba
Iſpalis
Bætis
Balſa
Turduli
Marianō
Barbeſ
Gadira
Belon
Calpe
Iunonis
templum
Fretum Herculeum
MAVRITANIAE
Tarraconenſ.ciuitates
Flauionauia,Glandomirũ,Gigia,Gerunda,Gallica Flauia,Interamnium,Intercatia,Iturriſſa,Interamnium,Intercatia,Lucentum,Lucus Auguſti,Legio German.ſeptima,Mantua,Menralia,Nemetobriga,Oliba,Orcelis,Ocelum,Pelontium,Pintia,Pinetus,Rauda,Sepontia,Setubia,Salionca,Tarraga,Turriga,Tucris,Volobriga,Vellica,Vrceſa,Varia,Veluca.
Ciuitat.Beticæ.
Abdara,Aſta,Arſa,Arunda.Belon,Balda,Baniana.Carteia,Calicula,Cæcila,Calduba,Curgia.Detunda.Ebora.Ilurgis,Italica,Iulia.Lacippo,Lelia.Manobia,Mēralia uel Mellaria.Nebrißa,Nertobriga,Obulcum,Oleaſtrũ.Pæſula,Regina,Setia.Tucci.Vrbona,Vgia,Vama.
Luſitaniæ ciuitates.
Auguſtobriga,Arãdis,Arabriga,Burdua,Bretolæũ,Cepiana,Concordia,Capara,Cecilia.Deobriga.Elcoboris,Ebura,Euandria.Gerza.Iulia myrtilis.Lauara,Lama.Mãliana,Myrobriga.Norbacæſarea.Oſſonaba,Ocellon,Obila.Paxiulia.Ruſticana.Salacia,Selion.Turres albę,Tucubis.


GALLIAE PARS
Parallelus 14
Parallelus 13
Parallel. 10
Par. 11
Pa. 10
Cantabri
Nerua fl.
Vasconcs
Varduli
Pompelon
NIA
TARRA
CONENSIS
Iberus fl.
Pyrenei mõtes
Edulion mons
Castellani
Carthago
uetus
Cæsarea
Augusta
Ilerda
Rodipol
Veneris
Tarracon
Lunarium promõt.
Carpetani
populi
Numãtis
Valeria
Celtiberes pop
Lobetani pop.
Cosetani
Tenebrius
portus
Turulis
Balliaricũ
pelagus
Balliarides insulæ
Ebysſus Ophiusa
Mare Ibericum
POPVLI TARRACONENSES
Antrigones, Baſtitani,Conteſtani,Edetani,Ilercaones,
Lectani,Endigetes, Cæpori,Cilini,Lemaui,Bedyi, Se-
urri,Brigæcini, Beduneſij,Orniaci, Lungones, Selini,
Superatij,Amaci, Tiburi,Egurri,Bræcarij,Turodi,Ne
metati,Cœlerini,Bibali,Limici,Gruij,Luangi, Cuacer
ni,Lubæni,Narbaſi,Murbogi,Pelẽdones,Berones,A-
reuacæ,Oretani,Ilergetes,Cerroetani, Anthetani,Iac
cetani,Leitani.
Ciuitates.
Aquæ leæ,Albocella,,Alonæ,Aquæ calidæ, Argẽteola
Aquæ quintianæ,Aſturica auguſta,Araduca,Acci,At-
tacum, Aemiliana,Auguſtobriga,Abula,Anabis, Arſi,
Bargiaces,Brigæcium,Bræcar auguſta,Burum,Biger
ra,Belſinum,Bilbis,Biatia, Bergula,Burtina, Cambe-
tum,Cœliobriga,Caronium,Concana, Caladunum,Ca
marica, Confloenta, Condabora, Caracca, Caſtulon,
Dianium,Dactonium,Deobrigula,Dertoſa,Etelesta,
Ergauica,Eldaua. Flauium Brigantium,Flauiobriga,

GALLIA

TERTIA EVROPAE TABVLA, CONTInet Gallias in quatuor prouincijs cum inſulis ſibi adiacentibus. Parallelus ipſarum medius, Proportionem habet ad meridianum, quã duo ad tria. Circumſcribitur tabula ipſa ab ortu Italia & Rhætia ac Germania. A meridie mari Gallico. Ab occaſu montibus Pyrenæis & oceano Aquitanico. A Septentrione, oceano Britannico.

			Habet diem maximum H	m̃	Diſtans ab Alexandria ad occaſum H	m̃
Ciuitates inſignes	Aquitaniæ	Mediolanum	15	40	2	50
		Burdigala	15	30	2	50
	Lugdunenſis	Auguſtodunũ	15	45	2	26
		Lugdunum	15	30	2	30
	Belgicæ	Rigiacum	16	30	2	30
		Durocotturũ	16	8	2	26
	Narbonẽſis	Maßilia	15	15	2	30
		Narbon	15	15	2	36
		Vienna	15	30	2	30
		Nemauſus	15	25	2	30

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TABVLA E



Albionis inſulæ Britannicæ pars
Mare Britãnicum
Aquitaniæ populi.
Pictones, Limones, Santones, Biturges, Iliobriges, Vaſſarij, Velauni &c. Ciuitates.
Auguſtoritum, Mediolanium, Niomagus, Burdigalia, Aquæ Auguſtæ, Ducona, Veſſuna, Varicum, Aginnum, Coßium, Anderædũ, Taſta, Auguſtonemetum, Rueßium, Segodunum.
Lugdunenſis.
Veneli, Lexubij, Caletæ, Oſiſmij, Veneti, Arubij, Andicani, Aliorci, Rhedones, Sennones, Carnutæ, Pariſij, Meldæ, Aedui.
Ciuitates. Nœomagus, Iuliobona, Vorganium, Nœodunum, Rothomagus, Iuliomagus, Vindinum, Ingena, Condate, Agedicum, Autricum, Auguſtobona, Cæſarodunum, Cabullinum.
BELGICAE.
Morini, Bataui, Atrebatij, Belleuaci, Ambiani, Tongri, Neruij, Remi, Triueri, Mediomatrices, Nemeti, Vangiones, Triboci, Raurici, Eluetij, Sequani. Ciuitates. Cæſaromagus, Atuacutũ, Rothomagus, Auguſta Triuerorũ, Diuodurum, Tullum, Naſium, Dittatium, Auanticum, &c.
NARBONEN.
Anatili, Comonni, Deciatij, Volcæ, Allobryges, Tricaſteni, Cauari, Memini, Vocontij.
Ciuitates. Agathapolis, Maßilia, Antipolis, Toloſa, Betiræ, Narbon, Vindomagus, Nemauſum, Vienna, Taruſcum, Arelatum, Aquæ Sextiæ, Dinia, Forum Neronis.
Oſiſmij
Veneli
Biducenſii
Veneti
Andicani
Samnitæ
LVGD
Limuid
Cadurci
Santones
Biturigeſ
AQVITAN
Nitiobri
Vaſſarij
Biturigeſ Vibiſci
Auſcij
Auerni
Dacij
Velauni
Rutani
Tarbeli
Mare Aquitanicum
Pictonium promõt.
Santonum promõt.
Sãtonum portus
Curianũ promõt.
Pyrenei mõtes
PARS HISPANIAE
Tarraconeñ

ROPAE III



Mare Germanici
Menapij
Morini
Tongri
Mosa fl.
Ambiani
Bataui
Rhenus fl.
Neruij
Agrippinensis
Bellouaci
Germania
Atrebatij
GAL
LIA
BELGICA
Bonna
inferior
GERMANIAE
MAGNAE
PARS
Rotomagus
Mocontiacum
Noeomagus
Namnitæ
Vessones
Triueri
Augusta Triuerorum
Rufiana
Remi
Obrinca
Vagiones
Borbetomagus
Parisij
Lucotecia Parisiorum
Germania
superior
Triboci
Argentoratum
Breucomagus
Tricasij
Auliorci
Augustomana
Mediomatrices
Leuci
Augusta Rauricorum
Rhedones
Senones
Melde
Rauricii
Tullum
Heluetij
Aedui
Vadicasij
Augustodunum
Logones
Ganodurum
Lugdunu
Forum Tiberij
Sequani
Visontia
Rhodanus
Auanticu
Arar fl.
Dubis fl.
Lacus Lemanus
Segustani
Adulas
Allobryges
Vienna
Memini
Nemausus
Isara fl.
Valentia
NARBONENSIS
Druentia fl.
Arelata
Aquæ Sextiæ
Vocōtij
Alpes
Volcæ
Massilia
Forū Iulij
Varus
Mare Gallicum
Blascon
Citharistes promōt.
Stœchades insulæ
Lerone
Agatha
Paral 16
Diaripheos
Parall.
Diaborysthenes
CLIMA 7
Paral 14
Diapontu
Clim
6

GERMANIAM MAGNAM cõtinet hæc quarta Europæ tabula, cum inſulis ſibi adiacentibus. Parallelus ipſius medius proportionẽ habet ad meridianũ, quam tria ad quinq;. Term natur tabula ipſa ab oriente Iazygibus Metanaſtis & Sarmatia Europæ. A meridie, Rhætia & Norico & duabus Pannonijs. Ab occaſu, Gallia Belgica. A ſeptentrione, oceano Germanico.

Germaniæ ciuit.	Habet diem maximũ H	m̃	Diſtans ab Alexãdria ad occaſum H	m̃
Amaſia	6	30	2	ferè
Luppia	16	45	1	40
Rhobodunũ	15	50	1	20
Scandia inſ.	18	0	1	0

6

TABVLA EV



Oceanus Germanicus
Alociæ inſulæ
Saxones inſulæ
Phundusij
Charudes
Cimbrica Cherſoneſus
Chali
Cobandi
Sabalingij
Sigulones
Saxones
Pharodyni
Teutonoarij
Viruni
Cauchi maiores
Cauchi parui
Angriuarij
Lancobardi
Dulgunnij
Auarpi
Linge
Calucones
Bu ſacteri maiores
Bu ſacteri parui
Phriſij
Chemæ
Cheruſci
Camani
Sycambri
G E R
Caſuari
Chatte
Tubanti
Langobardi
Sulebi
Tingeri
Ingriones
Intuergi
Vargiones
Turoni
Maruingi
Curiones
Chetuori
Sudeti montes
Teuriochemæ
Varisti
Carithni
Vispi
M A
G N A
Marcomani
Sudeni
Eluetiorū heremus
Alpes
Adrabæ campi
Rhetiæ pars
Vindeliciæ pars
Norici pars
Rhenus fl.
Belgicæ Galliæ pars


DACIA
SCANDIA MAIOR
Scandiæ minores inſulæ
Chedini Leuoni Gute Fauone
Oceanus Sarmaticus
Paral. 19
Paral. 18
Paral. 17
Paral. 16
Paral. 15
Sidini
Rugium
Virunū
Ruticlij
Viadus fl.
Bugunte
Omāni
Aluçones
Diduni
Afcaulis
Longi
Luti
Buri
Viſtula fl.
Corconti
Sidones
Caliſia
Cogni
IANIA
Viſburgi
Carrodunū
Hercynia ſilua
Quadi
Luna ſylua
Bemi
Teracatirç
SARMATIAE EUROPEÆ PARS
Sarmatici montes
Danubius
Narabon
Pannonia inferioris pars
GERMANIAE Ciuitates.
Aſtuia, Aliſus, Aſeaucalis, Aſcalingium, Argealis, Arſonium, Aliſum, Arſicua, Aſanca, Abilunum, Anabum. Bunitium, Bogadium, Budorigum, Bergium, Bicurgium, Brodeltia. Cœnoenum, Carduum, Colocaurum, Cantioebis, Coridorgis, Celmantia. Deuona. Eburum. Grauionarium. Hegitmatia. Leuphaoa, Lirimiris, Lugidunum, Limioſaleum, Leucariſtus. Munitium, Meſuium, Mattiacum, Melocabus, Menoſgada, Marobudum, Meliodunum, Medoſlanium. Naualia, Nomiſterium, Nuæſium. Phelitia, Phurgiſatis, Parienna, Pheugarū, Phauebiranum. Rugium, Ruſiaua, Rhobodunum. Singone, Setuacotum, Setuia, Streuinta, Segodunum, Setidaua, Stragona, Suſadata, Sterenontium, Scurgum, Siatutanda. Tecelia, Treua, Tuliſurgium, Tuliphurdū, Trophea Druſi, Tarodunum. Vsbium, Viritium, Virunum, Reliqua loca in tabula ſunt expreſſa.

RHAETIA ET

VINDELICIA, NORICVM, &c.

Complectitur hæc quinta Europæ tabula Rhætiam, Vindeliciam, Noricum, duas Pannonias, & totam Illiridem cum inſulis adiacētibus. Parallelus ipſius medius proportionem habet ad meridianum quam 43 ad 60. Circumſcribitur autem tabula ipſa ab oriente Iazygibus Metanaſtis & Myſia ſuperiori, à meridie parte Macedoniæ & ſinu Adriatico & parte Italiæ. Ab occaſu, parte Galliæ. A ſeptentrionibus, Germania per fluuium Danubium.

			Habet diem maximum		Distans ab Alexandria ad occaſum	
			H	m̄	H	m̄
Ciuitates inſignes	*Rhetie*	*Brigantium*	15	40	2	0
	Vindelicie	*Augusta Vindel.*	15	45	1	50
	Norici	*Arcdate*	15	50	1	40
		Iulium Carnicū	15	30	1	40
	Pannonie ſuperioris	*Prœtouium*	15	30	1	30
		Sacarbantia	15	50	1	20
		Emona	15	30	1	30
	Pannonie inferioris	*Serbium*	15	36	1	20
		Sirmium	15	30	1	0
	Illiridis	*Iadera*	15	20	1	20
		Sidrona	15	26	1	10
		Salone	15	15	1	10
		Narbona	15	15	1	0
		Scardona inſula	15	20	1	20

TABVLA E


GERMANIAE MAGNAE P
Rhenus
Artobriga
Runicatæ
Leuni
Cōſuantæ
Benlaum
Aenus fl.
Seuaces
Alaum
Ambiſontij
NORICVM
Norici
Ambidrani
Ambilici
Carnanenas
Danubius
Celia
Cetius mons
Brixantæ
Caluconcs
Brigantiū
Vennes
RHAETIA
Adula mons
Rigusce Suanitæ
Alpes
Licatij
VINDELICIA
Augusta
Breuni
Ocra mons
Coletia
Latob
Grææ Alpes
Medio lanū
Venetiæ
Aquileia Carnoru
Pola
Iapydr
Apſorus
Rauenna
Padus fl.
Dona fl.
Ariminū
Ancona
Liguria
Arnus fl.
Genua
Tiberis
Roma
Mare Thyrrenum
Delphinus
RHAETIAE ciuitates.
Bragodurum, Ebodurum, Dracuina, Druſomagus, Ectodurum, Phæniana, Taxgetium, Viana.
VINDELICIAE. Bœodurum, Carrodunū, Abudiacum, Cambodunum, Medullum.
NORICI. Aguntum, Bedacum, Claudinium, Gabanodurū, Geſodunum, Vacorium, Pœdicū, Virunum, Idunum, Sianticum, Teurnia.
PANNONIAE ſuperioris. Andautonium, Bolentium, Bononia, Carrodunum, Emona, Muroela, Magniana, Lentudū, Nouidunum, Olimacū, Pœtouium, Prætorium, Rhiſpia, Sala, Sauaria, Siſcia, Sorogæ, Siſopa, Valina, Viſontiū, Vinundria.
PANNO. inferioris. Aquicum, Baſsiana, Berbis, Certiſſa, Iuoliū, Luſſonium, Lugionū, Marſonia, Murſella, Rittium, Salinū, Sirmiū, Vacontiū.
ILLIRIDIS & Dalmatiæ. Aluona, Argyrutum, Arucia, Andecrium. Bulua, Burnū. Corinium, Curcum Delminiū, Doclea. Enona, Endērum, Epicaria. Flauona. Herona. Lopſica. Nedinū, Narbona. Ortopla, Onæū. Piguntium. Rizana. Saloniana, Scodra. Tarſatica. Velcera, Varuaria.


Carpis
Carpatus mons
Arabiſci
Amantini
Curta
Hercuniates
Cytni
Sacarbātia
Narabon fl.
Bregetiū
PANNONIA inferior
ANNONIA ſuperior
Iaſſij
Magniana
Oſſeriates
Andiates
Breuci
IAZYGES Metanaſtę
Teutoburgiū
DACIAE pars
Varciani
Scordiſci
Sauus fl.
Siſcia
Bebij mōtes
Cornacum
Taurunum
Dindarij
Ditiones
Mazæi
Derriopes
Ceraunij
ILLYRIS et Liburnia
Derrij
Sidrona
Aenona
Iadera
Titius
Daurſij
Scardona
Comenij
DALMATIA
Vardei
Narenſij
Sardiotæ
Salonæ
Scardona mons
Myſię ſuperioris pars
Adriaticus
Scardona
Iſſa
Tragurium
Pharia
Naron fl.
Siculotæ
Sidrona
Ducleatæ
Piruſtæ
Corcyra
Apulia
Melitina
Drilon
Neapol.
Garganus mons
Tarentū
Brendiſiū
MACEDONIAE pars
EPIRI pars
Siciliæ pars
Regiū
Diapōtus
Parall. 14
Parall. 12

ITALIA ET

CORSICA, *ſexta Europæ tabula.*

Cõtinet hæc tabula Italiam & Cyrnum inſulam, cum inſulis Italię adiacentibus. Parallelus ipſius medius, proportionem habet ad meridianum, quam tria ad quatuor. Circu nſcribitur tabula ipſa ab ortu ſinu Adriatico et mari Ionio. A meridie mari Tyrrheno atq; Liguſtico. Ab occaſu Alpium mõtibus atq; Gallia. A ſeptentrione Alpibus quæ ſub Rhætia & Vindelicia ſunt, atq; Alpino mõte, qui ſub Norico eſt, uocaturq; Caruanga, & parte ſinus Adriatici.

			Habet diem maximum H	m̄	Diſtans ab Alexandria ad occaſum H	m̄
Ciuitates inſignes	*Italiæ*	*Roma regia*	15	5	1	30
		Nicæa Maſſilienſ.	15	15	2	10
		Tarracinæ (ſiũ	15	4	1	30
		Neapolis	15	*ferè*	1	20
		Brunduſium	14	50	1	10
		Ancon	15	20	1	36
		Rauenna	15	24	1	40
		Aquileia	15	30	1	45
		Beneuentus	15	5	1	15
		Capua	15	5	1	20
	Cirni inſulæ	*Valeria*	15	*ferè*	2	*ferè*
		Mariana	15	*ferè*	2	*ferè*

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Reliqui Italiæ pop.
Veſtinorum, Amiternū.
Samnitum, Beneuētum.
Boianum. Brutiorum,
Conſentia.
Corſicæ
Ceruini, Tarraben·. Titiani, Balatoni, Vanacini, Celebenſij, Licnini, Macrini, Opini, Simbri, Coymaſeni.
Ciuitates. Pauca, Fiſera, Aliſta, Cluniu[m], Aluca, Lurinū
POPVLI ET CIVITAT
Maßilienſium, Nicæa, Trophea Auguſti.
Tuſcorum, Luna, Populonium, Luca, Florētia,
Sutrium, Sena. Latinorum, Antium, Formæ,
panorum, Vulturnum, Cuma, Neapolis, Capua,
tum, Nola. Lucanorum, Buxentum, Compſa.
Magnæ Græciæ, Locri. Tarentinorum, Taren
Calabriæ, Hydrus. Apulorum, Egnatia, Sipus,
nium, Larinum. Pelignorum, Orton, Curſeli
Picenorum, Ancona, Firmium, Hadria. Semnon
lorum Boiorum, Rauenna. Venetorum, Patau
leia. Hiſtriæ, Tergeſtum. Cenomannorum, Be
dentum, Cremona. Inſubrum, Nouaria, Ticinu
laſiorum, Eporedia. Taurinorum, Auguſta.
norum, Forum Claudij. Lepontinorum, Oſcela
Seguſianorum, Brigantium. Neruſiorum, Vint
togatæ, Placentia, Fidentia, Parma, Mutina,
rum Sempronij, Aßiſium. Vilumbrorum, Tur
Nurſia. Aequiculorum, Cliternum, Marſorum
Liguria
Tuſcia
Inſubres
Mare Liguſticū
Aethale
Capraria
Ilua
CORSICA
Mariana
Valeria
SARDINIÆ PARS
Mare Sardoum
Mediolanū
Vicentia
Placentia
Parma
Tauriniū
Padus fl.
Dorīa fl.
Salaſij
Vercella
Nacena
Florentia
Sena
Vmbri
Rubicon
Venetæ
Atria
Pataviū

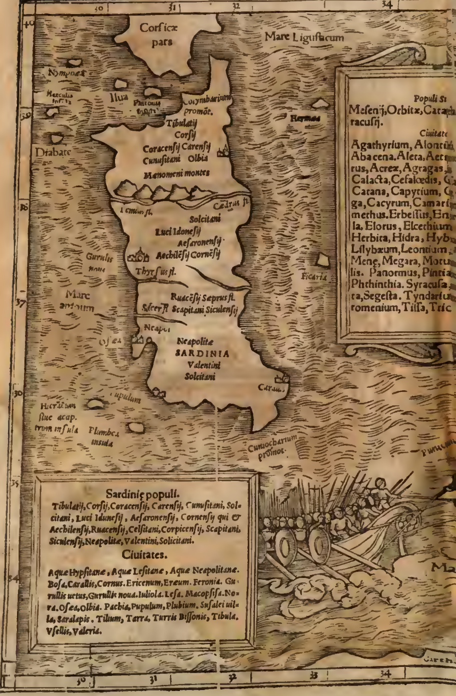

Pãnoniæ ſupioris pars
Pannoniæ inferioris ps
Diapõtus
Clima ſextū
Iſtria
Illyridis & Dalmatiæ pars
Ancona
Per
Byzãtiuм
Inſulæ Diomedeæ
Piceni
Hadria
Preguti
Sabini
IA
Marſi
Peligni
L
Roma
Latini
Samnites
Campania
Oſtia
Apulia
Diaro
mes
Clima
quintū
Vulturnū
Parthenope
Puteoli
Pontia
Capua
Garganus mons
Sipus
Audina
Pãdataria
Prochyte
Neapol
Picētini
Pithecuſa
Salernū
Capreæ
Pæſtum
Sirenuſæ
Veliæ
Tarentū
Barīū
Mare Ionium
Brundiſiū
Calla
Hydrũs
Tarãtinus ſinus
Salētini
Didymæ
Buxentū
Vulcania
Lipara
Magna Græcia
Regiū
Locri
Iapygium promõ.
Zephyriū
SICI LIAE PARS
mons Aetna
Catana
Syracuſa
ITALIAE
Carnorum, Aqui
Verona
Comum
Vercellæ
Eburodunum
Saline
Vmbrorum
Sabinorū
Beretra

SARDINIA ET SICILIA, SEPTIMA EVROPAE TABVLA.

Continet hæc tabula Sardiniam, & Siciliã inſulas. Parallelus ipſius medius, proportionẽ habet ad meridianũ, quam quatuor ad quinq;. Circũſcribitur tabula ipſa ab omni parte pelago, ab ortu Adriatico, à meridie Africano, ab occaſu Sardoo, & à ſeptentr. Liguſtico.

			Habet diem maximum H	m̃	Diſtans ab Alexan. ad occaſum H	m̃
Ciuitates inſignes	Sardiniæ	Suſaleos	14	35	1	54
		Carallis	14	30	1	50
		Turris Biſſõis	14	30	2	ferè
		Gurullis noua	14	34	1	58
	Siciliæ	Lilybæum	14	30	1	34
		Syracuſa	14	38	1	24
		Meſſena	14	45	1	28
		Segeſta	14	30	1	34
		Catana	14	40	1	24

TABVLA EV



Corſicæ pars
Mare Liguſticum
Ilua
Diabate
Corymbarium promõt.
Tibulatij
Corſij
Coracenſij Carenſij
Cunuſitani Olbis
Manomeni montes
Cedrus fl.
Solcitani
Luci Idoneſij
Aeſaronenſij
Aechileſij Corneſij
Gurulis noua
Thyrſus fl.
Ficaria
Mare
Ruacẽſij Seprus fl.
Scapitani Siculenſij
Neapolitæ
SARDINIA
Valentini
Solcitani
Caralis
Herculium ſiue acap. trum inſula
Plumbea inſula
Cuniocbarium promot.
Sardinię populi.
Tibulatij, Corſij, Coracenſij, Carenſij, Cunuſitani, Solcitani, Luci Iduneſij, Aeſaronenſij, Cornenſij qui & Aechilenſij, Ruacenſij, Celſitani, Corpicenſij, Scapitani, Siculenſij, Neapolitæ, Valentini, Solicitani.
Ciuitates.
Aquæ Hypſitanæ, Aquæ Leſitanæ, Aquæ Neapolitanæ. Boſa, Carallis, Cornus. Ericenum, Ereum. Feronia. Gurullis uetus, Gurullis noua. Iuliola. Leſa. Macopſiſa. Nora. Oſea, Olbia. Pachia, Pupulum, Plubium. Suſalei uilla, Saralapis. Tilium, Tarra, Turris Biſſonis, Tibula. Vſellis, Valeria.
Populi Si
Meſenij, Orbitæ,
racuſij.
Ciuitate
Agathyrium,
Abacena. Aleta,
rus, Acrex, Agragas,
Calacta, Ceſalœdis,
Catana, Capytium,
ga, Cacyrum,
methus. Erbeſſus,
la. Elorus,
Herbita, Hidra,
Lilybæum, Leontium
Menę, Megara,
lis. Panormus,
Phthinthia. Syracuſa
ta, Segeſta.
romenium, Tiſſa, Tric


Mare Thyrrenum
Italiæ pars
Didyme
Icesia
Vstica
Phœnicodes
Lipara
Strõgyle
Rhegum
Catana
Mare Adria ticum
SICILIA
Ostcodes
Panormus
Syracusæ
Drepanum
Lilybeum
Heraclea
Agrigentum
Pachinus promõ.
Paralľ per Rhodũ
Phorbantia
Aegusa
Pacomis
Aeoli insula
Glaucomo
Coſſira
Melita ho die Malta
Sacrum Iunonis
Herculis templum
Lopaduſa
Aethuſa
Aphricæ pars
36
37
38
39
40

SARMATI

AM EVROPEAM CONTINET HAEC *octaua tabula, & eſt in ea* TAVRICA *Cherſoneſus. Parallelus ipſius medius proportionē habet ad meridianum quam* 11 *ad* 20. *Terminatur autem tabula ipſa ab Oriente, Boſphoro Cimmerico & Meotide palude ac Tanai fluuio, iuxta Sarmatiam Aſianam. A meridie, Pontico mari et parte Myſiæ inferioris & Dacis ac Iazygibus Metanaſtis. Ab occaſu, montibus Sarmat. ac Germania & Viſtula fl. A ſeptentrione, Venedico ſinu & Sarmatico oceano ac terra incognita.*

Ciuitates.			Habet diem maximum H	m̃	diſtãs ab Alex. ad oc. H	m̃
	Sarmatiæ	Tamyraca	16	0	1	4
		Naubarum	16	16	1	8
		Olbia Boryſt.	16	0	1	12
	Tauricæ	Theodoſia	15	50	1	15
		Panticapea	15	52	1	15

TABVLA EV



DACIAE & Norbegiæ pars
SARMATIAE HVIVS CIVITATES
Azagarium, Acra, Cnema, Carrodunũ, Carcinna, Hȩractium, Hercabũ. Letnum, Lianum, Metropolis, Metonium. Noua mœnia, Naubarum, Nioſſum Odeſſus. Paſiris. Sarum, Serimum, Sarbacum, Tamyrasca, Torocca, Tracana. Vibantauarium.
TAVRICAE Cherſoneſi.
Argoda. Bœon, Badatium. Charax, Cimmerium, Cytęum. Daudaca. Eupatoria. Iluratum, Lagyra. Nymphæum. Panticapæa, Parthenium, Poſtigia, Paroſta, Portacra. Satarche. Taphros, Tarona, Tazus, Tabana.
Scandia
Oceanus Sarmaticus
Venedæ
Galindę
Sudini
Stauani
Velte
Gythones
Phinni
Cœſtoboci
Tra 10 motani
GERMANIAE PARS
Sulanes
Phrungudiões
SAR MATI
EVROPAE
Auarini
Ombrones
Anartophracti
Burgiones
Arſyetę
Piengitę
Saboci
Bieſſi
Peucini
Carpiani
Basternæ
Bodini
Amadoc
Naua
Olbia
Clepidana
Tagri Tyrangitæ
Iazyges
DACIAE pars
Myſiæ inferioris pars

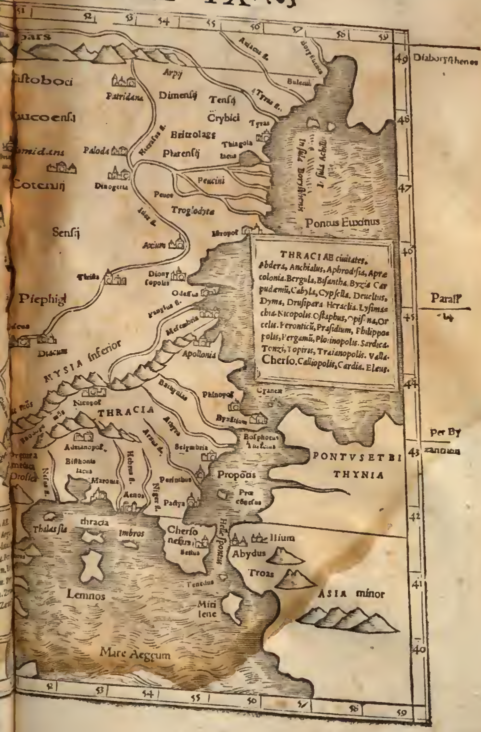

Per Thylen
Hyperborei mõtes
Carbones
Careotæ
Sali
Agathyrſi
Aorſi
Pagyritæ
Sauari
Boruſci
Aobi
Riphei mõtes
Fõs occiden tal' Rha fl.
Naſci
Tanais fl.
Vibiones
Ara Alexãdri
Ophlones
Ara Cæſaris
Scythæ
Idræ
Tanaitæ
Oſyli
Alauni
Alauni mõs
Amaxobij
Roxolani
Tanais
Reucanali
Exobigytæ
Carca
Iazyges
Sarmatiæ Aſiaticæ pars
Alopeca
Lycus fl.
Hygris
Locus dei
Paludes Mæotidis
Paral.
16
Agarus fl.
Agari Promõt.
Byces palus
Cimerius Boſphorus
Heraclium
Taurica Cherſoneſus
Corax mõs
Theodoſia
EVXINI PARS
Colchides

NONA EVRO
PAE TABVLA continet IAZYGES METANASTAS, DACIAM, utrancꝫ Myſiam, Thraciam & Cherſoneſum. Parallelus ipſius medius proportionem habet ad meridianum quam 43 ad 60. Terminatur autem tabula ipſa ab oriente Pontico mari & Thracio boſphoro atcꝫ Propontide & Helleſponto. A meridie Aegæo pelago & Macedonia. Ab occaſu Pannonia inferiori ac Dalmatia. A ſeptent. Sarmatia Europea

			Habet diem maximum H	Habet diem maximum m̃	Diſtans ab Alexandria ad occaſum H	Diſtans ab Alexandria ad occaſum m̃
Ciuitates inſignes	*Iazygum*	*Gormanum*	16	0	1	6
	Daciæ	*Salinæ*	15	50	0	40
		Zarmizegetuſa	15	30	1	*ferè*
	Myſiæ ſuperioris	*Rhetiaria*	15	15	0	45
		Scupi	15	30	0	50
	Myſiæ inferioris	*Odeſſus*	15	30	0	20
		Oeſcus	15	20	0	40
	Thraciæ	*Aenos*	15	6	0	30
		Apollonia	15	20	0	20
		Byzantium	15	15	0	16
		Perinthus	15	10	0	20
		Nicopolis	15	12	0	36
		Lyſimachia	15	6	0	26
		Præconeſus	15	8	0	18
	Cherſoneſi	*Elæus*	15	8	0	26
		Seſtus	15	8	0	20

TABVLA EV


Carpatus mons
Sarmatiae
Gormanij
IAZYGES
Metanastę
Carpis
Candanum
Pannonia
ſuperior
Danubius fl.
Daros fl.
Saus fl.
Rhuconiū
Anarti
Teuriſci
Vlpianum
Rhatacenſij
Salinę
Predauenſij
Bieſphi
Burredenſij
DACIA
Albocenſij
Potulatenſij
Zarmizegetuſa Regia
Saldenſij
Ciagiſi
Tricornis
Tricorneſij
Illyridis pars
Dalmatię pars
Picenſij
Rhetiaris
MYSIA ſuperior
Myſi
Maris Adriatici pars
Scardus mons
Dardani
Vlpianum
Neſſus
Orbelus mons
Macedonię pars
Vrbes Myſię ſuperioris
Arrbibātium, Dorticū, Etela, Orrea, Singidunum, Scupi, Tanatis Timacū, Viminatiū legio, Vendenis, Velanis. Myſię inferio.
Arpis, Carſum, Callatis, Discū, Dauſdana, Duroſtorum legio, Hermonactus, Noue, Nuiodunū, Niconiū, Ophiuſa, Phyſca, Piroboridana, Regianum, Sucidana, Sitiotēta, Trimaniū, Tromariſca, Triſmis, Tibiſca, Tiriſta, Tamaſidana, Tyras, Zargidana.
CIVITATES DACIAE.
Arcobadara, Anguſtia, Apulum, Argidana
Carſidana. Docirana, Dierna, Hydata. Lizi
ſis Marcodana. Netindana, Napuca. Petroda
na, Patruiſſa, Firum, Paloda, Pinum. Rhama
dana. Sandana, Singidana, Sornum. Triphu
lum, Tiaſum, Tibiſcum. Vtidana. Ziridana
Zermizirga, Zuſidana, Zurribara, Zarmize
tuſa, Zeugma.



pars
Aſtoboci
Patridana
Arpij
Dimenſij
Tenſij
Crybici
Britolage
Pharenſij
Peucini
Peuce
Troglodyta
Coteruij
Sénſij
Piephigi
Tyras
Thiagola lacus
Palodà
Dinogetia
Axium
Tyras fl.
Inſula Boryſthenis
Inſula Achilli
Pontus Euxinus
Diaboryſthenes
THRACIAE ciuitates.
Abdera, Anchialus, Aphrodiſia, Apræ colonia. Bergula, Biſantha. Byzia Carpudæmũ, Cabyla, Cypſella. Deueltus, Dyma, Druſipara Heraclia. Lyſimachia. Nicopolis. Oſtaphus, Opiſ. na, Orcelis. Peronticũ, Praſidium, Philippopolis, Pergamũ, Plotinopolis. Sardica. Tonzi, Topirus, Traianopolis. Valla. Cherſo. Calliopolis, Cardia. Eleus.
Paral
Odeſſus
Meſembria
Apollonia
MYSIA inferior
Diacum
Nicopol
THRACIA
Phinopol
Cyanea
Byzãtium
Boſphorus
Selymbria
PONTVS ET BITHYNIA
Per Byzantium
Adrianopol
Biſthonis lacus
Maronia
Hebrus fl.
Perinthus
Propõtis
Pro cõneſus
Pactya
Aenos
thracia
Thalaſſia
Imbros
Cherſo neſus
Seſtus
Helleſpontus
Ilium
Abydus
Troas
Tenedus
Lemnos
Miti lene
ASIA minor
Mare Aegæum

GRAECIA

Decima'& ultima Europę tabula, continet Macedoniā, Epirum, Achaiam, & Peloponneſum, inſulas q; Cretam & Eubœam cum reliquis adiacentibus inſulis. Parallelus eius medius rationem habet ad meridianū quam ſeptem ad nouem. Terminatur aūt tabula ipſa ab oriente Aegæo pelago, Myrtoo'q; & Carpathio. A meridie Adriatico pelago & Libyco. Ab occaſu, Ionio pelago & Adriatico. A ſeptentrione, Dalmatia, Thracia & Myſia ſuperiori.

			Habet diem maximum H	Habet diem maximum m̄	Distans ab Alexandria ad occaſum H	Distans ab Alexandria ad occaſum m̄
Ciuitates inſignes	Macedoniæ	*Dirrachium*	15	0	1	0
		Theſſalonica	14	56	0	40
		Amphipolis	15	6	0	40
		Heraclea	15	0	0	50
		Aedeſſa	14	56	0	45
		Pella	14	56	0	40
		Lariſſa	14	50	0	40
		Caſandria	14	56	0	38
		Lemnos inſula	15	0	0	32
	Epiri	*Nicopolis*	14	38	0	48
		Ambracia	14	38	0	47
		Corcyra inſula	14	36	0	56
		Cephalenia inſula	14	36	0	50
	Achaiæ	*Thebæ Bœotiæ*	14	38	0	30
		Megara	14	38	0	34
		Athenæ	14	36	0	30
	Peloponneſi	*Meſena*	14	36	0	40
		Corinthus	14	36	0	38
		Tegea	14	30	0	40
		Argos	14	30	0	38
		Lacedæmon	14	26	0	40
	Eubœæ	*Chalcis*	14	39	0	26
		Caryſtus	14	39	0	24
	Cretæ	*Gortina*	14	20	0	26
		Cnoſus	14	29	0	22

TABVLA E[...]


EPIRI ciuitates. Ambracia, Actium, Azelia, Acarnanon, Argos, Aſtacus. Caſſiope. Eleus. Hecatompedum. Omphalium. Torona.
CRETAE Artacina, Camara, Corycus Cytæũ. Dictamum. Gnoſſus. Inarus Lebena, Lappa. Minoa, Matalia. Pſychium,
MACEDONIAE regiones & populi.
Tulantij, Elymioti, Oreſtis, Edonis, Amphaxis, Chalcidica, Paraxia, Pelaſgioti, Almopori, Orbelia, Eordei, Aeſtræi, Iori, Odomantices, Deſſaretij, Lynceſtis, Pelagoni, Biſaltia. Parthyæi, Eſtioti.
Ciuitates. Antigoniſa, Amantia, Acanthus, Acantium, Albanopolis, Alorus, Andariſtus, Angea, Aegæa, Atinium. Bullis, Berga, Berrœa. Caſandria, Callitere, Carrabia, Chete. Cypera, Coronia. Dion, Demetrias, Daulia, Dolicha. Elyma, Euia, Euporia, Europus, Eretriæ. Gareſcus, Gaſorus, Gordenia, Gonnus, Gyrtona, Gomphi. Hypata, Horma. Iolcos, Iorum, Ilegiũ. Lamia, Lariſſa, Lete. Moryllus, Mycza, Melitara. Narthaciũ. Oeſyma, Oſſa. Pidna, Pagaſe, Pella, Pythaeum, Phæſtus, Phalachthia. Soſthenis. Scydra, Stobi, Sperchia, Stratonice. Torone, Tricca. Valle.
ACHAIAE ciuitates. Anticyrrha, Aliartus, Amphiſa. Bulia. Cyrrha, Criſſa, Creuſa, Cnemides, Chalcis, Calydõ, Coronia, Cheronia, Cope. Dianæ phanum, Delphi, Daulis, Deliũ. Elatia, Erineus, Eleuſis, Euãtia. Lilea, Lebadia. Megara, Marathon. Oropus, Olenus, Opus, Oenoe. Platææ, Pythia, Pleurona, Phocæ, Pyræus. Rhamnus. Siphæ, Scarphia. Theſpiæ, Thisbe, Thronium.
EVBOEAE. Chalcis, Caryſtus, Cerinthus. Gereſtus.
Dalmatiæ pars
Sintices
Mygdonia
Heraclia
Canalujs montes
Aulantij
Albani
Dyrrachiũ
Apſus
Scampes
Apollonia
MACE
DONI
Emathia
Aulon
Lous fl.
Stymphalia
Pelaſgi
Thesſalia Pindus mons
Chaonia
EPIRVS
Theſprotia
Almenes
Acheron fl.
Acarnanes
Achelous fl.
Hellas
Mare Ionium
Corcyra
Nicopos
Ambracicus ſinus
Cephalenia
Ithaca
Zacynthus
Strophades
Elia
Alpheus
Meſenia
Sphagia
Thiganuſa
44
45
46
47
48
49
42
41
40
39
38
37
36
35
34



Diaromes

Paral.

Paral. vndec.

APHRICAE

TABVLA PRIMA, CONTINET AMBAS *Mauritanias, Tingitanam & Cæſarienſem. Parallelus eius medius rationē habet ad meridianum quā 13 ad 15. Terminatur aūt tabula ipſa ab oriente Aphrica. A meridie, interiori Libya iuxta Getuliā. Ab occaſu, occidentali oceano, & à ſeptētrione, freto Herculeo & iberico pelago atq; Sardeo.*

Ciuitates inſignes		Habet diem maximum H	m̃	Diſtans ab Alexandria ad occaſum H	m̃
Mauritaniæ Tingitanæ	Tingis	14	30	3	36
	Lixa	14	20	3	36
	Volubilis	14	15	3	30
	Zilia	14	26	3	36
Cæſarienſis	Cartena	14	26	3	0
	Iulia Cæſarien.	14	15	2	56
	Saldæ	14	10	2	34
	Oppidū nouum	14	15	3	ferè
	Zuchabari	14	15	2	50
	Tubuſuptus	14	6	2	30

APHRICA



Luſitaniæ pars
Ana fl.
Tarraconẽſis pars
HISPANIA
Bætica
Columna Herculis
Mare Ibericum
Mare Mediterraneum
Tingis
Metagonitæ
Zilia
Lix fl.
Subur fl.
Maſices
Acrath
Succoſij
Sala fl.
Salinſæ
Duus fl.
Dur
Verues
Verbicæ
Bacuatæ
Cauni
Cuſa fl.
Macanitæ
Chalcorythij mõtes
Herpiditani
TINGITANA
Voli
Bilian
Mons Solis
Diux fl.
Angaucani
Nectiberes
Taladuſij
Sorei
Maſeſyli
Dryitæ
Zegrẽſij
Herculis promõt.
Banjubæ
Erythia
Oceanus occidẽtalis
Elubij
MAVRI
Vacuatæ
Sala
Atlas maior
Myceni
GETVLIAE ET LIBYAE PARS


Inſulæ Baleares
Sardoum pelagus
Balearicum pelagus
MAVRITANIAE TINGITANAE ciuitates.
Banaſa,Baba,Benta,Bocanum hemerum. Dorath.Exiliſſa. Gala=pha,Gontiana.Herpis.Iagath.Lixa.Molochath. Oppinũ,Occath. Ptiſciana.Ryſſadirum.Sala,Surriga,Subur,Silda.Teniolonga,Tamuſida,Trocoloſida,Trifidis.Vobrix,Volubilis,Vala.Zilia.
CAESARIENSIS. Atoa,Aſtacilis,Arina,Auximis,Auxia,Auſum,Augala,Aegea,Addyme. Bunobora,Burca,Binſitta,Badea,Beda colonia.Carepula,Carcoma,Canuccis,Ciſſe,Chobath,Celama,Caſmara,Chizala. Giglue,Garra,Gaſmara,Germiana. Hydata,Hippa. Icoſium,Iarſath,Igilgili,Irath,Izatha. Lagnutum,Lanigara,Lamida,Labdia. Mnusra.Manliana. Nigilgia,Nababurum. Oppidium. Pigaua,Phloris,Pepia. Ruſicibar,Ruſſuccoru,Ruſubirſis,Rhobonda. Symitha,Suburgia,Sudaua,Suptu,Sittici colonia. Tipaſa,Timici,Tarrum,Temiſſa,Thiſizima,Tucca,Thibinis,Thudaca,Tigis,Turaphilum,Tuſiatath,Tubuſuptus,Thubuna,Thamarita,Tumarra,Taruda. Vnizacolonia,Vasbaria,Vrbara,Villa uicus,Victoria,Vaga,Vaſana,Vſſara,Vazagada,Vitaca,Vamiceda,Veſcethra.Zuchabari,Zaratha.
Iulia Cæſarea
Iol Cæſarea
Sinus Numidicus
Tulenſis
Byrrhen mõs
Mucuni
Chitua
Aſſarath
Baniuri
Cidamuſij
ENSIS
Machures
TANIA
Scitami
Phruræſus mons
Garas mõs
Malchubij
Toducæ
Valua mõs
Cinnaba mos
AFRICAE minoris pars
Diarhodos Paralł 10
Diaalex. Paral. 9

SECVNDA

APHRICAE TABVLA, continet Aphricā minorē & inſulas quę circa ipſam ſunt. Parallelus eius medius rationē habet ad meridianū, quā 13 ad 15. Terminatur aūt tabula ipſa ab oriente, Cyrenaica, à meridie, interiori Libya iuxta Getuliā & Eremū. Ab occaſu, Mauritania Cæſarienſi, à ſeptentrionibus, pelago Afro.

Ciuitates inſignes minoris APHRICAE.

	Habet diem maximum H	m̄	Diſtans ab Alexandria ad occaſum H	m̄
Tabraca	14	12	2	*ferè*
Ityca	14	15	1	50
Carthago	14	14	1	40
Adrumentum	14	15	1	30
Magna Leptis	14	8	1	6
Cirta Iulia	14	6	2	15
Sicca Veneria	14	0	2	0
Bullaria	14	6	2	*ferè*
Vthina	14	6	1	42
Thyſdrus	14	12	1	30
Mininx inſula	14	6	1	20
Coßyra inſula	14	20	1	30
Melite inſula	14	20	1	20


CIVITATES. Aſpis, Apari, Azama, Aſſucca, Ammedra, Auitta, Aquæ calidæ, Audira, Almena, Auguſtũ, Ammonis. Bullaria, Bendina, Bullamenſa, Bunthum, Bizacina, Butta. Cirta Iulia, Culcua colonia, Cipipa, Cuina colonia, Cerbica, Cilma, Charbaſa, Campſa, Chuzis. Dabia, Durga. Gauſaphna, Gazacupada, Gedne, Giſira, Geriſa, Galybe. Ilica, Iſcina. Kararus. Lares, Lambeſa, Leæ, Laſice. Mininx, Maxula, Macodama, Miræum, Madurus, Meldita, Muſte, Medicara, Muruis. Niſua, Neapolis colonia, Narangara, Nenſa, Nuroli, Negeta. Orbita. Putea, Piſinda. Rhuſpina. Sacamaza, Siagul, Sabathra, Simiſchi, Sicca Veneria, Saſura, Setienſis, Sumucis, Syddenis, Sicapha. Tacatya, Taphrura, Thcænæ, Thunudronum colonia, Thuburnica colonia, Tucca, Thieba colonia, Tuburſica, Thubutis, Thebeſca, Thunuſda, Thiſica, Theudali, Tobros, Thaſia, Thunuba, Themiſua, Timica, Tuſcubis, Thimiſa, Tucma, Ticelia, Tichaſa, Tiſurus, Thyſdrus Vſilla, Vaga, Vcibi, Vzan, Vazua, Vol, Vtbina, Vepillium, Vticna, Vlizibira, Vzita. Zigira, Zamamizon, Zurmentũ, Zalapa, Zugar.
Pars Sardiniæ
Mare Ty
Mare Africum
Calathe
Aegimure
Hydras
Hippon
Sinus Numidicus
Carthago
Libyæ Phœnices
Mideni
Cyrteſij
Ionij
NVMIDIA
Nabatræ
AFRICA
Miſulani
Muſuni
Thambes mõs
Cerophei
Gephes
Natabutæ
Miçdi
Sabubures
Niſibes
Haliardi
Sitaphius campus
Motutumi
Bazacitis regio
Ozutl
Mampſari
Buzara mõs
Mamp ſarus mons
Mauritaniæ Cæſarienſis pars
Ampſaga fl.
Bagrada fl.
Cirna mons
Interioris LIBYÆ P

TABVLA II



Italiæ
pars
Mare Adriaticum
Epiri pars
SICILIA
Melita
Iunonis templū
Herculis templū
Pelagiæ inſulæ
Lopadeſa
Cercinna
Syrtis parua
Lotophagites
Hedeph tha
Gichthis
Nigitimi
Aſtacures
Lotophagi
Eropgi
Dolopes
Samamycij
Damenſij
Nigbeni
Nycpij
Eleones
Macæ Syrtitæ
Deſerta Libya
Zuchabarus mons
Erebidæ
Machthuſij
Palus Tritonis
Palus Palladis
Palus Libya
Syrtis magna
Pontia
Gaia
Philænorum aræ
Cyrenes pars
Diarbodia
Parall
Nonus
Octa.
N O R
Th z'bi mõtes

AEGYPTVM

MARMARICAM ET CYRENAICAM CONTINET HAEC tertia Africæ tabula cum adiacentibus inſulis. Parallelus eius medius rationem habet ad meridianum, quam 53 ad 60. Terminatur autem tabula ab ipſa ab ortu Iudæa, Arabia Petrea & ſinu Arabico. A meridie, interioris Libyæ deſerto, & Aethiopia quæ ſub Aegypto eſt. Ab occaſu, Africa & magna ſyrte & parte interioris Libyæ. A ſeptentrionibus, Libyco pelago & Aegyptio.

			Habet diem maximum H	m̃	Diſtans ab Alexandria ad	H	m̃
Ciuitates inſignes.	*Cyrenaice*	*Berenice*	14	5	*occaſum*	0	50
		Arſinoe	14	5	*occaſum*	0	45
		Ptolemais	14	5	*occaſum*	0	40
		Apollonia	14	5	*occaſum*	0	40
		Cyrene	14	5	*occaſum*	0	40
	Marmarice	*Magna Cherſon.*	14	5	*occaſum*	0	30
	Libye	*Paraetonium*	14	5	*occaſum*	0	15
		Alexandria	14	5		0	0
		Peluſium	14	5	*ortum*	0	12
		Memphis	13	55	*ortum*	0	8
		Ptolemais Hermei	13	45	*ortum*	0	8
	Thebaidis	*Magna Diopolis*	13	40	*ortum*	0	8
		Syene	13	30	*ortum*	0	8
		Ammon	13	50	*occaſum*	0	20
		Magna Oaſis	13	45	*occaſum*	*parum*	
		Myſormus	13	45	*ortum*	0	15
		Berenice	13	30	*ortum*	0	15

Alexandria diſtat à meridiano Fortunatarum inſularum uerſus ortum ſolis quatuor horis.

APHRICAE T


CYRENAICAE ciuitates.
Acabis, Arimantis, Auritina, Alibaca, Achile. Barce. Cherecla, Celida, Cænopolis. Darnis. Hydra. Marabina. Phalacra. Thinatis. Zemythus.
Libycũ ſeu Punicũ mare
phycus
Lethes
Berenice
Ardonis
Boreũ promont.
Syrtis magna
Herculis turris
Barcitæ
CYRENE
Cyrene
Pentapolis
Horti Heſperidum
Paliurus
Conchylium
Asbetæ
Herculis harena
Libyarche
Anirite
Baſciſi mõtes
Aptonitæ
Angyle
Hammo ca regio
Pſylli
Naſamones
Macatutæ
Bacatæ
Laganicorũ ſpecus
Nomi Marmaricæ
Anagombri mõtes
Pars Africæ minoris
Becolicus mons
Auchiſæ
Clearth palus
Tapanita
Silphio Phera regio
Obilæ
Sendites
Azar mõs
Aezari
Diammos regio
Marmaricæ & Aegypti ciuitates.
Abathuba, Alo, Acathorum, Acoris, Antinoi, Abydus, Azicis. Bonchyris, Billa, Bibliaphorium, Banchis, Butos. Caſſium, Climax, Cahaſa, Co, Chnubis. Dioſcoron. Gaphara. Hiera, Hermopolis, Halmyre. Lucinæ, Lycopolis, Leucoe, Latone. Menelaus, Maſuchis, Maſadalis, Migo, Mazacila. Nemeſium, Nicij. Oaſſis, Onuphis, Onij, Ombi, Oxyrynchos. Panopolis, Pedonia, Phacuſa. Saragina, Scope, Siropum, Scyathis, Sais. Tacaphoris, Tachorſa, Tiſatchi, Tuccitora, Tentyra. Xois.
LIBYA interior
47
48
49
50
51
52
53
54
55
34
33
32
31
30
29
28
27
26
25
24
23
22

TABVLA III



Pelagus Aegyptiacum
Pedonia
Didymæ
Pharos
Canobos
Dioſcos Pſeudoſt
Oſtracine
Rhinocorura
Per Alexi.
Tanis
Buſiris
ARABIAE
Petreæ
pars
Babylon
Arſinoe
Memphis
Mariaæ
lacus
Mæridis
lacus
Zyges
Mareotæ
Goniſtæ
Alpis mons
Ogdamus mons
Ogdemi
Adyrmachitæ
Proſoditæ
Maſtitæ
Solis fons
MAR
Oaſitæ
Timodes mons
agombri
Sinus Arabicus
Drepanum
promont.
Philoteras
Coptos
Thebæ
Thebais
AEGYPTVS
Nilus fl.
Libyca
montes
MA
Ruaditæ
RI
Libyægyptij
CA
Arabes
Aegypti
Syene
Berenice
Tropicus Cancri
Abrochos regio
Arabes Adei
AETHIOPIA SVB AEGYPTO

QVARTA

APHRICAE tabula, continet interiorẽ Libyam & Aethiopiam quæ ſub Aegypto eſt, & eam quæ interius eſt cum inſulis ſibi adiacentibus. Parallelus eius medius rationem habet ad meridianum eandem ferè. Terminatur autem tabula ipſa ab ortu, Arabico ſinu & mari rubro ac ſinu Barbarico & parte Indici pelagi. A meridie, terra incognita, ab occaſu, Oceano occidentali. A ſeptentrionibus, Mauritanijs duabus & Africa ac Cyrenaica, Aegyptoq́.

			Habet diem maximum H	m	Diſtans ab Alexandria ad	H	m̃
Ciuitates inſignes	*Libyæ interioris*	*Autolale*	13	30	*occaſ.*	3	20
		Larzitha	12	45	*occaſ.*	3	0
		Thamondocana	13	5	*occaſ.*	2	30
		Gira	13	8	*occaſ.*	1	30
		Garama	13	20	*occaſ.*	1	8
	Aethiopiæ ſub Aegypto	*Napata*	13	15	*ortum*	0	10
		Meroe	13	0	*ortum*	0	4
		Ptolemais ferarum	13	0	*ortum*	0	26
		Adulis	12	40	*ortum*	0	30
		Dire	12	40	*ortum*	1	0
		Moſylum	12	30	*ortum*	1	15
		Aromata	12	20	*ortum*	1	30


GALLIA
Italia
HISPANIA
Mare mediterraneum
Sardinia
Sicilia
Mauritania
Africa minor
Bagrada fl.
Cern.
Autolaa
Salathus
Subus fl.
Sagapola
Getulia
V ſargala
Chuſares fl.
Nuius fl.
Nigritæ
Nigir fl.
Pala. Libya
Fortuna
tæ inſul.
Nigritis palus
Daratus fl.
Ryſadius
LIBYA
interior
Capha.
Canaria
Stachiris fl
Leucæthiopes
Thala mõs
Nia fl.
Deorũ currus
Sinus Heſ
perius
Arualtes
Ichthyophagi
Libyæ interioris populi.
Pyrrhei Aethiopes, Daradi, Perorſi, Odrangidi, Mimaci, Derbici, Autolatæ, Sirangæ, Mauſoli, Rabij, Malcoæ, Mandori, Sophucæi, Phoruſij, Natẽbes, Lynxamatæ, Samamycij, Salathi, Daphnitæ, Zamazij, Arõcæ, Cecіani, Suburpores, Mancoi, Dauchiſæ, Calitæ, Machurebi, Soluentij, Phauruſij, Churitæ, Stachiræ, Orphes, Tarualtæ, Matites, Africerones, Gongalæ, Nanosbes, Nabathræ, Alitambi, Maurali Armiæ, Thalæ, Dolopes, Aſtacuri, Aſaracæ, Dermones, Agangine Aethiopes, Xylinces Aethiopes, Alchalinces Aethiopes.
AETHIOPIA
interior
Agisymba regio
Zipha mõs
Meſcha mõs
Dauchis mõs
Colobi, Ta
ri, Babyllin
mitæ, Sobo
bardi, Nub
Pechini, St
pes, Carad
bridæ, Gap
Duppi, El
daræ, Mẽ
Trallitæ,

TABVLA IIII



Aethiop. ſub Aegypt ciuitat.
Ptolemais, Adulis, Mandait, Arſinoe, Moſylon, Cobe, Acanæ, Aromata longit. 83. lat. 6. Pano, Opone, Zingis, Apocopa, Eſſina, Tonice, Antoba, Tathis, Sarachtha, Cambyſi Erariū, Nacis, Abuncis, Piſtre, Phthur, Pnups, Napata Premis, Sandace, Sacolæ, Pataera.
Clima ſextū
Clima quintū
Clima quartum
Clima tertiū
Clima ſecundū
Tropicus Cancri
Clima primū
ASIA minor
Græcia
Cyprus
Iudæa
Marmarica
AEGYPTUS
Sinus Arabicus
Sinus Perſicus
ARABIA FELIX
Mare Rubrum
Meroe
Sabath
Dire
Sinus Avalites
Aethiopia ſub Aegypto
Aſtapus fl.
Aſtaboras
Nilus fl.
Garbata
Elephas
Pylei mōtes
Troglodytę
Menan
Myrſiaca
Azania
Coloe palus
Barbaria
Cinnamifera regio
Maſte
Raptum fl.
Rapta
Sinus Barbaricus
Raptum pmōt.
Menuthias
Montes Lunæ
Anthrop phagi
Praſum pmōt.
Terra Ptolemęo incognita
Chelonides Sinus
Nuba palus
Garamantica uallis
Nubi
Nubæ
…ra Meroen.
…rtibes, Api…hagi, Auxu…olibę, Mega…s, Didacæ, …agi Aethio…ymitæ, Se…emphanes, …agi, Peſen…i, Scynitæ, …gbenitæ.
50 55 60 65 70 75 80 85
45 40 35 30 25 20 15 10 5 5 10 15 20

TABVLA I. ASIAE.

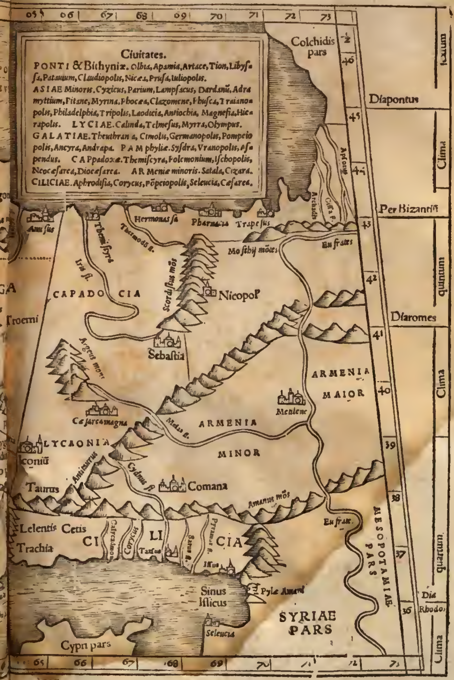
Continet hæc tabula Pontum & Bithyniam & quæ propriè Aſia dicitur, ac Lyciam & Galatiam, Pamphiliam item, Cappadociam & Ciliciam. Parallelus ipſius medius rationem habet ad meridianum, quam 3 ad 4. Terminatur autem tabula ipſa ab ortu Armenia maiori & parte Syriæ. Ab Auſtro mari Carpathio, Lyciaco, Pamphilioq́ꝫ & anguſtijs Ciliciæ & ſinu Iſſico. Ab occaſu mari Thracio, Boſphoro, & Aegæo pelago ac Icario & Myrtoo. Ab arctis, Pontico mari.

Ciuitates inſignes		H	m̃	H	m̃
Bithyniæ	*Chalcedon*	15	15	0	15
	Nicomedia	15	14	0	10
	Apamia	15	5	0	12
	Heraclea Ponti	15	15	0	4
	Nicea	15	7	0	10
Aſiæ propriæ	*Cyzicus*	15	0	0	15
	Troas Alexandri	15	0	0	19
	Pergamus	14	55	0	12
	Smyrna	14	45	0	8
	Epheſus	14	40	0	12
	Miletus	14	37	0	8
	Cnidus	14	30	0	15
	Sardis	14	45	0	7
	Magneſia	14	40	0	7
	Apamia	14	45	0	0
	Cibyra	14	52	0	0
	Mitylene	14	57	0	15
	Chios	14	45	0	15
	Rhodos	14	30	0	7
Lyciæ	*Patara*	14	30	0	0
	Andriaca	14	30	0	0
	Myra	14	35	0	0
Galatiæ	*Sinope*	15	20	0	15
	Amiſus	15	15	0	20
	Ancyra	15	7	0	10
	Therma	15	7	0	0
	Peſſenus	15	0	0	0
Pamphiliæ	*Sida*	14	30	0	12
	Perga	14	35	0	7
	Aſpendus	14	35	0	8
	Termeſſus	14	37	0	7
Cappadociæ	*Trapezus*	15	15	0	40
	Comana Pontica	15	5	0	29
	Mazaque & Ceſarea	14	50	0	23
Armeniæ minoris	*Comana Cappadociæ*	14	45	0	30
	Melitena	14	50	0	40
	Nicopolis	15	0	0	39
	Satala	15	7	0	39
Ciliciæ	*Selenus*	14	30	0	15
	Pompeiopolis	14	35	0	29
	Mallos	14	30	0	33
	Tarſus	14	35	0	30
	Adana	14	35	0	31

Habet diem maximum (first H m̃ columns).

Diſtat ab Alexandria ad occaſum (Cyzicus – Apamia); *Diſtat ab Alexandria ad ortum* (Ancyra – Mazaque & Ceſarea).


Mutationes nominum.
Ionia, nunc Quiſcum. Trapeſus, Ienecb. Iconiũ, Cogni. Macedonia, Albania. Lycia, Briquis. Mazaca, regalis Cappadociæ ciuitas, à Tyberio appellatur Cæſarea, ubi ſanctus Baſilius epiſcopus fuit. Helleſpontus, Brachium ſancti Georgij. Pruſa, Burſa, Aſiatici imperij, hoc eſt, Turcarum caput.
MYSIA
SVPERIOR
THRACIA
Cõſtatinopolis
Propõtis
Chalcedon
Paphlagonia
Marlandeni
Heraclea
Timoniti
PONTVS ET BITHYNIA
Nicea
Olympus
Dydimus mõs
ASIA MINOR
Phrygia maior
Myſia maior
Meonia
Celænus
Lesbos
Mytilene
Mare Aegeum
Thyatira
LYDIA
Lycaonia
Mæandrus fl.
Phrygia Piſidia
PAMPH
Chios
Poſidiũ
Colophon
Mare Icarium
Ionia
Epheſus
Mycale
Sardis
Icaria
Samos
CARIA
LYCIA
Miletus
Halicarnaſſus
Xanthus
Doris
Rhodus
Megiſta
Mare Carpathium
Carpathus
Creta pars
Mare Creticum
Andri
Arceſine
Minyis
Mare Myrtoũ
Gnidus
Syme
Tenedos
Troia
Pergamus
Mare Euxin
Corambis
Parthenius
Sagarius
Apamia
Ilium
Cragus


Ciuitates.
PONTI & Bithyniæ. Olbia, Apamia, Artace, Tion, Libyſſa, Pataium, Claudiopolis, Nicæa, Pruſa, Iuliopolis.
ASIAE Minoris. Cyzicus, Parium, Lampſacus, Dardanũ, Adramyttium, Pitane, Myrina, Phocæa, Clazomene, Phuſca, Traianopolis, Philadelphia, Tripolis, Laodicia, Antiochia, Magneſia, Hierapolis. LYCIAE. Calinda, Telmeſus, Myrra, Olympus.
GALATIAE. Theuthrana, Cimolis, Germanopolis, Pompeiopolis, Ancyra, Andrapa. PAMphyliæ. Syſdra, Vranopolis, Aſpendus. CAPpadoxæ. Themiſcyra, Polemonium, Iſchopolis, Neocæſarea, Diocæſarea. ARMeniæ minoris. Satala, Cizara.
CILICIAE. Aphrodiſia, Corycus, Põpeiopolis, Seleucia, Cæſarea.
Colchidis pars
Diapontus
Per Bizantiũ
Diaromes
Dia Rhodo.
Clima
Hermonasſa
Pharnacia
Trapeſus
Amiſus
Themiſcyra
Moſthij mõtes
Eufrates
CAPADOCIA
Nicopol
Sebaſtia
ARMENIA MAIOR
Menlene
Cæſarea magna
ARMENIA MINOR
LYCAONIA
Iconiũ
Taurus
Comana
Amanus mõs
Lelentis
Cetis
CILICIA
Trachia
Tarſus
Sinus Iſſicus
Pylæ Aman
SYRIAE PARS
MESOPOTAMIAE PARS
Seleucia
Cypri pars

ASIAE II. TABVLA,

coutinet Sarmatiam Aſiaticam. Parallelus ipſius medius rationem habet ad meridianum, quam 7 ad 12. Terminatur autem tabula ab ortu Scythica & parte Caſpij maris. Ab auſtro Albania & Iberia & Colchide & parte Euxini ponti. Ab occaſu palude Mæotide atq; Sarmatia Europe. Ab arctis, terra incognita.

		Habet diē maximum H	m̄	Diſtat ab Alex. ad or. H	m̄
Inſigniores Sarmat. ci.	Hermoneſſa	15	50	0	20
	Oemanthia	15	45	0	38
	Tanais	17	10	0	29
	Tyrambe	16	6	0	39
	Naubaris	17	15	0	40


CIVITATES
Sarmatiæ Aſiaticæ.
Azaditeſmitra, Mapeta, Apathur-
gus, Phanagoria, Synda, Bata, A-
chæa, Tazos, Ampſalis, Oenan-
thia. Exopolis, Auchis, Scopelus,
Surube, Coruſia, Ebriapa, Sera-
ca, Cucunda, Batrache, Abu-
nis, Nauſunia, Almia, Naana,
Hermonaſſa, quã hodie uocant
Madaque.
SCYT
Baſilici Sarmatæ
Riphæi montes
Alexandri aræ
Zacatæ
Pons Tanais
Tanais fl.
Arx cęſaris
SARMATIÆ
Europeę pars
Nauaris
Iaxamatę
Tanais
Siraceni
Marubius fl.
Themeotæ
Rhombitus magnus
Mȩotis palus
Rhombitus paruus
Tyramba
Bicis palus
Cimmeriũ promõt.
TAVRICA
Cherſoneſus
Corocõdame
Cercetes ſinus
Pontus Euxinus
Colchidis pars

ASIAE II



Hyperborei
Montes Hyperborei
Hippophagi
Rha fl.
Ceramides
Asei
Phthirophagi
SCYTHIAE
Intra Imaũ pars
RMATIA
ASIATICA
Herbidi
Materi
Nesiotis regio
Mithridatis regio
Melanchleni
Hippici mõtes
Sapothrenę
Scymnitæ
Amazones
Oringi
Arbali
Surani
Sacani
Alexandri columnæ
Sirbi
Rha fl.
Tusci
Diduri
Ceraunij mõtes
Agoritæ
Isondę
Vdon fl.
Vlæ
Olondę
Meribi
Porta Sarmaticæ
Gerri
Alonta
Albanię pars
Pars Hyrcani maris
Parall. per Thylen
Parall. uicesim.
Parall. decimusnonus
Parall. decimu. octa.
Parall. decimusept.
Parall. 16
Diariphcos
Parall. 15
Diaboryit

TERTIA ASIAE

tabula continet Colchidem, Iberiam, Albaniam & Armeniam maiorem. Parallelus ipſius medius rationem habet ad meridianum, quam undecim ad quindecim. Terminatur autem tabula ipſa ab ortu parte Caſpij maris & parte Mediæ, à meridie, Aſſyria & Meſopotamia. Ab occaſu, Cappadocia & parte Euxini ponti. Ab arctis, Sarmatia Aſiatica.

			Habet diem maximum H	m̃	Diſtat ab Alexandria verſus ortum H	m̃
Ciuitates inſignes	Colchidis	Dioſcuris	15	45	0	43
		Phaſis	15	29	0	50
	Iberiæ	Artaniſſa	15	40	1	0
		Armactica	15	29	1	0
	Albaniæ	Getara	15	30	1	19
		Albana	15	30	1	26
	Armeniæ maioris	Artaxata	15	10	1	20
		Armauria	15	14	1	6
		Thoſpia	14	52	1	ſeré
		Artemita	14	50	1	14


Manrali
Dioſcurias
Hippus fl.
Me hleſu.
Cyaneus fl.
Lubium
IBERIA
Madia
Zalæ COLCHIS
Neapolis
Ecretica regio
Charistus
Phaſis fl.
Pars Ponti
Phaſis
Armactica
Moſchici mōtes
Moſchici mōtes
Cotatena regio
Toſarena regio
Surta
Sacapena
Siracena
Pars Cappadociæ
Bochæ
Trapezus
Varutha
Chaſira
Araxes
Fons Euphra.
Zoriga
Baſiliſene
Sana
Antitaurus
Hobordena
Sophena
Antitaurus
Abus mons
Acliſena
ARMENIA MAIOR
Anzitena
Bagrau
Gordæi mōtes
Gordena
Mazara
Thoſpites
Thoſpitis palus
Mardi
Anzeta
Niphates
Corinea
Euphrates
ARMENIAE minoris pars
Niphates mōs
Tigris
Sanana
Meſopotamiæ pars
71
72
73
74
75
76
77
47
46
45
44
43
42
41
40
39

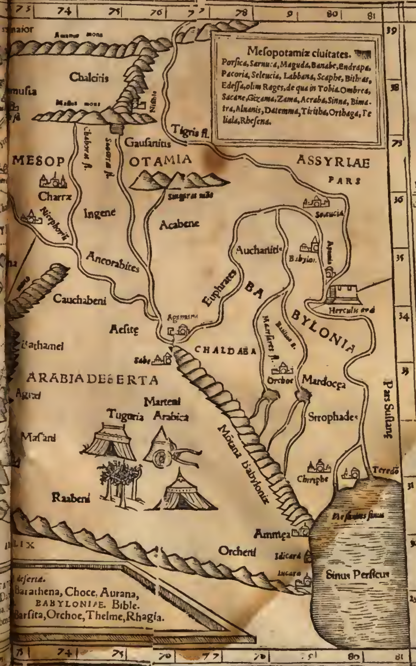

Porte Albanie
Chabala
Caſius fl.
Thauna
Soana fl.
Iobula
Albanus fl.
Miſia
ALBANIA
Albana
Hyrcani ſiue Caſpij maris Pars
Parall. 14
Diaponcus
Clima ſextum
Arca Noe, quę quieuit in mõtibus Armenię
Coltena
Araxus fl.
Parall. 13
Per Byzãtium
Totena
regio
Caſpius mons
MEDIAE
PARS
Parall. 12
CIVITATES.
COLCHIDIS. Dioſcurias, quæ & Sebaſtopolis, Siganeum, Madia, Sarace, Zadris.
IBERIAE. Aginna, Vaſeda, Varica, Zaliſſa.
ALBANIAE. Telebs, Gelda, Tagoda, Samunis, Embolea, Baruca, Miſia, Chadacha, Alamus, Thilbis, Thaiuna.
ARMENIAE minoris. Sataphara, Cholua, Pastina, Batinna, Sacalbina, Arſarata, Naxuana, Tiniſſa, Cubina, Phandalia, Citamum, Babila, Legerda, Belcania, Colchis, Phora, Mepa, Caputa, Colſa, Tigranoama, Artagigarta, Corra, Anzeta, Cholidama, Pherendis, Sardeua.
Climaquinum
ASSYRIAE
PARS
79
80
81
82
83
84
85
86

QVARTA

ASIAE tabula continet Cyprum, Syriam Paleſtinã, Arabiam duplicem, Meſopotamiam & Babyloniam. Parallelus ipſius medius rationem habet ad meridianum, quam ς.ad σ. Terminatur autem tabula ipſa ab ortu Aſſyria & Suſiana & parte ſinus Perſici. Ab auſtro parte eiuſdẽ Perſici ſinus, felici Arabia & interiori parte ſinus Arabici. Ab occaſu, parte Aegypti et mari Aegyprio, Syriaco atq; Pamphilio ac Iſſico ſinu & Cilicia. Ab Arctis, anguſtijs Ciliciæ & parte Cappadociæ & maioris Armeniæ.

			Habet diem maximum		Diſtat ab Alexandria verſus ortum	
			H	m̄	H	m̄
Ciuitates inſignes	Cypri	Paphus	14	26	0	15
		Amathus	14	25	0	22
		Salamis	14	29	0	27
	Syriæ	Laodicia	14	26	0	34
		H erapolis	14	31	0	44
		Apamia	14	26	0	40
		Palmyra	14	15	0	51
		Helopolis	14	15	0	34
		Panias Cęſarea	14	15	0	29
		Damaſcus	14	15	0	37
	Paleſtinæ	Cęſarea Stratonis	14	12	0	26
		A'calon	14	8	0	20
		Neapolis	14	8	0	28
	Arabiæ Petreæ	Hieroſolyma	14	8	0	24
		Petra	14	0	0	27
		Medaba	14	2	0	34
		Boſtra	14	8	0	39
	Meſopotamiæ	Edeſſa	14	40	0	50
		Niſibis	14	40	1	0
		Nicephorium	14	26	0	54
		I a nbans	14	30	1	10
		Seleucia	14	29	1	15
	Babyloniæ	Babylon	14	25	1	15
		Barſita	14	20	1	3
		Orchoa	14	14	1	3
		Teredon	14	5	1	20


SYRIAE CIVITATES.
Botrys, Ptolemais, quæ hodie Acon, Berroea, Daphne, Epiphania, Apamia, Emeſa, Heliopolis, Scythopolis, Palmyra
PALESTINAE. Apollonia, Anthedon, Iulias Neapolis, Thena, Iamnia, Lydda, Sebaſte, Emmaus, Capitolis, Gabbna, Thamna, Engada. ARABIAE Petreæ. Eboda, Lyſa, Esbuta, Medaua, Lydia, Rhabmathom. Boſtra legio.
Cypri ciuitates.
Paphos noua & uetus, Curium, Amathus, unde tota inſula Amathuſia olim dicta fuit, Citium, Arſinoë.
ARMENIA minor
Comagen
Cilicię par
Antiochia
Pieria
Seleucia
Hierapolis
Chalybon
Seleucis
SYRIA
CYPRVS
Carpaſia
Salamis
Olympus
Paphus
Lycus
Amathus
Clides
Laodicia
Aradus
Caſiotis
Orōs fl.
Apamena
Chal
Tripolis
Byblus
Berytus
Leon fl.
Laodicia
Sidon
Tyrus
Antilibanus
Ptolemais
Carmelus
Libanus
Batanea
Mare Syriacum
Ceſarea Stratonis
Ioppe
Galilæa
Iordanis
Azotus
Samaria
Cœleſyria
Hieroſolyma
Iudæa
Paleſtina
Aſcalon
Idumæa
Peluſium
Philadelphia
Rathena
ARABIA PETREA
Lacus Aſphaltite
Saraceni
Petra
Pharanitæ
Montana Arabię Felicis
Melanes ſeu nigri montes
ÆGYPTI PARS
Elana
Sinus Arabicus
CIVITATES
Thapſacus, Auzara, Dadara
Temma, Dapha Odagana, Ban
Lunda, Altha, Duraba, Thelbencane



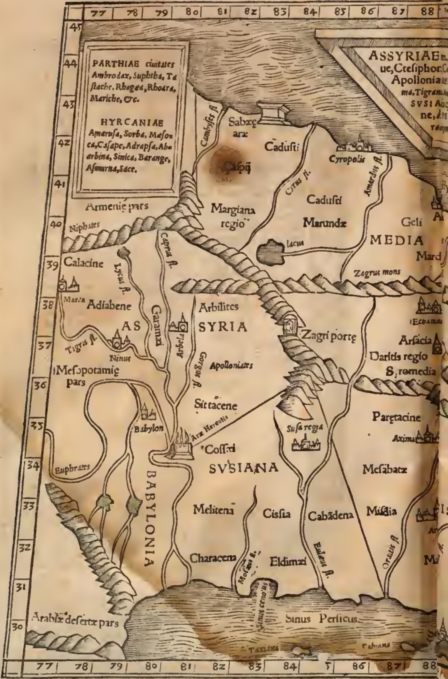
Meſopotamiæ ciuitates.
Porſica, Sarnuca, Maguda, Banabe, Endrapa, Pacoria, Seleucia, Labbana, Scaphe, Bithras, Edeſſa, olim Rages, de qua in Tobia. Ombrea, Sacane, Gizama, Zama, Acraba, Sinna, Bimatra, Alnanis, Datemma, Tiritba, Orthaga, Teliala, Rheſena.
Chalcitis
Gauſanitis
Tigris fl.
MESOP OTAMIA
ASSYRIAE PARS
Charræ
Ingene
Acabene
Ancorabites
Auchanitis
Babylon
BA BYLONIA
Euphrates
Cauchabeni
Aeſitę
Herculis ara
CHALDAEA
ARABIA DESERTA
Mardocea
Orchoe
Strophades
Marteni Arabica
Tuguria
Maſani
Pars Suſianę
Raabeni
Chriſphe
Teredō
Ammęa
Orcheni
Sinus Perſicus
Clima
Par.
Baraſhena, Choce, Aurana,
BABYLONIÆ. Bible.
Barſita, Orchoe, Thelme, Rhagia.

TABVLA V. ASIAE.

Ontinet hęc tabula Aſſyriam, Suſianam, Mediā, Perſidem, Parthiam, & Carmaniam deſertā. Parallelus ipſius medius, rationē habet ad meridianū, quam quatuor ad quinq;. Terminatur autē tabula ipſa ab ortu Aria, ab auſtro Carmania & ſinu Perſico. Ab occaſu Babylonia ac Meſopotamia & parte maioris Armeniæ. A ſeptētrionibus, Hyrcani maris & regione Hyrcaniæ.

			Habet diem maximum H	m̄	Diſtat ab Alexandria verſus ortum H	m̄
Ciuitates inſignes	Aſſyriæ	Ninus	14	36	1	7
		Arbila	14	37	1	20
		Cteſipbon	14	25	1	20
	Suſianæ	Suſa	14	20	1	35
		Tariana	14	12	1	29
	Mediæ	Cyropolis	15	0	1	40
		Ecbatana	14	40	1	50
		Arſacia	14	30	1	50
		Europus	14	35	2	14
	Perſidis	Axima	14	19	1	50
		Perſepolis	14	15	2	4
		Maraſſium	14	20	2	10
		Taoca	14	0	2	0
	Parthiæ	Hecatōpylus	14	40	2	20
		Ambrodax	14	44	2	19
		Aracana	14	40	2	24

TABVLA


PARTHIAE ciuitates Ambrodax, Suphtha, Taſtache, Rhaga, Rhoara, Mariche, &c.
HYRCANIAE Amaruſa, Sorba, Maſoaca, Caſape, Adrapſa, Abearbina, Sinica, Barange, Aſmurna, Sace.
ASSYRIAE
ue, Cteſiphon
Apollonia
ma, Tigran
SVSI
Cambyſes fl.
Sabææ aræ
Caduſii
Cyropolis
Cyrus fl.
Amardus fl.
Armeniæ pars
Niphates
Margiana regio
Caduſii
Marundæ
Geli
MEDIA
lacus
Mard
Zagrus mons
Capros fl.
Calacine
Lycus fl.
Adiabene
Garamæi
Arbilites
AS
SYRIA
Zagri portæ
Arſacia
Tigris fl.
Ninus
Arbela
Gorgus fl.
Apolloniates
Daritis regio
Meſopotamiæ pars
Sittacene
Paretacine
Babylon
Aræ Herculis
Suſa regia
Coſſæi
SVSIANA
Meſabatæ
Euphrates
BABYLONIA
Melitena
Ciſſia
Cabadena
Miſdia
Characena
Moſæus fl.
Eldimæi
Euleus fl.
Oroatis fl.
Sinus Perſicus
Arabiæ deſertæ pars
Taxiana
Rabiana

ASI AE V



Diapontus
Per Byzãtium
Parall. 13
Diaromes
Parall. 12
Diarbodos
Oxus
Talca
Socanda
Aſtabeni
HYRCA NIA
Maxera fl.
Siracene
Maxeræ
Hyrcania metropolis
Chrindi
Arſitis
Charnida fl.
Coronus mõs
Comiſena
Maſſoranus mons
Orontes
Hecatompylon regia
PARTHIA
Portæ Caſpiæ
Iaſonius
Europus
Parthiena
Tapuri
Aſpa
Taſtache
Parchoathrus mons
Tabiena
Sobidæ
Rapſi
Modomaſtica
Perſepolis regia
Bagrada fl.
CARMA NIA DESERTA
ERSIS
Stabæi
Gadanopydres
Rhogomanis fl.
Corra
Iſatiche
Zuthi
Taocena
Briſoana fl.
Suzæi
Dara fl.
Ionaca
Carmaniæ pars
Alexādris

ARABIAM FE-

licem atque Carmaniam continet hæc VI. Aſiæ tabula. Paralle lus ipſius medius, rationem haber ad meridianum, quam decem ad duodecim. Terminatur autem rabula ipſa ab ortu Gedroſia & Indico pelago. Ab auſtro, pelago Indico & mari rubro. Ab occaſu, ſinu Arabico, & à ſeptētrionibus, utraq; Arabia, Petrea & deſerta, ac ſinu Perſico & Carmania deſerta.

Ciuitates inſignes		Habet diem maximum H	m̃	Diſtat ab Alexandria uerſus ortum H	m̃
Arabiæ Felicis	Badeo	13	15	0	40
	Pudnſ	13	0	0	50
	Muza	12	30	0	59
	Ocelis	12	45	1	0
	Arabia emporiū	12	44	1	20
	Cane	12	45	1	39
	Gerra	13	30	1	20
	Mara	13	7	1	4
	Omanum	13	14	1	10
	Menambis	13	0	1	0
	Sabbatha	13	0	1	7
	Sabe	12	45	1	4
	Sapphar	12	45	1	50
	Dioſcoridis inſ.	12	35	1	46
	Sarapidis inſula	13	6	2	15
	Apphana inſula	13	50	1	24
Carmaniæ	Armuza	13	30	2	15
	Samydace	13	27	2	39
	Carmana regia	13	55	2	40
	Carmina inſula	13	7	2	45

Quedā ex ſignatis ciuitatibus habēt ſolē ſemel in anno ſupra uerticē, quæ ſcilicet ſub Tropico Cancri ſitæ ſunt: quædam bis, quæ aliquot gradus à Cancro ad æquatorem declinant.

TABVLA



ARABIA DESERTA
SASIANA
Mõtes Arabiæ Felicis
Thamydite
Oaditę
Sceniţę
Sidenì
Saraceni
Aſapeni
Darræ
Apatęi
Arſæ
Vdeni
Zygena
Tropicus Cancri
Arabia
Felix
Gera
Manitæ
Cassaniti
Sabæi
Myrriſera regio
Elesari
Mingi
Sinus Arabicus
Fons Stygis
Myrrifera exterior
Masonitę
Homeritæ
Arabia
Ocelis
Mare Rubrũ
Sinus Aualites
Aromata promõr.
ÆTHIOPIA ſub Aegypto


PERSIS
Carmania deſerta
Aria
Parall. 8
Dialexãdros
Dara fl.
Carmana
Sinus Perſicus
Cathrappis
Sagdana
Corius
CARMANIA
CLIMA
2
Andanis
Tylus
Armozon
Sagaeus
Samidaches
Arathos
Alexãdria
Parall. 6
Carpella
Diaiyene
Anariti
Aſaborũ promõt.
Tiſa
Didyma
Zorambo
Coroda m̃ promõt.
Polla
Liba
regio
Ormanus
Sachaliæ
Organa
Carnunna
Sinus Sachaliæ
Sarapis
Paral. 4
Diameroes
Zenobij
Pelagus Indicum
Aſtyte
Parall.
3
Par.
2
Populi ARABIAE felicis.
Cinædecolpitæ, Caſſaniti, Eleſari, Homeritæ, Adramitæ, Sachalitæ, Aneriti, Aegæi, Themi, Leaniti, Abucæi, Scenitæ, Oaditæ, Saraceni, Thamydeni, Atbritæ, Maſemães, Vdeni, Læceni, Aſateni, Iobſitæ, Catanitæ, Thanuitæ, Manitæ, Alapeni, Malichæ, Minæi, Doreni, Mocritæ, Sabæi, Achitæ, Malangitæ, Iritæ, Bliulæi, Omãcitæ, Cottabani, Iobaritæ, Alumeotæ, Sophanitæ, Citbebanitæ, Arabanitæ, Cathramonitæ, Saritæ, Tappharitæ, Rhatinæ, Maphoritæ, Aſcitæ, Maſſonitæ, Gerre, Sideni, Darræ, Banubari, Arſæ.

SEPTIMA

ASIAE Tabula continet Margianam, Bactrianam, Sogdianam, Sacas & Scythiam intra Imaum montem. Annumeratur & Hyrcania, quæ tamen in quinta Aſiæ tabula locum habet. Parallelus ipſius medius, rationem habet ad meridianum, quam duo ad tria. Terminatur autem tabula ipſa ab ortu Scythia quæ intra Imaum montem eſt, ab auſtro, monte Imao qui ſupra Indos eſt, qui intra & extra Gangem ſunt. Præterea Paropaniſadibus & Aria ac Parthia & parte Hyrcani maris. Ab occaſu, parte Mediæ & Hyrcani pelagi & Sarmatia Aſiatica. Ab arctis, terra incognita.

			Habet diem maximum H	m̄	Diſtat ab Alexandria uerſus ortum H	m̄
Ciuitates inſignes	Hyrcaniæ	Hyrcania	14	56	2	34
		Amaruſa	14	56	2	20
	Margianæ	Antiochia	15	fere	3	4
		Nigæa	15	0	3	0
	Bactrianæ	Charachatta	15	20	3	24
		Zariſpa	15	23	3	40
		Bactra	15	0	3	44
		Maracanda	14	50	3	29
	Sogdianæ	Oxiana	15	19	3	49
		Matuca	15	20	3	49
		Drepſa	15	30	4	0
		Alexandria	15	0	4	7
	Scythiæ	Aſpabota	15	20	2	49
		Dauaba	15	30	2	59

TABVLA

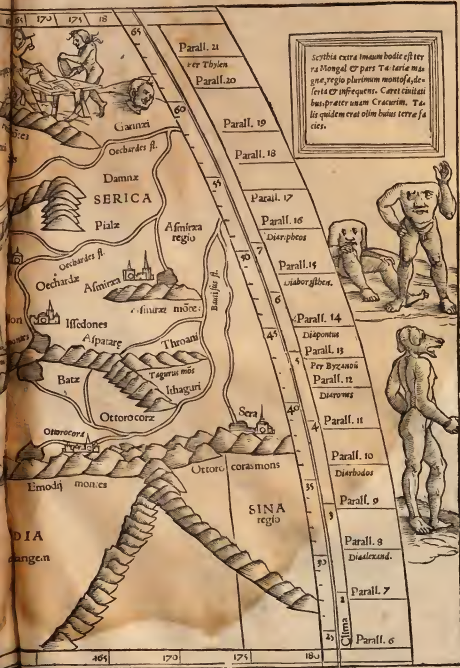

Populi
SOGDIANAE. Paſicæ, Iatij, Tachori, Augali, Oxidrancæ, Drybactæ, Candari, Mardyeni, Oxiani, Chorasmij, Drepſiani, Anieſes, Cirroedes. Eſt etiam regio Vandabanda, inter Caucaſum & Imaum.
Alani Scythæ
Hyperborei môtes
Sarmatia
SCYTHIA
Rha fl.
Rhoboſti
Moloģeni
Aſmani
Samnitæ
Panardi
Rhymmi
Mótes
Norosſus
SARMATIA Aſiatica
Daix fl.
Aſiotæ
Aorſi
Orgaſi
Namaſtæ
Iuſtus fl.
Mare Hyrcanũ ſiue Caſpium
MARGIANA
Hyrcania
ME
DIA
Sariphi
Aſſyria
Parthia
ARIA
Suſiana
PERSIS
Carmania Deſerta
Drãgiana
Carmania
Sinus Perſicus


Populi
MARGIANAE, Derbiccæ, Maſſagetæ, Parni, Dæ, Tapuri
BACTRIANAE. Salateræ, Zariaſpæ, Chomari, Comi, Acinacæ, Tambyzi, Thocari, Marycæi, Scordæ, Varni, Sauadij, Amariſſi.
SCYTHIAE populi Maſſæi, Erymi, Iaſtæ, Machetegi, Norosbes, Cachagæ, Aſcotancæ, Sagarancæ. Ciuitates Marglanæ. Ariaca, Nigæa, Guriana, Aratha, Rhea, Iaſonium. Bactrianæ. Charracharta, Zariſpa, Ebuſmi, Maracãda, Curiãdra. Sogdianæ. Oxiana, Maruca, Drepſa, Alexandria ultima.
Suobeni
Alanorſi
INTRA
Syebi
Syebi montes
Tectoſaces
Saſones
Galactophagi
Tapurgi
Tapuri montes
Anarei mõtes
Imaus mons
Parall. 21
Per Thylen
Parall. 17
Diaripheos
Parall. 16
Parall. 14
Diapontus
Diaromes
Paral. 12
Sogdij mõtes
Carate
Comari
Maſſagetæ
Aſcatanca mons
DIANA
TRIA NA
SACA
Turris lapid.
Comedorũ mõtes
Caucaſij mõtes
Imaus mons
Paropaniſus
ACHOSIAAR
DROSIA
INDIA
Clima

OCTAVA ASIAE TABV-la continet Scythiam extra Imaum montem & Sericam. Parallelus ipſius medius, rationem habet ad meridianũ, quam duo ad tria. Terminatur autem tabula ipſa ab Arctis & ortu terra incognita, à meridie Sinis & Indię parte. Ab occaſu, Sacis & Scythia intra Imaum montem.

Ciuitates inſigniores			Habet diem maximum H	m̃	Diſtat ab Alexand. verſus ortũ H	m̃
	Scythiæ	Iſſedon Scythica	16	7	6	0
		Auzacia	16	26	5	55
	Sericæ	Iſſedon Serica	15	30	6	49
			14	39		
		Droſache	14	45	7	8
		Ottorocora			7	0
		Metropolis Sera			7	55


Seres, quietiſsimi omnium mortalium ſunt, nulla cũ alijs gentibus cõmercia habentes. Perdurãt plurimo tẽpore, & tandem abſq; ægritudine uitam finiunt.
SCYTHIA
intra Imaum
Imaus mons
Abij Scythæ
Hippophagi
Auxacitis
regio
Anthropop
Annibi
Auxacia
Caſia regio
Iſſedon
Chatæ Scythę
SACA
SCYTHIA EXTRA
IMAVM
Damna
Achaſia regio
Chauranæi Scythæ
Chaurana
Soeta
Ganges fl.
INDIA
intra Gangem
65
60
55
50
45
40
35
30
25
140
145
150
155
135
140
150
155



Scythia extra Imaum hodie eſt terra Mongal & pars Tartariæ magnæ, regio plurimum montoſa, deſerta & infrequens. Caret ciuitatibus, præter unam Cracurim. Talis quidem erat olim huius terræ facies.
Parall. 21
Per Thylen
Parall. 20
Parall. 19
Parall. 18
Parall. 17
Parall. 16
Diaripheos
Parall. 15
Diaborysthen.
Parall. 14
Diapontus
Parall. 13
Per Byzantiū
Parall. 12
Diarom*s
Parall. 11
Parall. 10
Diarhodos
Parall. 9
Parall. 8
Diaalexand.
Parall. 7
Parall. 6
Clima
Garinæi
Oechardes fl.
Damnæ
SERICA
Pialæ
Aſmiræa regio
Oechardes fl.
Oechardæ
Aſmiræa
Aſmiræi mōtes
Bautiſus fl.
Iſſedones
Aſpataræ
Throani
Tagurus mōs
Ithaguri
Batæ
Ottorocoræ
Sera
Ottorocora
Ottoro corasmons
Emodij montes
SINA regio
165
170
175
180
65
60
55
50
45
40
35
30
25

NONA A-
SIAE Tabula continet Ariam, Paropaniſadas, Drangianam, Arachoſiam & Gedroſiã. Parallelus eius medius rationẽ habet ad meridianũ, quam tredecim ad quindecim. Circũſcribitur autẽ tabula ab ortu India, à meridie Indico pelago, & ab occaſu utraque Carmania & Parthia. Ab arctis, Margiana & Bactriana.

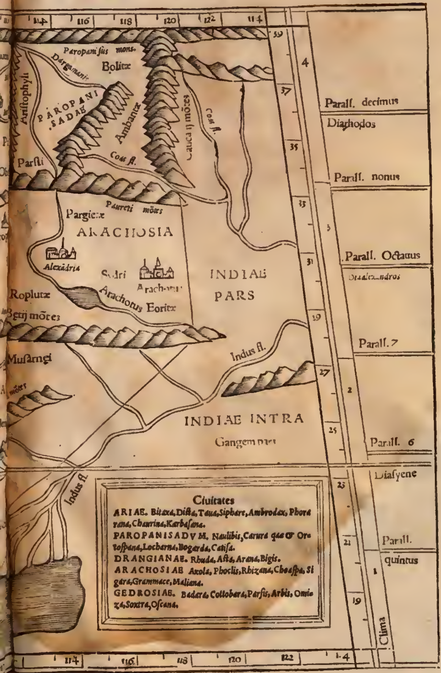
			Habet diem maximum H	m	Distat ab Alexandria uerſus ortum H	m
Ciuitates inſignes	Ariæ	Aria	14	26	3	0
		Bitaxa	14	45	2	55
		Alexandria	14	30	3	20
	Paropaniſadum	Naulibis	14	27	3	40
		Carura	14	26	3	50
	Drangianę	Prophthaſia	14	20	3	20
		Artaſpa	13	50	3	14
	Arachoſiæ	Alexandria	14	6	3	36
		Arachotos	14	0	3	51
	Gedroſiæ	Cuni	13	45	3	20
		Muſarna	13	45	3	40
		Arbis	13	30	3	0

PTOLEMEVS.

In Arbi ciuitate ſol ſemel in anno fit ſupra uerticem in ipſo æſtiuo tropico. Et hoc dicimus, quia ſol prope ipſum eſt tropicum. Sciendum autem, quod cum diſtat tertia parte unius magni gradus qui in zodiaco tres efficit,, tum non ſemel in anno, ſed bis neceſſe eſt ſolum fieri ſupra uerticem, quãdo ſcilicet diſtat à tropico ab utraque parte gradibus tribus, ſicut in alijs ciuitatibus præſcriptum eſt, quæ in eadem parte latitudinis ſitæ ſunt.


PARS
Parthiæ
Nitæi
Drachamæ
ARIA
Astaueni
Etymandri
Alexãdria
Masdorani
Casirotæ
Scorpiofera regio
Paraui
Obares
PARS
Carmaniæ deſertæ
Bagous mons
Darandæ
ORANGIANA
Prophthaſi
Totacene
Arthius fl.
Batrij
Mulania
GEDROSIA
Parſiræ
Paradene
PARS
Carmaniæ
Arbis
Tropicus
Cancri
Arbitori
Rhamnæ
Rhagiana
Mare Indicum
Libi
Aſthæa
Carmina
Codane
Mare Indicu

... SIAE IX.



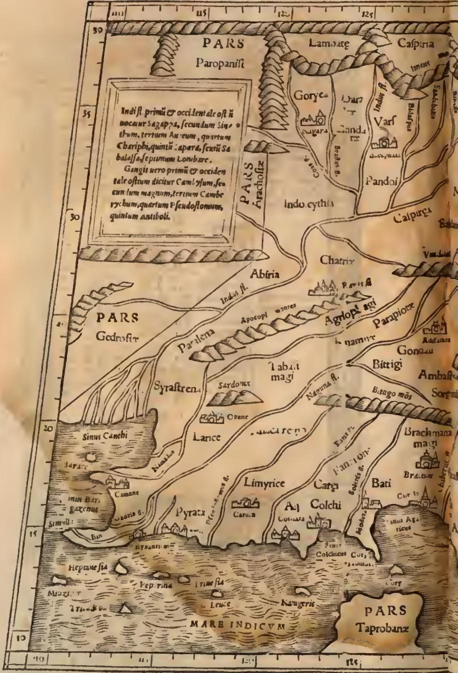
Paropanisus mons.
Dargamanis
Bolitæ
Ariſtophyli
PAROPANISADAE
Ambautæ
Caucaſi mõtes
Coas fl.
Parſti
Coas fl.
Paureti mõtes
Pargietæ
ARACHOSIA
Alexãdria
Sydri
Arachotus
INDIAE PARS
Roplutæ
Arachotus
Eoritæ
Mufarngi
Indus fl.
INDIAE INTRA
Gangem pars
Indus fl.
Parall. decimus
Diarhodos
Parall. nonus
Parall. Octauus
Parall. 7
Parall. 6
Diaſyene
Parall. quintus
Clima
Ciuitates
ARIAE. Bitaxa, Diſta, Taua, Siphare, Ambrodax, Phorarana, Charrina, Karbaſana.
PAROPANISADVM. Naulibis, Carura quæ & Ortoſpana, Locharna, Bogarda, Catiſa.
DRANGIANAE. Rhuda, Aſta, Arana, Bigis.
ARACHOSIAE Axola, Phoclis, Rhizana, Choaſpa, Sigara, Grammace, Maliana.
GEDROSIAE. Badara, Collobera, Parſis, Arbis, Omiza, Soxtra, Oſcana.

ASIAE X

Tabula continet INDIAM intra Gangem flu. cum adiacentibus ſibi inſulis. Parallelus eius medius rationem habet ad meridianum, quam undecim ad duodecim. Terminatur aũt tabula ab ortu India extra Gãgem: ab auſtro parte Gangetici ſinus & Indici pelagi. ¡Ab occaſu Gedroſia & Arachoſia & Paropaniſadis: ab Arctis, parte Imaï montis quæ ſub Sogdianis & Sacis eſt.

		H	m̃	H	m̃	G	m̃
Ciuitates inſigniores Indiæ intra Gangẽ	Simylla	12	49	3	20	50	30
	Muceris	12	49	3	50	52	43
	Chaberis	12	58	4	36	47	30
	Palura	12	40	5	8	60	13
	Caſpira	14	6	4	29	0	0
	Bucephala	14	0	4	21	0	0
	Palibrotha	13	45	5	32	0	0
	Patala	13	19	3	30	16	30
	Barbari	13	27	3	32	16	3
	Barygaza	13	6	3	32	41	36
	Ocena	13	15	3	50	30	14
	Bæthana	13	8	3	49	39	20
	Hippocura	13	12	3	59	35	30
	Carura	13	0	3	58	45	15
	Modura	4	20	4	20	46	36
	Orthura	13	0	4	40	45	15
	Pitynda	12	45	5	0	57	6

Habet diem maximum
Diſtat ab Alexandria verſus ortum
Diſtat ab Alexandria verſus ortum
æſtiuo utraq; parte
Hic ſol bis in anno fit ſupra verticem, quum diſtat à tropico


PARS
Paropaniſi
Lamoatę
Caſpiria
Indiſi primũ & occidentale oſtiũ uocatur Sagappa, ſecundum Sinthum, tertium Au eum, quartum Chariphi, quintũ apara, ſextũ Sabalaſſa, ſeptimum Lonibare.
Gangis uero primũ & occidentale oſtium dicitur Cambyſum, ſecundum magnum, tertium Camberychum, quartum Pſeudoſtomum, quintum antiboli.
PARS
Arachoſiæ
Goryea
Pandoſ
Indo.cythia
Caſpirgi
Chatriæ
Abiria
Indus fl.
PARS
Gedroſiæ
Apocopi montes
Agriophagi
Parapiotæ
Paralena
Tabaſi magi
Bittigi
Gonda
Ambaſt
Syraſtrena
Sardonix
Bittigo mõs
Ozene
Sinus Canthi
Larice
Brachmana magi
Barace
Limyrice
Carei
Bati
Camane
Colchi
Pyrata
Byzantium
Sinus Colchicus
Heptane ſia
Trineſia
Leuce
Nanigeris
MARE INDICVM
PARS
Taprobanæ

ASIAE X.



PARS
Sacarum
SCYTHIA
extra Imaum
Imaum mõs
Cylindrina
Dedchæ
Conta
Gymnoſophiſtæ
Nanichæ
Praſiace
Sagada
Brolingæ
Peruarſ
Mandalæ
INDIAE
EXTRA
Gangem par.
INDIA INTRA
GANGEM
Palibotra
Vxentus mõs
Coccanagæ
Sabaræ
Gangaridæ
Gange
Salaceni
Paralia
Aruarni
Maſoli
Sinus
Gangeticus
Malanga
Pityndra
Palura
Populi Indiæ.
Sadani, Pyratæ, Aſi, Carei, Bati, Aruari, Datychæ, Pulindæ, Parapiotæ, Condali, Buttigi, Poruari, Adiſatbri, Mandalæ, Badiamei, Maſoli, Sabaræ, Pandioni, Aruarni, Nanichæ, Zaradri, Diamunæ, Lambati, Gãdaræ, Tabaſi, Phyllitæ.
Ciuitates Indiæ.
Carnaſa, Raraſſa metropol. Patala, Barbari, Barygaza emporiũ, Ozene regia, Arcati regia, Sageda metropolis, Palibothra, Gange regia, Beetana regia, Hippocura regia, Muſopalle metropolis, Modura regia, Orthura regia.
Parall. 11
Parall. 10
Parall. 9
Parall. 8
Parall. 6
Diaf
Diame
roes
Clima
135
140
145
149

VNDECIMA ASIAE Tabula continet INDIAM extra Gangem flu. & Sinas.

Parallelus eius medius ferè eandem rationē habet quam meridianus. Circūſcribitur autē tabula ab ortu terra incognita: ab auſtro ſinu magno & Gāgetico, qui in pelago ſunt Indico. Ab occaſu, India intra Gangem. A ſeptentrionibus, parte Sacarum & Scythia extra Imaum montem atq; Serica,

			H	m̃	H	m̃	G	m̃
			Habet diem maximum		Diſtat ab Alexandria uerſus ortum	quum diſtat à tropico ab utraq; parte	Hic ſol bis in anno fit ſupra uerticem,	
Ciuitates inſignes	Indiæ extra Gangem	*Tacola*	12	15	6	40	79	20
		Zabæ	13	15	7	20	73	20
		Toſala	13	30	6	0	0	0
		Tugma	13	27	6	10	18	15
		Trilingum	13	5	6	15	39	30
		Marcura	12	45	6	30	57	12
		Randamarcota	13	45	7	29	0	0
		Metropol. Argyre in Iabadij inſula	12	30	7	8	68	6
	Sinarū	*Aſpithra*	13	0	7	42	45	30
		Sinæ metropolis	12	48	8	*ferè*	82	30
		Cattigara ſtatio	12	30	7	45	68	15


Habet hæc India tigres, gallos barbatos, pſitacos a'bos &c.
CIVITATES
Samba, Berabōna, Begynga, Perimula, Saradæ, Thiponobaſti, Acadra, Throana, Sapolus, Heorta, Boreta, Talarga, Eldana, Tugma, Triglyphon, Mareura, Tharra, Balonca, Toſale. Sipſberis, Tomara. Pādaſſa, Daona, Cimara, Bareuaora., Laſippa.
PARS Scythiæ extra
Imaus mons
Gangani
Tacorei
Aminachr
Bepyrrus mons
Ganges fl.
Corancoli
Boræta
Paſſilæ
Celydna
Tiledæ
Vxentus
Toſale
Aurea regio
Pentapol
PARS
Indiæ intra Gangem
Sinus Gangeticus
MARE INDICVM
Bonæ fortunæ
Maneolæ inſulæ
Baruſſæ Anthropo. hagi
Sindæ
140
145
150


PARS
Sericæ
Serici mõtes
Indaprathæ
Iberingæ
Anthina
Casmij montes
Cacobæ
Baſinaræ
INDIA
Dabaſæ
EXTRA
Chalcitis regio
Semanthini
Semanthini mõtes
Acadræ
Nango
logæ
GAN
GEM
SINA
Cudutæ
Aſpithræ
Doranus fl.
Serus fl.
Aſpithra fl.
Baræ
Sindi
Daona
Sinus magnus
Aſpithra
Ambaſtæ
Temala
Beſynga fl.
Daonas fl.
Sobanus fl.
Sinda
Cortatha metropolis
Bramma
Ambaſtus
Sabara
Berobe
Sinus Sabaracus emporium
Balonga
Rhabana
AV
REA
CHER
SO
NESVS
Tacola
Zabæ
Sinus Perimulicus
Perimula
Notiũ prõõt.
Ferinus ſinus
Senus fl.
Attaba
Coli
Palanda
Sabana
Satyrorum insulæ
Sinarum ſinus
Metropolis
Sabadibæ
Iabadij inſula
Cattigara
Parall. 8
Dia alexandros
Diaſyene
Tropicus Cancri
Parall. 4
Diameroes
Parall. 3
Parall. 2
Parall. 1
Aequinoctial
Parall. 1
Parall. 2
Climata
160
165
170
175
180
37
35
30
25
20
15
10
5

ASIAE

Tabula XII. continet Taprobanã inſu-lam cum cæteris inſulis circa ipſam. Parallelus eius medius eandem habet rationem ad meridianum. Circũdatur autem tabula ab utraq; parte Indico mari.

Inſignes inſulæ ciuitates	Habet diem max. H	m̄	Diſtat ab Alexand. uerſus ortum. H	m̄
Talcori emporium	12	40	4	24
Agadiba	12	30	4	36
Masgrammum	12	29	4	29

Fit aũt in his tribus ciuitatibus ſol bis in anno ſupra uerticẽ, quum diſtat à tropico æſtiuo ab utraq; parte gradibus 59. minutis 35. in Talcori, & grad 68. minut. 5. in Agadiba, et grad. 71. min. 34. in Masgrãmo.



VARTOMANNVS.

Taprobanā inſulā hodie uocant Sumatrā, moderanturq́ꝫ ei quaterni diademate inſigniti reges: Mittit proceriores q̄ꝫ alibi inueniant elephātes, melioresq́ꝫ. Eſt etiam ibi procerioris piperis uberior prouentus, miraq́ꝫ copia. Lingua patria piper molaga dicit, & eſt lōge procerius illo, quod huc aduehit, multoq́ꝫ cādidius, ſed minus pōderoſum, uenit ēm ibi piper non pōdere ſed menſura.




PARS
Indiæ
Boreū
Suſuara
Canathra
Galibi
Modutū
Margana
Iogana
Anuro grammi
Galibi montes
Phaſis fl.
Anubingara
Nagadiba
Mare Indicum
Nagadiba
Ganges fl.
Soani
Procuri
Semni
Soana fl.
Sindocanda
Sando cãdę
TAPROBANA
Zibala
Abaratha
Malea mons
Tarachi
Bumaſani
Bocant
Baracus fl.
Paſcua Elephantum
Rhogandani
Nanigiri
Zaba
Bachi auitas
Azanus
Hodoca
Dagana
Gumara
Cetaeū promonc.
Arana
Alaba
Balaca
Baſſa

EVROPA PRIMA NOVA TABVLA.

Hæc una eſt ex tribus orbis partibus, cõplectiturq́; terram eximie fertilem, habẽs naturalem temperiem, cœlumq́; ſatis clemens: frugum, uini & arborũ copia nullis poſthabenda, ſed optimis terris cõparanda. Eſt adeò amœna; pulcherrimiſq́; urbibus, caſtris, uicis & pagis exornata, uirtute denique populorum tam præſtans, ut lõge ſuperet Aſiã aut Aphricam, quantumlibet illę terræ ſint maiores. Eſt tota habitabilis, præterquam in exigua parte, propter frigoris uim inhabitabilis, quæ finitima Tanaidis et Męotidis incolis Boryſthenẽſibuſq́;, in curribus more uagorum Arabum degentibus. Habitabilis autem regionis id quod eſt algidum & montanum natura, laborioſe habitatur. Sed quod in plano eſt & naturalem habet temperiem, multum iuuat ea loca quæ aſperiora ſunt, quandoquidem id quod eſt in felici regione pacificum omne eſt, & quod in triſti, pugnax, accipiuntq́; hæ gentes aliqua inter ſe beneficia, dum aliæ opem armis ferunt, aliæ fructibus & artibus morumq́; doctrina. Habet enim Europa multitudinem pugnacem, habet & quæ agros colat, quæq́; urbes cõtineat. Affert fructus optimos uitę neceſſarios, & metalla quęcunq; uſui neceſſaria ſunt. Odores uerò ad ſacrificia, nec nõ multi ſumptus lapillos extrinſecus petit. Similiter pecudũ mitiũ exhibet copiam, at beſtiarum ferarumq́; habet raritatẽ. Ac talis quidem eſt natura terræ Europæ in uniuerſum. Particularis autẽ pars prima eſt omnium ab occaſu Hiſpania, quę ab ortu ſolis abſcinditur à Gallia Pyrenæis montibus. Galliam ſeparat à Germania Rhenus, & alpes in Italia. Poſt Italiam autem, quæ ad ortum reliqua ſunt Europæ, bifariam diuiduntur Iſtro flumine. Fertur enim hic ab occaſu in ortum & in Euxinum pontum, à ſiniſtra relinquens Germaniam, Vngariam, Poloniam, Moſcouiam &c. A dextra uerò Illyricum, Dalmatiam, Thraciã, Macedoniam, reliquamq́; ultimam Græciam. Præiacẽt quoq; Europæ inſulæ, extra columnas Herculis, Gades & Caſſiterides & Britãnicæ. Intra colũnas uero Gymneſiæ, aliæq́; Phœnicum inſulæ, aliæq́; Maſſilienſium & Ligurum, &c.

EVROPA PRIMA



A NOVA TABVLA



ANGLICANÆ inſulæ noua deſcriptio, complectens & HIBERNIAE & SCOTIAE propinquiores limites.

Reliqua quæ hic de utraq; inſula obiter dicenda fuerant, inuenies in Appendice geographica, pagina 163.

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ANGLIA I·IN



Interpretationes vulgares quorundam nominum
Cornubia, Cornewal & Cornugallia
Vecta Wight
Oxonium Oxenford
Cantium Kent
Deuonia Deuonſchyre
Londinum London
Dorceſtria Dorcheſter
Surra Southerey
Beruicum Berwic
Eſſexia Eſſex
Roſenſis Rocheſter, Roceſt
Cantuarium Canterbery
Cantabriga Cambrig
Eboracum Yourck
Mona Mana
Sauduicus Sandwich
Somſetus Somerſet
OCEANVS GERMANICVS
Humbrus fl.
Hull
Star
Doram
Vorck
Eboracū
Agelon
Trenta fl.
Durus fl.
Berwic
Tueda fl.
Herbotel
Burg
Newburg
Solueus fl.
Edinburg
regia
Northumbria
Karlil
Clederhow
Roxburgh
Cobrenald
Trene
Dogat
Kendale
Lancaſtr
Cheſter
Scotia
Cartmel
MANA
Kuſchen
S.Aſaph
Angliſes
Banger
Kaernarua ſi
Arglas
Cricky
IBERNIA
Dondal
Irland
Dubl
Nowan
Ampreſton

NOVA TABVLA


Cales
Artois
PICARDIA
Diepñ
Caux
Permouth
Norwich
Nortfolk
Soutfolck
Tenet
Douer
Lyt
Canterby
Cantiū
Eſſex
Lyn
Cantabriga
Chelmsford
Haiting
Mare Anglicu
Southrey
Lewig
Soutſex
Steford
Lincolen
Stamford
Hereford
London
Bedfort
S. Alban
Aronde
Lecestre
Leding
Manwid
Vuigt
Caſquet
NORMANDIA
Couentre
Lichefild
Anglia
Hamtō
Staſford
Glocerer
Selsbery
Dorceſtria
Grenze
Mons ſancti Michaelis
Hereford
Sabrina fl.
Schirborn
Briſtow
Schrewsbery
VVALLIA
Brigwatter
Somter
Excetet
BRITANNIA
Deuonia
Molts
CORNVBIA
Keskerd
Corneuual
S. Colomb
Falmouth
Limuday
Caldey
Ramjey
S. Yos
Sutrus fl.
Varford
1
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HISPANIA

HISPANIA VNDIQVE ALLVITVR MARI, excepto eo latere quo Galliam cõtingit, ibi enim altiſſimis Pyreneis montibus ſecernitur ab ea. Hæc olim in tres fuit diſtincta partes, Bæticam ſcilicet, Luſitaniam & Tarraconenſem. Et ſecundum Beroſum primus rex eius fuit Tubal, Nohæ nepos: qui uidens terram aptam pro pecoribus nutriendis, ſtuduit in ea propagare rem pecuariã, unde & terrã hinc uocatam putant Tarraconam, quaſi תּוֹרָא עַנְיָא ideſt, boum poſſeſſio. Huic ſucceſſit Iberus, à quo fluuius Iberus denominatus eſt, & regio quam perlabitur Celtiberia. Sextum regem aſſerunt fuiſſe Bætũ, à quo Bætica regio nomen accepit. Decimus rex fuit Hiſpanus, aut ſecundũ alios Hiſpalus, qui toti regioni Hiſpaniç nomen reliquit. Duodecimus fuit Heſperus, à quo etiam Hiſpania Heſperia appellata eſt. Decimus ſeptimus fuit Luſus, à quo Luſitania, quæ hodie eſt Portugallia, denominata eſt. Quando uero Romani imperare cœperunt in Hiſpania, diuiſa fuit in duas prouincias, Bæticã ſcilicet & Tarraconenſem, durauitq; illa diuiſio uſq; ad Attilam, qui rurſum aliam in ea fecit diſtinctionem, Poſteris uero temporibus diuiſa fuit in quinq; regna, Galliciam, Nauarram, Caſtiliam ſeu Legionum regnum, Cataloniam, quæ & Arragonia eſt, Portugalliam & Granatam. Gallicia nõ diu proprium habuit regem, ideo in numerum non uenit.


Oceanus Cantabricus
Finis terræ
Cormes
S. Iacobus
Compostella
GALICIA
Asturi
Ouiedo
Abiglies
BIZCAIA
NAVARRA
Balona
Oluca
Lyon
Burgus
Nazera
Bragametropol
Asdorga
Palenza
Val Dolit
Toro
Duero fl.
Portugallia
Salamanca
CASTILIA
Medina
Siguenza
Segobia
Alcala
Madrit
Toletū
Tagus fl.
Rostal
Lisbona
Castilia
Guadiana fl.
S. Elem
Merida
Mōte maior
Corduba
Granata
Sibilia
Hispalis
Porcos
REGNVM
Granatæ
Mōs Gibraltar
S. Vincent
S. Lucas
Illora
Malliqua
Berbesul
Oceanus Gaditanus
Gades
Strictum Sybiliæ
AFRICAE pars

OVA TABVLA


GALLIAE PARS
GASCONIA
Rasona
Tholoſa
Pyrenæi mõtes
Montpolier
Biſiers
Roncis
Narbona
Tudela
Parpian
Bergus
Borgia
Saragoza
Cæſar Auguſta
Vich
Gron
Empuries
Catalonia
ARAGONIA
Ilerda
Leyda
Barſalona
Cubels
Alcaniz
Iber & Ebro fl.
Tarragona
Iubalda mons
Tomoſa
Valentia
Majorica
Mallorca
Minorica
Menorca
Cormedera
Euiza
Abnas fa
Elda
Murcia
Sicura fl.
Cerne
Mula
Cartagena
Suſana
Aquile
Mare mediterraneum
HISPANIAM diuidunt à Gallia montes Pyrenæi. Et hinc duo erumpũt ramenta per regionẽ ipſam, quorum alterũ etiam uſq; ad Portugallitã protenditur, eam à Gallicia ſeparans, ſortiteſq; uaria uulgaria nomina, ex gẽtibus iuxta habitãtibus. Fluuiorũ nomina ſicut & ciuitatũ ferè omnia hodie ſunt mutata. Bætim enim nunc uocant Guadalquebir, Anam Guadianã, Tagum Taio, Celticum promontorium Finem terræ, Iberum Ebrum, Valeriam Concham, Calagurium Calaborram, de quibus infrà pagina 163. copioſius dicetur.

GALLIA

GALLIAM SIC DICTAM PUTANT A Galate rege, filio Herculis, qui condita urbe Alexia, quam poſterJs tĕporibus Iulius Cæſar fregit, in Burgundia ſedem collocauit, à quo regio ipſa Galatia nuncupata fuit. Romani autem dementes unam ſyllabā pro Galatia Galliam appellauerūt. Aliȷ putant Galliam deriuari à gala lacte, quod Galli candidiores eſſent Hiſpanis. Diſtinxerunt autem ueteres Galliam in Ciſalpinā, quę modo uocatur Lombardia, & Tranſalpinam. Item in Togatam & Comatam. Comati Galli nutriebant pilum, Togati detondebant. Comata diuidebatur in Belgicam, Celticam, & Aquitaniam. Celtica uero diſtincta fuit in Lugdunenſem & Narbonenſem ſeu Bracatam, quibus noſtro æuo ſucceſſerunt Delphinatus, Subaudia, Prouincia, & Burgundia. Aquitania retinuit nomen ſuum uſq; ad tempora noſtra. Ad Belgicā uero olim pertinuerunt. Alſatia, Lotharingia, Neuſtria, Auſtraſia, Brabantia, Flandria, Normandia & Francia.


Nominum montium, fluuiorũ & ciuitatum uulgares trãslationes.
Arelatum Arle
Lugdunum Leon
Mõs peſſulanus Mõtpolier
Aquitania Gaſcongne
Burdigala Burdeus
Petrocorium Perigort
Auernia Auue: gne
Caletes Caux
Lexouij Liſieux
Baiocenſes Bayeux
Andegauenſes Angiers
Aurelianenſes Orleans
Meldenſes Meaulx
Moſa Maß, Mei ſe
Traiectum Vtricht
Ambiani Amiens
Cameracum Cambray. Camerich
Antuuerpia Antorff. Antuers
Tornacum Tornay
Rhotomagus Roan
Sueſſones Soiſſon
Campania Champaigne
Rhemi Rhemenſes Reims
Tullum Tol, Tull
Naſium Nanſe, Nancy
Toloſa Tholouſe
Marſilia Marſeille
Arar fluuius Sagona, la Sone
Biſantium Brſanſon
Aquiſgranum Aes, Ach
Agrippinẽſis Colonia Cöln
Confluentia Cobolentz
Metis Metz
Nemeti Spirenſes
Argentina Strasburg
Vangiones Vuormacienſes
Hannonia Hennengew
S. Audomarus S. Thomer
Dubis flu. le Doux
Gratianopolis Granoble
ANGLIA
Cornouaile
Falmoth
Plimot
Fowe
Mare Angl
Chauſe
S. Miche
Tribores
S. Bien
Siſmn
BRITANNIA
Ambilates
Neuſtrii
Normandie
werſans
Sayn
Pontrnaw
Rhedenes
Arabox
Cadetes
Nantes
Ligeris
Labaye
Hoye
Roy
Pictones
Limoſin
Sanctones
Bordeaux
Vibiſci
Aquitania
Guienne
Gironde
Dacß
Baiona
Gaſconi
Bigerones
Pyrenei
HISPANIA

NOVA TABVLA


Holandia
Emerich
GERMANIA
interior
Vueſtphalia
Colonis
Geldria
Boſch
Antwerp
Mechel
Vendie
Maſtrich
Brabancia
Neruij
Brug
Flandere
Cales
Douer
Morini
Artois
Picardia
Roan
Bellonaci
Parys
FRAN
CIA
Cāpania
Vermduni
Lotha
Vueſterich
ringia
Metis
Verdun
Spira
Wormſ
Orliens
Sequani
Biturices
Burgundia
Biſātium
Bor
bonia
Boij
Lugduni
Leon
Auernia
Allobroges
Subaudia
Valence
Delphinatus
Aremici
Vellaunn
Volcæ
Pedemōt
Prouicia
Arle
Nijſa
Langūdock
Beſiers
Narbon
Mare Gallicum
Rhenus
Lucer
Geneua
Loſanna
Berna
Lacus Leman
Sedunũ
Ambrun
Digni
Eburodun
Grauopel
Tarentaſia
Mons Ceniſ
Caduci
Auerni
Lingone
Langres
Digeon
Neuers
Nyuernis
Bourbon
Maſcon
Vienne
Chambri
Valentinois
Viuiers
Poſier
Lang
Villade
Marſilia
Heres
Nancy
Maſiers
Verona
Amiens
Perone
Atrebates
S. Thomer
Gent
Sluis
Schilis
Zelandie
Ferrus
Baſel
Turegum
Ligeris fl.
Sens
Troye
Bar
Rhodanus
Seguſiaui
Mandubij
Sona fl.
Aueñice
Caes
Aulenci
Chartres
Carnutes
Oſſelius
Confluẽa
Treuer
Lutzelburg
Namur
Moguntia
Mentz
S. Maximini
Sedunũ
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18
51 50 49 48 47 46 45 44 43

GERMANIA

De Germania clariſſima natione & dulciſſima patria noſtra, multà hîc occurrerẽt ſcribenda, ſed loci anguſtia cogit nos abbreuiare ſermonem. Hæc itaqꝫ in ſuperiorẽ & inferiorẽ mediante fluuio Mogono, diuiditur. Inferior habet hac noſtra ætate Brabantiam, Holandiã, Haſſiam, Vueſtphaliã, Saxoniam, Friſiam, Pomeraniam, Pruſſiam, Thuringiam, Miſniam &c. Superior uero habet Alſatiam, Heluetiã, Sueuiam, Franconiam, Bauariam, Auſtriam, Stiriam &c. Inferior eo tẽpore quo Roma floruit, cultior fuit ſuperiori. Nam ſcribit Tacitus, Germaniã olim fuiſſe horridam ſyluis & paludibus infœcundã, frugiferarumqꝫ arborũ & omnis culturæ impatientẽ, id quod non de tota Germania, ſed de ea quam Rhenus & Danubius includũt, dixiſſe accipiendũ eſt. Obducebatur enim tũc ferè tota Sueuia, inferior Bauaria & Frãconia, Hercynia ſylua. Nunc uero tota colitur, adeo ut Hercyniæ ſyluæ nullæ reliquię ſuperſint, prętérquã in locis montoſis, ut eſt in Nigra ſylua, in Ottonica, Speshartica & Bohemica ſylua. Sed nec loca illa, quãtumlibet horrendam prę ſe ferant faciem, carent habitatoribus, ciuitatibus, arcibus, monaſterijs & uillis, pręſertim cum ex cõuallibus inſignes undiqꝫ amnes procurrãt, & cuncti in Rhenum & Danubiũ ruant, & mirum in modum per eos populus unus alteri ferat opem, adducatqꝫ ea quę apud ſe abundãt & alibi deſiderãtur, qualia ſunt, ligna ędificijs apta, metalla, picearum arborum liquor, caſei, butyrum &c. quę ex montoſis locis in magna copia in terrã planam euehuntur, & pro eis frumentũ & uinum reportantur. Quàm celebres urbes intra quadringentos annos in ſuperiori & antiqua Germania exortæ ſint, nemo eſt qui id ignorat, niſi qui non uidit Nurnbergam, Vlmam, Herbipolim, Bambergam, Vratiſlauiam, Ambergam, Norlingam, Helprunnã, Heidelbergam, Stuckgardiam, Thubingã, Friburgũ, & alia penè infinita oppida, quę intra Rhenum & Danubium poſt translatum in Germanos imperium ſunt extructa. Dici nequit, quantum iſta ſuperior Germania in oppidis, caſtellis, & uicis, arcibus, monaſterijs & pagis creuerit poſt memoratũ tempus, ut uix ſatis loci fuerit tot Ducibus, Lãtgrauis, Marggrauis ſeu Marchionibus, Burggrauis, Palatinis comitibus, Comitibus, Liberis, Baronibus, Nobilibus, Epiſcopis, Abbatibus & Prępoſitis, in quos tota Germania, exceptis imperialibus ciuitatibus, quæ Imperatorem dominum agnoſcunt, eſt diſtributa. Multi plebei ſub exactoribus iſtis duram ſeruiunt ſeruitutem. Porrò mores & ueſtitus Germanorum, tam pręfectorum quàm ſubditorum indies mutantur, ſanguinarijs militibus ſemper aliquid noui ex bellis afferẽtibus. Hinc enim increbuit & incruduit, potandi, iurandi, lacerandi ueſtes, ociandi & ludendi peſſima cõſuetudo. De Sueuis, Bauaris, Franconibus, Alſatis & Rhenenſibus, ſuis quibuſque dicetur locis.

GERMANIA VN



Croacia
Carinthia
Laubach
Stiria
Marca
Auſtria
Vienna
Krems
Melck
Linz
Baua ria
Paſſaw
Brenner
Moravia
Olmunz
Bohe mia
Praga
Dachaw
Amberg
Bamberg
POLO NIA
Schleſia
Oppel
Vratiſlauia
Lauſnitzer
Dreſen
Miſna
Vuenden
Torga
Leipſig
Marca noua
Kroſſen
Gnezna
Poſna
franckfurt
Lebus
SAX ONIA
Saxen
Berlin
Pomern
Thorn
Pruſſia
Kolberg
Stetin
Gripswald
Sund
Roſtok
Dannzig
Mare Germanicū
Solwedel

I· NOVA TABVLA·

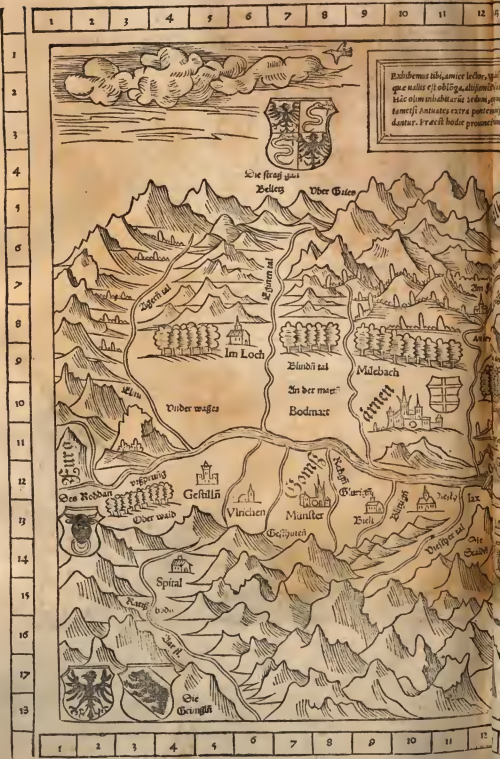


VALESIAE

PRIMA TABVLA olim Sedunorum patria, inter grandes alpium fauces continetur, concluſa undiq; altiſſimis & ad cœlum uſq; porrectis montibus, niſi quod apud Agaunenſiũ uetuſtiſſimum uicum, natura inter ſaxorum præcipitia exitum quendam reliquit, ſed quem ars ipſa arce quadam & geminis portis ſic obſtruxit, ut hyberno tempore nulli extero homini pateat ingreſſus in hanc uallem, niſi quem Sedunorum gubernator, qui in arce ipſa reſidet, introire permiſerit. Extenditur autem hæc regio ſecundum curſum Rhodani ab ortu ſolis ad occaſum longiſſimo tractu, quippe qui complectitur à fontibus Rhodani uſq; ad memoratam arcem, iter quatuor dierum. Loquuntur incolæ pro maiori parte Germanicè, à Seduno uero urbe Metropolitana & deinceps utuntur Sabaudienſi lingua, hoc eſt, Gallica, tametſi Galli dicant, illam plurimum eſſe corruptam. Præſidet regioni Epiſcopus Sedunenſis, cui Carolus magnus dicitur dediſſe hunc comitatum. Scaturiunt ex montibus geminæ thermæ, Leucenſes ſcilicet & Brigenſes, quæ & ab exteris frequentantur ob earum ſalubritatem. Habet unam duntaxat ciuitatem, nempe Sedunum, ſed multa inſignia oppida non murata, inter quæ hæc ſeptem principatum tenent, Sitten (hoc eſt Sedunum,) Syder, Leugk, Raren, Viſp, Bryg & Goms. Ipſi uocant Centenas, lingua ſua Zenden, habẽtq; ſuos præfectos & iudices, quos à ſuis electos, Epiſcopus confirmat. De fertilitate huius uallis in ſequenti tabula nonnihil dicemus.

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VALESIAE PRIOR ET




deſcriptionẽ, antea à nemine euulgatã,
cluſa montibus, irrigata Rhodani decurſu.
alij uocãt Seduſios, Veragrij & Antuates
gaunẽſium uſq; ad lacum Lemanum exten
drianus à Riedmat antiſtes Sedunenſis.
Sempronij mons
berg
S. Iacob
Almen gell
Sas
Biner tal
Lingñ tal
Salgina fl.
Grenchñ
Stald
Alba
Brigen berg
in der hell
Thermen
Brig
Glys
Gamſen
Gremols
Naters
Briger bad
Birgeſch
Laldñ
Kipill
Ferdñ
S. German
Aleſch tal
Blattñ
Bell alpñ
In Gaſtrun
Letſch
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VALESIAE

ALTERA tabula, habet quoq; ut prior montes & ualles atq; quã plurimos amnes è cacuminibus montiũ in Rhodanũ ſtillantes. Nec putes terram iſtam ob id quod tota montoſa eſt & in ſummis iugis mõtium perpetuam habet glaciem, quam incolæ uocant Gletſcher, ſterilitate aut penuria aliqua laborare, ut non ſentiat interim quoq; largiſſimam manum dei, qui etiam ex lapidibus efficere poteſt panes, & ex duriſſimis petris educere nedum aquam uerum & uinum ueraciſſimum, quod ueriſſime in hac regione impleri uidemus. Nam abundat ſic uitibus, arboribus, frugibus, herbis & radicibus, ut aliunde nullum inuehat commeatum, ſed ipſa exteris ſępe miniſtret uictualia. Generat quoq; gemmas, præſertim cryſtallum. Abundat feris, potiſſimum ægocerontibus & ibicibus, quos alij Capricornos & Damas uocant. Lepores fouet plurimos, ceruos autem & apros paucos. Vrſos, lupos, uulpes, martes, taxos, linces, meles, & muſtelas habet immodicos, ſicut & ſerpentes atq; colubros non raros. Eſt in ea arborum mira proceritas, quarum quædam nec hyeme nec æſtate comam & uirorem ſuum deponunt, ut ſunt larices, pini & abietum uariæ ſpecies. Videtur præterea hæc regio domiciliũ eſſe auium ſyluеſtrium. Nam habet copiam phaſianorum, perdicum, otidum (ipſi uocant pernisli.) lagaporum (uulgo *wildhüner*) quæ æſtate albicant, hyeme uero griſeſcunt. Habet uultures, niſos, accipitres, falcones, miluos &c. Habet & apes in plurimis locis mellificãtes. Effoditur in ea ferrum, plumbum & argentum. Et ut ſemel dicam, habet hæc uallis omnia quæ uſui humano ſunt accommoda.

VALESIAE ALTERA ET VI



NOVA TABVLA



ſuiuum V aleſiæ integram deſcriptionem, poteruntq́; ſi
unico aſpectu lectoris oculis appareat. Quod
eulgauimus, noueris nos illam paraſſe pro Coſmo
ob multos labores ſimul irruentes illam latine
bula, potiſſimum montium & uallium, quæ fuerant
S. Bernhard
Lugg
Lida
Nenda
Turing
Ridun
Martinacht
Schloß
Octodurū
zerbrochñ ſtat
Ardon
Pullen
Prangen
S. moritz
Agaunū
Sanetſch berg

HELVETIAE

NOVA DESCRIPTIO. Rhetiam & Heluetiã tibi offert hęc tabula, lector ſtudioſe, ut nouiſſime à clariſſimo uiro Aegidio Tſchudo eſt deſcripta. Habet autẽ uera & antiqua Rhetia locum in Lepontijs alpibus, iuxta utranq; Rheni originem, includens omnes circumiacentes ualles & montes, quorum multi procurrunt ad eum uſq; locum, ubi uterq; Rheni riuus in unum coaleſcit fluuium. Eſt autem inter hos duos Rheni riuos, haud procul à poſteriori Rheno, ſupra uero utriuſque amnis coitum ſpatio pedeſtris itineris, quod media hora confici poteſt, campus quidam pulcher, cui imminet collis in ſuo uertice arcem geſtans celebrem & peruetuſtã, nomine Rhętiũ, quod hodie Germanica lingua uocatur Rætzuns, & coniectura magna eſt, illud olim à primis Rhætis, poſtquam Italiæ finibus exceſſerant, & horrendos alpinos montes occupauerant, extructum. Fuit & alia peruetuſta arx in regione illa, quæ modo in ruinis iacet, appellata olim Rhętia alta, hodie aũt corrupto uocabulo uocatur Rhealt, diſtatq; à Rætzuns itinere pedeſtri duarum horarum et dimidię. Poſtquam autem Rheti in aſperis illis locis aliquandiu conſederunt, facti ſunt ex loci aſperitate bellicoſi & animoſi, ſtudueruntq; ditionem ſuam propagare ultra Alpes uſq; ad Comum. Veronam & Tridentum, citra autem Alpes uſq; ad lacum Riuanum, quem uulgo Vuallenſee uocant. & ad Brigantium, ubi initium eſt Podamici lacus. Heluetiorum regionem Cęſar deſcribit tribus hiſce limitibus, Rheno Rhodano & Iura mõte. Errãt ergo qui Alſatiam audent dicere Heluetiam. Mons Iura hodie multa habet nomina: incipitq; propè oppidulum Brug ad Arolam flumẽ, ubi Bœtzberg dicitur, deinde rectà uerſus occaſum ad Salodorum progreditur, ubi hodie Houuenſtein dicitur. Deinde ad Biel oppid. & ad Nouum caſtrũ, tandemq; deflectit Geneuam uſq;. Porrò hodie tota Heluetiorum democratia ſiue regio in XIII. ciuitates eſt diuiſa (uulgus angulos uocat, & Franci Contones) quarum nomina, ut publice in concilijs ſedent, hæc ſunt: Tigurum, Berna, Luceria, Vria, Suicia, Syluania, Tugium, Clarona, Baſilea, Friburgum, Salodorum, Schaffhuſia, ac Abbatiscella. Vndecim tamen duntaxat intra ueros regionis Heluetiæ limites concluduntur. Baſilea enim non in Heluetijs, ſed in Sequanis iacet & Schaffhuſia in Germania. Porrò ex his tredecim, Vria, Suicia, Syluania, Clarona, ac Abbatiscella, non ſunt oppida, ſed uicorum conuentus, æquata omnium libertate, & ab his, maxime Vris, Suicis ac Syluanis, Heluetiorum noſtra ætate libertas eſt orta. Ipſi tamen multis oppidis ac arcibus imperant, contrario atque in alijs regionibus, more. Hæc Henricus Glareanus.

HELVETIAE PRIM



ET VIII· NOVA TABVLA·



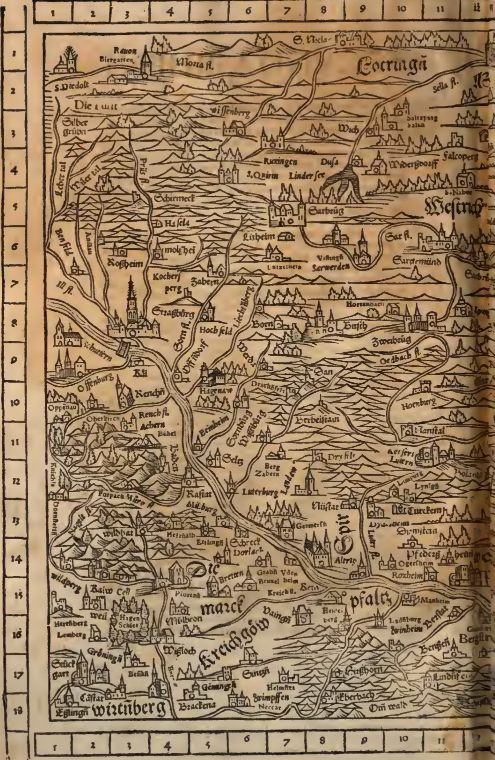
SECVNDA RHENI TABVLA.

CONtinet hæc tabula Marcam Badenſem, Vuaſgoiã, Vueſtricham, ditionem principis Palatini, &c. Thermæ Badenſes, ubi Marchio ipſe reſidere ſolet, inuentæ dicuntur tempore Antonini imperatoris, circa annum Chriſti 126. Otto autẽ tertius imperator, longe poſtea erexit circumiacentem regionem in Marcam, additis oppidis aliquot, præcipue Stolhofen & Etlingen, quę antea fuerunt abbatis Vuiſſenburgenſis. Fridericus uero ſecundus, cum defeciſſet comitatus Kreichgoienſis, adiecit Durlacum & Heidelsheim, Porrò Raſtet & Cuppenheim acceſſerũt ex ditione Eberſtein, ſicut Phortzen & Cell ex ducatu Sueuico. Nouiſſime acceſſerunt regiones Hochbetg & Rœtelen.

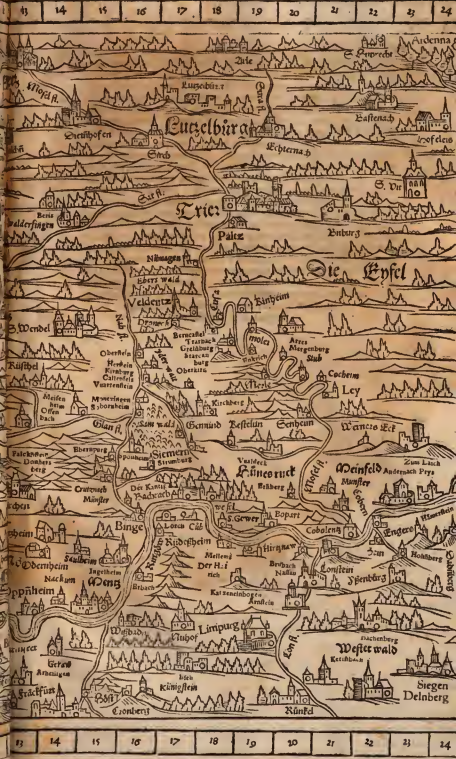
PALATINATVS.

Fuerunt olim multi & uarij comites Palatini, nempe palatini à Vuittelſpach, palatini à Thubingen, palatini à Schiern & palatini à Rheno, quorum omnium ſucceſſiones iam dudum defecerunt, præter Palatinorum Rhenenſium, ſed qui & ipſi ſępe defecerunt, & hodie quidem nulla nominis eorum extaret memoria, niſi electionis dignitas principatum illum ſuſtinuiſſet. Primus palatinus comes & elector (eos enim qui fuerũt ante Ottonem tertium hic omittimus) fuit Henricus appellatus, cui ſucceſſit priuignus eius Sifridus, pater ſanctæ Kunegundis. Nam ſcribunt, quidam, memoratum Henricum uxorem duxiſſe, relictam principis Brabantini, & filio eius Sifrido tradidiſſe Palatinatum. Sifridus reliquit duos filios, Ezelinum & Conradum. Qui cum ſine hærede deceſſiſſent, Henricus dux Saxoniæ & dux Bauariæ, cognominatus ſuperbus, adeptus palatinatum, ob ſuperbiã ſuam à Fiderico primo anno 1180. rurſus hac dignitate priuatus eſt, tradiditꝙ imperator palatinatum fratri ſuo Cõrado, duci Sueuię, qui et poſtea anno Chriſti 1204. ſepultua fuit prope Heidelbergum in monaſterio Schœnawenſi. Hic Conradus reliquit unicam filiam, Agnetem nomine, quam duxit uxorem Henricus dux Saxoniæ, filius Henrici ſuperbi, factusꝙ eſt per eam comes Palatinus. Et cum iſte Henricus aliam ſobolem pręter filiam Gertrudem non haberet, translatus fuit per eam palatinatus ad Ottonem ducem Bauariæ & comitem à Schiern, cui matrimonialiter fuit iuncta, anno ſcilicet Chriſti 1225. Huic ſucceſſit in utroꝙ principatu filius eius Ludouicus, qui & ipſe filium Ludouicum nomine, utriuſꝙ principatus hæredem reliquit. Et hic Ludouicus duos habuit filios, Ludouicum, qui ducatum Bauarię retinuit, & Rudolſum, qui partem aliquam in Bauaria cum palatinatu poſſedit. Et ab eo tempore uſꝙ in hodiernum diem Bauarię ducatus ſequeſtratus fuit à palatinatu, tam & ſi tituli nõ fuerint diſcreti. A memorato enim Rudolfo progeniti ſunt omnes principes palatini, qui hodie extant. Et licet ipſe Rudolſus per fratrem ſuum Ludouicum imperatorẽ & ducem Bauarię pulſus fuerit à palatinatu, eo quod ſuffragium ſuum in electionẽ non dediſſet ei, filij tamen eius ob id non fuerunt ſpoliati ditione patris, ſed ſucceſſerunt ei Rudolſus & Rupertus, tertius uero Adolſus nomine, licet fuerit ſecundo natus, ceſſit tamen poſt pręmaturam mortem Rudolſi primogeniti Ruperto, quod is prudentior & regimini aptior eſſet. Hic Rupertus anno Chriſti 1346. inſtituit in Heidelbergenſi oppido ſtudium uniuerſale. Et cum nec ipſe nec Rudolfus prolem maſculam relinqueret, factus eſt poſt mortem eius princeps elector Rupertus Adolſi fratris filius; qui ducens uxorem filiam

SECVNDA RHENI ET



IX NOVA TABVLA



filiam regis Siciliȩ, ſuſtulit ex ea filium Rupertum nomine, qui poſtea factus eſt Romanorum rex. Duxit autem iſte Rupertus uxorem filiam Burggrauij Nurnbergenſis, & genuit plurimos filios, nempe Ottonem, Fridericum, Rupertum, Ludouicum, Ioannem, & Stephanum. Rupertus in ipſo iuuentutis flore obijt, reliqui uero fratres inter ſe diuiſerunt patris ditionem. Ludouicus factus eſt elector, habuitq; uxorem filiam regis Cypri, & fuit executor concilij Conſtantienſis. Ottoni obuenerunt Moſpach & Numarckt, ſed in filio eius Ottone nomine, defecit hęc linea. Porrò Friderico tulit ſors Ambergã Bauariȩ ciuitatem, mortuusq; eſt ſine hȩrede. Iohanni ceſſit in hȩreditatem Nuenburg oppidum Bauariȩ, & is reliquit filium nomine Chriſtophorum, qui factus eſt rex Daniȩ, & obijt ſine prole. Stephano obuenit Zweybrucken cum annexa ditione, ductaq; Anna hȩrede comitatuum Veldentz & Sphonheim, genuit Ludouicum & Fridericum. Ludouicus, cognominatus niger, poſſedit Zweybrucken & Veldentz. Fridericus uero in poſſeſſionem accepit Siemern & comitatum Sponheimenſem. Huic Friderico ſucceſſit filius Iohannes, Rupertus uero alter filius, factus eſt epiſcopus Ratiſponenſis. Iohãni ſucceſſit filius Iohannes, qui noſtro ęuo ducatui pręſidet, uir admirandi ingenij, & plurimis naturȩ dotibus conſpicuus. Porrò Ludouicus elector genuit Ludouicum & Fridericum. Ludouicus genuit ex filia ducis Sabaudiȩ Philippum in ipſo iuuẽtutis flore, moriensq; reliquit fratrem filij ſui tutorem & principatus rectorem. Philippus factus uir ſucceſſit patruo, genuitq; multos filios, ex quibus primogenitus Ludouicus hodie principatui pręſidet. Hæc fortaſſis propediem in germanica lingua latius deſcribemus.

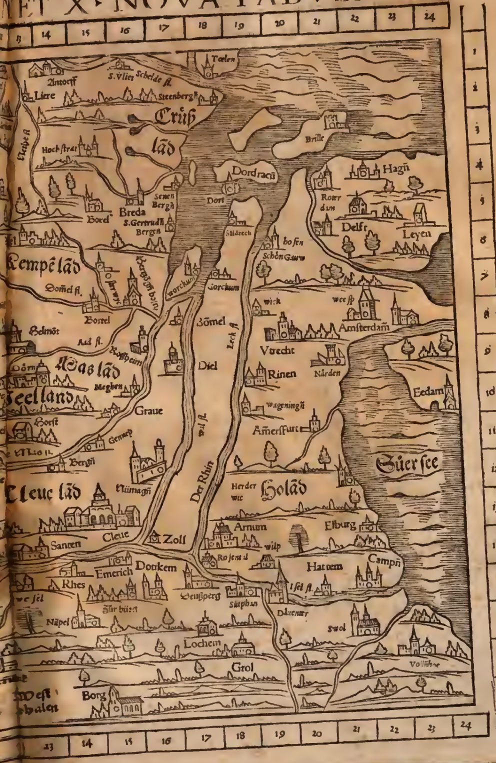
TERTIA RHENI TABVLA.

Continet tabula iſta Brabantiam cuius termini ſunt ab oriente Moſa fluuius, ab occidente Scalda fluuius & Hannonia; Holandia à ſeptent. & comitatus Namurci à meridie. Inter Rhenum & Moſam comprehenduntur ducatus Cleuenſis, ducatus Geldriæ, ducatus Iuliacẽſis & ducatus Limpurgenſis. Ducatus Limpurgẽſis ab Henricis imperatoribus erectus cito defecit, additusq́; eſt ducatui Geldriæ. Anno uero milleſimo ducenteſimo nonageſimotertio captus dux Geldriæ in bello à duce Brabantiæ, pro ſui liberatione magnam partem de ducatu Limpurgenſi dedit duci Brabantiæ. Comitatus Geldrię initium ſumpſit anno ſalutis 935. Poſtea anno Chriſti 1329. factus eſt ducatus per imperatorem Ludouicum. Quo anno & comitatus Iuliacenſis dicitur factus marchionatus, ac deinde poſt triginta annos, erectus ad ducatum. Ducatus uero Bergẽſis ſeu Montenſis primum fuit comitatus, ac deinde factus eſt marchionatus per Carolum quartum, cuius filius Ventzeslaus paulo poſt marchionatum ſublimauit in ducatum. Metropolis illius ducatus dicitur eſſe Deuſelperg, è regione Geldriæ ſitum habens. Dominium Cleuenſe in concilio Conſtantienſi, anno ſcilicet Chriſti 1417. ſurrexit in ducatum. Ducatus Brabantię ſucceſſiue multos & uarios habuit dominos. Ab initio fuit ſub duce Lotharingiæ. Deinde anno Chriſti 1106. Henricus quintus tradidit illum dominis de Louanio. Et cum illorum poſteritas quoq; deficeret, rurſum peruenit ad Lotharingios. Cumq́; dux Iohannes anno Chriſti 1355. ſine uirili ſemine decederet, filia eius Iohanna ducto marito Vuenceslao Bohemo, illoq́; mortuo, ducatui præfuit 22. annis, poſt cuius obitum, ſororis ſuæ nepos nempe Antonius, Philippi ducis Burgundiæ filius, propinquior hęres ſucceſſit in ducatu. Et cum is quoq; ſine uirili ſemine hinc migraret, fratris ſui Iohãnis ducis Burgundiæ filius Philippus nomine, factus eſt dux Brabantiæ, anno ſcilicet 1434. Subiugauit & Holandiam atq; Selandiam dominio ſuo. Huic ſucceſſit Carolus filius eius Burgundiæ dux, cuius filiam Mariam Maximilianus imperator duxit uxorem, factusq́; eſt per eam dux Burgundiæ, dux Brabantiæ, comes Holandię & Selandię, &c.

Locorum quorundam huius tabulę interpretatio.

Colonia agrippina	*Cöln*	Traiectum ſuperius	*Maſtrich*
Aquiſgranum	*Ach*	Traiectum inferius	*vtrecht*
Iuliacum	*Gülch*	Mechlinia	*Mechel*
Leodium	*Lutich*	Antuuerpia	*Antorff Antwerp*
Hannonia	*Hennengöw*	Louanium	*Löuen*
Nouiomagum	*Newmegen*	Bruxella	*Brüſſel*
Tongari	*Tongeren*		


Namur
Mechel
Lœuen
Tienen
Thiel
Hoey
Aqualia
S. Truien
Tongere
Stablo
Lütich
Landt von
Lœn
Peer
Braband
Maſtrich
Stockem
Breey
Limbürg
Ach
Cornelius
Tewern
Linnick
Ruermont
Kellel
Gellerläd
Geldre
Vendle
Boñ
Cöln
Lins
Reid
Tuitia
Der Rhin
Horſt
Orſoy
Berg
Burig
Sarn
Miliaria Germanica communia.


Tœlen
Antorff
S.Vliet
Schelde fl.
Liere
Steenbergē
Hochſtrat
lād
Brille
Dordracū
Hagē
Dort
Breda
S.Gertrudē
Bergē
Delft
Leyen
Kempē lād
Gorckum
Amſterdā
Bomel
Diel
Vtrecht
Rinen
Nārden
Eedam
Graue
Amerſfurt
Süer ſee
Holād
Herder
wic
Cleue lād
Arnum
Elburg
Campē
Hattem
Cleue
Zoll
Santen
Emerich
Dockem
Rhes
Lochem
Grol
Borg
Der Rhin
Leck fl.
Iſel fl.
Swol
Weſt
phalen

NIGRAE SEV MARTIANAE SYLVAE TABVLA, QVAE IN BRISgoiam uſque extenditur.

Habet autem Briſgoia uocabulum à Briſaco metropoli, tametſi temporis ſucceſſu Friburgum ſuperauerit Briſacum in magnificentia & diuitijs. Fuit hoc Friburgũ circa annum Chriſti 1100. ex uilla in ciuitatem mutatum, habuitq́ proprium comitem, ſed cum non conueniret inter illum & Friburgenſes, anno Chriſti 1367. ciues ſeſe redemerunt ab eo, ſuppeditante duce Auſtriæ pecuniam, cuius dominio ſeſe ſubiecerunt. Conditores oppidi fuerunt duces Zeringeñ. & horum primus uocatus fuit Bertholdus, cui ſucceſſit frater eius Cõradus, & hic habuit filium Bertholdum nomine, qui anno Chriſti 1178. condidit Friburgũ in Oechtlãdia. Huic ſucceſſit Bertholdus filius, qui ex filia comitis à Kiburg duos ſuſtulit filios, ſed quos nobiles ueneno ſuſtulerunt. Cumq́ ex genealogia illa non ſupereſſet niſi Bertholdi ſoror, quam habuit Egon comes à Furſtenberg uxorem, obuenit illi hæreditatis iure Friburgum. Cumq́ inter comitem illum & Friburgenſes non conueniret, ut iam diximus, Friburgenſes tradita comiti magna pecunia, elegerunt duces Auſtriæ pro dominis.

Anno Salutis 1450. Albertus dux Auſtriæ fundauit Academiam Friburgenſem. Eſt parua regio Briſgoia, ſed ſupra modum fertilis in uino & frumento. Vinum in multis locis eſt tam nobile ut Alſaticum.

NIGRA SYLVA ab obſcuris abiegnis arboribus, quibus hęc regio abundat, habet denominationem, fuitq́ olim pars Herciniæ ſyluæ. Terra eſt ualde montoſa, aſpera & frigida, & propterea multis in locis inculta, niſi quod ex abietibus plurimum paſſim colligitur picis ac reſinæ, unde quidam uictum ſibi parant. Habent etiam habitatores plurima pecora, ex quibus plurimũ colligunt lactis, butyri & caſeorum. Sunt alij qui adminiculo amnium ex montibus illis prouentium, proceras arbores ædificijs aptas educunt, Rhenenſibusq́ ciuitatibus aduehunt, & non paruum emolumentum per annum hinc corradunt. Amnes inſigniores ex montibus illis profluentes ſunt, Kintzig, Murg, Neccarus & Danubius. Oritur autem Danubius non ex mõte aliquo magno, ſed ex terra plana, abſuntq́ montes ferè per miliare unum germanicum, niſi quod fons eius à tergo habet iugum paruum, altitudine decem aut duodecim cubitorum, quo pars illa terræ reliqua planicie eminentior eſt. Et eſt ſcaturigo illa non parua, ſed tanta ut illico rotas molares ſuo impetu circumducat. Nam oritur fluuius iſte, toto orbe celebris, in uilla quadam, quæ ab ipſo denominatur Don Eſchingen. Vocant enim Germani Danubium Donaw. Accurrentibus autem undiq́ ex montium conuallibus torrentibus, creſcit illico Danubius, ut poſt dimidiũ miliare à ſua origine, uix poſſis equo illum traijcere, ubi & tam latus eſt ut uir lapidis iactu uix utramq́ ripam comprehendere queat, id quod ego Munſterus in Neidingen experimento didici. Sed reuertar ad Nigram ſyluam. Hæc in locis planioribus habet infinita oppida, inter quæ inſigniora ſunt Rotwyla, Villingen, Horba, Wolfach, Waldkirch &c. Habet & quàmplurimas arces, præſertim Fürſtenberg, Zimbern, Wartenberg, Schiltach &c. Habet monaſteria multa, S. Blaſium, Hirſow, Herrẽ Alb, S. Georgium, S. Petrum, Alpersbach &c. Imperant Nigræ Syluæ Marchio Badenſis, Dux Auſtriæ, Dux Wirtenbergenſis, Comes à Fürſtenberg & alij quidam Comites.

NIGRA SYLVA



Bodñ See
Romanshorn
Costentz
Tettnang
Ravenspurg
Wingartñ
Marckdorff
Mörspurg
Vberlingñ
Salmañsweil
Heilig berg
Pfullndorff
Waldsee
Buchemer See
biberach
Riedlingñ
Munderkingñ
Buchberg
Tonaw fl.
Zwifaltñ
Vf der Alb
Hohñ Zollern
Hechingñ
Salem
Rotenburg
Rutlingñ
Vrach
Thubingñ
Bondorff
Schanbach
wildperg
Hornstein
Hetingñ
Lautter
Lauchart fl.
Scher
Sigmaringñ
Engñ
Stockach
Vlm


Basel
Rhenus fl.
Schafhuſē
Blümberg
Swartz
Wald
Friburg
Briſz
göw
Zeringē
S. Peter
Elzach
Hornburg
Sultz
Schiltach
Gengēbach
Oppenaw
Offenburg
Lar
mortnaw
Elſaſz
Rinow
Kenchē
Villingē
Dornſtetten
Nagelt
Kirchbach
Oberkirch
Sulzperg
Staufen
Schönaw
Der Rhein fl.
Glatten

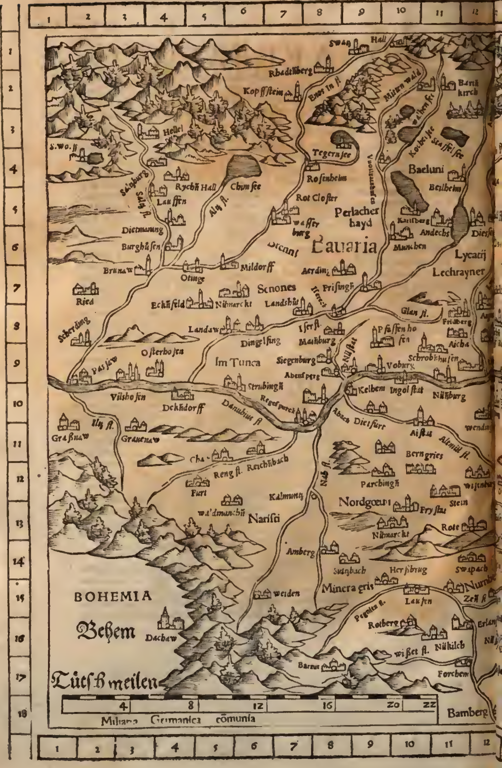
SVEVIA ET BAVARIA

Nulla natio in Germania tam diu retinuit nomen ſuum ut Sueui, quippe qui longe fuerũt ante Saxones, Francones & Bauaros. Patuit etiam Sueuia olim latiſſime, ut comprehenderit Briſgoiam, Nigram ſyluam, Hegoiam, Eregoiam uſq; Tigurũ, lacum Podamicum, Algoiam, Lechgoiam, Vindeliciam, Vuirtenbergum, Kreichgoiam, Marcam Badenſem & Rhetiam quæ eſt circa Norlingen. Eſt autem Regio ipſa partim plana & partim montuoſa, & ſatis fertilis, in pleriſq; etiam locis, potiſſimum iuxta Neccarum fluuium, uinum proferens. Nihil eſt in ea ocioſum, niſi quod paludes & ſyluæ occupant. Habet autem multas ſyluas & frequẽtem uenationem, abundat & pecoribus, præſertim in Nigra ſylua. Sunt in ea plurima oppida, uillę & uici, ſed & arces, natura & arte munitæ, præſertim in Hegoia ſunt arces qualea in uniuerſa Germania non inueniuntur, in tam editiſſimis & præcipitibus ſitæ montibus, quæ ueluti propugnacula ſunt totius Sueuiæ. In Sueuia oritur celeberrimus totius Europæ fluuius, Danubius, cuius fontem diligenter in hac ſignaui tabula. Habuit Sueuorum natio à Caroli magni temporibus proprium ducẽ. De hoc enim Carolo legimus, quod duxerit uxorem filiam Gotfridi ducis Sueuorum, manſitq; aliquandiu ducatus apud poſteritatẽ eius. Poſtea uarij generis habuit duces, ex quibus Hermannus anno Chriſti 948. dedit unicam filiam ſuam Ludolpho Ottonis primi imperatoris filio. Et cũ Ludolphus iſte abſq; hærede hinc migraret, habuit Sueuię ducatus ſucceſſiue multos & uarios dominos, nempe Ottonem à Suuinfurd, Rudolphum à Rinfelden, Bertholdum à Zeringen. Pulſo Bertholdo Imperator Hẽricus quartus tradidit ducatum genero ſuo Friderico à Stauffen. Hic Fridericus duos habuit filios, Conradum, qui factus eſt Romanorum rex, & Fridericum qui patri in ducatu ſucceſſit, Fridericus duos habuit filios, Conradum qui factus eſt Comes Palatinus, & Fridericũ qui factus eſt imperator & retinuit quoq; ducatum. Hic fuit Fridericus primus, cognominatus Barbaroſſa, & habuit filium Henricũ ſucceſſorẽ in imperio & ducatu, & hic ducẽs uxorẽ filiã regis Siciliæ, factus eſt per eam rex utriuſq; Siciliæ. Cui ſucceſſit filius eius imperator Fridericus ſecũdus, rex Siciliæ & Sueuiæ. Is autẽ reliquit duos filios, Cõradum & Henricũ. Cõradus electus in Romanorum regem genuit Cõradinum. Alij uero dicunt Cõradinum fuiſſe Henrici filium, fuitq; is Cõradinus ultimus Sueuię dux & legitimus hęres utriuſq; Sicilię. Cumq; in Italiã proficiſceretur, ut auitum Sicilię regnum poſſideret, nullas inſidias ſuſpicatus, ſubito captus & contemptim circunductus, tandemq; innocenter occiſus eſt à Carolo duce fratre regis Frãciæ, cui ut ſcribũt Ro. pontifex pręter omnẽ ęquitatẽ tradiderat Sicilię regnũ, factus innocentis ſanguinis traditor. Cõtigerunt autẽ hæc anno Chriſti 1267. Quo tempore defecit nobilis ducatus Sueuię, nec dux aliquis in ea regione cum titulo iſto ſurrexit, quanquã Rudolphus ab Habſpurg & quidã filiorum eius conati fuerint ſib uſurpare hunc titulum, ſed quem diu retinere nequiuerunt. Abolito itaq; ducatu Sueuię, comites à Vuirtenberg prę cęteris comitibus quorum plures fuerunt in Sueuia, inualuerunt & plurima loca ex ducatu acquiſierunt, donec tandẽ noſtro ęuo Comes Eberhardus ſublimatus eſt in ducẽ Vuirtenbergẽſem & Teckenſem à Cęſare Maximiliano in comitijs Vuormacienſibus anno Chriſti 1495.

BAVARIA.

Hęc regio olim Noricũ & deinde Baioaria fuit appellata, extenditurq; in Auſtrũ uſq; ad Alpes, ab occaſu uero terminatur ad Licum fluuiũ, & à ſeptentrione ad Danubiũ & nonnihil ultra, ad Bohemicã ſcilicet uſq; ſyluam. Profert ea regio magnã copiã frumenti, uinum uero in paucis creſcit locis. Abundat ſalis fontibus, unde magnum colligitur ab incolis emolumentũ. In Norico iuxta ſyluam Bohemicam fre-

SVEVIA ET BAVARI



A XII· NOVA TABVLA



quentes ſunt ferri mineræ & iuxta Atheſim in loco qui uocatur Schwatz uberrimę ſunt argentifodinæ, ex quibus annuatim ingens uis eruitur argenti. Irrigatur terra ipſa plurimis piſcoſis amnibus, qui omnes in Danubiū exonerantur, augentq; illum mirum in modum. Habuit præterea Bauaria à multo tempore proprium ducem, qui & tempore Ottonis imperatoris tertij numeratus eſt inter quatuor duces imperij. Colligitur etiam ex hiſtorijs Bauariam ante Chriſtum natum & aliquandiu poſt eius natiuitatem habuiſſe regem, ſicut Iulius Cæſar ſcribit, Ariouiſtum Alemannorū regem uxorem duxiſſe, ſororem regis Norici. Inuenitur quoq; Garibaldum regem Bauariæ tradidiſſe filiam ſuam Theodelindam in coniugem regi Lombardiæ. Poſtea anno Chriſti 612. fuit Teudo dux in Bauaria, & hic baptiſatus eſt à ſancto Ruperto epiſcopo Vuormacienſi, qui & poſtea epiſcopus fuit Saltzburgenſis. Trāſactis deinde aliquot annis, ducatus Bauariæ peruenit ad Caroli magni poſteros, qui præfuerunt Bauariæ uſq; ad imperatorem Arnolphum. qui anno Chriſti 889. extruxit in Bauaria inter Monacum & Ingolſtadium burgum nomine Schiern, cui præfecit Comitem palatinnm. Ab iſto Arnolfo & poſteris eius peruenit ducatus Bauariæ mediante muliebri prole ad duces Saxoniæ. Alij aſſerunt Ottonem imperatorem anno Chriſti 747. ducatū Bauarię tradidiſſe fratri ſuo Henrico Saxoni, qui auus fuit ſancti Hērici imperatoris. Cumq; ſanctus iſte Henricus ſine hærede decederet, contendebant comites à Schyern pro ducatu Bauarię, uerum nihil efficere potuerunt, cum ducatus fluctuaret iam ſub Saxonibus, iam ſub Marchionibus Auſtrię, & iam ſub Vuelpis Sueuiæ uſq; ad annum Chriſti 1156 Quo tempore imperator Fridericus dedit hunc ducatum Henrico duci Saxonum, ſublimauitq; Marchionem Auſtriæ in ducē, adijciens prouinciæ eius aliquot comitatus ex ducatu Bauariæ. Poſtea anno Chriſti 1180. rurſum excluſit imperator hunc Henricum ob ſuperbiam eius ab utroq; ducatu, factusq; eſt Otto comes à Schyern & comes Palatinus à Vuitelſpach dux Bauariæ, & ab illó deſcenderunt omnes duces Bauariæ & Palatini Rheni, qui ab eo tempore uſq; nunc nati ſunt. Iſte Otto genuit Ludouicum, Ludouicus alium genuit Ludouicum, & is duos habuit filios, nempe Rudolfum & Ludouicum: Rudolfo pater dedit Palatinatum Rheni & Ludouicū fecit ſucceſſorem in ducatu Bauariæ. A Rudolfo deſcenderunt moderni principes Palatini, ut in tabula Rheni III. oſtendi. Porrò Ludouicus factus eſt imperator, & inter multos filios duo illi ſucceſſerunt in ducatu, Stephanus & Albertus. Albertus fixit ſedem in Straubingen, defecitq; linea eius in filijs eius. Stephanus diuiſit in ſenectute ſua ducatum tribus filijs ſuis, nempe Stephano, Friderico & Ioanni. Stephani linea defecit in filijs eius. Fridericus uero, cui ſorte obuenerat Landshuta, genuit Henricū, Henricus genuit Ludouicū, Ludouicus habuit unum filium, nempe Georgium, qui cognominatur dux diues à Landshut, & filiam Margaretam, quam duxit Philippus Palatinus. Et cum hic Georgius moreretur ſine liberis exortum eſt temporibus noſtris horrendū bellum Bauaricum. Porrò dux Ioannes à Monaco genuit Erneſtum, Erneſtus genuit Albertum, Albertus genuit alium Albertum aliosq; filios, Albertus genuit Vuilhelmum & Ludouicum qui iſto tempore Bauariæ præſunt.

FRANCONIA

Hæc & Francia orientalis appellatur, habetꝗ id nominis à Franco Sicambrorum duce, à quo Galliæ quædam pars Francia nuncupata putatur. Cum enim circa annum Chriſti 326. implacabile diſſidium eſſet natum inrer Thuringos & Sueuos, uocatus à Thuringis Genebaldus dux Francorum, eorum ſcilicet qui tunc iuxta oſtia Rheni habitabant, ut ipſis contra Sueuos auxiliũ ferret, uenit cum magna Francorum mulritudine, datusꝗ eſt eis locus inrer Thuringos & Sueuos, qui ueluti murus ſolidiſſimus hos ab illis diremerunt, ſuſtuleruntꝗ diſſidiũ. Duci Genebaldo ſucceſſit Dagobertus, & tertius aut quartus ab illo fuit Gosbertus, ſub quo ſanctus Kylianus cõuertit Frãcones ad fidem Chriſti. Vltimus dux fuit Hetanus, in cuius defuncti locum Pipinus rex ſubſtituit ſanctum Burchardum epiſcopum Herbipolenſem, eidem & omnibus eius ſucceſſoribus tradens ducatũ Frãconię, anno ſcilicet ſalutis 752. qui & in hunc uſꝗ diẽ ducatui & epiſcopatui præſunt. Eſt autẽ ferè tota Franconiæ regio fertilis, triticum & omne frumentũ legumenꝗ in ea ſatum, multo cum fœnore cultoribus reſtituens. Profert & optimũ uinum, Alſatico nequaquam inferius. Terra ipſa pro magna parte plana eſt, paucos habens mõtes, ſed plurimos colles, præſertim iuxta Moganum flu. qui mediam perlabitur regionem, & iuxta Thuberum, qui apud Sueuos natus, irrigataꝗ Frãconię extremitate, ruit in Moganũ. Syluas habet multas, & inter eas quaſdã inſignes, regionem ipſam quaſi propugnantes, ut ſunt Ottonica, Speshartica & Thuringica. Quidam annumerant & Bohemicam, à qua non procul oritur Moganus ex monte Fichtelberg, unde & alij tres profluunt amnes, Nabus, Sala & Egra. Habet Frãconia duas ciuitates epiſcopales, Herbipolim, quę & Peapolis & Marcopolis, & uulgo Vuirtzpurgum uocatur, et Babenbergam, quam uulgo Bambergã appellant. Herbipolẽſis epiſcopus dux eſt Frãconiæ, non totius ſed maioris partis, cum & epiſcopus Babenbergenſis magnam habeat ditionem in ea, præſertim in Voitlandia, & ſimiliter Marchio Brãdenburgenſis. In Babenbergenſi agro creſcit mellea illa radix, quã glycerhyſam uocant, effoditurꝗ in tanra copia, ut ingentes currus ea onerati, in diuerſas abducãtur regiones. In confinio Franconiæ eſt ſita celeberrima Nurnbergę urbs in arenoſo ſolo, unde nihil ferè commoditatis haberi poteſt, niſi terra ipſa multo labore maceretur, paſtinetur & ſtercoretur. Hinc eſt quod huius urbis ciues omnes exercent artificia, aut negocijs intendunr, & diuitias quas ex ſterili terra eruere nequeunt, ex uarijs ingenioſisꝗ artificijs multo felicius conquirunt. Anno Chriſti 911. ſub Conrado imperatore, uel, ut alij dicunt, anno 1140. ſub Henrico imperatore, erectus eſt Burggrauiatus Nurnbergenſis. Et cum circa annum Chriſti 1275. Burggrauiorum ſemen deficeret, rex Rudolſus, comes ab Habſpurg, ſororium ſuum Fridericum, comitem à Zollern, Burggrauiatui præfecit. Et huius quoꝗ filius, nepos & pronepos comitatum illum poſſederunt. Cum autem ſub imperatore Sigiſmundo, Marca Brandenburgeñ. deſtitueretur uirili ſucceſſore, Burggrauius Nurnbergenſis, Fridericus nomine, obtinuit in concilio Conſtantienſi, anno ſcilicet Chriſti 1417. dictam Marcam, erogata magna pecunia quam Nurnbergenſes ſuppeditauerunt, quatenus ab illius iuriſdictione liberarentur. Sicꝗ præter titulum Burggrauius nihil iuris ſibi in urbe retinuit, maiorem conſequutus ditionem.

FRANCONIA XI



XI· NOVA TABVLA

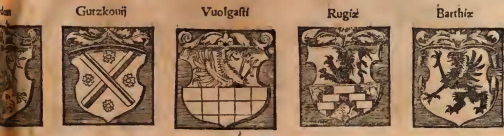


POMERANIA

Ripa maris Pomerani natura eſt uallo ſolidiſſimo munita, ut nulla eius inundatio terræ nocere queat, ut in Phriſia & Holandia, ubi perpetuis aggeribus impetus eius eſt coërcēdus. Terminum ergo habet hæc terra à deo poſitum, quem mare pꝛætergredi non ualet. Vocatur autem hoc mare Balthicum, quod in modum balthei longo tractu per Scythias regiones tendatur uſque in Græciam, ut Helmoldus Vuandalicarum rerum ſcriptor ſentit. Sed hoc eſſe nequit, cum mare illud non in Græciam porrigatur. Nam ex Ruſſia per longas ambages in Sueciam itinere pedeſtri perueniri poteſt, & ex Liuonia in Lithuaniam & rurſus in Poloniam ubi nullum mare eſt. Vbi eſt ergo baltheus in Græciam? Balticum itaqꝫ mare dicitur à Baltia peninſula, quæ tria continet aquilonis regna, Daniam, Sueciā & Noruuegiam. Teſtis eſt Plinius, qui ſuos introducit autores de fertilitate Pomeraniæ, ſcribit doctiſſimus Petrus Artopæus natus Pomeranus in hunc modum. Pomerania ad mare Balticum ſita, à primis cultoribus patria lingua, hoc eſt, Vuandalica, Pamorzi appellata, ab indigenis inhabitata & proprijs dominis gubernata, alienis autem nunquam ſubiecta, eſt ubiqꝫ fertilis, aquis irrigua, ſtagnis abundās, nauibus peruia, diues agris, paſcuis, pomis, lignis, riuis, mōtibus, uenatione, pecore, piſcibus, frumento, butyro, melle, cera & alijs his ſimilibus rebus. Eſt quoqꝫ optime culta ciuitatibus, oppidis, arcibus & uicis, nec ullus in ea eſt locus uacuus et incultus, niſi quem aut lacus aut montes occupant. Cibum miniſtrat multis alijs terris per circuitum ſitis. Vſa eſt ante ſuſceptū Chriſtianiſmum lingua Vuādalica, moribusqꝫ ſuis uixit, quoad uſqꝫ incorporata fuit Rom. Imperio, tūc unà cum religione ſimul didicit ab Imperatoribus Saxonicā linguam, quam & in hunc uſque retinet diem. Colligūt incolæ in mari ſuccinum, ſed non tantum quantum Pruteni in ſuis littoribus legunt. Inſigniores ciuitates, quas habet Pomerania, iacēt in littore maris, præter paucas quaſdam mediterraneas, ut ſunt Stetinum, Neuugardia, Stargardia, &c. In littore maris iacent Colberg, Caminum, Coslinum, Gripſuualdum, Sundtum, &c.


Vuandalorum
Caſſubiorum
Stetini
Pomeraniæ
Vſedo
Mare Pom
Rugen
Bergh
Garȝ
Iaſmūd
Gnitz
Vſedom
Zwine
Wolgaſt
Grypſwald
Frisshaft
Bart
Sundt
BARTHIA
BARTHEN
Tribſes
Gutzkow
Hertzogthum
Stetin
Treptow
Groſswin
Stetin
Ober Po
mern
Newgard
Stargerd
Dam
Golnaw
Camin
Plate
Pafewalk
Vker marc
Angermūd
Stolpe
Konigſperg
Aderberg
Pryenwold
Coſtrin
Lanſperg
New Brandenburg
Clepenow
Loitz
Draggun
Malchim
Marca antiqua
Nilſtat

14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25





14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25

SLESIA

prouincia regni Bohemici, habens ab oriente conterminam Poloniam, à meridie uerò attingens Morauiam, habet metropolim Vratislauiam, quam Germani Preslau uocant, ab Vratislao ſecundo rege Bohemiæ ſic appellatam. Longitudo regionis extenditur ſecundum decurſum Oderę fluuij à meridie in ſeptentrionē octo uel nouem dietis. Secundum latum uerò patet itinere trium dierum. Vtitur pro maiori parte lingua germanica. Vltra Oderam uero loquuntur Sclauonice, quæ lingua communis eſt Bohemis, Polonis, Sclauis, id eſt, Illyrijs, Moſcouitis, Lithuanis & multis alijs populis. Abundat regio ipſa omnibus bonis, niſi quod uinum non habent, infertur tamen ex Morauia & Vngaria uinum bonum. Creſcit & circa Croſnam uinum, ſed quod per Oderā in Pruſſiam auehitur.

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Gros Poland
Gemein Teütsch meilen
Brandenburger Marck
Zulch
Mitnacht
Freistat
Gor
Gloga
Stein
Loben
Sagan
Han
Legnitz
Lußetz

TXV· NOVA TABVLA



SCLAVONIAE,

Iſtriæ, Carniæ, Croatiæ, Coruatiæ atque Dalmatiæ deſcriptionem hæc tabula tibi lector exhibet, unà cum origine Saui fluuij inſignis, atq; parte Boſnaici regni. Hæ autem regiones omnes, præter Dalmatiã, olim uno & generali uocabulo dictæ ſunt Illyris, ſed poſtea diuerſa nactæ dominia, iuxta alios & alios populos, alia quoq; & alia ſortitæ ſunt nomina. Vtuntur pro maiori parte lingua Sclauonica, præſertim quæ ultra Sauum ad mare Adriaticum extenduntur. Labacum metropolis loquitur partim Germanice & partim Sclauonice, hoc eſt, Polonice. Parent ferè omnes ducibus Auſtriæ præter Boſnenſes qui ſubijciuntur Turcis. Terra eſt montoſa, quandoquidem Alpes in eam extendantur, deſinantq; in has regiones.

DESCRIPTIO TOTIVS I…




Gemeine Tütſch meiln
4 8 12 16
Pago
Adriatiſch möre
Dalmatia
Parentz
Piron
Keſta
Mugels
Flumona
Trieſt
Kharſt
Gafero
S. Serf
Iſterich
Wipach
Gertz
Birbaume Wald
Senaſetz
Ober Crain
Schneperg
Gürſthee
Aurſperg
Sitich
Laibach
Laibach fl.
Gertſchach
Ratmäſsdorf
Saw fl.
Vollſperg
Crainburg
Bancker fl.
Manſpurg
Roſeck
Rotſpuhel
Stein

BOHE-MIAE DESCRIPTIO, IN

qua notantur urbes regię & oppi-
da & caſtra Baronū, itemq́ʒ
quæ ſubſcripſerint
Huſſitis &
quę nō.

45

BOHEMIAE NOVA DES[C…]



RIPTIO TABVLA XVII



DANIA ET SCHONLANDIA, NORDVEGIA, SVECIA & Finlandia.

DANIA habet nomen illud à rege quodã Dano uocato, complectiturq́; Cimbricam Cherſoneſum ſiue Iutiam, quam uulgo Dietmarſen uocant, Fyonem, Selandiam, quam alij Sialandiam appellant & multas alias inſulas. Ciuitates inſigniores in Cimbrica ſunt, Schleſsuuic, ubi aliquando fuit ducatus, Ripen ſedes epiſcopalis, Wiburg, Harruſia, uulgo Oors. In Fyone, Ottonia, uulgo Othonſs, Melphort. Swinborg. In Selandia, Roſchilt ciuitas epiſcopalis, Hafnia, quæ uulgo Coppenhagẽ & Kopmanhaſen, id eſt, mercatorum portus uocatur. Ibi eſt regia ſedes & ſtudium uniuerſale. Schonlandiam alij uocant, Schondaniam, id eſt, amœnam Daniam, quam Plinius Scandiam, & aliquando Scandinauiam appellauit. Vocatur autem ſic ob portuum & emporiorum commoditatem, ob maritimas opes, lacuum & fluminum piſcationes, nobilium ferarum uenationes, auri, argenti, plumbi, cupri & æris inexhauſtas uenas, atq; oppidorũ frequentiam. Diuiditur autem in multa regna & prouincias. Nam præter Daniam, continet Norduegiã, Sueciam & Gothiam: item Laponiam, Gronlandiam, Finlanlandiam & Islandiam. Sonat Gronlandia uirentem terram, ob inſignem ſcilicet prouentum pabuli, quod in ea regione inuenitur. Islandia uero ſonat glacialem terram, & hæc ueteribus eſt Thyle, pro maiori ſui parte mõtoſa & inculta. Qua parte eſt plana, præſtat plurimum pabulo tam læto, ut pecus depellatur à paſcuis, ne ab aruina ſuffocetur. Habet rupem & promontoriũ, quod æſtuat perpetuis ignibus inſtar Aetnæ, putaturq́; à uulgaribus carcer eſſe ſordidarum animarum. Ciuitates epiſcopales in ea ſunt, Holen & Skalholten. Hetlandia maxima Orchadum inſularum, habet epiſcopalem ciuitatem Orchadam. Laponia dicta eſt à populo quo habitatur. Vocant autẽ Germani Lapones & Lappen, qui parum idonea rei præſenti dicunt & faciunt, quos Latini ineptos uocãt. Hi domos non habent, ſed tabernacula quaſi caſtrenſia. Ferarum maxima copia eſt in ea regione. Agrum non colunt, ſed piſces capiunt plurima copia, edomantq́; in farinã. Commertia permutatione & pecunia agunt, mutuo conſenſu tantum, & nullo ſermone cõmunicato, quia habẽt linguam peculiarem, & ignotam uicinis. Gens ualidiſſima eſt & diu libera fuit & arma ſuſtinuit Norduegię Sueciæq́;, donec cõceſſit tandem ſub imperium & tributum pendit, pręcioſas ferarum pelles. Norduegia ſonat uiam ſeptentrionalem. Et fuit hoc regnum aliquãdiu florens, hodie uero eſt ſub poteſtate Danorum. Hæc mittit in Europam piſcem ex genere Aſellorum, frigore induratum & extentum in fuſtem, quem Germani Stockfiſch uocant. Captura eius laudatiſſima eſt Ianuario, quando ſupereſt frigus ut induretur, & qui clementioribus menſibus fuerint capti, marceſcunt, neq; ſunt idonei ut exportentur. Littus Norduegiæ à caſtro Vuardhus uſq; ad inſulam Foſen totum eſt infeſtum uerno tempore balenis uaſtæ magnitudinis, adeo quod ad centum perueniunt cubitos. Hæ tunc gregatim conueniunt ad prolificandũ. Et naues quæ uel in earum corpora, uel uortices aquarũ, quos hæ faciunt inſtar carybdis agitatione ſua, delatæ fuerint, periclitantur. Secernitur Norduegia uerſus orientem à Suecia aſperrimis & latiſſimis perpetuoq́; niuoſis mõtibus, qui nullum tranſitum admittunt in Sueciam. Sueciæ regnum diues eſt argenti, æris, plumbi, ferri, & chalybis, pecoris & prouentu immenſo piſciũ. Huius regni regia Stockholm, quam noſtri Holm uocant, Suecorũ præcipua urbs & emporium, munita natura & arte, & ſita in paludibus inſtar Venetiarũ. Habet & alias plurimas urbes multosq́; ducatus. Gothia ſonat bonum, hinc Gotlandia bona terra. Habet autem Gothia plurimas inſignes urbes, ut ſunt Lincopia, Malmogia, Sudercopia, Calmar, in qua aiunt arcem eſſe haud inferiorẽ arce Mediolanẽſi. Diuiditur quoq; Gothia in Oſtrogothiam & Veſtrogothiam. Finlandia interpretatur pulchram terram. Hæc Scythię occurſat, & extra totum Tanaim longe procurrit in Aſię fines. Habuit ſuperiori ętate dominum Moſchum, hoc uero tempore ſub rege Suecię exiſtit. Vtũtur habitatores eius lingua diſtincta à Danis & Suecis, nempe lingua Vuandalorum, qua & Poloni atq; Ruſſi utuntur.

SEPTENTRIONALES RE

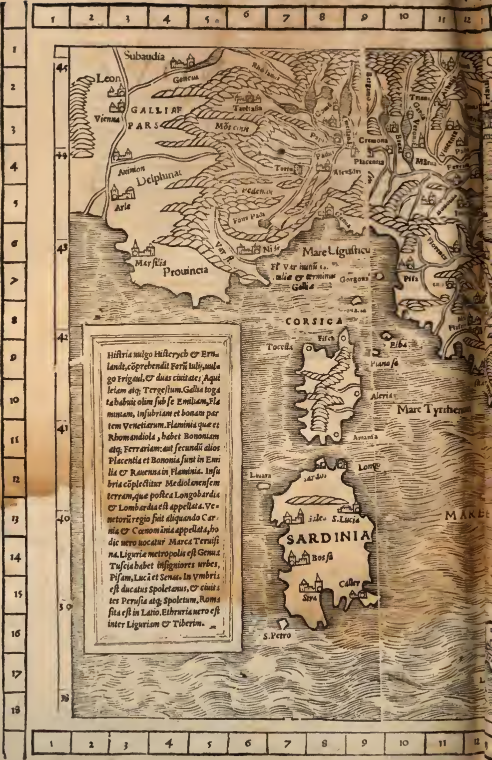




Warthūs
Finmarck
Scrifinni
Biarmia
Lappen
Der wys ſee
Bottniſch möre
Lappen land
Carelia
Bomia
Bottnia
Schwartz ſee
Wiborg
Angermānia
Scandia
Piente ſee
Helſingia
Swedē
Fin land
Swediſch möre
Moſco witer land
Vpland
Holm
Aland
Abo
Riualia
Peibus
Smaland
Shiolle
Eſthia
Marienbūrg
Halland
Gothia
Gotland
Riga
Rüſſen
Liuonia
Depenaw fl.
Borſtholm
Falſter
Rugia
Samogetia
Vil fl.
Pomern
Dantzig
Littaw

ITALIA NOVA

Eſt Italia peninſula, undiq; præterquam ubi alpibus iũgitur, mari cincta, ab oriente Adriatico, ab occidente uero & meridie Tyrrheno. Sunt illi alpes ueluti inſuperabilis murus, & duplex ambiens mare ceu naturales foſſæ. Intra hæc munimenta, nobiliſſima coërcetur terra, infinitis penè irrigata amnibus. Hanc Ianus qui & Ogyges ingreſſus eſt, quando adhuc erat aurea ætas & iuſti homines. Ipſe uinum & far primus in Italia docuit, deorum ſacrificia & moderatam comeſtionẽ. Vnde Fabius pictor: Ianus fuit pontifex religioſus, literatus, philoſophus, theologus, pater omnium deorum & hominum, monarcha totius primi generis humani, penes quem unum tunc erat totius uaſti orbis cuſtodia. Ab hoc Iano Italia primum appellata fuit Ianicula, ſicut & Ianua ciuitas ab ipſo nomen accepit, quam hodie Genuam uocant. Hic bifrons pingitur, duas enim facies ante & retro habere dixerunt, quod duo uiderit ſecula, id ſcilicet quod præceſſit & quod ſecutum eſt diluuium. Hic alio nomine Nohe uocatur, primus uini inuẽtor, unde & Ianus cognominatus eſt. Eſt enim יין iaijn in heb. lingua uinum. Huius uxor fuit Eſtha, cui Romani adijcientes adhuc unam literam fecerunt Veſtham, coluerunt q; pro dea. Porrò Græci heb. uocem mutuantes, ex Ianicula fecerunt Oenotriam, ſic ſcilicet Italiam appellantes. Fuit & Saturnia à Saturno, & Heſperia ab Heſpero appellata. Potiores Italiæ partes ſunt Hiſtria, Gallia togata, Liguria, Tuſcia, Vmbria, Latium, Campania, Apulia, Calabria & Græcia magna. Sub quibus plurimæ ſunt minores regiones, nempe Inſubria, Ethruria, Aemilia, Flaminia, Lucania, &c.


Subaudia
Leon
Vienna
GALLIAE PARS
Geneua
Tarteſia
Mōs cinis
Auinion
Delphinat
Arle
Pedem.
Fons Pada
Turin
Alexādri
Placentia
Cremona
Marſilia
Prouincia
Niſſa
Mare Ligusticu
Gorgona
CORSICA
Toccilla
Aleria
Amanſa
Elba
Piſa
Mare Tyrrhenu
Liuara
SARDINIA
S.Lucia
Boſa
Caller
Stra
S.Petro
MARE
Hiſtria uulgo Hiſterych & Ern=
landt,cōprehendit Forū Iulij,uul=
go Frigaul,& duas ciuitates Aqui
leiam atq; Tergeſtum.Gallia toga
ta habuit olim ſub ſe Emiliam,Fla
miniam, Inſubriam et bonam par
tem Venetiarum.Flaminia quæ et
Rhomandiola , habet Bononiam
atq; Ferrariam:aut ſecundū alios
Placentia et Bononia ſunt in Emi
lia & Rauenna in Flaminia. Inſu
bria cōplectitur Mediolanenſem
terram,quæ poſtea Longobardia
& Lombardia eſt appellata.Ve=
netorū regio fuit aliquando Car=
nia & Cœnomānia appellata,ho
die uero uocatur Marca Teruiſi
na.Liguriæ metropolis eſt Genua
Tuſcia habet inſigniores urbes,
Piſam,Lucā et Senas. In Vmbris
eſt ducatus Spoletanus,& ciuita
tes Peruſia atq; Spoletum.Roma
ſita eſt in Latio.Ethruria uero eſt
inter Liguriam & Tiberim.

VA TABVLA



Carinthia
Croatia
Sagabria
SERVIA
Friaul
Aquileia
Histria
Pola
Laubach
Save fl.
SCLAVONIA
BOSSINA
Turcia
Mare Adriaticum
Ragusa
Scardona
Spalato
DALMATIA
Ancona
Vrbin
S. Maria de Loret
Campus Cassonius
Vechi
Melada
Aquila
Apulia
Siponto
Garganus
S. Angelo
Manfred
Durazo
Albania
Roma
Capuana
Caieta
Neapol
Salerno
Terra
Laboris
Brandicio
Hydruntu
Otronto
Taranto
Camara
Corfun
MEDITERRANEVM
Calabria
Lipari
Vulcano
Aetna
Palermo
SICILIA
Trapani
Gergento
Syracusa
Pachini promot.
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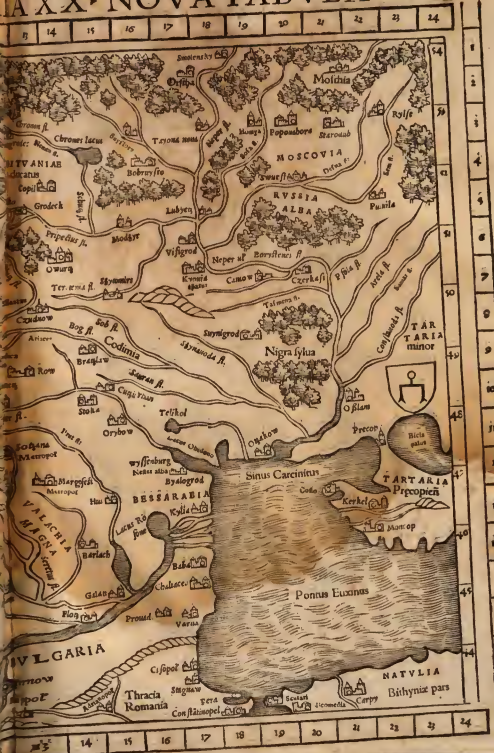
POLONIAE

ET VNGARIAE DESCRIPTIO. Vngariæ regio multo tempore peregrinarum gentium fuit ſedes. Olim enim habitauerunt in ea Pannones & Peones, deinde Gothi, poſt Gothos Huni, poſt Hunos Langobardi, Langobardis rurſus ſucceſſerunt Huni, & tandē occupauerunt eam Vngari anno ſcilicet Chriſti 900. Et cum multa mala intuliſſent toti Germaniæ, anno Chriſti 954. à Cæſare Ottone prope Auguſtam Vindelicorum cęſi, humiliores effecti ſunt. Poſtea anno Chriſti 1006. Sanctus Henricus imperator tradidit ſororem ſuam Giſelam duci Vngarorum in matrimonium, ut infidelis uir per mulierem ſanctam Chriſto acquireretur, id quod & breui factū eſt, appellatusq́; fuit in baptiſmo dux ille Stephanus, primus Vngariæ Chriſtianus rex, cui ſucceſſerunt 28. reges uſq; ad Ferdinandū, qui hoc tempore regnū illud poſſidet, & eſt in ordine uiceſimus nonus rex. Fuit Vngaria ante paucos annos latiſſimum regnum, ſed per Turcas magna pars eſt illi adempta. Anno enim Chriſti 1396. ablata eſt Bulgaria. Deinde anno 1521. expugnatum fuit Belgradum, uulgo Kriecheſuuyſſenburg, unicum Vngariæ contra Turcas præſidium. Poloniæ ducatus ab imperatore Ottone ſecundo erectus eſt in regnum, ſed paulo poſt cum rex criſtas erigeret contra Imperatorē, rurſum fuit regnum in ducatum redactū, manſitq́; ducatus tributarius Romano imperio uſque ad annum Chriſti 1077. Tunc cum Germaniæ principes ſedicioſi eſſent contra imperatorem Henricum quartum, dux Poloniæ propria autoritate ſibi impoſuit regium diadema, unctus ab epiſcopis quos in ducatu ſuo habuit. Metropolis totius regni eſt Cracouia ſita ad fluuium Viſtulam quā aiunt denominatam & conſtructam anno 50. poſt Chriſtum natum à Craco primo regionis duce. Eſt terra ipſa plurimum nemoroſa, habens multa pecora & feras, præſertim equos ſylueſtres, uros, ceruos &c. Foditur in regno ſal plurimum, unde incolæ maximum faciunt emolumentum, deinde nemora abundāt apibus & melle, quæ ferè Polonorum ſunt diuitię.

POLONIA ET VNGARI



ꝪA XX· NOVA TABVLA·



TRANSSYL
VANIA QVAE ET SEPTEM CASTRA
uulgo appellatur, pars eſt Vngarici regni,
altiſſimis omni ſe.e ex parte cincta monti/
bus. Loquunt incolæ pro maiori parte ger
manicè, olim ſub Carolo Magno, ut puta/
tur, ex Saxonia illuc translati. Habuerunt
olim proprium ducem, ſed poſtquā regio
ipſa Chriſto nomen dedit, ſubactaq́ eſt re/
gno Vngariæ, deſignatus eſt à rege Vnga/
riæ, Pręfectus & gubernator, quem ſua lin/
gua uocarunt Vueiuoden. Metropolis re/
gionis uocatur Cibinium, à præterfluente
amne ſic appellata, uulgo Hermēſtat. Poſt
illam ſecundum tenet locum Preſſouia, uul
go Cronenſtat, ad quā merces ex Græcia,
& hinc rurſus ad Budam Vngarię trāſpor/
tantur. Habet regio ſolum ſatis fœcundū,
Iuxta oppidum Meduuiſch creſcit uinum
in magna copia, unde & ager ille uocatur
Weinland, id eſt, uinifera regio. Iuxta op/
pida Clauſenburg & Saltzburg, atq; in Ce
culia foditur ſal. Haud procul ab oppidis
Schlotten & Altenburg effoditur aurum,
ſicut prope oppidum Yſenberg ferrum. Al
luunt regionem multi amnes, ſed præcipui
ſunt Moroſſus & Altus, quem Ptolemæus
appellat Allutum, uterq; nauigabilis.

TRANSSYLVANIA XI



XI· NOVA TABVLA·



GRAECIAE MODERNÆ FACIES CVM SVCCINCTO INdice nominum, quæ mutationem temporis ſucceſſu acceperunt.

Adrianopolis	*Eddrennede*	Methone	*Modon*
Aegæum mare	*Arcipelago*	Naupactus	*Lepanto*
Alicarnaſſus	*Meſi*	Naxos	*Nicſia*
Amphipolis	*Chryſopoli*	Nicopolis	*Preueza*
Apollonia	*Apolline*	Nicæa	*Nichea*
Athenæ	*Satines*	Nicomedia	*Nicomidia*
Byzantium	*Conſtantinopel, Stampoli*	Patmos	*Palmoſa*
Carpathus	*Scarpanto*	Peloponneſus	*Morea*
Corinthus	*Corintho*	Perinthus	*Heraclia*
Corcyra	*Corfu*	Proconeſus	*Marmora*
Chios	*Scio*	Phocæa	*Foliauechia*
Creta	*Candia*	Rhodus	*Rodo*
Dardania	*Seruia, Raſcia*	Salamis	*Coluri*
Dacia	*Valachia*	Samos	*Samo*
Delos	*Sdiles*	Sardica	*Triadizza*
Drepanum	*Melecha*	Scodra	*Scutari*
Epheſus	*Epheſo*	Scopelos	*Scopulo*
Epidamnus	*Durazo*	Sicyon	*Baſilica*
Epidaurus	*Raguſia, Dubronic*	Sigeum	*Ianizzari*
Euboea	*Nigropont*	Smyrna	*Leſmyrne*
Helleſpontus	*Stretto de Gallipoli*	Strophades	*Striuali*
Icaria	*Nicaria*	Tiberiopolis	*Strommizza*
Ilium	*Troia*	Torone	*Agiomamma*
Lacedæmon	*Mizithra*	Tragurium	*Brazza*
Lemnos	*Stalimene*	Thebæ	*Thiua*
Lesbus	*Metelin*	Theraſia	*Santorini*
Melita	*Meilda*	Theſſalonica	*Salonich, Selenic*
Melos	*Milo*	Zacinthus	*Zante.*
Meſembria	*Meximbria*		

NOVA GRAECIA X




Boſphorus
Pera
Romania
Thracia
Heraclia
Chalcedon
Paphlagonia
Pontus
Galatia
Propõtis
Nicea
Bithinia
Callipolis
Seſtus
Abydus
Olympus
Myſia
Troia
Natolia
Phrygia
Lesbos
Mytilene
Lydia
Meonia
Pactolus fl.
Meandrus
Klein Aſia
Chios
scio
Jonia
Lycaones
Piſidia
Samos
Ephe ſus
Pamphy lia
Caria
Lycia
Pirgi
Cyclades
inſule
Cos
Lango
Doris
Scarpito
Ida berg
oder Creta

TERRA SANCTA

HAec particularis Syriæ prouincia primum Terra Chnaan, dein-
de terra Iſraël & Iudęa dicta fuit, ac propter Philiſtijm ſeu Pale-
ſtinorum cohabitationem, Paleſtina. Clauditur mari mediterra
neo, Iordane fluuio, monte Libano & termino Aegypti. Metro
polis eius eſt urbs illa toto orbe memorabilis IERVSALEM, princeps pro
uinciarum, poſſeſſio patriarcharum, prophetarum & apoſtolorum mater,
iniciatrix fidei & gloria populi Chriſtiani, ſita in terra optima, quæ olim ha
bitatoribus ſuis lac & mel fluens, nunc uero uniuerſo orbi remedia ſalutis
& uitę porrigit alimenta. De Zion enim egreſſa eſt lex, & uerbum domini
de Ieruſalē. Hanc dominus ab initio ſingulari ſupra alias terras fauore pro
ſequi dignatus fuit. Cum habitatores eius eſſent recti & optimi, terra quoq;
ipſa uariarum opum fuit diues, frugibus fertilis, aquis illuſtris, opima balſa
mo & omni rerum genere abundans. Quando uero dei obliti in uitia pro-
ruebant colebantq; idola, nulli non fuit peſti obnoxia. Beſtijs malis pate-
bat introitus, lepra paſſim omnia corripiebat, nedum corpora hominum,
uerum & habitacula atq; ueſtes eorum, hoſtilis gladius undiq; habitatori-
bus imminebat, fames, ſitis, clauſura cœli, multiplexq; illa maledictio, quæ
Deut. 27. deſcribitur, fines eius peruagabatur, ut iam non terra optima ſed
infeliciſſima, inculta, ſterilis, omni dulcedine carens, ſuos habitatores de-
uorans, ænea, dura & tota horrida eſſe diceretur, qualis & in huncuſq; di-
em eſſe deprehenditur ab ijs qui eam peregre accedunt. Cæterum Iordanis
efficit nonnullos lacus in terra, præſertim eum quem uocant mare Galileæ:
Lacum Samachonitem, qui æſtate ſiccatur in paludes, & ſylua qua obduci-
tur, infeſta eſt leonibus. Porrò lacus Aſphaltis, quinq; urbium ſubuerſione
memorabilis, fumoſus eſt, & nullum corpus animantis recipit, ſed tauri &
cameli in eo fluitant, etiam homines nandi imperiti, ubi ad ilia uſq; in eum
proceſſerint, attolluntur. Vallis ſylueſtris eſt & plena ſalinis, quā aſphal-
tis lacus inundauit: antiquitus uero cultiſſima erat, adeò ut ob feli
citatem paradiſo dei conferretur. Manſit eius ſpecies
apud Iericho & Engędi: ubi adhuc pal-
metæ ſunt & horti balſami.

TERRA SANCTA XI



XIII NOVA TABVLA



INDIA NOVA.

Nouam Indiam tibi lector in iſta tabula exhibemus cum infinitis inſulis. Dico nouam, quod longe poſt Ptolemæum ab Europis hominibus fuerit illa extrama orientalis regionis portio cum annexis inſulis inuenta. Calicuth uero, Canonor, Cambaia, Narſinga, &c. regiones ſunt non nouæ, quippe quæ ueteribus, quoq; fuerint cognitæ, ſed noua nomina, & quæ nouo nauigationis itinere noſtro tempore cœperunt adiri. Nam ut in tabula nouæ Africæ ſcripſimus, Portugallenſes hodie circumeunt totam Africam, & per anguſtias maris rubri uelificant in Orientem ad Ormum inſignem inſulam, ad Cambaiam & Calicuth nobiliſſimū emporium, ubi totius Orientis confluunt mercatores, comportantes omnia aromatum genera, cinamomum, piper, gariophylum, zinziberim, thus, lacham, ligna ſandalij, nuces muſcatas, camphoram, pannos ſericeos omnium generum, margaritas & lapides præcioſos uarij generis, muſcum, aloën. &c. Naſcitur autem in Calicuth & regno Narſingæ piper, zinziber, cardamomum, myrobalanum & caſia: reliqua aliunde importantur. Spicus nardus & myrobalanum ex Cambaia & uicino regno Cuchino aduehuntur. Aſportatur quoque inde bombix & ſericum in magna copia, ſicut & de regno Pego. Inuenitur etiam in eo regno onyx, calcedonius & adamas. In Ormo inſula leguntur uniones in magna copia. Zaylon inſula mittit rubinos hyacinthos, ſaphyros ac topazios. Regnum Malaqua ſeu Malacha, mittit ſandalium, pſitacos, elephantes, pardos, &c. Sumatra inſula miram habet copiam piperis & ſerici. Camphora arboris cuiuſdā gummi, in Porne inſula inuenitur. In inſulis uero Monoch & Bandan haud multum à Porne diſtantibus, creſcunt nuces muſcatæ & gariophylum. Inſula Zipangri plurimo abundat auro, & ingentibus pollet diuitijs. Inſulæ Petan & utraq; Iaua, maior & minor, proferunt magnam copiam piperis, nucum muſcatarū, ſpici, galangæ, & cæterorum aromatum. In Madagaſcar inſula plurimi ſunt elephantes, & id circo magna eſt in ea præcioſi eboris nundinatio. Sūt etiam in ea multa nemora ſandalorum. Huic haud diſſimilis eſt Zanzibar inſula, abundans leonibus, leopardis, & alijs uarijs beſtijs ſyluestribus. De maximo imperio Cathay, de prouincia Mangi, de urbibus Quinſai & Cyamba, multa habes in ſecundo & tertio libro Pauli Veneti.

INDIA EXTREMA X



XIIII· NOVA TABVLA·



AFRICA NOVA.

AFrica una ex tribus orbis partibus, latiſſima eſt regio multorũ regnorum, populorum, animalium, fluuiorum, montium & deſertorum refertiſſima, hodieq́; à Portugallẽſibus circumnauigatur, qui à Portugallia ſoluentes recta in auſtrum tendentes, primum Gades inſulam prætereunt, deinde Mederam inſulam, quæ hodie à Luſitanis incolitur, patetq́; circuitu 40. miliariũ. Ferax eſt ſaccari & uini, Cretico uino nequaquam cedẽtis. Poſt Canarias adeunt inſulas, quarum nomina ſunt, Canaria, Teneriffa, Palma, Fractalancea, Magnaſors, Grancamaria, Gienera, Ferrum. His relictis Caput album petunt, ubi tellus tota eſt arenoſa & deſerta, alba & arida uſq́; ad Nigritas. Succedit Capiti albo Sinus Dargin & inſula eiuſdem nominis. Eſt & poſt Caput album in mediterraneis locus quem Hodenum appellant, & hic nullo clauditur muro, ſed diuerſorium eſt Arabum & ſtatio camelorum. Eius regionis incolæ uiuunt ordeo & cariotis, quibus ubertim abundant. Mahumetum colunt & Chriſtianos oderunt. Senega fluuius qui has terras ſequitur & totam ferè Aethiopiam interiorem irrigat, Azanegos à regno Nigritarum diſterminat. Sunt autẽ Azanegi homines pauperes & mendaces, proditores & prauos ſeruantes mores. In regno Senegæ eſt locus nomine Tagaza, unde ingens copia petrei ſalis auehitur camelis Arabum. Cęterum ferunt flumen Senegæ deriuari à Nilo, eaſdemq́; uices cum eo habere. Nam ut ille Aegyptum, ita hic Aethiopiam reddit irriguam. Rex Senegę pauper eſt & nullas habet urbes, nec annuos redditus, & præterea regnum eius anguſtos habet limites. Habet regnum Senegæ ab oriente regionem Tuchmoram, à meridie uero regnum Gambrę, uerſus autem ſeptentrionem Nigro fluuio clauditur. Sequitur caput uiride, ſic appellatum quod conſitum ſit arboribus denſiſſimis eiſdemq́; uirentibus continuo ferè anno. Huic finitimum eſt regnum Gambræ, in quo homines habitant feroces & ſæui, ſubditi cum rege ſuo magno regi Mellis, qui magnus imperator Nebeorum dicitur. Habet regio illa elephantes ſylueſtres, qui non cicurantur. Huic regno ſuccedit uerſus auſtrum regio Caſamanſę à fluuio Caſamanſa ſic dicta. Hinc à ſinu Rubro reflectitur Continens in orientem, & antequam peruenitur ad Caput bonę ſpei, extremam Africanæ terræ aciem, occurrũt uariæ gentes, inter quas quædam nudæ incedunt ut ex matris utero exierunt, carentes omni uerecundia. Inueniuntur ibi uaria auium genera, præſertim pſitacorum multijugi coloris à quibus & terra illa Terra pſitacorum denominatur. Reliqua patent ex tabula.


Hiſpania
Granat
Gades
Mare mediterraneum
Sardinia
Malta
Colops
Tunis
Regnum Fes
Mauri
Barbaria
Hippa
AFRICA
Regnũ Tunis
Garaphi
Gagola
Inſulę Canariæ
Budezor
Nigir palus
Nigritæ
Dara fl.
Caput Albũ
Dargn
Hodeni
Tagaza
Garamantes
Lacus Libyæ
LIBYA
Interior
Regnum Senegæ
AETHIOPIA
Caput Viride
Regnũ
Gambræ
Senega fl.
Ciſamanſa regio
Regnum
MELLI
Ginega
Imperiũ Nebeorum
Sinus Rubrus
A Luſitania ad Calechut Orientis imperiũ,hoc itinere per mare deuenitur. Per latus occidentale Mauritaniæ & Getuliæ, Noto deuenitur ad Caput uiride, dictum olim Experias. ibi uiſuntur Heſper.dum inſulæ. Inde tranſita Aethiopia apparet caput auſtrale, quod eſt Cap. bonæ ſpei, exceditq; hyemalẽ tropicum nouem gradibus. Mox regio ſe ſinuat quo ad Praſſum promontorium peruenias, quod Ptolemæus terminum poſuit auſtralem, ulterioremq; plagã appellauit terrã incognitã. Inde iter patet ad Troglodita, ubi eſt Zaphala auriſodina, etiã ueteribus cognita. Hinc tranſito regno Melindæ, per ſinum Barbaricũ uenitur in Oceanũ Indicũ, & demũ ad urbẽ Calechut.

NOVA TABVLA



Sicilia
Syrtis parua
Syrtis magna
Cyrene
Candia
Cyprus
SYRIA
Libanus
Aſia
Damaſcus
Alexãdria
Ieruſalem Iudea
ARABIA deſerta
Marmarica
Ammon
AEGYPTVS
Syene
Nilus fl.
Medina
ARABIA Petrea
Mare Rubrũ
ARABIA Felix
Satolea
Meroe
LIBYAE deſertum
NVBIAE Regnum
Nubia
REGNVM Orguenę
REGNVM Habeſth
Hamarich Sedes Prę te Iohan
REGNVM de Seylam
Monoculi
REGNVM Melindę
Azania regio
QVIOLA Regnum
Tellus Pſi tacorum
Zaphala aurifodina
AFRICAE extremitas
Caput bonę ſpei

NOVARVM INSVLARVM DESCRIPTIO.

Infinitus ferè eſt numerus nouarũ inſularum, quæ poſt annum Chriſti 1490. uſq; in hunc diem ab Hiſpanis ſunt inuentæ. Inſigniores ſunt, America, Cuba, Hiſpaniola, Franciſca, Terra florida &c. America ab Americo inuentore nomen eſt ſortita, qui anno Chriſti 1497. ex mandato regis Caſtiliæ illam intrauit, appellaturq; propter magnitudinẽ ſuam Nouus mundus. Et habet plures adiacentea inſulas, nempe Parianam, Hiſpanã, quæ & Offira, Iamicam, quæ & Iamaica & Lamia, Cubam quæ & Fernandina, Iucatanam, quam incolæ Eccampi uocant, Cozumellam, quæ & Sanctæ crucis, Iſabellam, Spagnollã, in qua lignum Guaiacum inuenitur, cuius uſus eſt contra morbum gallicũ. Incolæ Americæ mares & fœminæ omnes nudi incedũt, uiuuntq; in ſumma libertate, nullum habentes regem aut dominum. Nulla iura aut iuſtitiam ſeruant, nec parentes filios docent aut corripiunt. Arcu & ſagittis pugnant contra confines ſuos alienæ linguæ. Inueniuntur enim in iſtis inſulis multæ & uarię linguę. Domus eorum ſunt conſtructę inſtar campanarum, firmiter ex magnis arboribus ſolidatę, palmarum folijs deſuper cõtectę, aduerſus uentos & tempeſtates tutiſſimę. Diuitię eorum ſunt uariorum colorum auium plumę & calculi quos ex piſcium oſſibus lapilliſq; uiridibus aut candidis faciunt, & ornatus gratia ad genas uel aures ſuſpendunt. Viuunt ex radicibus, fructibus, herbis & uarijs piſcibus. Carent farre & omni grano. Cõmunis paſtus eſt, arborea quędam radix, quam cõminuunt in farinam ſatis bonam. Carnibus non utuntur pręterquam hominum. PARIAS ſub tropico Cancri ſita eſt. Et eſt prouincia illa multum amœna fructiferaq;, maximis ſyluis plena, quę omni tempore florent. Eſt & populoſa & denſa uarijs animalibus ſyluestribus, pręſertim auibus diuerſorum colorum. In inſula Ity nuncupata, homines nudi quoq; incedunt, & corpus uarijs coloribus pingunt, uarijſq; uolucrum pennis adornant. CANIBALI ſeu Canibales ultra ęquatorem habitantes, crudeliſſimi ſunt homines, quippe qui uicinos homines captos abducunt, mactant & comedunt. Notandum hic, Americam ab alijs uocari Hiſpanam, quam Chriſtophorus Columbus anno Chriſti 1492. primus inuenit, & poſtea Americus quoq; inuentam inuiſit. Dominica inſula, Dominica die reperta, & hinc ſic denominata, inculta eſt, denſis arboribus obducta. Inſulã Canibalorum Hiſpani Guadalipeam, incolę uero Grachanam uocant. Inſulam Sanctę crucis incolæ uocant Ayay. In Hiſpaniola 28. torcularia referuntur erecta, quibus magna ſaccari copia extorquetur.

NOVAE INSVLAE X



XVI· NOVA TABVLA·





BASILEÆ EX OFFI
CINA HENRICHI PETRI,
MENSE MARTIO, ANNO
M. D. LII.

APPENDIX GEOGRAPHICA, IN QVA TRES ORBIS PATRES SIGILLATIM

deſcribuntur, iuxta modernum rerum ſtatum, explicātur antiqua regionum & populorum nomina, recenſentur quorundam regum & principū ſucceſſiones & genealogiæ, agitur de habitatoribus, moribus, ritibus, fertilitatibus, mutationibus, expugnationibus terrarum, atq; alijs id genus proprietatibus, quæ peculiariter in hac uel illa inueniuntur eſſe aut contigiſſe terra, autore [redacted]. Sebastianum Munsterum

Geographia quàm utilis & neceſſaria ſit ſtudioſis.

Geographia iuxta ethymū eius, terrę deſcriptionem docet, ſitumq; orbis manifeſtat. Hæc cognitio tā neceſſaria eſt ſtudioſis omnibus; ut ſine ea nemo feliciter in quacunque arte proficere poſſit. Vnde Strabo lib. 1. de ſitu orbis: Si ad philoſophū alia ulla pertinet tractatio, & hanc quam hoc tempore de ſitu orbis delegimus, conſiderandam illi eſſe putamus. Et ibidem: uaria eſt utilitas geographię: quędam ad res urbanas, actionesq; principum, nonnulla ad cœleſtium, terreſtrium, rerumq; maritimarum ſcientiam, animalium, plantarum, fructuum & aliarū, quæ penes uniuerſos cernere fas eſt. Omnia enim huiuſmodi, magnum ad capeſſendam prudentiam comparāt adiumentum, cum regionis ingenium, animalium & plantarū formæ ac ſpecies perdiſcuntur. Maritima etiam apponi licet. Gemino nanq; quendam in modum conſtamus ex uictu: nec terrarum magis ſumus quam maris incolæ. Egregie proinde ille ad præſens inſtitutum ſermo mihi uidetur adduci, quod ſitus orbis deſcriptio eſt, ad ciuiles uſus maiori ex parte conducens. Rerum nanque gerendarum campum mare explicat, præſtat & terra quam incolimus, exiguarū quidem exigua, magnarū uero magna, maximarum autem uniuerſa quam habitabilem uocamus, aut orbē, ut ampliſſimarū quidē actionū hic ipſe ſit locus. Excellentiſſimos quoque imperatores illos extitiſſe conſtat, qui terræ ac maris imperium adepti, nationes ac ciuitates ſub unam potentiam, gubernationemque ciuilem cogere ualuerunt. Simpliciter itaq; geographiam publicam ciuilem & utilem putamus, ſicut & hiſtoriæ deſcriptionem. Illum enim ciuilem hominem dicimus, non quidem prorſus indoctum, ſed qui circularis diſciplinę ac homini libero ac ſtudioſo conſuetæ partem attingit. Nec enim laudare, nec uituperare, nec res geſtas memoratu dignas dijudicare poſſet is, cui uirtutis ac prudentiæ, earumq; rationū cura nulla extitit. Quibus uerbis Strabo planè indicat, ingenuos animos huius profeſſionis ſtudia maxima decere. Porrò cognitio huius nobiliſſimę ſcientiæ id ſui ſtudioſo pręſtat, ut percēſere memoriter quaſi ex libro quodam omnem terræ excurſum ſecundum partium condependentiam ſine difficultate poſſit, tum et inſularum omniū mariumq; inter eas ſtagnationem. Vnde & hæc ſibi cōmoditas eueniet, ut nuſquam inambulās, ſolo ſtudio comite, totam cōpertæ terræ amplitudinē animo peruagari queat, idq; domi ſuæ cognoſcere, ad quod inquirendum, uetuſtiſsimi regis grauiſſimis ſumptibus factis miſerūt, qui experirentur. Cum igitur ob gentium diſcordias & ſectarū diuerſitates mundum perluſtrare pauciſſimis datū ſit, ut omnia tamen experiamur, ſola nos geographia ducere poterit, cuius dono quoties libuerit, quaſi in aërē ſuſpēſi, deſpicere ſimul omnia regna & cognoſcere poſſim9. Preterea eā ſibi me

moriæ euidentiam ex geographia quilibet parare poteſt, ut fabulas & hiſtorias quocunq; loco contigiſſe aut concinnatas audierit, illico in eum locum animo uolet, & uerã loci habitudinem ex pictura prius perſpecta, non intelligere ſolum poſſit, ſed intueri quoque oculis ſibi uideatur. Sed & gemmas, frutices, arbores, herbas, marmora, uariumq; hominum & animal[illegible]s, & quæcunq; à longinquis regionibus ad nos afferuntur, eo facilius quis retinere poteſt, tum & ſcriptores ita referẽtes ſine difficultate intelligere, quòd animo teneat locũ unde ea allata ſunt. Poſtremo conſtat, geographiæ ſtudioſo facilima ea eſſe in poematum & hiſtoriarum lectione, quæ alioquin omnium difficilima eſſe uidentur. Nam in illis quod plurimum doctrinæ & ornamenti in ſe continet, ad terræ cœliq; attinet ſuperficiem, his tantũ ſeclusis, quæ humanus animus magna præſcit, qualia ſunt quæ ex philoſophiæ præceptis poëtæ in ſua tranſtulerunt. Itaq; ſine geographiæ intellectu, non poteſt eſſe abſoluta & commendabilis alicuius aut poëtę aut hiſtorici ſuſcepta interpretatio.

Geographia quomodo à Coſmographia differat.

Quid Geographia

GEographia duplicem habet deſcriptionem, unã cõmunem, alterã propriam. Geographia communis eſt terræ, eorumq; quę intra eam & extra ſunt, marium, montium, fluuiorumq; per regiones deſcriptio, tum hiſtoriarum & earum rerum quæ à natura in ſingulis locis admirandæ relictæ ſunt & annotatione dignæ. Hoc modo eam Strabo accipit lib. 1. cum dicit: Haud igitur dubitãdum eſt, terræ deſcriptionis noticiã, quàm geographiam dicimus, omnes ad imperatorias actiones adducere, &c. Et hac quidem ratione terrãm terrenaq; ſunt ferè perſecuti Mela Pomponius, Dionyſius Afer, Plinius, Solinus, Herodotus, paucíq; alij, qui terræ ſitum per partes aperuerũt, cœli ratione raro admodum adhibita, per quod à Coſmographia differt quod hæc orbẽ deſignãs, totum amplecti ſolet, & terræ amplitudine, in quã omnia uergant, ſuppoſita, quantitatem & qualitatem obſeruare ſecundũ ſitum, longitudinem, latitudinem climatum, rationem dierum, noctiumq; longitudinem & breuitatem, [illegible]um uerticalium orientiũ atq; occidentiũ naturam, cum locorũ diſtantia, natura et poſitione elemẽtorũ, &c.

Quid Coſmographia

Hæc inquam altera geographiæ diffinitio à coſmographia nõ differt, quemadmodum Strabo & huius artis princeps Ptolemæus ſcripſit de ſitu orbis opere inſtituto. Geographia itaq; iſta maxime neceſſaria eſt his, qui rerũ geſtarum ſiue quaſi geſtarum ac fabularum peritiam exactiorẽ habere uolũt. Sine enim hac, nihil aut parum conſequitur, quicunq; animum ad hiſtorias appulit. Et quanquam geographia ſic accepta uerſetur circa omne cui mundi cœliq; nomen inditum eſt, ordiri tamen à terra & ab his quæ in terra mariq; inſignia ſunt, conuenit, quod horum noticia incredibilem uſum & utilitatem habeant. Et cum terræ communem peritiã habuerimus, circulos meridianos ac parallelos & quæcunq; ad cœli rationem pertinent, terrę iam cognitæ facilius ſuperinducemus, & per coſmographiam geographiam abſoluemus. Perſuaſum etiam ſtudioſis eſſe debet hanc doctrinam ſine tabularum uſu & fideliſſima traditiõe, qua ſingula digeſtim explicẽtur, nulla lectione acquiri & retinere poſſe. Ratio enim picturæ intellectum ad uerũ memoriæ ordinem prouocat, & qua quęq; parte locare meditariue debeant, commonſtrat. Cumq; quis totius terræ formulã animo recondit, impendenda eſt opera, ut maria quæ intra terras, quæq; extra ſunt, ſuis nominibus diſcreta diſcãtur. Inde ſpeciatim ad ſingularũ terræ partium deſcriptionem deſcẽdendum eſt, nec aliud primum deſiderandum, quã ut cuiuſque partis loca illuſtria, ut

paſſim

paſſim inueniũtur cognoſcant. Nam
quę ad omnium locorum exactã cogni
tionem attinent, uix ex uno ſcriptore
petentur. Tanta ſiquidem uaſtitas or
bis eſt, ut quantum ad ſui explicationẽ
attinet, uix uno aliquo ingenio loca e-
ius comprehendi poſſint, quocirca o/
pus eſt, ut curſim eius partes ex fide di
gnis annotentur ſcriptoribus.

*Dictionum quorundam, quæ Geographis pecu-
culiares ſunt interpretatio.*

NOtandum hic in primis, to/
tam terrã, ut Strabo primo
libro tradit, inſulam quan/
dam eſſe, ſi ingens illud pe-
lagus, ex quo ſupereminet aſpicias.
Quemadmodũ enim ex mediterraneo
mari apparet Cyprus aut Sardinia, ita
ex tota pelagi amplitudine tota terra
inſtar inſulæ apparet. Eſt tamen diſcri
men inter inſulam & terrã ſolidã ſiue
Inſula quid continentẽ. Inſula enim eſt terra aquis
circundata, quæ ſcilicet à maiore tellu
ris uaſtitate ſeiuncta, undiq; mari allui
Continens tur. Cõtinens uerò dicit̃, quæ mari nõ
niſi per ſinus fracta, tota ſibi cõſtat &
cohęret: uel eſt terra alteri ita cõtinua,
ut inde abſq; marina nauigatione om/
Sinus nes tres partes terrę tranſiri poſſint. Si
nus metaphorice dicitur à ſinu corpo
ris, quę pars eſt inter pectus & comple
xũ brachiorũ. Hinc qa littora curua cõ
Peninſula plectunt̃ maria, uocant̃ ſinus. Penin
ſula eſt, quæ non planè inſula eſt nec
planè cõtinẽs, ſed mari circũdata, ali/
qua tamẽ parte terræ cõnectit̃, quẽad/
Cherſoneſus modum ſunt Cherroneſij, ut Taurica,
Pelopõneſus, Thracia Cherroneſus:
item Cymbrica et Aurea in India. Eſt
autẽ Cherroneſus lingua Laconica,
& Cherſoneſus lingua cõmuni, terra
ferè undiq; mari cincta, non differẽs à
peninſula. χὲρ eſt manus & νῆσος inſu/
Portus la. Portus à portãdo, locus iuxta ma
re cõcluſus, quo important̃ merces &
exportantur, ubi naues tuto hyemare
poſſunt, & hoc differt à ſtatiõe, in qua
Iſthmos ad tẽpus ſolũ breue naues ſtant. Iſth
mos eſt arcta terra inter duo maria. In
ueniuntur uero duo iſthmi, qui pro/
prie iſthmi dicuntur, Corinthiacus &
Thracius. Fretũ opponit̃ iſthmo, nã *Fretum*
eſt mare anguſtũ inter duas terras, ut
eſt fretũ Herculeum inter Hiſpaniã &
Mauritaniam. Græci πορθμὸν uocant.
Alij putãt fretũ deriuari à fremitu un/
danim, ut eſt fretum Siculum, quod eu
ripus quoq; uocatur Taurominitanus.
Lacus eſt qui perpetuã habet aquã. *Lacus*
Stagnum uero, quod temporariam *Stagnum*
habet aquã, hoc eſt, hyeme collectam
ex pluuia. Palus eſt aqua nimis pro *Palus*
funda & latiſſime diffuſa. Fluuius di *Fluuius*
citur, quod fluat. Amnis, quod ambien
do & circuẽundo fluat. Regio dici/ *Regio*
tur prouincia, quòd à regibus regantr.
Vrbs et oppidũ ædificia cõtinẽt. Ci *Vrbs*
uitas uero ciues. Mõs eſt pars terræ al/ *Ciuitas*
ta & eminens. Ramentũ montis, mons
eſt ex alio ortus monte. Promontoriũ *Promontoriũ*
à prominendo, pars eſt montis, quę in
mare excurrit. Mare eſt collectio ma *Mare*
gna aquarum. Oceanum dicũt eſſe ma *Oceanum*
re, quod uniuerſum circuit terram, & in
quo, ueluti in inſula, totat natãt terra.
Hic & mare magnum uocatur. Mare *Mare mediterraneum*
mediterraneum ab occaſu ingreditur
terram, & eſt primum anguſtũ, & uelu
ti per fauces apud Gaditanos terrã in
greditur, nec amplius decem millibus
paſſuum patens terras aperit atque in
trat, tum longe lateq; diffuſum, littora
Affricę et Europę uſq; adeò diſtendit,
ut à Liguria in Africam undecim ferè
numerentur latitudinis gradus. In fau
cibus autem Abydenis non eſt latitu/
do quartæ partis unius gradus, ubi ſci/
licet Xerxes rex Perſarum fecit pon/
tem ab Aſia in Europam per arctiſſi/
mum illud mare, cum oppugnare co/
naretur Athenienſes. Inde mare rurſus
modice ſe laxat in Propontidem, quæ *Propontis*
in boſphoro Thracio pro Conſtanti/
nopolim iterum in tantas contrahitur
anguſtias, ut etiam teſte Plinio alituũ
cantus, canumq; latratus utrinq; audi/
antur: niſi cum uenti uocis ſonum au/
ferunt. Hinc rurſum conſurgit latiſſi/
mum mare Euxinum quod uerſus ſe/ *Euxinũ mare*
ptentrionem per boſphorum Cimme *Boſphorus*

rium ueluti per fauces tranſmittitur in
Palus Meotica paludem Mẹoticam. Incipit igitur ma
re mediterraneum in Hiſpaniæ extre/
mitate iuxta Gaditanos & deſinit in
paludem Mæoticam, acceptans alia in
alijs locis cognomina. Iam enim uoca
tur Balearicum, iam Liguſticum, Tyr/
rhenum, Carpathium, Aegeum, &c.
Hoc mari & duobus inclytis amnibus
Tanai & Nilo, terra in tres partes diui
ditur, Europam, Africā & Aſiam. Et
hæ rurſum in uaria regna, prouincias,
principatus, ducatus, etc. diſtinguunt,
de quorum ſitu, nominibus, habitato/
ribus, moribus, ritibus, fertilitatibus et
alijs id genus proprietatibus, ut hodie
omnia diligēter à Coſmographis ſunt
explorata & cōſcripta, nunc nonnihil
dicemus, nedum de regionibus nobis
propinquis, uerum & de his quę lōge
ab Europa ſitę deprehenduntur, exor/
dium ſumētes ab Hiſpania prima Eu/
ropæ continente regione.

Hiſpaniæ ad Galliam comparatio.

HIſpania uini, frumenti &
carnium copia uincitur à
Gallia, eorū bonitate &
ſapore uincit. Pluuiarum
multitudine Gallia fœcū
da, Hiſpani irriguis aquis plurimum
utuntur, foſſas à magnis fluminibus
longiſſime trahendo. Septentrionali/
bus uentis & frigoribus hæc ut illa nō
fatigatur: unde oleum, mel, crocum, ru
biam, minium, coccum, ſaccarum, ſpar
tum, libanotidem, limones, cappares,
dactylos, citrea mala & punica: alioſ/
que aromaticos fructus abundantius
producit. Hiſpanorū temperatura ca/
lidior ſicciorq́;, & color obſcurus: Gal
lorū frigidior, humidior, caro mollis,
& albicans color. Gallicarum fœmina
rum maior ad prolem fœcunditas quā
Hiſpanicarum. Grandioribus corpo/
ris membris Galli muniti, Hiſpani du
rioribus, arctiſsimo ad cingulum cor/
Galli feroces pore. Galli maiori ferocia quàm arte
pugnāt, & plus uirium quā conſilij in
bella ferunt: Hiſpani contrà. Eſt ſem/
per Hiſpania equorū pernicitate com/
mendata, quos leuis armaturæ equites
tybijs cōtractis pulchre obequitāt, ha/
ſtiludia & militares omnes actus ſæpi
us quàm Galli exercentes: ſunt tamen
Gallorum cataphratti equites in pre/
cio. Galli ore libero, Hiſpani taciturni
qui diſſimulare melius norint. Galli lę
ti, alacres, & in conuiuia proni, hypo/
criſim & grauitatē quam ſeruant ſub/
triſtes Hiſpani, penitus refugiūt. Sunt
enim Hiſpani in ſympoſijs minus ſo/
ciales, cerimonioſi, aliquam ſeueri/
tatem affectantes, quod Galli non cu-
rant. Merū potāt Galli, Hiſpani mul/ *Merum*
ta aqua dilutū. Apud Gallos aduenæ
humaniſſime excipiūtur hoſpitijs, nul
lum eis denegatur officium, ad uictū
omnia parata proponūtur. Apud Hi/
ſpanos duriter & inciuiliter, ut itinere
feſſus ſibi cibum uicatim quærere co/
gatur. Id efficit quòd Hiſpani nō ſunt
in itineribus ita frequētes, noluntq́; tā
largiter pro edulijs pecuniam effunde
re: nec ad ſeruitia exhibenda ita ſunt
proni, ut nec principi cuiuis ruſticus
operam dignetur impendere, ſi uiſum
non fuerit. Sic inueni Hiſpanū de Hi/
ſpanis ſcripſiſſe, qui nunquam Hiſpa
niam uidi. Id quod Damianus quidam
Hiſpanus coēgit me annotare. Hiſpa/
nicus ſermo grauior, Gallicus ſuauior. *ſermo*
Elegantiori inter Hiſpanos oratione
Caſtellani latiſſimi populi utuntur: in
Gallia uix ſcias quæ urbs uerè Gallice
loquatur, ut ſit ſermo ille magis nobili
um & curialium, q̄ alicuius certi loci
peculiaris. Eſt etiā Hiſpanicus ſermo
latino propinquior. Latior ſolo Hiſpa
nia, ſed non ita populoſa: quo ditior,
ſed nō mercaturæ negociatiōe: nec tot
redditus ex hac ſicut ex illa regi colli/
gunt. Gallici ſoli nulla ferè pars eſt o/
cioſa, Hiſpanici plura ſunt inculta &
deſerta loca. Aucupiū et uenatio maior
in Gallia, & plures altilib. etiā ſi carius
emptis, ueſcunt. Ex Hiſpania in Galli
am mercatores deferunt Serici, & om/ *Mercatura*
nis generis pānos, lanas, crocū, ſacca/
rum, orizam, oleū, alumen, grana tin/
ctorum, gemmas & atomata ab Indis
accepta

accepta. Ex Gallia in Hiſpaniam frumentū, Lineas telas, filū paſtel, libros, & minutiora alia mercimonia, plurima, ut gladios, ſpecula, acus, &c. Eſt in Hiſpania principum uirorum, Ducum, marchionum, comitum, & baronum ingens numerus. In Gallia eſt quidem nobilium copia, ſed maiorum dignitatum pauci admodum principes: quod regis opulentiam auget, qui ſolus omnia poſſidet. Duces numerantur in Hiſpania uiginti, quorum cuiuſque annuus cenſus quinquaginta ac ſexaginta ducatorum millia cõficit. Marchiones uiginti, tantundem ferè reddituum percipientes. Comites ſexaginta, quorum annuus redditus à decem ad uiginti milia eſt ducatorum, & aliquorū plus quàm quinquaginta. Alij uicecomites, barones, prouinciarum præfecti, quos uocant adelantados, uicereges, gubernatores, mariſcales, alcaldes, omnes principes uiri, mihi ſunt incomperti. Sunt ordinum equitū magni Magiſtri, ut Sancti Iacobi Alcantaræ, Calatrauæ, Rodienſium ſancti Ioannis, Monteſæ, equitum quos uocant de Chriſtus, & alij cognomento Dauis. Horum cuiuſque redditus millia ducatorum eſt quinquaginta & plus. Quo ad eccleſiaſticas dignitates ſuperior eſt numero Gallia, nam Archiepiſcopos habet duodecim, Epiſcopos nonaginta ſex: Hiſpania Archiepiſcopos nouem, Epiſcopos quadraginta ſex. Cardinalium in utraque par numerus, nempe octonarius. Apud alios inuenio duntaxat ſeptem archiepiſcopatus in Hiſpania, nempe Tarraconẽſem, Cæſarauguſtanum, Toletanum, Compoſtellanum, Braganum in Portugallia, Vlixbonenſem, & Granatenſem. Redditus horum maiores in Hiſpania, ut unica Toletana eccleſia ducenta millia ducatorum annuatim colligat, & ſolus Archiepiſcopus octuaginta millia. Reliquorum omnium cenſus & nomina deſcriberem, niſi eſſem forſan lectori moroſus. Vice parlamentorum Galliæ, quatuor ſunt in Hiſpania iuridici cõuentus, in Caſtella, Granata, Galicia, & Nauarra. Cæterum iuriſperitorum & foro litigantium multo maior in Gallia numerus. Fidei quos uocãt inquiſitores in Marranos hęreticos & Sarracenos magnã ſibi in Hiſpania uendicant autoritatem, & ſeueriſſime animaduertunt. Eſt aliud iuſtitię genus mirabile, quod uocant Hermandad. eſt enim ciuiū fraternitas iurata, ut in ictu campanæ ex urbibus ſingulis multa hominum millia armati prodeant, & cū qui deliquerit per uniuerſam prouinciam perſequantur, nuncijs curſoribus ad alias omnes ciuitates præmiſſis, ut penè impoſſibile fuerit euadere. Deprehẽſum palo uiuum alligatum ſagittis conficiunt. Regna fuerunt in Hiſpania Maurorum tempore plurima, nuper quinque reges totam obtinuerunt, Caſtellę, Aragonum, Portugalliæ, Granatæ, Nauarræ. Vnus hodie Carolus Cæſar rerum omnium potitur, Portugallia excepta, quæ proprium habet regem. Inquietus eſt & magna moliens Hiſpanorum animus, felicis ſunt ingenij, ſed quidã infeliciter diſcũt. Semidocti, iam ſe doctos putant, ſapientiã maiorem quàm habeant ſimulatione & uerboſitate quadã oſtentant, ſophiſticen plus ſatis diligunt, lingua Hiſpanica plus quàm Latina in Academijs loqui gaudent, quin & Maurorum uocabula plurima uſurpant: tandẽ multis nominibus & cõſuetudinibus barbariẽ colunt. Ingenij ſui monumenta in poſteros & circunuicinas gentes ob linguæ defectum raro producunt, & ipſi ſemper aliunde libros emendicant. Illud certe barbarum à Gallis cẽſetur quod Hiſpanicę fœminę aurea uel argentea uirgula aurium ima perforant, gemma aliqua ut plurimum appenſa. Ligneo etiam circulo uentrem ambiunt, ut latiore inceſſu pompoſiores appareant. Nec domo egrediuntur, niſi famulorum præcedentium & ancillarū ſequentium comitante caterua: Galli ęque ro ſimpliciter, & una uix pediſſe

Gradus nobilitatis

Eccleſiaſticæ dignitates

Parlamentū

Hermandad

Regna Hiſpaniæ

Hodie tamen multi cultiores & ſynceriores emergunt

qua comite. Illud in Hiſpanicis fœmi/
nis laudandū, quod priſcarū Romana
rum inſtar uino plurimum abſtinēt, il/
lud uituperandum, quod collyrio, mi/
Deformant faces nio & ceruſa faciē deformant, quia na
tiuo colore ſunt minore quàm Galli/
cæ. Habētur etiā Hiſpani in religionis
ritibus ſupra mortales omnes ſuperſti
tioſi: per regis ſoliū & eius uitam gēti/
litio more iurāt, & oſculo manuū in ſa
lutationibus ſupplicant. Nomen ali/
quod à paucis annis bellica fortitudi/
ne Hiſpani ſunt adepti plurimis ab ho
ſte partis uictorijs, ut qui laborū, ſitis,
& famis in acie ſint tolerantiſſimi, &
in ſtratagematibus cautiſſimi, leui cor
pore, ut facile hoſtē fugiant & ſequan
Frugalitas tur. Frugalis uitę ſicut & Itali, nec tan
tum cibi & potus ut Galli & Germa/
ni abſumēres: niſi ſint inuitati, nā tunc
ſe ad ſaturitatem explent edulijs, quia
rara eis & maiori auiditate accidūt cō/
niuia. Oceani nauigationibus ad incō
pertas regiones toto orbe ſunt clariſſi
mi. Verſus meridiē Africę fines primi
Nauigationes circūnauigauere, aduſque Calecut &
alias orientis inſulas: quod iter Luſita
norum ſiue Portugalenſium eſt pecu/
liare. Ad occidentem Caſtellani pro/
greſſi, poſt inſularum auro diuitū mul
titudinem, quam inuenere & imperio
ſuo ſubiecere, ad ipſum etiam Orienta
lis Indiæ cōtinentem ſunt perducti: in
quo indies magis & magis luſtrando
perſiſtunt. Regionumquoq; quæ ſub
Auſtrali polo ſunt, notitiam nuper ad
epti. De Hiſpania Ioſephus & anti
quus Beroſus ſic ſcribunt: Tubal ne/
pos Nohæ primus in Bætica fuit rex,
condiditq; urbē & à ſe Tubal denomi
nauit. Is cum rem pecuariā cum ſubdi/
tis exerceret, uicinā prouinciā Tarra/
conēſem appellauit, quaſi תורא קניא
quod ſonat boum poſſeſſionē. Poſt
eū regnauit Iberus, à quo fluuius Iber
Iberia & regio Iberia denominationem acce
perūt. Sextus rex uocatus fuit Bætus,
à quo & regio illa Bæticæ nomen ſorti
ta eſt. Decimus rex, Hiſpanus, uel ut
alij aſſerunt, Hiſpalus appellatus fuit,
à quo & tota regio, Hiſpaniæ nomen *Hiſpania*
adepta eſt. Duodecimum regem aiunt
fuiſſe Heſperū, à quo Hiſpania quoq;
Heſperia appellata eſt. Decimusſepti
mus fuit Luſus, unde Luſitania nomē
accepit. Et cum Romani rebus in Hi/
ſpania potirent̄, diuiſa eſt regio in Bæ
ticam & Tarraconēſem, durauitq; hæc
partitio uſque ad tempora Attilæ, qui
aliam in regione illa fecit prouinciarū
diuiſionem. Nouiſſime in quinque di
ſcriminata eſt Hiſpania regna, nempe
Galiciæ, Nauarræ, Caſtellæ ſeu Caſti-
liç, quæ & Legionis regnū uocata eſt,
Cataloniæ, cui & Arragonia annexa
eſt, Portugalliæ & Granatæ, Gallieiæ
regnum amiſſo legitimo hærede Tar/
raconenſi incorporatum eſt.

Inter duas Baleares inſulas, maior
abeſt ab Hiſpania diei unius nauigati/
one. Minor ad orientem ſpectat nutri
ens plurima utriuſque generis armen/
ta, præcipue mulos, qui & ſunt magni
& ſonora uoce. Vtraque inſula fertilis
eſt, referta habitatorib. qui ſcilicet 30.
hominum millia excedunt. Oleo olim
caruerunt, ac hodie eo abundant. Ha/
bitant in ſaxis concauis, iuxtaq; præci
pites petras. Aureo nummo aut argen
teo non utuntur. Mulieres ſupra mo/
dum diligunt, ut mulierem à prædoni
bus captam, tribus aut quatuor redi/
mant uiris. Cùm olim cum Carthagi/
nenſibus militaſſent ex ſtipendio im/
penſo, mulieres ac uinum emptum ſe/
cum tulere. Funda utūtur in prælio, &
iaciūt lapides ita robuſte, ut ab aliquo
tormento lapis miſſus uideatur. In ur/
bium expugnatione lapidū iactu eos
qui ſupra ex propugnaculis mœnia tu
entur, uulnerant. Ita recte propellunt
lapides, ut raro effugiat ictū appetitus
locus, quod ei cōtinuus à pueritia uſus
præbet, à matribus ad id certamen coa
ctis. Imponunt enim ſupra erectum li/
gnum panē pro ſigno quod iactu pe/
tant, neq; antè cibum capiūt, quàm pa
nem lapide eiectum pro cibo ſumunt
permiſſu matris.

Quorum-

Quorundam priſcorum nominum tranſmutatio.

Ana flu. nunc *Guadiana*
Bætica, nunc *Granata*
Bætis flu. *Guadalquevir*
Iunonis templum *S. Maria*
Bælon. *Tariffa* Barbeſola *Berbeſul*
Calpe mons *Mons Gibraltar*
Abdera *Almeria*
Balaris *Baria* Ilurgis *Illora*
Iulia *Belia* Obulcum nunc *Vbeda*
Illipula, nunc *Ilipa*
Illiberis *Granata*
Oſca, nunc *Hueſcar, Gueſca*
Iſpalis *Sebilla* Aſtigis *Ecija*
Gadira, Gades *Calix, Calitz*
Luſitania *Portugallia*
Sacrum promont. *Cap. S. Vincentij*
Olioſipon *Lisbona*
Doria flu. *Duero*
Pax Iulia *Pace & Badaioz*
Norba Cæſarea *Alcantar*
Auguſta Emerita *Merida*
Geræa *Caceres*
Flauum Brigantium *Compoſtella*
Eaſo *S. Sebaſtianus*
Carthago noua *Cartagena*
Alone *Alicante* Iber flu. *Ebro*
Tarracon *Tarragona*
Barcinon *Barſelona*
Rubricatus fl. *Lobregat*
Blanda *Blanes*
Emporiæ *Empories*
Idubeda mons *Iubalda*
Nouium *Noia*
Vxama *Oſmes*
Tagus flu. *Taio flu.*
Celticum promont. *Algarben finis terræ*
Numantia *Soria*
Pompelon *Pamplona*
Gerunda *Girona*
Gallica flauia *Fragà*
Aquæ calidæ *Vicus, Vich*
Lucus Auguſti *Oluca & Lugo*
Germanica legio *Leon, Legion*
Brigætium *Ouiedo*
Bræcara Auguſta *Braga*
Araduca *Arzua*
Pallantia *Palentia*
Octodurum *Toro*
Pintia *Vallis Oletana & Valla dolit*
Cantabri *Bizcaia regio*
Vellica *Victoria*
Brauum *Burgus*
Virueſca *Briueſca*
Segortia *Segouia* Oliba *Olit*
Minius *Migno*
Templum Veneris *Cap. de Creus*
Cæſar Auguſta *Sarragoza*
Dertoſa *Tortoſa*
Bigerra *Beiar*
Ilerda *Lerida, Leida*
Mantua *Madrid*
Complutum *Alcalà*

De Britannia & Hibernia

BRitanniæ inſula diuiſa eſt
in Angliã Vualliã & Sco
tiam. Subdiuidiť Vuallia
quæ & Cãbria, & populi
Vuales, in Cornubiã, ſi-
ue Cornuualliam quæ ab ipſis Corne *Cornubia*
ual dicitur ad promontoria quę Ptole
mæus uocat Damnoniũ & Ocrinum;
quos populos ipſe Cornabios appel-
lat. Item in partẽ eam quæ eſt inter Sa
brianã & Deuã flu. ubi regio quædã di
cta Venodocia, hodie Nortuualia, &
populi Northuuales, id eſt, ſeptentrio
nales Vuales, ab alijs dicti Norgales:
& regio altera ſiue prouincia dicta De *Vuallia*
mecia, hodie Southuuallia, & populi
Southuuales, id eſt, meridionales Vua
les: & prouincia alia dicta Vueſtuual-
lia, id eſt, occidẽtalis Vuallia, & popu
li Vueſtuuales. Angliæ & Vualiæ rex
unus imperat, Scotiæ alter. Sita inſu-
la eſt in Oceano inter ſeptentrionẽ &
occidentẽ, undiq; à circũfuſo mari cõ-
plexa, nuſq; iũcta Cõtinẽti, ſed ab om
ni orbe diuiſa. Hęc primo Albion, ab *Albion unde*
albis rupibus (quę primũ illuc nauigã-
tibus apparẽt) dicta eſt. Poſtea Britan
nia appellabatur à Bruto Syluij Poſt-
humi latinorũ Regis filio, Duce quo-
rundam Troianorum, qui quadragin-
ta annis poſt Troiam à Græcis deletã,
claſſe in hãc inſulam uenere: atq; Abo
rigenes, tunc eam incolentes ad unum
occidere, uerum poſt Bruti obitum ſu
perior inſulæ pars Loëgria dicta eſt, à
Locrino Bruti primogenito, nunc An

glia ab Anglis Saxonibus Germaniæ populis qui eam incoluere, & Britones ferè omnes in Valliam expulere, tertiam inſulæ partem, quæ olim Cambria à Cambro Bruti filio uocata eſt. Partem uero inſulæ inferiorem in Septentrionem uergentem (quæ antiquitus Albania ab Albanaco Bruti filio) Scoti occupant, à pictura corporis ſic nuncupati, à quibus Scotia dicta, Gallis amiciſſimi, Anglorumq́ Regi maxime infeſti. Hæc pars tenui freto ab occidente, Tueſi fluuio ab Oriente & medio Ordolucis montibus, quos uocant Cheuiet, ab Anglia dirempta eſt. Indiſcreti Scotorū habitus, indiſcreta ferè omnia, eadem ferè lingua, iidem mores, ſubita ingenia, & in ultionem pna, ferociaq́. In bello fortes, inediæ, uigiliæ, algoris patientiſſimi, decenti forma, ſed cultu negligentior: inuidi natura ac cæterorum mortalium contemptores: oſtentant plus nimio nobilitatē ſuam: ut in ſumma etiam ęgeſtate ſuū genus ad regiam ſtirpem referant, necnon dialecticis argutijs ſibi blandiuntur: gaudent mendacio, nec pacem colunt ut Angli. Lapidū carbonum ad calefaciendum eſt uſus ita cōmunis, ut mendicantes à prætereuntibus eos in eleemoſynam petāt. Inſula hæc Triangulari eſt forma, & Siciliæ maxime ſimilis: quæ ab ortu Germaniam, à meridie Galliam, ab occaſu Hyberniā inſulā & à Septētrione orchades 30. proſpicit. Huius lōgitudo à Toteneſia, in Cornubia, uſq́ Cateneſiam in Scotia 800. millibus paſſuū: latitudo ſcilicet à Menenia, in Vuallia, uſq́ Doroberni-um 300. millibus paſſuum: & ambitus 3600. millibus paſſuum conſtat. Cæſari commentario iñ lib. 5. uicies centum millibus paſſuum conſtat, nam latus contra Galliam à Cautio ad Dannonium 500. occidentale 700. tertium latus 800. milliaria continet. Loca ſunt tēperatiora, quàm in Gallia, remiſſioribus frigoribus, caloribusq́: opima frugibus, atq́ arboribus, & alendis apta pecoribus, ac iumentis, quorum eſt magnus numerus, & præcipue ouiū, quia nulli ſunt lupi. Vinum olim nō gignebat, iam uero uineas habet in quibuſdam locis, habet aurum, argentum, ferrum, plumbum, ſtānum, & carbonem abunde, hinc efferuntur pelles, & canes ad uenandum aptiſſimi, habet pręgrandia flumina piſcoſa, alternis motibus bis cottidie modo in pelagus, modo retro fluentia, habet fontes ſalinarū habet & fontes calidos, habet gemmas, margaritas, & lapidem Gagantem plurimum optimumq́. Dies longiſſimus horarū 18. deprehenditur, & æſtate lucidæ ſunt noctes. Hominū eſt infinita multitudo, qui diu (ut ait Plutarchus) uiuunt. Anglorum lingua ex populorum diuerſitate cōpoſita, intellectu, ſcientiaq́ loquendi difficilima eſt. In bello ſunt intrepidi, optimiq́ ſagittarij, opulentiſſimi, & mercimonijs uel maxime dediti, celebresq́ nobili panno, ob bonæ lanæ copiam. Præter alia muſicam, & lautas menſas proprie ſibi uendicant. Cæruleis ſunt oculis, & facie adeò ſunt uenuſta, & ſtatura procera, ut beatus Gregorius cum forte Anglorum pueros Romæ uideret uenales (alludens patriæ uocabulo) Bene, inquit, Angli dicuntur, quia uultu nitent ut Angeli, oportet illis iter ſalutis æternæ adminiſtrare: quod factum eſt, ut ait Beda, anno à uirgineo partu, 156. Lucio Britannorum Rege id per epiſtolā ab Eleuterio Papa poſtulāte, Antonio & Commodo Romę imperātibus. Sūt in Anglia Archiepiſcopales ſedes duæ, Cātuarienſis & Eboracēſis, Epiſcopales 19. ciuitates ferè 50. oppida 136. prouinciæ 63. Ducatus uero & comitatus pauci admodum. Hybernia alia inſula huic uicina quam Hyrlandiam uocant, Anglorum regi paret, ad occidentem poſita, dimidio quàm Britannia minor. Adeò pabuloſa eſt, ut ibi pecuaria (niſi æſtate à paſtibus arceantur) in periculum agat ſaties. Nullum noxium animal gignit, non araneam, non ranam, nec alicaliunde inuecta. Omnia noxia anima

Scotia

Triquetra Britannia

Lingua

Epiſcopatus

Hybernia

animalia ab alio aſportata ſolo, pulueri iniecta necat. Apes in ea non reperiuntur, mira cœli temperies, fertilitas inſignis. Gens tamen inhoſpita, inculta, & crudelis. Venationi & ludis, magis quàm agreſtibus operibus dediti. Porrò de Scotia & Hybernia Polydorus ita ſcribit: Scotia alterū huius inſulæ regnum, paſſim portus habet tutos & aditus marinis aquis peruios, itē lacus, paludes, fluuios, fontes longe pleniſſimos piſcibus, necnon montes & in ſummo montium æquatam agri planitiem, pecoris pabulum ubertim ſuppeditātem, ſyluasq; feris plurimum abundantes. Quorum illa locorum commoditatibus etiam ſuſtentata, minus unquā debellari potuit, cum ad ſyluas & paludes præſtò ubiq; gentium ſit profugium & ad famem tolerandam ferinæ carnis ac piſciū paſtus. Circum Scotiam in Hybernico mari ſunt amplius 40. inſulæ, à Plinio Britanniæ dictæ, quas alij Meuanias, alij Hebrides appellant. Harum plures in longitudinem minimum patent millia paſſuū 30. in latitudinē uero haud plus 12. In ijs Iona eſt, ueterum Scotorum regum ſepulchris clara, incolæ autem omnes hybernice loquuntur, id quod declarat eos ab Hybernis originem ducere. Vltra Scotiam uerſus ſeptentrionem Orchades inſulæ ſunt numero autore Ptolemæo 30. partim in Deucalidonico, partim in Germanico ſitæ oceano, quarum caput uocant Pamoniam, quod in ea locata ſit epiſcopalis ſedes, quæ ſub Scoti imperio ſunt. Inſulani lingua utūtur Gothica, quod arguit eos à Germanis oriūdos. Statura ſunt procera, ſemper ſano fermè corpore pariter atq; mente, quo fit ut multo longiſſimam degant ætatem, & piſcibus plurimum uictitant, nam terra continuo propemodū frigore obſita, multis in locis uix frumētum fert, arborem uero penè nullam. Poſt Orchades Thyle eſt, quam nunc Illam dicunt. Ab ea unius diei nauigatione, ut ait Plinius, mare concretum, in quo Iſlandia eſt, ad quam etiam nunc mercatores Angli piſces emendi cauſa in ſingulos annos æſtate commeant. Et quia uerſus Arcton ultima eſt, idcirco ſunt, qui eam Thulen eſſe arbitrentur. Cæterum Scoti qui meridionalem incolunt partem multo meliorem, bene morati ſunt, & ut humaniores lingua utūtur Anglica, & cum raræ hic ſyluæ ignem faciunt ex lapide nigro, quē ex terra effodiūt. Alterā ſeptentrionalem ac monroſam, tenet genus hominum longe duriſſimum ac aſperum, qui ſylueſtres dicuntur. Hi ſago & interiore tunica hybernico more, tincta croco amiciuntur, nudiſq; genutenus tibijs incedunt. Arma ſunt arcus & ſagittæ, cum enſe admodum lato, & pugione una tantum ex parte acuto. Omnes hybernice loquuntur, quorum uictus in piſcibus, lacte, caſeo & carne cōſiſtit, quapropter magnum pecoris numerum habent. Differunt ab Anglis Scoti legibus & inſtitutis, quia iſti ciuile ius uſurpant, uti cæteræ fermè gentes, illi uero municipale tantum habent. Quædam alia indiſcreta ſunt, lingua, ſicut dictum eſt, eadem: idem habitus corporum, eadem in bello ferocia, ac nobilitati idem à pueris uenandi ſtudium. Domicilia ruri anguſta, ſtramētis aut paluſtri arundine tecta, in quibus ipſi pariter ac pecora ſtabulantur. Oppida extra fanum Iohānis, nullis ſunt cincta muris. Valent item ingenio, id quod doctrina declarat, nam ad quancunque ſe applicant artem, in ea facile proficiunt.

Orchades — *Thyle* — *Mores Scotorū*

Hybernia inſula in Oceano inter Britanniam atq; Hiſpaniam poſita, ab ortu habet ipſam Britanniam unius diei nauigatione propinquam: & Galliam ab Auſtro, Hiſpaniam trium dierum, ut aiunt nauali curſu affinem ab occidente: Oceanum infinitum à ſeptentrione, nec multum diſtat à Scotia. Forma eius oblōga ad ſimilitudinem oui, ac à meridie, ut etiā Britānia eſt, in ſeptentrionē protenſa, ubi latior eſt. Hyberniam ab Hybero duce homine Hiſpano

Forma Hyberniæ

ſpano nominatam ferunt, qui primus
magna hominum congregata multitu
dine eam occuparit: ſiue ut alij ſentiũt,
id nomen tulit ab Ibero flumine Hiſpa
niæ celeberrimo, quod illius accolæ pri
mi inſulã habitaſſent: aut ab hyberno
tẽpore, quia ad occidentẽ uergit, ſed il
lud ueriſimiliꝰ eſt, ut uel à duce Hiſpa
no uel à flumine Ibero dicta ſit, quãdo
Hyberni cum habitu corporũ, tum ui-
uendi ritu atq; moribus non ualde di-
ſcrepant ab Hiſpanis uicinioribus.
Scoti à Scythia profecti expulſis prio
ribus incolis, aliquandiu Hyberniam
tenuerunt, ab ſeq; Scotiam appellarũt.
Sed poſteaquam illi longo poſt tẽpo-
re Pictis ſuæ nationis hominibus fœde
re iuncti ſupremam Britanniæ partem,
quæ ad ſeptentrionem uergit, occupa
runt, & ipſi Hyberniæ ſenſim priſtinũ
nomẽ reditũ eſt, & pars illa Britanniæ
à Scotis occupata, Scotia dicta eſt. Spa
cium Hyberniæ dimidio minus quàm
Britanniæ æſtimatur, quod non ampli-
us milliarijs 300. in longitudinẽ, & 90.
in latitudinem pateat. Cęterum ſolum
& cœlũ haud multũ differt, niſi quod
Hybernia montoſior eſt, & aquarum
abũdantior, quippe quæ in ædítiſſimis
etiam montibus paſſim paludes & ſta-
gna habet. Mira cœli temperies, ferti-
Fertilitas Hyberniæ litas terræ inſignis, & ſi Hyberni agri
culturæ parum ſtudẽt. Nullum gignit
uenenoſum animal, nec aliunde illa-
tum nutrit. maleficum habet lupum &
uulpẽ: reliqua omnia animalia mãſue-
ta & corpore minora quàm alibi. Hy-
bernia omnis diuiſa eſt in quátuor par
tes, quarum unam quæ ad auſtrum ſpe
ctat Momoniam appellãt, alteram, bo-
realem Hultoniam, tertiam quæ ad or-
tum ſolis uergit, Laginiam: quartã oc
ciduam Connaciam. Parent regi An-
glo, unde & mores imbibunt hone-
ſtiores. Momoniam à Laginia Suerus
flumen qui ad Vatfordiam portum fa-
cit, quo ex Anglia breuior eſt trãſmiſ-
ſus, & à Connacia Sinneus diuidit, cu
ius principalis occidẽtalis oræ ciuitas
eſt Lamiricum, quod Sinneo omnium
totius Hyberniæ fluminum maximo
alluitur.

Nominũ quorundã in Anglia & Scotia mutatio.

Iuuerna *Ibernia*
Iuernia *Irlandia*
Buhinda flu. *Slayne*
Voluntij *Vsluntij*
Regia *Rigia*
Albion *Anglia*
Deua flu. *Dee*
Tiſobis flu. *Conwey*
Tuerobis flu. *Abedeny*
Ratoſtathybius *Vſta, Vsk*
Bolerium *S. Burien.*
Tamarus fl. *Tone*
Cantium promont. *Kent*
Ripa alta *Roxenburg*
Varar *Dunbor*
Celnius flu. *Ale*
Vedra flu. *Were*
Iameſa æſtuarium *Tameſis*
Vodiæ *Gansforda*
Sacrum promont. *Salanga.*
Logia flu. *Bone flu.*
Blani *Ebdani*
Mona inſula *Man*
Britannia *Albania*
Nouius *Cloit*
Stuccia flu. *Scynt*
Tobius flu. *Towne*
Sabriana *Seuerne*
Ocrinũ promont. *Mons S. Michaëlis*
Iſaca flu. *Ex*
Cantuaria *Canterbury*
Loxa flu. *Fryth flu.*
Tueſis *Tuuede*
Diua flu. *Swanſpek*
Abus flu. *Humber*
Oxellum *Cheſtre*
Alata caſtra *Edenburg*
Tueſis *Berwik*
Caturactonium *Caërdulia*
Mediolanium *Mancheſter*
Lindum *Lincolnia*
Londinum *London*
Aquæ calidæ *Bathe*
Counium *Dorceſtre*
Tamare *Tauerſtock*
Legio *Lesherd*
Vectis inſula *Wyht*

Orrea

Orrea *Neucaſtel.*
Deuana *Banburg*
Eboracum *York, Gborck*
Deuana *Doncaſtre*
Caleua *Oxonia*
Luentinum *Fouuesland*
Venta *Briſtoun*
Vxella *Krekhornwel*
Iſca *Exceſtre*
Toliapis *Teno, Tenet*
Counos *Schepey.*

De Gallia.

GAllorum nomen magno fu-
it olim Romanis, Gręcis et
Aſiaticis terrori, capta di-
rutaq́; ab eis Roma, uictis
Macedonibus, & ſubacta ea Aſiæ par
te quę ab eis Galatia ſiue Gallogręcia
dicta eſt. Mira fœminarũ Gallicarum
fuit & eſt fœcunditas, ut plurimas ſem
per emiſerit Gallia colonias: nec ho-
die poteſt Gallicũ ſolũ eos ferre, quũ
multa milia, inferioris ſortis homines,
in Hiſpaniam ac Germaniam quotan
nis migrent. Soli item fœcũditas non
minor, ut Itali & Hiſpani ſępiſſime ſo
leãt à Gallis frumẽta deſiderare, unde
Mãtuanus: terra hominum frugumq́;
ferax. Galli primo dicti à lacteo et can
dido colore, γάλα enim lac dicitur. Fran
Frãcia ci hodie uocãtur à Francis Germaniæ
populis, à quibus Gallia ferè tota ſuba
cta eſt. Si mores hominũ noſſe cupis,
ignea mens Gallis, mobile pectus, re-
rum ſitibũdi nouarum, læti, alacres, &
in conuiuia proni. Cauſidicorum no-
men apud Iuuenalem obtinuere Gal-
li, hodieq́; tenent, ut qui forenſia liti-
gia pro re interim minima concitent:
quod Germani & Hiſpani nunquam
niſi coacti faciunt. Vnde affirmare au
ſim plures eſſe aduocatos, procurato-
res, & tabelliones in una Gallia quam
in decem Germanijs ac Hiſpanijs. Se-
Parlamẽta natorum ordines, Parlamenta uocant,
in aliquot urbibus pulchre ſunt inſtitu
ti, ut Pariſijs, Rothomagi, Toloſæ,
Burdegalię, Gracinopoli, &c. Quatu-
or cuiq́; præſides, & cõſiliarij plurimi.
Hi quaſi Druidum cõcilij ſucceſſores
de rebus magnis et appellatione remo
ta ſententias ferũt, Arreſta uocãt, quæ
deinceps pro lege ſeruantur. Nec cau-
ſidicis tantum, ſed aliarũ omnium di-
ſciplinarũ profeſſoribus eſt Gallia re-
ferta. Teſtis Pariſiẽſis Academia, poſt
ipſam Toloſana iuriſperitorum ma-
ter, & aliæ plurimæ: ſed omnium quæ
in orbe ſunt clariſſima Pariſienſis. Ad
quã uniuerſi ex Europa ferè Chriſtia-
ni ad theologiam, philoſophiam, ac li
berales cæteras diſciplinas ediſcẽdas
concurrunt. Duodecim præterea ui- *Pares*
ros ex omni nobilitate electos, Frãcię
pares appellatos, à Caroli magni tem-
pore obſeruãt Galli. Sex eccleſiaſtici,
quorum tres duces, Remenſis archi-
epiſcopus, Laudunenſis, et Lingonen
ſis. Tres comites epiſcopi, Bellouacẽ-
ſis, Nouionenſis, Catalaunenſis. Secu
larium tres duces, Burgundus, Nor-
mandus, Aquitanicus: comites tres,
Flandrenſis, Tholoſanus & Campa-
nus. Horũ ſex nullus hodie in Gallia
extat, ipſomet Rege illos ſibi titulos
uendicãte. Flandriæ porrò comitatum
Carolus Cæſar poſſidet cum Burgun-
diæ comitatu, Holãdia & Brabantia.
Cætera quę in Galliæ tabula continen
tur, Rex ipſe poſſidet, excepta Rheni
ripa, hoc eſt, exceptis regionibus quæ
Rhenum ab occidente contingunt, ut
ſunt Heluetia, Alſatia, Vaſtũ regnum,
Eyfalia, Brabantia, Geldria, &c. Lo-
tharingia etiam proprium habet du-
cem, ſicut et Sabaudia. Caletes Anglo
rum Regi parẽt. Heluetiorũ regio de-
mocratia regitur. De rege Galliæ duo
memoranda ferũtur, de quibus tamen
multi dubitant. Primũ, quòd ſit in Re-
menſi eccleſia uas criſmate perenniter re
dundans ad regis coronationem cœli- *Oleum cœleſte*
tus miſſum, quo reges omnes liniũtur.
Alterum quod Rex ipſe ſolo contactu
ſtrumas ſiue ſcrofulas curet. Vidi ipſe
Regem plurimos hoc languore corre-
ptos tãgentẽ, an ſanati fuerint nõ uidi.
De Gallia Strabo ſic ſcribit. Gallia
omni ex parte ſpargitur fluuijs. Qui-
dam

dam oriuntur ex alpibus, quidam ex Pyrene & alij ex Cemmeno mōte, qui prope Lugdunum deſinit. Nōnulli horum fluuiorum in oceanum, aliqui in mediterraneum mare erumpunt. Et ſic naturæ bonitate inuicem ſe habēt amnes: ut ab utroque in utrunq; mare facile ſarcinæ deportentur, puſillo terreſtris itineris ſpacio; quum plurimum per amnes aut diuerſos aut ſecundos deuehantur. Excellit autem inter fluuios Rhodanus, in quem ex multis locis aquæ defluunt. Aiunt præterea nullam partem Galliæ incultam iacere, niſi ubi paludes aut ſyluæ terrā coli prohibent. Vinum tamen non ubique creſcit præſertim in regionibus quæ mare Anglicum attingunt. Vnde de Normandia ſcribunt, quod pecoris & piſcium eſt ferax, frumenti uberrima, pomorum atq; pirorum tam paſſim conferta, ut hinc potū gens ſibi affatim exprimat, & ad exteros copioſe fructus exportet. Lanificij plebs ſtudioſa eſt & bibax etiam pomacij. Gens omnis ſuapte natura calida, nullis exteris legibus obnoxia, moribus ſuis & cōſuetudinem; quam pertinaciter tuetur uiuit.

Fertilitas Galliæ

Normandis ſeu ut alij ſcribendum cōtendūt, Nortmānis, uicini ſunt Britonos ſeu Britāni, qui ex Anglia in eā conceſſerunt terram. Nam cum Britanni olim inſulam Britannicam, hoc eſt, Angliam inhabitarēt, à Saxonibus ſupra modum uexati, fugā petierunt ultra mare, & terram apprehenſam ſuo nomine ſignarunt, meliorem ſortiti in eo fortunam, in tantum excreuerūt robur; ut qui pridem terram ſuam tueri non poterant, nunc alienam apprehenſam non ſolum defenderent, ſed ex ea reliquam etiam Franciam regibus fecere infeſtam ſemper contumaces, ſemper Francorum regibus infenſi, uſque adeò ut cum poſtea Nortmanni Galliç littora apprehendiſſent et ea ex fœdere regū tenerent, adiecta eſt eiſdem ducibus Nortmāniæ etiam prouincia Britāniç, licet male eis obediens, ſicut et prius male paruit Francis. Multis tamen ſeculis ducem ſuū ſortita eſt Britannia uſq; ad tempora noſtrá, quo nouiſſimus dux Franciſcus ſola filia relicta decedens, Maximiliano ſpem fecit deſponſandæ filiæ. Sed cū Maximilianus cōſtituiſſet trāſire per Franciam, prçuenit eum rex Frāciç Carolus octauus, ſibiq; puellam iunxit, & cum moreref ſine prole ſucceſſori ſuo Ludouico, pridē Aurelianēſi duci & ſororio ſuo relictā coniugem habere fecit.

Britones

Normandia

Veterum in Gallia nominum in recentiora tranſmutatio.

Carnutes *Chartres*
Garumma flu. *Garon*
Santonum portus *Rochelle*
Santones *Xantonge*
Cadurcenſes *Cabors*
Auaricum *Chateanneuff*
Auſcij *Auxitani*
Auguſtonemetum *Neueri*
Segodunum *Rodes*
Biducenſes *Normandia*
Cemmeni montes *Cebena*
Bellocaßi *Bsiocenſes*
Andes *Andegauenſes*
Morini *Caletes*
Juraſſus *Iura & Vogeſus*
Bellouacenſes *Beaunoys*
Menapij *Geldrenſes*
Veromandi *Vermandois*
Triueri *Treuerenſes*
Cathalanum *Chalon*
Ligiris *Loire*
Pictones *Poictiers*
Lemouices *Limoſin*
Bituriges *Bourges*
Aginnum *Angoleſme*
Auguſta *Aux*
Telauni *Velsye*
Cumueni *Bigorrenſes*
Calleti *Caletes*
Juliobona *Honfleu*
Nannetes *Nantes*
Lutecia *Paris*
Adula *Mons S. Gothardi*
Atrebates *Arras, Artois*
Tongri *Brabantij*
Neruij *Torniacenſes*

Veſſones *Sueßiones*
Mediomatrices *Metenſes*
Triboci *Elſatienſes*
Heluetij *Suiceri*
Viſontium *Biſantium*
Aquæſextiæ *Aix, Aquenſis ciuitas*
Aquæ mort *Aygnes mortes*
Tectoſaces *Langue doc*
Nemauſum *Nimes*
Rhedones *Renes*
Lingones *Langres*
Sequani *Burgundij & Sunggoij*
Allobroges *Subaudi*
Octoduri *Seduni, Valeſiani*
Lacus Lemanus *Gebennæ ſeu Loſannæ lac.*
Neuſtrij *Normandi*
Tuuronica *Tours*

Germania.

GErmaniæ nomen non tam uetuſtum eſt ut Teutoniæ. Nam ſcribit Beroſus, Ianũ, qui et Noë, Tuiſconem filium ſuũ in Europã miſiſſe, & illi tradidiſſe regnum à Tanai ad Rhenum uſque, à quo Germani diu ab Italis & Gallis Tuiſci uocati ſunt: quod nomẽ adhuc in omnium Germanorum ore *Teutones* uerſatur. Vocati ſunt & Teutones à Teutone nono rege, & Alemanni à Mãno Tuiſconis filio. Germani uero longo poſt tẽpore ab exteris nationibus pſertim Gallis & Italis dicti ſunt. Cuius nominis rationem eſſe putant; quod belli tẽpore fraterno animo communia cũ illis tulerint pericula & ſucceſſus. Vnde Strabo ſeptimo Geographię libro ſic ſcribit: Trans Rhenum uerſus orientẽ Germani habitãt, gens forma & moribus nõ prorſus diſſimilis Gallis. Dicit trans Rhenum, olim enim Galli omnia; uſque ad Rhenum occuparunt, ſucceſſu aũt temporis bona pars Galliæ ab Heluetia uſque Brabantiã iuxta ripã Rheni acceſſit Germaniæ, ut hodie Rhenus non ſeparet Germaniam à Gallijs, ſicut nec Danubius qui olim à meridie Germanię fuit limes; Germaniam dirimit à Rhætis, Vindelicis & Noricis; ſed iuga alpiũ ab illa parte Italiam ſecernũt à Germania. Vndiq; enim tãtũ acceſſit Germanię, ut duplo hodie maior ſit, q̃ Strabonis, Ptolemæi aut Plinij temporibus habita eſt. Nam Germani omnes regiones & populos qui lingua utũtur Teutonica; ſibi aſſerunt, quãtumuis uaria ſit huius linguæ dialectus. Cęterũ Germaniæ omnes naturæ dotes tantum uariant, cum ijs quæ olim illi, ſi credimus exteris ſcriptoribus, fuerũt, adeoq; ferè omnia aliter ſe habẽt, ut hæc abunde poſſint eſſe argumento (ſi ſcriptores nõ mera ſomnia literis mandarũt) cœlum & regionum naturam mutari, quãtumuis philoſophi hic reclament. Sed domini uerbo obediũt omnia elementa. Hoc benedicente & aperiente manum, terrã fert fructum ſuum; fertilitateq; omnia implentur. Maledicente & manum claudẽte, ſterilis redditur terra & omnia pereunt. Sic enim ſolet eſſe uiciſſitudo in donis dei, mutantur *Mutantur terræ & ingenia* artes, animi, ingenia, & regna, fieriq; ſolent mortales poſt uaria accepta dona, aſſecutasq; uictorias, arrogãtes & molles, uitijsq; ingnãtur infinitis, quare dominus poſt longam patientiã puniens ingratos, aufert fructum à ferentibus, maledicit terræ uni & transfert benedictionem in alium populum, ut illum quoque beneficijs ſuis ad ſe trahat. Sic enim uidemus mutatam fertilitatem terræ promiſſionis propter peccata populi, ut hodie uix ſit habilis ſpinis & tribulis ferendis. Et contra Germania quę ſcribitur olim fuiſſe barbara, horrida & infœcunda, ſemper aũt bellicoſa alijsq; populis fortior; ut ſolet eſſe gens laboribus indurata & exercitata, parũq; ciuilibus imbuta moribus; uiſitata à domino uniuerſæ terræ, ex gratia eius talis facta eſt regio; ut uix unquã alia fuerit, uel fertilior magisúe habilis ad omne genus fructus producendos, uel felicior ingeniorum animorumq; bonitate, magnitudine & præſtantia. Quibus enim, quęſo, gentibus in ulla cedit arte, imò quos populos non longo interuallo poſt ſe relinquit?

quit? Aut quid habent aliæ Europæ regiones, quod non habet quoque Germania? Legunt Germani aurũ in Rheno, Arola & alijs quibuſdam fluuijs, habent plurimas ferri, argenti, & aliorum metallorum mineras, habent innumeros fontes, unde ſalis abundantiam hauriunt, habent plurima, optima & diuerſa uina, abundant frumento, ut etiam hiſce temporibus experti ſimus, Italos panem quæſiſſe apud Germanos. Multæ paſſim ſalubres ſcaturiunt thermę, ubi montoſa eſt terra, pecuariæ rei opera impenditur, & ubi nemoroſa, ibi ingens uis picis colligitur, præſertim in nigra & hercynia ſylua. Planicies terræ ueſtitur pulcherrimis & fœcundiſſimis uinetis & pomarijs: amnes omnes Germaniam rigantes, qui infiniti ſunt, piſcoſi ſunt, ſicut & nullus lacus eſt, qui maximi & plurimi iuxta alpes inueniuntur, qui nõ proprium quoddam piſcium habeat genus. Quàm uero populoſa ſit Germania, quot inſignibus decoretur urbibus, ciuitatibus, oppidis, caſtellis, arcibus, uillis, pagis et monaſterijs, dici nequit. Longe hodie abeſt, quod L. Anneus Seneca in libro de gubernatione mundi in hũc modum ſcripſit de Germanis: Errãt, inquit, incertis ſedibus, perpetuas habẽt hyemes, ſolum eſt infœcundum, nullas habent ędes, uenationibus uiuunt, ubicunq; nox feſſos laboribus deprehẽdit, cubãt ſub frondibus aut in ſpeluncis foueiſúe, &c. Liuius putat Germaniam totam nihil niſi horridã ſyluam eſſe, ad quã nullus unquam mercator uenit. Idem ſcribũt Tacitus & Cęſar. At ſi ſcriptores iſti iam cernerent Germaniam, non poſſent nõ ſuffundi magno rubore, uidentes eam tam excultã, ut nulli alteri terræ in fertilitate, opibus & gradibus dignitatũ cedat. In nulla enim alia licebit inuenire tot principes, duces, lãtgrauios, marchiones, comites, barones, nobiles, epiſcopos & abbates ampliſſimis ſuffultos ditionibus, ut in Germania. Habuit olim infinitos ferè populos, ſi credimus Straboni, Tacito & Ptolemæo, ſed quorũ nomina amplius nõ extant, præter pauca quædam, ut ſunt nomina Sueuorum, Boiorũ, Heluetiorum, Friſiorum, & Longobardorum, quãquã Heluetiorũ nomẽ uulgaribus incognitũ ſit: & his noſtro æuo ſucceſſerunt alia infinita penè uocabula, quibus & populos & terras quas inhabitant exprimimus. Maiores regiones peculiaria habent nomina, ut ſunt Heluetia, Alſatia, Vueſtricha, Eyſalia, Brabãtia, Holandia, Sueuia, Haſſonia, Bauaria, Frãconia, Thuringia, Saxonia, Friſia, Pomerania, Auſtria, Sleſia, Miſnia, &c. Minores uero plerũq; deſinunt in ſyllabam gew, ut ſunt Eregew, Sunggew, Briſgew, Hegew, Algew, Vuaigew, Ringew, Kreichgew, Zabergew, Nortgew, Bintzgew, Lechgew, Kleckgew, Buchſgew, Lintzgew, Meingew, &c. Maiores regiones ſingulæ olim & quędam adhuc habẽt duces aut alios principes, ut dux Sueuiæ, dux Saxoniæ, dux Geldriæ, dux Pomeraniæ, dux Frãconiæ, dux Bauariæ, dux Auſtrię, dux Lotharingiæ, Landgrauius Haſſoniæ, &c. Quidam tamẽ habent à metropoli aut alio inſigni loco denominationem, ut dux Brunſuicenſis, dux Vuirtenbergenſis, dux Lunenburgenſis, dux Cleuẽſis, Marchio Badenſis, Marchio Brandenburgẽſis. Idem ſentiẽdum de epiſcopis ſecularibus. Seculares uoco, qui ditionẽ temporalem adminiſtrant, habẽtes ſub ſe terras & gentes. Itaque totius Germaniæ ditio diſtributa eſt in infinitos ferè rectores, nẽpe duces, lãdgrauios, marchiones, comites, barones, nobiles, epiſcopos, abbates, & cęteros quoſdã ſpirituales, exceptis aliquot ciuitatibus, quæ imperatorem immediatum agnoſcunt dominum, & propterea imperiales uocantur, ex quibus tamen aliquæ principib. aut epiſcopis ſunt impignoratæ, & quædam libertate donatæ.

Verissima hæc ſunt

Alia hodie quã olim Germaniæ facies

Maiores Germaniæ regiões

Duces Germaniæ

Sunt autem iſtæ ciuitates imperiales.

Aquiſgranum	Alen
Antuuerpia	Auguſta Vindelic.

Argen

Argentina	
Baſilea	Berna
Bernheim	Biberacum
Biſantium	Bopart
Buchorn	Bopfingen
Campen	Colonia
Colmaria	Conſtantia
Curia	
Dauentria	Dortmund
Dinckelſpuel	Durckheim
Duern	
Egra	Erdfordia
Eizlinga	
Franckfordia utraq;	
Fridbergum	Friburgum
Gelnhuſen	Gengen
Gottingen	Groningen
Gamundia	Goſzlaria
Hagenoia	Hall in Sueuia
Hall in Thuringia	Heltprunna
Hamburgum	Heidesfelt
Iſna	Ingelheim
Kaufbuern	Keiſerſpergum
Keiſerlutern	Kempten
Landoia	Lindoia
Leukirch	Lubeca
Lucerna	Lunenburgum
Meidenburgum	Memmingen
Metis	Moguntia
Mülnhuſen utrunq;	
Nortliuſen	Nurnberga
Numagen	Norlingen
Odernheim	Offenburgum
Oppenheim	
Pfullendorff	
Rauensburgum	Ratiſpona
Rotenburgū iuxta	Thuberum
Roſzheim	Rotwyla
Rudingen	
S.Gallus	Schaffhuſen
Seleſtadium	Solodurum
Spira	Superior Ehen
Swynfurt	
Treueris	Tygurum
Vberlingen	Vlma
Vuangen	Vuyrd
Vueſalia utraq;	Vuetzlar
Vuyla in Sueuia	Vuimpfen
Vunſzheim	Vuiſſenburgum
Vuormata	

Inter iſtas quædam ſunt, licet paucę, quę uetera nomina in hunc uſq; diē retinēt, ut ſunt quæ extra antiquos Germanię limites ſitę inueniunt, nēpe Colonia, Moguntia, Argentina, Conſtantia, Auguſta, &c. Intra Rhenū uero & Danubiū nec unā inuenies ciuitatem, quæ priſtinū retinet uocabulū, ſed cōiecturis arguimus illam olim ſie uel ſic appellatam. Idem ferè ſentiendum de tam uarijs Germaniæ populis, quos Cornelius, Strabo & Ptolemæus commemorant. Porrò in Heluetia & Rhætia, quæ extra Germaniā olim fuerunt, plurima inueniuntur loca quę antiquā appellationem non penitus amiſerunt ut ſunt:

Intra Germaniam omnia nomina mutata

Pes Clauium	*Puſtlaff*
Modoëtia	*Montſchen*
Lucus Gauni	*Lowertz*
Triumpilini	*Trypleuen*
Clarona	*Glarys*
Rhætium	*Ratzuns*
Septimus mons	*der Settmer*
Perninna	*der Berlingen*
Aeni ortus	*Engadin*
Fabarium	*Pfeuers*
Valleſij	*Walliſſer*
Interlacus	*In der Lappen*
Vrſa flu.	*die Rüs*
Tauriſci	*Vren*
Suedi	*Switz*
Lacus Podamicus	*Bodenſee*
Abbatis cella	*Appenzell*
Arbor felix	*Arben*
Auguſta Rauricū	*Augſt*
Tauracus Pagus	*Turgew*
Vallis de Oſcela	*Eſchental*
Vallis Telnia	*Veltlin*
Adula mons	*der Vogler*
Summæ alpes	*der Gothart*
Lucumonis mons	*der Luckmenier*
Brigantium	*Bregentz*
Tygurum	*Zürch*
Tugum	*Zug*
Aeruatij	*Tauetſch*
Leucum	*Leck*
Clauena	*Clauen*
Curia	*Chur*

Italia.

ITalia olim Heſperia, ab Heſpero Atlãtis fratre dicta eſt, Siue (ut Macrobius inquit) ab Heſpero ſtella, quod illius occaſui ſubiecta ſit. Eſt regio, metallis grauida, ubique uitalis, & perennis ſalubritas, eximia cœli tẽperies, campi fertiles, aprici colles, innoxij ſaltus, opaca nemora, munifica ſyluarũ genera, mira frugum, uitium, & olearũ fertilitas, nobilia pecori uellera, opima tauris colla, perſpicui & piſcoſi lacus, flumina fonteſq; ſaluberrimi, portus plurimi. Ipſa auidè, ad mortales iuuandos, in maria procurrens, & uelut gremium omnium gentium cõmercio pandens, ut ferè dicta ſit à quibuſdam, terrarũ omnium alumna, atq; eadem parens, cœleſtium prouidẽtia electa, quę ſpar ſa cõgregaret imperia: molliretq; effeᵗratarum gentiũ ritus, diſcordes ad colloquia linguas, munere literarum, latè noq; ſermone congregaret.

Mira ſalubritas et fertilitas Italiae

Color Color Italis, & ſtatura penè diuerſa eſt: in ciſalpina Gallia, Venetoq; receſſu, color uulgo candidus, cultus & ſermo accuratior. Contrà in Hetruriæ tractu, Latio, Campania, & Brutijs, capillus niger, breuior ſtatura, & macilenta, ſermo & cultus ſimplex. Non ijdem omnibus

Mores mores, aut uiuẽdi ritus, nec iura eadẽ. Pontificio hi, Cæſareo illi, alij municipali iure potiſſimum utuntur. Omnibus id commune ut frugaliter uiuant, nitide ueſtiantur, tõſo capite incedãt, perbreuibus Hiſpanicis palliolis con

Veneti tecti, crura oſtẽtantes. Veneti, quorum urbs terra mariq; opibus maxime pollet laxiore ueſtiuntur toga, qualem Gręci, Turcæ, Ruſſiani, ac reliqui ſeptentrionales uſurpãt. Maiorũ ſuorum habitu ita delectãtur, ut ſæpiſſime eas ueſtes geſtent nepotes, quas tritaui geſtarunt. Abundant conſilio, in loquendo tardi, & pronunciatio inſuauis, ridicula quadam magnificẽtia, uerbis magis quàm factis officioſi. Fingunt condonare iniurias, ſed ſi quando occaſio nem nanciſcuntur, recrudeſcit animus in iniuriantem.

Mediolanenſes Mediolanenſes Gallis exoſi, uiciſſim tam illos quàm Hiſpanos odientes, neutris ſatis confidunt, quos tamen ferre coguntur. Oratio eorum rudis, ſermo concitatus: ſed multo rudior & moleſtior Pedemontanorum, in bello non ualent niſi multi ſimul.

Genuenſium Genuenſium oratio ridicula neque literis conſignari poteſt: elegans tamen eorum ueſtitus, ut neque ſagati ſint, neque togati. Conſilio & fide ſibi non admodum conſtant, ad rebellandum apti, inhoſpitales ſunt, & beneficiorum immemores. Tuſcorum lingua inter Italos commendatur, magni ſemper fuere ſacrificuli, ut qui Romanos olim multas in deorum religione ceremonias edocuerunt, [redacted] Superba Roma, gentium imperio uiduata, ſedes facta ſummi pontificis. Aſſiſtunt ei purpurati cardinales quadraginta ſex. Zelotypi ſunt Romani, & uindicãt ſe ueriſſime uxorum adulteria.

Piſtorienſes Piſtorienſes Italorũ factioſiſsimi, ſunt partim, ut uocant, Panchiati, Gibellinorum ſectæ, qui imperatoris partes defendunt: alij dicti Cãchellierij, Guelphi, qui regis partes ſequuntur.

Neapolitani Neopolitani omniũ conſilia reſpuũt, ſylueſtres, loquaces, adulatores, iniuriarũ ſtrenui ultores, beneficiorũ maxime memores. Fumoſas in adamatis fœminis imagines quærunt, minio & ceruſa laruatas, neque amant niſi ſit elato animo, & ancillarum gregẽ ſecum ducat. Hiſpanicum ſermonem affectant, ac eorum inſtar equis inſidẽt, haſtiludia exercent, ſumma corporis dexteritate nunc in hanc, nunc in illam partem flectunt. Splendide ueſtiuntur, opobalſama ſpirant, plus ſaccari quàm panis abſumunt, caulibus etiam ueſcuntur libentiſſime. Irrident Neapolitani Calabros, Calabri Appulos, hos autem omnes Romani, Romanos Hetruſci, quos & alij uiciſſim irrident: quin & mortales cæteros omnes irridẽt Itali, con

li, contemnunt, & barbaros appellãt: cũ ſint ipſi tamen nunc Hiſpanis, nũc Gallis, nunc Germanis prædæ expoſiti & planè domina gẽtium redacta ſit in ſeruitutem.

De Sicilia.

Sicilia Romanorũ horreum, ſexcentis ac duo deuiginti paſſuũ millibus ambitu patet, à Poſſidonio, quem ſequit̃ Diod. Siculus, ſtadijs quater mille & quadringentis definitur, quondã Brutio agro cohærens, mox interfuſo mari auulſa ad mille & quingẽtos freti latitudinis paſſus: in eoq́ uortico ſo freto Scylla & Charybdis, ambo clara ſæuitia. Primi eã habitaſſe ferunt̃ Iberi duce rege Sicano, unde dicta Sicania. *Sicania* Succeſſit Siculus Neptuni filius cũ ampliſſima Græcorũ manu. Trianguli figura tribus promontorijs Peloro, Pachyno & Lilybæo claudit̃, atq; ob id Trinacria ueteribus appellata. *Trinacria*

De Sardinia.

Sardis Hercule procreatus, cũ magna multitudine à Libya ꝓfectus Sardiniã occupauit, & ex ſuo uocabulo inſulæ nomen dedit. Hæc in Aphrico mari, facie ueſtigij humani, tam in Orientem quàm Occidentẽ latior prominet, fermè paribus lateribus, quæ in meridiem & ſeptentrionem uergunt. Terra patẽs in lõgitudine miliaribus 140. In latitudine 40. In ea neq; lupus, ſed ſolifuga tantum animal exiguum, hominibus pernicioſum inuenitur. Venenũ quoq; non naſcit̃ ibi, niſi herba, per ſcriptores plurimos & poëtas memorata, Apiaſtro ſimilis, quæ hominibus riſum cõtrahit, *Sardonicus riſus* & quaſi ridẽtes interimit. Fõtes habet Sardinia calidos, infirmis medelã prębentes, furibus excitatẽ, ſi ſacramẽto dato, oculos aquæ eius tetigerint.

De Corſica.

Corſicæ inſulæ exordiũ Ligures dederunt, appellãtes eam ex nomine ducis. Nam mulier quædam Ligur Corſica nomine, cum taurum ex grege, quẽ prope littora regebat tranſnatare ſolitum, atque per interualla, corpore aucto, remeare uideret, cupiens ſcire incognita ſibi pabula, taurũ è cæteris digredientem, uſque ad inſulam, nauigio proſecuta eſt, cuius regreſſu, inſulæ fertilitatem cognoſcentes, ligneis ratibus illic profecti ſunt, eamq; nomine mulieris autoris, & ducis appellauerunt. Hæc Græce Cyrne dicitur, à Cyrno Herculis filio inhabitata. *Cyrne inſula*

Propriorum quorundam Italicorum nominum uulgaris interpretatio.

Hiſtria	*Hiſterich*
Tergeſtum	*Trieſt*
Forum Iulium	*Friul*
Atheſis	*Etſch*
Tridentum	*Trient*
Patauium	*Padua*
Ticinum, Papia	*Paphi*
Mare Adriaticum	*Venetum*
Nicæa	*Niſa*
Genua	*Genoua*
Etruria	*Toſcania*
Neapolis regnum	*Terra laboris*
Pæſtum	*Polycaſtro*
Leucopetra	*Bona*
Laciniũ promont.	*Colone*
Tarentum	*Taranto*
Hydrus Hydruntũ	*Otronto*
Brunduſium	*Brendeſium Branditio*
Sipus Sipontum	*Siponto*
Apeneſte	*Manfredonia*
Peligni	*Abrucuni*
Piceni	*Marca Anconitana*
Potentia	*S. Maria de loret*
Piſaurum	*Peſero*
Ariminum	*Rimino*
Galli Boij	*Romandiola, Romagna*
Padus fl.	*Po*
Lacus Benacus	*Garde lacus*
Carni	*Marcha Taruiſina*
Sclauonia	*Winden*
Aquileia	*Algar*

Cænemanni	*Lombardia*
Bergomum	*Bergamo*
Brixia	*Breſſa*
Verona	*Bern*
Inſubres	*Mediolanenſes*
Mediolanum	*Meiland*
Nouaria	*Nawer*
Auguſta Taurinorū	*Turin*
Centrones, mons	*Cincſius, mont cinis*
Forum Claudij	*Tarentaſia*
Placentia	*Piagenza*
Regium	*Rezo*
Bononia	*Bologna*
Fauentia	*Faenza*
Forum Liuij	*Forliuio*
Tuſcia	*Toſcania*
Florentia	*Firenze*
Peruſia Peruſium	*Perugia*
Aucula Aquula	*Aquapendens*
Vetulonium	*Viterbo*
Sena	*Siena*
Falcrinum	*Montflaſcon*
Septempeda	*S. Seuerinus*
Firmium	*Ferino*
Vmbri	*Spoletani*
Forum Sempronij	*Foſſembrone*
Nagnia	*Narnia*
Nurſia	*Norcia*
Marſi	*Aprucium*
Pregutij	*Abruz*
Amiternum	*Aquila*
Lanubium	*Lauinium*
Peligni	*Valuenſes*
Drepanum	*Trapani*
Panormus	*Palermo*
Agrigentum	*Gergento*
Syracuſa	*Saragoſa*
Aetna	*Gibello monte*
Pachynū promont.	*Cauo paſcinio*

De Dania

DAcia ſeu Dania olim uocata fuit Cimbrica Cherſoneſus & Iutia, fuitq; tunc ſub ditione Saxonū. At illi iugū abijcientes elegerunt propriū regē. Hi itaq; quinquaginta annis ante Chriſtū natū exierūt cum uxoribus & filijs terrā ſuā, petituri nouas ſedes, & tranſmiſſo Rheno apud Vueſtphalos, acceperūt multas ex Gallia gētes *Cimbri* ſecum, petentes Italiā. Et priuſquā per Alpes Italiā attingerent, longo circuitu trāſeuntes Macedoniam & alias regiones uaſtauerunt: quibus cū Romani obuiare contenderent: cæſa ſunt ab eis 80. millia peditū, calonū uero atq; lixarum 40. millia. Et id uocatur apud ſcriptores Cimbricū bellū. *Cimbricū bellū* Deinde uaſtata Ethruria & omnibus locis circa Rhodanū, tādem cum Cimbri ſe diuiſiſſent à Teutonibus et Gallis, quibus prius ſociati fuerant, Cimbri à Romanis apud Atheſim, Teutones uero ſub alpibus ad Aquas ſextias, occiſi ſunt. Sub Henrico primo atq; filio eius Ottone magno, conuerſi ſunt Dani ad fidem Chriſtianā, fundatiq; apud illos tres epiſcopatus, uidelicet in Sleſwic, in Ripen et in Aldēburg Holſatię. Eſt Dania peninſula, quæ, ut diximus, Cimbrica uocat̃, cōprehenditq; regnū illud plurimas inſulas, inter quas tenet primas Selandia, in qua eſt Coppēhagen regia ſedes illius regni, deinde eſt *Selandia* Fionia, Iſlādia, & Orcades inſulæ. Obtinuit quoque circa annū Chriſti 1398. rex Daniæ alia duo propinqua regna, Noruegiam & Sueciam. Vltra Nortuegos ſunt homines ſemiferi & quaſi beſtiales, quos uulgo Lapones uocāt, *Lapones* cum quibus nullum commertium linguæ nauigantes habent, ſed ſignis tantum et nutibus cōmutare ferunt. Iſlandia ſonat glacialem terram, *Iſlandia* appellata à ueteribus Thyle extenditurq; inter Auſtrū & Boreā 200. prope germanicorum miliariorum longitudine. Scribūtur multa mirabilia de iſta inſula, inter quæ numerat̃ rupes illa, quā uocāt Hegleberg, quæ perpetuos ſpirat ignes, *Hekelberg* putaturq; carcer eſſe ſordidarū animarū. Cōperiuntur etiā illic ſpiritus ſe exhibentes manifeſtos humanis miniſterijs. Submerſorū ſiue alio uiolēto caſu enectorū ſpectra ſeſe offerūt congreſſibus notorū hominum tam manifeſta, ut tanquā uiuentes accipiātur ab ignaris mortis illorū data dextra, nec reprehenditur error priuſquā ſpectrū diſparet. Ab his ſeptentrionalibus regioni

gionibus, præſertim ex Gothia, quę et Scādinauia, ſæpe magna colluuies hominū erupit, occupaturi alias terras, nouas'que quæſituri ſedes. Hinc enim pdierunt Gothi, Gepidæ, Rugi, Vuandali, Heruli, Turcilingi & Vuinili, qui poſtea à prolixis barbis Lōgobardi dicti ſunt, de quibus multa apud hiſtoricos inueniuntur.

Sclauonia.

SClauonię uoce accipiuntur Stiria, Carinthia quę et Illiris, Dalmatia, Croatia, & Coruatia. Lingua uero Sclauonica utuntur plurimæ gentes, nēpe Bohemi, Poloni, Lithuani, Ruſſi, Moſcouitę, Bulgari, Carni, Boſnitę & multi alij populi. Excipiūtur Vngari qui propriā habēt linguā. Stirij populi ſunt agreſtes & ſtrumoſi, adeò q̄d ingenti ſtruma, ut ipſis loquelam impediat, & mulier lactans poſt tergū perinde atq; ſaccū reijciat ne infanti impedimento ſit. Sunt autē Stiriani cultu & ſermone Germani, præter Drauicolas, qui Illirica utūtur lingua. & alibi coquit, quod ad finitimas defert gentes. Regio ferri et argēti eſt ferax, mōtana plurimum præter quàm ad ortum uerſus Pannoniā. Dicta olim fuit Valeria. Carinthia mōtana eſt regio, multa'q; in ea ualles & colles feraces tritici, multi lacus, multi amnes, quorū præcipuus Drauus. Boſna olim fuit Mœſia ſuperior, ſubacta'q; eſt à Turca anno Chriſti 1451. Dacia olim, hodie in uarias eſt diuiſa prouincias, nempe in Tranſſyluaniā, Raſciam, Seruiam, Septem caſtra & Bulgariā. Tranſſyluaniam uulgò uocāt Zipſerland & Raſciam Retzen, Septem caſtra Septemburgenſes et Seruiam Syrfien. Septemburgenſes in medio Sclauonicę linguę loquunt Germanice, ſicut Bohemi inter Germanos loquuntur Sclauonice.

Stirij ſtrumoſi — *Carinthia* — *Tranſſyluania*

Bohemia.

HAbuit Bohemia olim populos Quados & Marcomannos, includitur'q; finibus Germaniæ. Latitudo eius longitudini ferè par eſt, cingitur'q; ſylua Hercynia tanquam natiuo muro. Albi fluuio media irrigatur, atq; quodam alio Multauio nomine: ad cuius ripā Praga ſita eſt, ampliſſima urbs & totius regni caput. Fuit à multis annis Ducatus, uocatus'que eſt primus dux Zechius, licet alij Primiſlaū Pragæ fundatorē, primū uelint eſſe ducē. Anno Chriſti 1086. dux Vratiſlaus factus eſt ab Hērico quinto primus rex, additæ'q; ſunt regno Sileſia, Lutſnitza & Morauia. Huic ſucceſſerūt in regno filius & poſteri Vladiſlaus, Vladiſlaus, Premiſſel, Vuentzeslaus, Premiſſel, Vuētzeslaus. Et hic moriēs ſine filio, unicā filiā eius Eliſabet cōiugē accepit Ioānes comes Lutzelburgēſis filius Hērici ſeptimi imperatoris, fuit'q; regnum Bohemiæ ferè ducentis annis ſub comitibus Lutzelburgenſib. Huic ſucceſſit filius Carolus nonus Bohemiæ rex, factus quoque Romanorum rex, quartus nomine, & hic ſupra modum ditauit Regnum Bohemiæ, ſed nō ſine iactura Romani imperij. Idem Carolus anno Chriſti 1350. fecit ex epiſcopatu Pragēſi archiepiſcopatum, & deinde anno 1370. inſtituit Pragenſe gymnaſium, quod durauit uſque ad annum 1408. tūc ob Huſſiticum dogma fuit translatum ad Lipſiam Miſnæ oppidum. Patri ſucceſſit filius Vuētzeslaus in utroq; regno, cui depoſito ſucceſſit frater Sigiſmundus. Qui Sigiſmūdo ſucceſſerint, uide in genealogia regū Vngariæ. Porro ſolum Bohemiæ eſt ferax hordei & tritici, abundat'que pecore & piſcibus: olei aūt ſterilis eſt, quemadmodum Germania ipſa. Vino nō omnino caret, ceruiſiam optimam facit, quæ Viennam uſq; uehitur.

Praga — *Regnum uenit ad Lutzelburgenſis* — *Pragenſe gymnaſium*

Vngaria.

VNgaria nunc ea regio ēſt, quæ olim Pannonia inferior fuit, licet illa non tam late patuerit, ut hodie Vngaria. Fuit autem terra illa ab antiquis temporibus diuerſarū nationū diuerſorū. Gothos pepulerūt Huni, & Hunos excluſerunt Longobardi. Qui cū 42. annis eam regionē poſſediſſent, anhelātes pro Italiæ acquiſitione, Hunis

Vngaria diuerſorum multarum gentium.

nis iterũ locũ dederunt. Creantes autē
Attila Hunus Huni Attilam regē, ferè totã Europã
inde oppugnauerũt, habentes in uno
exercitu decies centena millia armato
rũ. Attilæ uero hic erat titulus: Attila
filius Bendeucum, nepos Magni Nim
broth, educatus in Engaddi, gratia dei
rex Hunorũ, Medorũ, Gothorum atꝗ
Dacorũ, pauor orbis & flagellum dei.
Quum igitur Huni per multos annos
Vngariam exterarũ nationum rapinis
ditaſſent, circũdabant terram ſuam no
Hagæ uem circulis, quos hagas Germani uo
cant. Quorũ ſinguli ita ſtipitibus quer
nis ſiue fagineis extructi erant, ut de
margine ad marginem uiginti pedum
ſpacium tēderetur in latum, totidemꝗ
erigeretur in altũ. Cauitas autem uni-
uerſa, aut duriſſimis lapidibus, aut te-
naciſſima creta repleret. Porrò ſuper-
ficies uallorum eorundē integerrimis
ceſpitibus tegeretur. Inter quorũ con-
finia, arbuſtulę plãtatę erãt, quæ abſci
ſæ, proiectæꝗ, ut plurimum herbas &
frõdes pròferebãt. De primo autē cir-
culo ad ſecundum uiginti miliaria teu
tonica protendebãtur, & inde totidem
ad tertiũ & ita uſꝗ ad nonum, quam-
uis alius alio ſemper contractior erat.
Intra hos aggeres uici uillæꝗ ita cõſti
tutæ, ut ab una ad aliam uox hominis
audiretur: erantꝗ ędificia ualidiſſimis
muris præmunita. Tubarum clango-
re unus circulus alteri cuiuſqui rei cer
ta ſigna dabat. Hunc immanem popu
Carolus 8. annis expugnat Hunos lum Carolus Magnus octo continuis
annis oppugnauit & tandē expugna-
uit. Interijt in illo bello omnis nobili-
tas Hunorum, inuẽtusꝗ eſt indicibilis
auri & argenti theſaurus intra hos cir-
culos, p̃ſertim in regia ipſa, Buda ſcili
cet, à Buda Attilæ fratre ſic appellata.
Deletis itaꝗ prò maiori parte Hunis,
circa annum Chriſti 900. ſub Arnol-
pho imperatore, uenerunt ex Scythiæ
Vngari alia gens partibus Vngari, & relictis in Panno-
nia Hunis ſeſe iunxerunt, cœperuntꝗ
inſtar Hunorum excurrere & Germa-
niam uaſtare, donec ab Henrico pri-
mo cęſi, domi aliquandiu remanere co

acti ſunt. Poſtea anno Chriſti 954. cum
rurſum in Germania graſſarentur, cæ-
ſi ſunt ab Ottone primo apud Augu-
ſtam Vindelicorum ſtrage magna.
Anno deinde 1006. conuerſi ſunt ad
Chriſti fidē per Giſelam ſancti Hen-
rici ſororem, quam Vngarorum dux *Vngari ad*
uxorē accepit, appellatus in ſacro ba- *Chriſticõ*
ptiſmate Stephanus. Huic Stephano *uerſi*
ſucceſſerunt in regno filius & poſteri
hi, Petrus, Andreas, Salomon, Bela,
Ladislaus, Geiſa, Colomanus, Stepha
nus, Bela, Geiſa, Stephanus, Bela, Eme
ricus, q obijt anno 1200. Ladislaus, An
dreas, pater Landgrauię ſanctę Eliſa-
beth, Bela, Stephanus, Ladislaus, An-
dreas, Carolus, Robertus, Ludouicus,
cuius frater Andreas fuit rex Siciliæ,
Sigiſmũdus filius regis Bohemiæ, qui
ducta Maria filia Ludouici regis Vn-
gariæ, per eam factus eſt rex Vngarię.
Et cum hic ſolam filiã poſt ſe relinque
ret nomine Eliſabeth, per eam transla-
tum eſt utrunque regnum Bohemię &
Vngarię ad duces Auſtriæ. Nam du-
xit eam Albertus dux Auſtrię & impe
rator. Huic ſucceſſit filius eius Ladiſ-
laus, qui tamen mortuus eſt antequàm
uxorem duceret. Habuit autem ſoro-
rem, quam duxit Caſmirus rex Polo-
niæ, factus per eam quoque rex Bohe-
miæ. De regno uero Vngariæ facta eſt
concertatio. Imperator enim Frideri-
cus uſurpauit ſibi regni illius titulum,
quod inter uirilem ſucceſſionē nemo
ipſo eſſet ꝓpinquior, at Mathias Vai- *Mathias*
uoden præuenit eum, hac tamen con- *Coruinus*
ditione, ſi moreretur ſine uirili pro-
le, regni hæres fieret dux Auſtriæ, id
quod & factũ eſt. Interea autem Caſ-
mirus rex Poloniæ, qui filiam unicam
duxerat ultimi regis Bohemię & Vn-
garię, genuit filium Vladislaum legiti
mum hęredem regni Bohemiæ & Vn
garię, cum quo ita conuentum eſt, ut fi
lius eius Maximiliani neptem uxorem
duceret, ſicꝗ utriuſque regni fieret hæ
res, id quod poſtea factũ eſt. Nam Lu
douicus filius eius uxorem duxit Ma
riam filiã Philippi regis Hiſpanorũ,
Caroli

Caroli imperatoris ſororem, qui cum anno Chriſti 1526. à Turcis occideretur nullumq́; ſemẽ relinqueret, ſucceſſit ei Ferdinãdus, qui ſororem eius uni cam utriuſque regni hæredem, ut quidam uolunt, uxorem habuit.

Polonia.

POlonia, quæ olim Sarmatia, regio eſt uaſta & plana atq; nemoroſa. Eſt & paſcuis idonea atque uenatione diues. Habet equos ſyluestres, & boues feros quos Romani uros uocant. *Mel* Mellis copia eſt illis atq; Ruthenis tã ingens, ut non ſatis loci ſuperſit, quibus illa recondant. Arbores namque omnes & ſyluæ nigricant aluearibus. *Sal* Habẽt & ſalis maximam copiã, quod maximum toti regioni præſtat emolumentum, quo nulla regi ipſi in toto regno maior gaza extat. Nam ſub terra excidũtur ingentia ſalis ſaxa, & ſupra terram aliud ſal ex aqua decoquitur. Anno ſalutis 954. erudiuit Adelbertus epiſcopus Pragenſis Bolislaum ducem Poloniæ in fide catholica, conuer tit'que ad Chriſtum. Regnum uniuerſum in quatuor uelut regiões diuiſum, quas in orbẽ rex quotannis inuiſit. Sin gulę ternis menſibus alunt regem, regiumq́; comitatum. Et ſi caſu is in una regione diutius mãſerit, nihil debetur *Craconia* ipſi amplius. In Cracouia celebri et am pliſſima urbe, regia eſt, totiusq́; regni gaza. Cæteræ ciuitates parum nitidæ ſunt ex maceria domus ferè omnes cõ poſitæ, pleræq́; luto collinitæ. Gens in uniuerſum prudens, multaq́; comitate in hoſpites. Bibaciſſimum genus ho minum totius ſeptentrionis, ſed rarus uini uſus, ignotusq́; genti omnis uinea rum cultus. Facticia ex tritico aliisq́; generibus ſeminum potio in uſu eſt. Plumbum duntaxat ex omnibus metallis fodiunt Poloni.

Lituania.

LItuania Poloniæ connexa, magna ſui parte paluſtris et nemoro ſa, & ob eam rem difficilis aditu. Hyeme commercia cum Lituanis ſunt habilicra, paludibus & ſtagnis, alta glacie concretis, niueq́; ſuperinfuſa, fiunt omnia mercatoribus peruia: Quo fit, ut uelut alto mari, quando nulla certa ſit uia aut ſemita, ſydera ſignent iter. *Sydera indicãt uiam* Accolarũ diuitiæ ſunt pecora pelleſq́; multigenarum ferarum. Ceræ ac mellis abundans eſt terra. Sermo genti ut Polonis. Caput regionis Vilna eſt, epi ſcopalis ciuitas, & eſt tantę magnitudi nis, quantæ Cracouia cum ſuburbijs omnibus. Domus tamen cõtiguæ non ſunt in ea, ſed ueluti in rure horti inter mediant & pomaria. Eſt Lituania ampliſſimus ducatus, plurimum in Aquilonem uergẽs. Nam habet Vilna poli eleuationem grad. 57. Fuit hæc regio aliquando ſub principe Kiouenſi, do nec proprium fecerunt ducem, & exteros populos ſibi tributarios fecerũt. Anno Chriſti 1386. conuerſi ſunt ad fi *Lituani ad fidẽ conuerſi* dem Chriſtianam. Tunc quoque dux Vitoldus, uir bellicociſſimus, adiecit ducatui ſuo ducatum Pleſcouenſem, ducatum Nouogrodienſem, cuius Me tropolim uocant Nugardiam, & duca tum Smolnẽſem. Eſt & Nouigrodum *Nouigrodum* urbs hodie in Lituania, quam aiũt maiorem Roma eſſe. Nam complectitur in circuitu ſuo ſeptem miliaria Germa nica, cum Roma duntaxat ſex habeat & dimidium.

Pruſia

HAnc alij uocant Boruſſiã & Pru teniam, olim autẽ appellata fuit Hulmigeria, ſicut & hodie regio iuxta Viſtulã ſita uocatur Culmigeria. *Fertilitas* Pruſiæ ſolum ferax eſt maximeq́; fru *Pruſiæ* giferũ, irriguũ aquis: regio tam amœna & felix, ut ſi Iuppiter è cœlo deturbandus eſſet, in feliciorẽ quàm in Pru ſiam cadere nequiret. Nutrit terra uaria animaliũ genera, ut biſontesquos Romani uros uocant, & uulgus buba los, alces ceruis haud diſformes niſi *Alces* quod habẽt protenſam carneam promuſcidem & paulò ſubliminora crura. Hos uulgo helendos uocãt. Habet & ſylue

ſylueſtres equos cicuratis quidem ſimiles, ſed molle habent dorſum & ob id oneri ferendo inepti, neccicurari poſſunt. Caro eorũ ab incolis comeditur. Abũdat quoq; regio melle & apibus, ſicut reliquæ ſeptẽtrionales regiones.

Fuit autem in hũc modum ad Chriſtum conuerſa. Cum circa annũ Chriſti 1220. Poloni multa mala pperſſi eſſent à Prutenis, Mariani milites, quos Teutonicos fratres uocant, poſt Ptolemaidem in Syria amiſſam in Germaniam reuerſi, uiri nobiles & rei militaris periti, ne per ocium marcerent, Fridericum ſecundum imperatorem accẽdentes, Pruſiam Germaniæ contermi- nam dixerũt ſpernere Chriſti cultum, ſępe illius gentis homines in Saxones cæterosq; uicinos excurrere, & ingentem uim pecorum abigere, eſſe in animo ſibi compeſcere barbaram gẽtem, ſi annuat tãtum imperator, prouinciãq; fratribus ppetuo iure poſſidẽdam tradat, ſi eam armis acquirant. Iam enim Maſſouiæ duces qui eius ſe terrę dominos affirmabãt, ius ſuum fratribus conceſſerãt. Grata oblatio Friderico fuit, ſub aurea bulla literas cõceſſit. Illi itaque ſumptis armis breui tempore quicquid Prutenici iuris citra et ultra Viſtulã fuit ſubegere & ſuæ ditionis fecere. Victa gens, Chriſti fidem cõplexa eſt & cum fide Teutonicam linguã. Fuit ad Viſtulam quercus, ubi uictrix gens à principio caſtellum erexit, mox oppidum frequenti cultu adoleuit, Marieburgum dixerunt: caput eſt gentis & ſedes eius qui uniuerſi ordinis magiſterio fungitur, licet poſtea tranſtulerit in Montem regiũ, uulgo Konigſperg. Nõ procul à Pruſſia eſt inſula Gleſſaria, quę Germanice Sudaw appellatur, ubi mare turbatum ejicit ſuccinum ſeu electrum, quod arboris gummi eſſe putant.

Teutonici fratres · *Marieburgum* (marginal notes)

Liuonia.

Liuonia prætenditur Ruthenię & Lituaniæ ad ſeptẽtrionem, & eſt terra paluſtris et nemoroſa pro magna parte. Anno Chriſti 1200. quidam religioſi & docti uiri, Liuoniam adhuc Chriſto non credẽtem adeuntes, prædicauerunt illi fidem catholicam, nouum etiam inſtituentes ordinem & ueſtitum ſuum gladio ſignantes, unde et Enſiferi dicti ſunt. Verum quum parum proficerent, adiunxerunt ſe tandẽ Teutonicis fratribus in Pruſſia morantibus, & facile quod cupiebant perfecerunt. Ciuitates præcipuę regionis ſunt Riga uulgo Rig, Reuela uulgo Reuel, Derb & Narff. Patiuntur multas incurſiones à Tartaris. A ſeptentrione habent uicinam gentem ſemiferam, cum qua nullum eſt lingue commercium, ſed nutu & ſigno permutãt merces.

Enſiferi (marginal note)

Moſcouia.

Est Moſcouia regio latiſſima, à Moſco fluuio ſic denominata, extenditurq; in longum 400. ferè milliaribus. Habet autem regem proprium, cui ſubſunt multi & potentiſſimi ducatus, nempe Tuuertzka, Chelmski, Rzeſen ubi oritur Tanais fluuius, & Rozanska, quã prouinciam inhabitãt Tartari, obediẽtes tamen regi Moſcouitarum. Plana omnino eſt regio, non montuoſa, nemoroſa tamen, & ut plurimum paludinoſa, pluribus & maximis fluminibus irrigua, piſcibus ob id & feris uarijs abundat, quemadmodũ Lithuania, à qua non multum diſcrepat, niſi quod frigidior eſt, quia ſeptentrionalior. Frumentum ob nimium frigus raro matureſcit, ſed manipulatim in hypocauſtis torretur. Nutrit terra urſos & alces atque magnos & nigros lupos, noſtris truculentiores. Regia eius eſt urbs Moſcha, ſita ſub eleuatione polari grad. 58. duplo maior quàm Praga Bohemię. Habet uero lignea ut alię ciuitates ędificia, habet multas plateas ſed diſperſas, interiacẽtibus latiſſimis cãpis. Caret hæc regio arboreis fructibus præter ceraſa, melle uero & cera ſupra modum abundat.

Moſchouia (marginal note)

Ruſſiá

Rußia.

[M]ira fertilitas

RVſſia ſeu Ruthenia, quæ & Podolia, olim uero Roxolana, regio eſt fertiliſſima, ut etiam agro obiter culto, frumentoq́ꝫ inſperſo, tribus ꝑpetuis annis fructũ ferat. Nec opus eſt agrum quotannis inuertere, ſed inter metendum ſegete leniter excuſſa, alia in ſequentem annũ ſua ſponte creſcit. Gramẽ adeò procerum producit, ut perticã tranſcendat. Vnde ibi apum tanta eſt copia, ut mella nedũ in aluearijs & arboribus, uerum & in rupium atqꝫ terræ cauernis reponãt, ex quibus optimus medo & grandes cerarum fiunt orbes. Non impiſcantur ibi piſcinę & ſtagna, ſed ut aiunt, piſces ex cœli ſuccreſcunt influentia. Verſus Tanaim & Mæotim calamo aromatico & reupõtico abundat, pluribusq́ꝫ herbis & radicibus alijs alibi non uiſis. Solo uino carent Rutheni, ſed quod aliunde aduehitur, nempe ex Vngaria, Moldauia & Vualachia.

Dacia.

Septem caſtra

REgio illa quæ olim Dacia fuit uocata, hodie in uarias diuiſa eſt ꝓuincias, nẽpe in Tranſſyluaniã, Raſciam, Seruiam, Septem caſtra & Bulgariam. Trãſſyluani, qui uulgo Ziſper uocantur, putantur olim fuiſſe Getæ & Triballi & Raſciani Mœſij. Ante paucos annos, omnes regiones iſtæ fuerũt ſub corona Vngariæ, hodie uero quædam ſuſtinent Turcæ imperium. Septemburgẽſes à ſeptem caſtellis ſic appellati, olim ex Saxonia per Carolum Magnum in eum locum fuerunt deſtinati, ideo in huncuſqꝫ diem in medio Sclauonicæ & Vngaricæ linguæ loquuntur Germanice.

Vualachia.

Flaccia

VValachia à Romano duce Flacco, qui eam regionem expugnauit, primũ Flaccia appellata eſt, deinde tẽporis ſucceſſu Flaccia degenerauit in Falachiam, quam uocem Germani mutauerunt in Vualachiam.

Macedonia.

Albania

HAec hodie pro magna parte eſt Albania, quæ in Epirum uſque porrigitur, olim à rege Ematho appellata Emathia. Fuit ab initio Macedonia regnum anguſtum & paruum, ſed uirtute et uulgi prudẽtia latiſſime propagatum eſt, dum nõ modo uicinas regiones ſuę ſubdiderũt ditioni, uerũ & quæ lõgiſſime ſemotæ erant, ſibi audientes fecerunt. Quum enim Græciæ ciuitates inter ſe prælijs maderent, & quædam regem Philippum Macedonem in ducem elegiſſent, quo alijs potentiores eſſent, breui factũ eſt, ut Philippus tam has quàm illas urbes ſuo ſubijceret regno, uarijs uſus inſidijs & aſtutijs. Deinde Epirum quoque ſibi audientem fecit, expulſo eius terræ rege.

Scythia Europea

Sed & regi Scythiæ, cuius ditio protẽdebatur ab Aquilone uſque ad eum locum, ubi Danubius in mare ſeſe effundit, inęſtimabilem abduxit rapinã, tantasq́ꝫ equitum & militum copias in unum collegit, ut etiam Perſię rex ſibi timeret, qui imperium ſuum ampliauerat uſqꝫ ad Ponticum mare. Et quum breui poſt tẽmpore percuſſus moreretur, filius eius Alexander Magnus, regnum illud Macedonicũ propagauit ferè uſque ad Indiam.

Olympus mons

In Macedonia eſt Olympus mons, qui excellẽti uertice tãtus attollitur, ut in cacumine eius nec nubes nec uenti ſentiantur. Sunt qui eum ſcribũt decem ſtadijs in altum porrigi.

Græcia.

Callidromus

Thermopylæ

GRæcia à quodam Græco, qui in ea olim rerum potitus eſt appellata, Thermopylę mediam dirimũt, ut Italiam Apeninus. Extremos montes ab oriente ad occaſum extẽſos Oethã uocant, quorũ ſummum uerticem Callidromum uocant per cuius uallem in Malliacum ſinum iter anguſtum eſt, cętera loca adeò ardua & perplexa ut ne expeditis ſint peruia, ideo pylę quaſi portę dictę, & à calidis aquis ibi naſcentibus Thermopylæ. Iacent ad mare Acarnania, Aetolia, Locri, Phocis,

Bœotia,

Bœotia, Eubœa, quæ hodie Nigropontus uocatur, mari ſic eſt immerſa, ut penè terræ ſit annexa. Attica & Peloponeſus longius prædictis in mare excurrunt. *Athenæ* Athenę ciuitas, liberalium artium & philoſophorum mater, quia nihil habuit tota Græcia clarius atque nobilius, fuit inter Achaiam & Macedoniã: in regione quę Attica appellatur, ab Athis filio Athenarũ regis, qui Cecropi in regno ſucceſſit & Athenas condidit: unde & Cecropia dicta eſt, & poſtea à Mopſo Mopſopia, & à Ione Xanti filio, uel, ut Ioſephus ſcribit à Iano, Ionia: poſtremo à Minerua Athenæ: nam Græci Mineruã Athenã uocãt. *Peloponneſus* Pelopõneſus à rege Pelope denominata, quaſi Pelopis inſula, totius Græciæ quondam arx dicta fuit. Nam præter habitantium in ea gentium nobilitatem & potentiam, ipſe loci ſitus principatũ deſignat. Hęc tenui Iſthmo adhęret continenti. Nunc Morea uulgo uocatur. In ea eſt Laconia, quæ & Lacedæmonia dicitur, habens claram & potẽtem ciuitatem eodem nomine, *Sparta* quæ & Sparta dicta eſt à Sparto Phoronei filio. Huius princeps olim Menelaus & frater eius Agamemnon rex urbis Mycenarum, duces fuerunt Gręcorum in bello Troiano. Porrò Arcadia in media Peloponneſo eſt ſita, & Achaia ora quædam eſt Peloponneſi ab Achęis ſic dicta. Achaia uero quæ eſt extra Peloponneſum, uocatur alio nomine Hellas, et ſunt in ea multæ partę regiones, ut Bœotia, Phocis, Attica, &c. In Phocide eſt Parnaſſus mõs, *Delphi* in cuius auſtrali latere eſt Delphi ciuitas, occupãs locum petroſum, ubi templum eſt Apollinis. Templum illud et ciuitatem non muri ſed præcipitia & naturalia præſidia defendunt. In rupis anfractu, media fermè montis altitudine planicies eſt exigua, atq; in ea profundum terræ foramẽ, ex quo frigidus ſpiritus in quodam uelut uento in ſublime expulſus, mentes uatum in uecordiam uertit, impletasq; deo reſponſa conſulentibus dabantur.

Thracia.

THracia hodie uocatur Romania, & eſt regio nec cœlo nec ſolo fœcunda ſatis & temperata, niſi ubi mari uicinior eſt. Homines habet feros & aſperos, corporum magnitudine omnes homines antecedentes. Sunt truci uiſu, terrifico uocis ſono et annoſa ętate. Vrbes inſigniores Thraciæ olim fuerunt Nicopolis, Callipolis, Byzantium, quę poſtea à Conſtantino Conſtantinopolis dicta eſt, & facta imperij *Conſtantinopolis* ſedes, totiusq; orientis caput: Hæc primum à Pauſania Spartanorum rege extructa creditur & per ſeptem annos poſſeſſa, deinde uariãte uictoria, nunc Lacedæmoniorum, nunc Athenienſium fuit: demum à Conſtantino primo in nouam ampliata & in regiam urbem exaltata, translata eſt in eam omnis Romanæ dignitatis gloria, & dedicata in ſedem Romani imperij, atque noua Roma appellata. Sed euolutis annis circiter 468. diuiſum eſt Ro- *Diuiſio imperij* manum imperium à Conſtantinopolitano, & primus imperator occidentalis factus eſt Carolus Magnus. Tranſtulit autem Conſtantinus ex Italia in orientem imperij ſedem, quo Parthorum cõpeſceret excurſiones. Ampliauit propterea antiquam illam urbem, noua mœnia erexit, turribus urbẽ muniuit, adeoque ornauit, ut magis deorum habitaculum quàm hominum uideri poſſet. Nomen urbi nouam Ro- *Noua Roma* mam indidit, ſed uicit obſtinatio uulgi, ut à conditore Cõſtantinopolis uocaretur. Poſteri quoq; imperatores mirum in modum eam urbem exornauerunt. Erat triangularis formæ, duoq; latera alluebat mare. Hanc urbem poſtea Galli cum Venetis 55. annis poſſederunt, uocati ab Alexio Iſachij imperatoris Conſtantinopolitani filio. Quẽ cũ ciues Cõſtantinopolitani inſidioſe occidiſſent, Galli & Veneti qui uenerãt ut illi opem ferrẽt, fœdus inierunt, ut quicquid urbium, inſularum & locorũ ex illo imperio quæreretur, inter ſe diuiderẽt. Inde urbs impugna

ta68.

ta 68. diebus, tandem capta eſt à Venetis & Gallis, qui & Balduinũ Flãdrensem imperatorẽ creauerunt, & Veneti urbi epiſcopũ dederũt. Deinde omnia loca præter Adrianopolim ceſſerunt Gallicis & Venetis armis, omniaque ſubijciũtur Balduino. Venetis autem datæ ſunt inſulæ Creta & Eubœa, & aliæ multæ paruæ inſulæ in Aegeo mari. Poſtea anno quinquageſimo octauo, Byzantiũ rurſus amittitur & à Palæologo poſſidetur.

Unde Venetis Creta

Creta.

CReta quę & Candia, inſula maris mediterranei, in longitudine dicitur habere 270. millia paſſuum, & in latitudine quinquaginta millia. Circuitus eius 580. millia paſſuum cõplectitur. Nullum in Creta animal noxiũ eſt, capris copioſa, ceruis eget, optimi uini feraciſſima. Cureta olim uocata fuit à Curetibus inhabitatoribus, & in de Creta per ſyncopen. Alij dicũt Cretam dictam, à Crete quondam Iouis filio, Curetum rege. Eſt autem hæc inſula fœcunda frugum ubertate & paſcuis copioſa. In medio eſt Ida mõs, omnium qui in ea ſunt celeberrimus atque celſiſſimo uertice aſſurgens, ubi ſylua exoritur fragrãtiſſimis cupreſſis referta. Inſignes in ea urbes, Cortina, Cydonea, Gnoſum, & Minois regia, Strabonis chronographi patria.

Fertilitas Cretæ

De Turcarum origine.

TVrcarum primus dux fuit Ottomãnus, à quo omnes poſteri Turcarum imperatores Ottomanni ſunt appellati. Hic obſcuro loco & parẽtibus agrarijs natus, uirtute ac calliditate ſingulari, conflata per ſeditionẽ manu, circunferre cœpit arma, adiunxitq; ſibi raptores, quibus ſtipatus et indies perditorum hominum adhæſione fortior factus, ſubegit circa annũ Chriſti 1335. Cappadociam, deinde Pontum, Bithyniam & Aſiam minorem. Et primum quidem cœperunt uillas exurere, terras diripere & homines abducere, ac deinde potẽtiores facti, etiam regiones ſibi ſubditas fecerunt. Mortuo autem Ottomãno, ſucceſſit filius eius Orchanes, qui partum regnum nõ minuit ſed auxit. Hic enim primus in Europam traiecit. Tãdem poſt uigeſimũ ſecundũ imperij annum, Ammuratem filium hæredem reliquit. Qui per ducẽ Trapezuntinũ admiſſus, traiecit Helleſpontũ atq; oppugnauit Bulgariam, Seruiam, & Adrianopolim. Poſt hunc regnauit filius eius Baiazetes, q expugnauit Macedoniã, Theſſaliam, Bœotiam, Phocidẽ & Atticã. Cumq; obſideret Cõſtantinopolim, Tamerlanes Tartarorum imperator irruẽs in ditionem eius, cœpit omnia uaſtare: cui occurrẽs Baiazetes captus eſt ab eo atq; ligatus aureis catenis, & quaſi canis ſub menſa Tamerlanis coactus comedere. Et cum Tamerlanes aſcenderet equũ, uſus eſt eo tanquam ſcabello. In huius itaq; locum ſuffectus eſt Calepinus, cum quo Sigiſmundus imperator multa bella geſſit, ſed nõ ſatis feliciter. Poſt hunc imperio functus eſt Moſes anno ſcilicet 1400. Deinde anno 1408. in locũ eius ſuffectus eſt Mahumetes, & hic adiecit imperio Turcarũ Seruiam, Vualachiam & partem Sclauoniæ ſtatuitq; regiam ſedẽ in Adrianopoli. Poſt hunc regnauit filius eius Amurates, anno ſcilicet 1422. ſæuiensq; more prædeceſſorum expugnauit Theſſalonicam & bonam partem Græcię, obſedit quoque anno Chriſti 1439. Belgradum. Deinde anno Chriſti 1414. deuicit Chriſtianorũ exercitũ apud lacum Varnenſium, non procul à Boſphoro. Fuerũt aũt in exercitu illo Chriſtianorũ, Vngari, Valachi, Poloni, rex Polonię, cardinalis Iulianus & multi pontifices Vngariæ, & circiter triginta millia equitũ. Occubuit tunc rex Poloniæ & Iulianus cardinalis. Ex qua uictoria tyrannus elatus, maxima ui aggreſſus oppugnauit Pelopõneſum, & murũ Iſthmi Corinthiaci deiecit, qui uni cum Pelopõneſiorum putabatur eſſe præſidium. Huic ſucceſſit filius Mahumetes, nonus Turcarum imperator, qui Chriſtianos multis prælijs & cladibus

Othomannus

Orchanes

Amurates

Baiazetes

Tamerlanes

Calepinus

Mahumetes

Varnenſis clades

bus afflixit. Nã anno Chriſti 1452. obſedit quinquaginta diebus florentiſſimam urbem Cõſtantinopolim, oppugnauitq; terra & mari, die noctuq;, donec bona pars muri bombardis diſijceretur, oppleretur q; magna pars foſſæ. Tunc Turcæ per ruinas ſcandentes cũ perueniſſent ad antemurale, imperator Palæologus non ut regem decuit pugnauit: ſed fugiẽs in ipſis portæ anguſtijs cadens, calcatus pedibus obijt. *Cõſtantinopolis capitur* Capta urbe itur ad rapinas, & omnia miſcẽtur cædibus & ſtupris, & præ nimia auaricia rapiendi, hoſtes in mutuã perniciem graſſantur. Potitus itaq; tyrannus hac urbe & capite Græciæ, omnes alias ciuitates facile in ſuam redegit poteſtatem. Deinde anno Chriſti 1456. pergit cum numeroſa hominum multitudine uerſus Albam, quæ olim Taurinũ, hodie uero Belgradum, uulgo Kriecheſwiſſenburg. Et cum diu illud oppugnaſſet, tandem cum magna clade ſui exercitus et cum dedecore coactus eſt recedere. Hic tyrannus expugnauit quoq; Nigropontũ Venetorũ inſulã, occupauit Athenas & Trape. zuntiam, & ab ea deinceps ſe imperatorem Trapezuntium ſcripſit, ſicut à Conſtantinopoli Conſtantinopolitanum, & ab Adrianopoli Adrianopolitanum, ubi prædeceſſores ſui centũ circiter annos ante deuictam Conſtantinopolim cõſtituerant ſedem imperialem. Hic notandum quòd Trapezus *Trapezuntia* ſeu Trapezuntia urbs centum ferè annis à Cõſtantinopolitano imperio eſt alienata ſubita præfecti defectiõe, quí ex Bizãtio mitti cõſueuerat. Et ille quí primus ab imperio defecit, dixit ſe ab initio regem, inde imperatoris appellationem ſumpſit. Expugnauit etiã memoratus cacodæmon Caffam & totã Tauricam Genuenſiũ inſulam, quam *Precop. peninſula* hodię appellãt Pręcop. Itẽ anno 1480. maxima ui Rhodũ inſulam aggredit, ſed cũ magna ignominia inde rurſus recedens pręmœrore animi illo anno morit. Cui ſucceſſit filius Paiazetus, & hic Modonã Venetorũ urbem expugnauit, & alia quædam loca in Moldauia. Cumq; annis fermè 30. imperaſſet, ſucceſſit illi anno 1512. Zelimus, *Zelimus* quem alij uocant Solymum, & hic Syriam ſubegit, Hieroſolymã expugnauit, Sultanum uita exuit, atque Aegyptum ſuo ſubiecit imperio, anno ſcilicet Chriſti 1516. Huius filius Solimannus regnare cœpit poſt patrem, expugnauitq; Albam Gręcam Vngariæ ciuitatẽ anno à Chriſto nato 1521. ac deinde anno 1423. in deditionem recepit Rhodon inſulã, & poſtea anno 1526. *Rhodus capitur* uaſtauit Budam Vngariæ & regẽ eius Ludouicum in aciæ cæſum interemit. Hic quoq; obſedit Viennam Auſtriæ, anno 1529. Sed fruſtra. De morib. & ritibus Turcarum alij multa ſcribunt.

APHRICA.

APhrica altera pars orbis ad meridiẽ expoſita, & magnis ſolis ardoribus obnoxia, terminatur ab occidẽte mari Atlantico, à meridie occano Aethiopico, ab oriente Nilo flumine, ſeu potius, ut Ptolemæo placet, mari Rubro, & à ſeptentrione mari mediterraneo, quod ex oceano apud colũnas Herculeas tenui riuo & nõ niſi decem milibus paſſuum patenti ingreditur terrã. Inſigniores regiones Africæ ſunt Mauritania & Cæſarieñſis, Africa minor, Numidia, Libya, Cyrene, Aegyptus, Aethiopia ſub Aegypto et Aethiopia interior. At hæc nomina hodie in alia ſunt mutata præter pauca quędã. Nam ubi olim fuit Mauritania, *Mauritania* Africa minor, &c. hodie ſunt Mauri, Barbaria, regnum Marochi, regnum Feſſa, regnum Thunes, &c. Porrò in interiorib. Africæ plurima quoq; ſunt regna, ut in tabula noua Africæ oſtendimus. Colitur aũt terra Aphricæ inæqualiter. Nam ad meridiem ob nimios æſtus eſt plurimũ deſerta, arenis ſterilibus obducta & malefico animalium genere infeſta, Contrà quã Europam ſpectat, frequentior eſt illi cultus. Eximia agrorũ feracitas, utpote qui locis quibuſdam centeſimo fœnore reddũt cultor ibus meſſem. Mirũ eſt quod de

Mauritaniæ

Mauritaniæ ubertate dicitur, eſſe in ea uites, quas duorum hominum complexus capere non poſſit, uuarũ racemos cubitales: arbores circa Atlantẽ proceritate inſigni e nodę. Sed omnium nobiliſſima citrus Romanis delicijs inſerta. *Animalia Africe* Alit & Aphrica elephantos & dracones, qui beluis inſidiantur ſuoq́ cõplexu enecãt, leones, bubalos, pardos, capreas, & ſimeas multas, onagros & multos ſerpẽtes, præſertim ceraſtas & aſpides, cui peſti icneumonẽ minimũ animal oppoſuit natura. Creat quoq́ baſiliſcũ malũ ſingulare non tantũ hominum & animalium, ſed terræ quoq́ *Draco* quã polluit & exurit. Cęterũ draco ſerpens eſt maximus dentes habens acutos & ſerratos, uim tamen habet maiorem in caudá quã dentibus, nec habet tantũ de ueneno ſicut alij ſerpentes. Si quem ligauerit occidit, à quo nec elephas tutus eſt corporis ſui magnitudine. Nã circa ſemitas deliteſcẽs, p quas elephãtes gradiũtur, crura cauda ſua alligat & innodat ad caſumq́ trahit. Aliquando inſilit ſuper eum à tergo, mordens eum & fugẽs ſanguinẽ eius. Elephas aũt ex ſubtractione ſanguinis debilitatus cadit ſuper draconem, & moriens interficit occiſorẽ ſuũ. Perpetua itaq́ eſt dimicatio inter dracones et ele*Elephantus*phantos. Nam draco cauda conſtringit elephantẽ, elephas aũt pede & promuſcide proſternit draconem. Naſcitur draco apud Aethiopes 20. cubitorum magnitudine. Solẽt quoq́ 14. aut quindecim mutuo ſe complecti, & erectis capitib. uelliſicare per mare & flumina ad paſcua meliora. Habet quoq́ hęc regio baſiliſcũ, qui extinguit herbas, necat arbores, corrũpit aerẽ, ita ut aues impune trãſuolare nõ poſſint. *Crocodilus* Nilus quoq́ fouet crocodilũ, qui linguã nõ habet, æqualia anſeris ędit oua, & plerunq́ ad triginta ulnas magnitudinis creſcit. Hic armatus eſt unguiũ immanitate, circũdaturq́ tãta cutis firmitate, ut nullo tormẽti ictu poſſit uulnerari. In Africa cõſurgit è media arena*Atlas mons*rũ uaſtitate Atlas mons, erigitq́ caput ultra nubila, & quę ad Oceanũ extenditur manat fontibus, nemorib. inhorreſcit, rupibus aſperatur, ſed nõ herbida nuda humo eſt. Quà Africam ſpectat eſt opimus, naſcentibus ſpõte frugibus, arboribus opaciſſimus, quæ ueſtiuntur lanugine ſericis uelleribus nihilo uiliore. Vertex eius ſemper eſt niualis. In Mauritania Tinganica, autore Solino, montes nutriunt elephantos. Hoc animal non amplius quàm ſemel gignit, editq́ unum tãtum fœtum. Viuit in annos trecentos, frigoris impatiens. *Elephantes* Pugnant cum elephantis quídam Aethiopes, & ad lapſum inclinatos abſcindunt poſterioris partis carnes atq́ comedũt. Superat etiam arte iſta. Cum elephas plenus à paſcua redit dormitum, arbori hærens dormit. Non autem genu flecti ad terram poteſt. Incolę igitur aduertentes arbores elephantum adhæſione detritas, iuxta humum ſecant eas, ut tamen non niſi impulſę cadãt. Elephas igitur ueſperi cibo plenus ad notum cubile proficiſcens, omni mole ſectæ arbori hærens, unà cum ea ad terram proſternitur, & cum ſurgere nequeat abſq́ periculo, ab hominibus interficitur. Apud Nigritas uero occidentales hoc ingenio capitur. Deliteſcunt Nigritæ iuxta arbores ac prætereuntibus elephantis ſagittas & uenabula infigũt, ſaliũtq́ miro modo de loco in locum, ab una arbore in aliam, donec feriant elephantum, qui cum maxima mole prægrauetur, nequit inſidiantis ictus deuitare. *Celeritas elephanti* Si autem id tentarent Nigritæ in locis patentibus ubi nullę ſunt arbores, non euaderent, quandoquidem nemo tantæ ſit pernicitatis, quem mox elephas non comprehendat etiam non currẽs, ſed gradatim incedens, id quod animalis uaſta magnitudo efficit. Apprehenſum autem elephas hominem non aliter lædit quàm promuſcide. Hac enim adeò hominem iacit in ſublime: ut ſæpe numero ſic proiectus prius efflet animam quàm terram contigerit.

Caput totius Africę fuit olim Cartha-

Carthago

go ſeptuaginta duobus annis condita ante Romã. Hæc habuit reges potentiſſimos, qui uſque adeò imperium dilatauerant, ut etiam inter quatuor principalia regna à quibuſdam poneretur. Porrò urbs ipſa habuit murum per circuitum 22000. paſſuũ, & tota ferè mari cingebatur. Murus fuit latus 30. pedibus ſaxo quadrato, in altitudine cubitorum quadraginta. Arx, cui nomẽ Byrſæ fuit, paulo amplius quàm duo millia paſſuum tenebat. Ex una parte murus communis urbi & Byrſæ erat, imminens mari, quod mare ſtagnum dicitur. Stetit urbs ipſa ſeptuaginta annis, habẽs grauiſſima bella contra Romanos. Anno igitur 602. à Roma condita, ſenatus Romanus decreuit abolendam Carthaginem, ueniensq́; Scipio iuuenis oppugnauit ciuitatem ſex cõtinuis diebus & noctibus, & obtentam accendit igni. Ipſa autem 17. continuis diebus arſit, miſerũ præbens ſpectaculum, dirutaq́; eſt omni murali lapide in puluerem conuerſo.

Byrſa arx

Cyrene.

CYrenaica regio, quæ & pentapolitana eſt, celebrata Ammonis oraculo, quinq; ciuitates egregias habet, Beronicen, Arſinoën, Ptolemaidam, Apolloniã & Cyrenem. De Cyrene Strabo ſic ſcribit: Cyrene urbs maxima, octoginta ſtadiorum, in campo iacet ædito, ut in mari uideri poſſit. Hæc ab Ariſteo condita putatur, qui filius regis Theramenis inſulæ in Africam nauigans, montem Cyrã propter amœnitatem loci & fontis ubertatem occupauit.

Aegyptus.

DE Aegypto plurima ſcribenda hic ſeſe offerunt, nempe de ſitu eius, urbibus eius, fluuijs, fertilitate, dijs, ritibus, inundatione, &c. Hæc itaque ab oriẽte mari Rubro Syriaq́; iungitur, ab occidente autem Africæ proxima eſt, annumerata Cyrenaica. Putant proinde quidã totam Aegyptum olim fuiſſe mare, ſed Nili inundatione poſtea continens facta eſt, qui ex Aethiopia allapſus ſecum uim limi ingentem affert, perpetuaq́; exaggeratione habitabilem terram fecit.

Aegyptus olim mare

Eſt autem Aegyptus frugum fertiliſſima autore Plinio, capite decimo quinto, libro uigeſimo primo, utpote in quà legumina tertio die naſcantur, & fructus quàm citiſſime matureſcant. Aegyptij inuentores fuerunt Geometriæ propter continuas finiũ dimenſiones, quas Nilus auctus efficit, nunc addendo, nunc adimendo, nunc immutando figuras. Vnde iterum atque iterum menſurari oportebat. Feruntur etiam Aegyptij primi, qui ſolis & aliorum ſyderum uagam uertiginem excogitauerunt. Nullus enim ibi uapor in nubem cogitur, ſed æſtu diſſoluit. Et ne terra nimia ariditate ſterilis reddatur, loco pluuiarum Nilus ſingulis annis inũdat, idq́; à ſolſtitio æſtiuo uſque ad æquinoctium: & adeò terram adducto limo fœcũdat, ut ſegetes quatuor aut quinque exactis menſibus ad meſſem redeant. Interim uulgus ab operibus uacans ocioſum indulget epulis ac uoluptati, et pecora in ſtabulis tecluſa nutriuntur. Præuident autem Aegyptij ex Nili incremento uim aut penuriam futurarum frugum. Nam cum duodecim cubitis excreſcit, Aegyptus famẽ ſentit. Et cum tredecim, etiam eſurit. At quatuordecim cubiti hilaritatẽ afferũt. Quindecim ſecuritatem, & ſedecim delicias, quod iuſtũ fertur eſſe incrementum. Habet Nilus crocodilos, ut ſupra quoque meminimus, qui cum ex ouis ſimilibus ouis Anſerinis prodeant, creſcunt tamen longitudine uitæ ad ſedecim cubitorum magnitudinem. Homines & animalia terreſtria flumini appropinquãtia unguibus diſcerpit. Eſt enim animal atrox in que fugientem mite audax, in perſequentes timidum, quod dum hominem aggreditur, quaſi lachrymari uidetur, ut ea miſeriæ ſimulatione oportunius circumuentum abſumat. Porrò Nilus,

In Aegypto non pluit

Inundatio Nili

Crocodilus

ut

Nilus unde ut Plinius ait, incertis oritur fontibus: aliqui enim à meridie eum deſcendere putarũt, ab his mõtibus quos Lunę uocãt. Alij ex ea Africę parte quę Mauritaniæ ꝓxima eſt, ut Iuba rex affirmat. Plinius capite nono libro quinto ait lacum quendam illic eſſe ſtagnantem, quem incolæ Nilidem uocant, ex quo fluit, in cuius littore eadem piſcium genera, quę in Nilo ſunt ſpectãtur, quin & crocodilos habet, quod argumentum eſt, Nilum inde exoriri. Eſt quoq; in Aegypto lacus quidam, in quo eſt inſula nomine Chennis, lucos ſyluasq́ue & grande Appollinis templũ ſuſtinens, quæ innatat, & quo'que uenti agunt impellitur. Autores ſunt Herodotus & Mela. Coluerunt Aegyptij olim animalia quædam, unde aliquid utilitatis habuerunt, ut felem, icneumonam (genus muris eſt) canem, accipitrem, ibidem, crocodilũ, &c. Et ſi quis aliquod horum animalium ſponte occidiſſet, morte damnabatur, preſertim ſi felem aut ibidẽ interfeciſſet. Nutriebãtur hæc animalia ſumma cura in tẽplorum ambitu à uiris non cõtemnendis. Ibis præterea colebatur, quod ſingulis annis ſerpentibus allatis ex Aethiopia in Aegyptum uolantibus magno conamine reſiſtit, & maiore ex parte abſumit. Adorauerũt quoq; *Apis Aegypti* Aegyptij bouem nigrum, quem apim uocauerunt, alebaturq́ue in ſepto quodam, de quo nonnunquam emittebatur in aulam quandam ut peregrinis oſtenderetur. Scribit Plinius ſeptem diebus natalem apis in Aegypto celebrari, & per eos dies crocodilos nemini prorſus nocere, continuo autem octauo die ad horam ſextam, beluæ redire feritatem. Apud Asbiſtas Aegypti *Ammonius templum* populos eſt uulgatiſſimum Libyci dei cornigeri Ammonis templum, Liberi patris munere inſtitutum. Qui dum per aridam Libyam exercitum duceret & laboraret ſiti, opẽ à Ioue patre petijt. Et ferunt uates in medijs arenis arietem apparuiſſe terrã cornibus effodientem, indeq; gelidum emanaſſe fontem, cuius undas dum Liber cum exercitu biberet, Ioui delubrum condidit, quem Ammonem uocarunt, id eſt, Iouem arenarium. Itur autem ad hoc templum ab Aegypto uerſus meridiem, interiacẽtesq; ſteriles arenæ, quæ ſolis ardore accenſæ intolerabili æſtu ueſtigia exurunt, ſed & tã ſubtilis eſt, ut homo facile in ea ſuffocetur, ſicut olim Cambiſes quinquaginta hominũ milia amiſit, qui arenę cumulis obruti fuerunt, quia templum illud ſpoliare uolebant. Sed Alexander Magnus non territus ſecũdo amne peruenit ad Mareotidem paludem, deinde immenſi arenarum campi patuerunt, haud ſecus quàm profundum mare, non arbor, non culti ſoli ueſtigium ullum occurrit. Quarto die ad templum peruenit. Dẽſum ibi nemus & multi dulces fontes in ſylua, inter quos unus dicitur ibi eſſe, qui mane tepidis fluit aquis, meridie frigidis, in ueſperum calidis, poſt mediã noctẽ ęſtuoſis. In hoc itaq; *Ammonius Iupiter* templo Iupiter colebatur & dabat per ſacerdotem reſponſa. Cumq; Alexander quæſiſſet an ſibi orbis imperiũ deſtinaret, reſpondit, omnium terrarum & gentium eum rectorem fore. Tunc ſacerdotes & tẽplum ampliſſimis muneribus ditauit. Hinc reuerſus, inter Mareotim paludem & mare, complexus aream octuaginta ſtadiorum, condidit urbem Alexandriam, quæ ſecundum locum habet in Aegypto poſt Memphim. Eſt autem Memphis hodie *Memphis Cairum* Cayrus, uulgo Alkair, ſita in Delta, id eſt, inſula quam facit Nilus, quæ figuram habet deltæ, cuius baſis eſt ora maritima. Hæc inſula quando Nilus inundat tota obruitur aquis, præter ciuitates quæ in naturalibus aggeribus ſitæ ſunt. Cæterum Memphis regia Aegypti hodie in duas diuiditur partes, una uocatur Babylonia noua, altera Cayrus. Ab ea tribus dietis diſtat Damiata, quam aliqui Eliopolim olim fuiſſe putant: alij dicunt Eliopolim fuiſſe Thebas, quas centum portas Homerus habuiſſe ſcribit, &

mœnia 140. ſtadiorum. Hodie ea urbs uocatur Dioſpolis. Reges Aegypti in Thebis primũ ſederũt, deinde in Mẽphi, uſq; ad Alexãdri Macedonis tempora, qui Alexãdriam iuxta mare condidit. Sunt qui dicũt Aegyptum olim habuiſſe decem & octo milia inſigniũ oppidorum & ciuitatum.

Aethiopia.

SVb Aethiopibus aũt, intelligimus quoq; Troglodytas, Garamantes, Libyos, Naſamones, Getulos, &c. Supra Aegyptũ & Nili cataractã Aethiopes ſunt in meridiem uergentes ultra Syenem & tropicum Cancri, uarijs nominibus, locis & moribus. Ad Meroẽ inſulam, quam Nilus intercludit, habitãt Meroẽni populi, & iuxta Macrobij, homines probi atque integri, qui ultra ſpacio dimidio ferè lõgius quàm nos uiuunt. Sunt ibi quoque Automalæ, apud quos mira eſt auri copia, minor autem æris. Aethiopibus imperauit Candaces regina tempore Strabonis, fuitq; regia eius Napata. Dicit etiã Strabo Aethiopes magna ex parte paſtoralem ac inopem agere uitam, propter ſoli tenuitatem & aëris intemperiem. Vnde & in mediterraneis locis plerunque deſeritur propter æſtus magnitudinem & fontium raritatem. Iuxta fluuium Aſam habitant Rizophagi, comedentes ſcilicet radices arundinum, ex quibus contritis faciunt placentas, nec aliud quicquam guſtant, ideo cõtinuam pacem inter ſe habent. A leonibus multa patiuntur, & planè dudũ deleti eſſent niſi natura eis ſponte præſidium tuliſſet. Nam ſub ortum canis innumera culicum multitudo ad ea loca uolans, homines non lædunt, ſed leones morſu & uocis ſono abire compellunt. Alij ſunt Aethiopes Cynici ſyluestrem incolentes patriam & aſperam, rariſq; aquarum fontibus, ſupra arbores ferarum timore dormientes. Sub auroram ad aquarum decurſus armati ueniunt, abſcõdentes ſe ſub arborum frondes. Sub æſtu uero ſolis agreſtes boues pardaliq; & aliæ diuerſæ feræ caloris & ſitis impatientia ad aquas confluentes, uſque adeò ſe replent aqua ut uix ſe mouere poſſint, & tunc ab Aethiopibus dolo capiuntur, necantur, diſtribuunturq; in cœtus ad comedendum. Sunt etiam alij Acridophagi Aethiopes, qui ſcilicet locuſtis ueſcuntur. Veris enim tempore infinitus locuſtarum numerus ad eos defertur, quæ permagnæ ſunt, præbentes uictum omni genti. Has ſale ſuperinfuſo diu ſeruant pro cibo. Non enim pecora nutriunt neque piſces habent, procul à mari poſiti. Alij ſunt Troglodytæ, in ſpeluncis terræ habitantes & nudi incedentes, niſi quod uerenda tegũt pellibus. In terra eorum tanta eſt uis ſolis in meridie, ut diſcalciati incedere non poſſint, ſine graui pedum exulceratione. Scientes niſi cito potum ſumant, moriuntur præ æſtu. Cibi in uas æneum cum aqua poſiti, cito ſolis ardore abſq; igne decoquuntur. Eſt etiã lacus mirabilis in illis locis, qui perfuſa corpora uelut oleo expolit, eſtque tam liquidus, ut nec caducas quidẽ uehat frondes, ſed ilico folia delapſa ad fundũ dimittat laticis tenuitate. Autor eſt Solinus. Ad orientis latus ſunt Nomades Aethiopes, paſcẽdo pecori addicti. Cinocephali, qui lacte uiuunt. Achei, qui elephantorum uenatu ſuſtentantur. Item Sorbotæ, quibus longitudo 12. pedum. Et Sambales, apud quos quadrupedes auribus carẽt. Præterea Agriophagi, qui humana carne ueſcuntur. Cinomolgi, quibus rictus ſunt canini & ora prominentia. Artapathitæ, proni ut pecora ſine ſedibus uagantur. Nugantur etiam quidam, circa originem Nili habitare Pygmæos, qui cubitum non excedunt, hominibus in figura perſimiles: recte incedunt, ſed loquuntur imperfecte. In tertio anno generant, & in fine octaui moriuntur. Vſu rationis carent, non colunt iuſtitiam, uerecundiam nullam habẽs aut honeſtatem, ideo bruti nuncupãtur. Vltra hos ſunt deſerta ingentia, nec penitus olim ad meridiẽ cognita Africa,

Meroẽ inſula · *Rizophagi* · *Cynici* · *Troglodite* · *Monſtra Aethiopiæ* · *Pygmæi*

ta Africa, quanquam perſæpe, autore Plinio & Pomponio, circumnauigata: hodie autem regum Portugalliæ cura iterum patefacta eſt: & quo Romanorum arma olim penetrare non potuerunt, illic hodie Hiſpanorũ peruenit uictoria. Omnes ſupra nominati Aethiopes in Eoam partẽ uergentes, ſub ęquinoctiali & circa initia tropicorum habitant, autore Ptolemæo, magno errore eorum qui ſub torrida zona mortales habitare negant, id quod hodie adeò compertum eſt, ut demonſtratione non egeat. Summus Aethiopię rex dicitur eſſe Pretoiánes; quem illi Hiam, id eſt, potentem uocãt & eſt tam potens ut 62. alijs regibus imperitare prędicetur. Chriſtianus eſt, & iuxta Nilum habitare dicitur.

Pretoianes

Aſia maior.

ASia altera tripartitę terrę pars, in plures diuidiť portiones, quarũ aliæ maiores, alię minores comprehendunt ambitus. Tam latum autem & patens dicũt eſſe, quicquid terrę Aſiæ nomine continetur, ut Africa & Europa non magis complectantur quàm ſola Aſia. Cœlo tẽperato eſt, ſolo fertili, et propterea omnium animantium genere cultiſſima. Quapropter liquet, in ea uarios gentium eſſe mores & ritus, uariaq; naſcentium mirabilia.

Aſia minor.

HAbet hęc regio, ſicut & circumiacentes, nempe Pontus, Bithynia, Lycia, Pamphylia, Cilicia, Rhodus, &c. multas inſignes urbes. In Aſia minori eſt Epheſus, & Iliũ ſeu Troia. Metropolis Bithyniæ eſt Nicæa. Rhodiorũ urbs ſuper oriẽtali promontorio ſita, portubus, uijs & mœnibus, & cætera fabrica tantum alias excellit, ut nulla ei æqualis facile inueniať. Multo tempore dominata eſt mari & piratas ſuſtulit. Romanis amica fuit et Gręcis. Ibi fuit Iouis coloſſus, qui dicitur fuiſſe 70. cubitorum, ſed poſtea ex terręmotu fractus, genibus collapſus eſt. Habet Rhodus inſula in circuitu ambitum 920. ſtadiorũ. Cilicię regio abũdat cedris & alijs arboribus idoneis pro fabricandis nauibus. Fuit quoque philoſophiæ ſtudiũ tam magnũ in Tharſo urbe, ut ſuperarit Atheniẽſe & Alexandrinũ, licet ſolum indigenę & non multi pérégrini illuc aduenerint.

Rhodus

Pontus, unde Strabo oriundus fuit, habet planiciem ſemper roſcidam & herbidam. Tantam præterea agreſtium pomorum & ultro naſcentium copiã regio affert, uuarum, prunorum, malorum, ac nucum, ut quocunq; anni tempore in ſyluas exierint, ijs abundent, cum interdum adhuc fructus in arboribus pendeant, interdum lapſa in terram ſub folijs iaceant. Vnde & multa eſt ferarum omnis generis in ea regione uenatio, propter alimonię copiam.

Pontus

Cyprus inſula abũdat uino, ſaccharo, ſale & oleó, frumenti quoque ſatis habet: ęris metalla apud Tenaſſum abundant, in quibus uitreolum & rubigo ęris naſcitur, ad medicinę uſum idonea.

Cyprus

Regia ſedes fuit in Nicoſia, à qua octo Germanicis miliaribus diſtat Famaguſcha alia inſignis urbs. Veneti hodie dominio eius potiuntur. Nam cum Iacobus regis Cypri illegitimus filius pro firmitate regni ſeruandi duxiſſet uxorem filiam cuiuſdam ciuis Veneti, quam ſenatus in filiam adoptauerat, moreretur'que poſt eius impregnationem, commendauit uxorem & filium Poſthumum Veneto ſenatui. Et cum Poſthumus haud multo pòſt moreretur, regnũ peruenit ad manus Venetorum, quod tamen debebatur Ludouico Sabaudiẽſi, cuius uxor erat legitima filia regis Cyprij. Contigerũt autem iſta anno Chriſti 1473.

Regia urbs

Cyclades inſulę numero ſunt quinquaginta tres, ſic dictę, quod in modũ cycli circum Delon inſulam poſitæ ſunt, inter quás una eſt quæ Poſidium & alio nomine Pathmos uocatur, in quã Iohannes Euãgeliſta in exiliũ miſſus eſt. Eſt & alia inſignis quæ Lesbos uocatur, in qua eſt Mitilene ciuitas. In Lycia mõs eſt Chymera, qui nocturnis æſtibus fumũ exhalat, ſicut Aetna in Sicilia. Ga-

Cyclades inſulæ

Galatia latia à Gallis ſic eſt denominata. Hi cũ eſſent nimis multiplicati, receſſerunt è Gallia ad quęrẽdas nouas ſedes, uenientesq́ ad Gręciã à rege Bithynię in ſubſidiũ ſuſcepti cõtra hoſtes, nactaq́ uictoria, dedit eis partẽ regni ſui quæ uocata eſt Gallogræcia, deinde Galatia.

Armenia.

Armenia à Cappadocia uſq; ad mare Caſpiũ patet, habetq́ mõtes altiſſimos & ſemper niuales. Vnde qui iter faciunt uerſus Iberiam & Colchidem, dicuntur in ſummis montium cacuminibus ſæpe niue obrui. Quapropter ferunt ſecum baculos contra eiuſmodi pericula, quos in ſummã niuem reſpirãdi gratia exerant, & ut eo ſigno auxilium ab aduenrantibus cõſequantur: quapropter ſæpe effoſſi ſeruantur. Sunt etiam in hac regione magni quidam lacus, per quorũ unum labitur Tigris fluuius Tigris, ſed propter celeritatẽ ſuam undam impermixtam ſeruat, unde & nomen habet. Nam Medi ſagittam tigrim uocãt. Hic fluuius in montibus Armenię modicis incremẽtis naſcitur deinde interiecto aliquo ſpacio ſub terras mergitur, atq; poſt aliquod ſpaciũ grande flumen iam emergit. Tantaq; uiolentia mouetur, ut & lapides ſecũ trahat, & uno die tantum itineris peragat quam uir uelox poſſet per ſeptem currere. In montibus Armeniæ arca diluuij quieuiſſe memoratur in ſcriptura ſacra.

Syria.

Syria uniuerſa omni ubertate eſt referta, ad alenda pecora paſcuis & frugibus plena. Vnde multi ex diuerſis regionibus potentia & diuitijs pollẽtes eum locum ſibi ad habitandũ elegerunt, ciuitatesq́ & oppida ſibi cõdiderunt. Phœnicia Qui ad mare diuerterũt, Phœnices appellati ſunt, primi qui mercandi uſum excitarũt, & qui cœli & ſtellarum curſum, omniumq́ ſuperiorũ motũ ingenij magnitudine inuenerũt. Hi tenẽt Ioppẽ & Gazã. Poſt hos ſunt Sidonij, multarũ atq; optimarũ artiũ magiſtri, ubi aſtronomia & arithmetica initium habuerũt, ob computationem & nocturnam nauigationem. In Syria eſt urbs quædam Alexãdria in colle ſita, in teſtimoniũ uictoriæ quo Alexander Darium in illo loco profligauit. Eſt tamen Syriæ urbs prima & præcipua Damaſcus, qua uetuſtior in tota Damaſcus Aſia uix eſt, cum fuerit extructa ante Abrahæ tempora. Hęc diſtat à Hieruſalẽ itinere ſex dierũ, ubi ſanctus Paulus baptiſmum ſuſcepit, & prope eam in terram proſtratus fuit luce cœleſti, dum perſequeretur Chriſtianos. Tyrus Tyrus urbs olim Phœnicis maxima, Sidoniorum colonia, negociatio maris, emporiũ totius orbis, olim quidem in ſula, ſed à Nabuchodonoſor, hoc eſt, Alexandro Magno propter expugnationẽ multis in breui freto cõportatis aggeribus, terra cõtinẽs facta eſt. Hæc urbs tam munita erat, ut nulla moles fieri putareť in littore pro acceſſu. Nam per Africũ procellæ illidebantur in littus, ut ſuperarent omnem molem ſuo reflexu. Cęterũ præaltum mare ſic ambiebat turres & murum, ut nullæ ſcalę applicari poſſent. Alexãder uero fecit duos aggeres ex arboribus ramatis, iniectis lapidibus & terra, ſed ſæuum mare omnia dirupit. Deinde copulauit naues, quę & ipſæ diruptæ ſunt, ſubmerſis multis in eis. Tertio omnes adhibuit uires & nouũ fecit aggerẽ, multiplicauitq; naues donec mœnia obtinuit. Capta eſt autem urbs ſeptimo menſe poſtquam oppugnata eſt, & interfecti ſunt in ea ſex milia hominũ, atq; duo milia crucibus ſuſpenſi. Eſt in Syria quoq; Paleſtina Paleſtina, quæ habet Samariam, Iudeam, Galilęam & Idumęam, quæ ſcilicet eſt contermina à meridie Arabię. In Phœnicia eſt mõs percelebris Libanus, & item Antilibanus, unde duo proruunt fluuioli Dan & Ior, qui poſt aliquod ſpacium coẽũtes Iordanem faciunt. Iordanis autem efficit Iordanis lacum Samachonitem, mare Galilææ & mare mortuũ, eſtq; terminus Iudææ orientalis ſicut mare mediterraneũ terminus eſt occidentalis.

Terra

Terra ſancta.

IVdæa quæ & terra promiſſionis, ar-
cta quidem eſt ſed longa. Nam ini-
tium ſumit à Libano, extēditurq́ʒ inter
Iordanem & mare mediterraneū uſqʒ
ad mōtana Idumæorum. Montoſa eſt
atqʒ circunſepta à tergo inſtar paradiſi
Arabicis montibus & deſertis. Hanc
terram biblici libri Chananæam appel
lant, & eſt uariarum opum diues, ferti
lis frugibus, aquis illuſtris, & opima
balſamo, in medio orbis conſtituta, ut
nec nimio frigore rigeat, nec calore
torreatur. Ob quā elemētorū gratiam,
Hebræorum gens æſtimauerunt eam
melle & lacte manantem, apud quam
ſolā à prima hominis formatione, ue-
ri dei cognitio, cultus & idioma primū
Libanus permanſit. Mons Libanus in ea ſitus
miræ eſt altitudinis, atqʒ ob id cacumē
eius raro eſt ſine niuibus, ut etiam æſti
uo tempore Tyrij hinc niuem pro refri
gerando uino petant. Infra oppidū Ie-
Mare mortuū richo Iordanis mergitur in mare mor-
tuum, nec inuenitur habere exitum ali
quem. Vocatur enim mare illud lacus
Sodomiticus propter Sodomā et alias
urbes illic olim igne cœleſti exuſtas.
Vocatur mare mortuū, propter aquæ
immobilitatem. Nam neqʒ uētis moue
tur, reſiſtēte turbinibus bitumine, quo
aqua omnis ſtagnatur, neqʒ nauigatio
nis patiēs eſt, nec aliquid in eo uiuere
poteſt. Strabo q ignorauit cauſam hu-
ius exuſtæ terræ, ſcribit de lacu Sodo-
mitico in hūc modū. Lacus iſte plenus
eſt bitumine, quod è medio fundo tem
Aſphaltus poribus inordinatis cū bullis quaſi fer
uentis aquæ efflatur. Fumoſus & aſpe-
ctu ater, æri, argento & nitidis omni-
bus rubiginē inducit. Bitumen eſt ter-
ræ gleba, quæ à calore liquefacta efflatē
atqʒ diffunditur, rurſusq́ʒ in glaciē for
tiſſimam ab aqua frigida immutatur.
Ignis autē & bituminis fons in medio
eſt, quāquam flatio ſit inordinata. Re
gionē etiā igneā eſſe aiūt. Nam & pe-
tras exuſtas oſtendunt, & multis in lo
cis prærupta & terrā cinerulentā & pi
cis guttas ex petris diſtillātes & flumi-
na fœtido odore efferuentia. Ab indi-
genis dicitur, quod in hoc loco trede-
cim urbes olim habitatæ fuerint, quarū
metropolis Sodoma fuerit, & quod ex
terræ motibus & ignis afflatu & aquis
calidis & bituminoſis & ſulfureis, la-
cus eruperit, & q petræ igniferæ factæ
ſint, & urbiū aliquæ abſorptæ aliæ ab
habitatoribus derelictæ. Hæc Strabo.
Si legiſſet decimumnonū caput Gene
ſeos, certiora de hoc lacu et circūiacen
te regione ſcribere potuiſſe. Inter hūc
lacum & mare mediterraneū, ſitum ha
bet urbs Ieruſalem toto orbe memora *Ieruſalem*
bilis, & quæ nulli alteri comparari po-
teſt, ſi uel felicitatem uel infortunium
attēderis. Nam ante multa milia anno
rum habitatio fuit credētium in deum,
& nouiſſime prophetæ præſagierūt, ex
ea orituram ſalutem & diffundendam
per uniuerſum mundum, id quod & fa
ctum ſcimus atque firmiter credimus.
Rurſum quanta mala hæc urbs ante
Chriſti incarnationem perpeſſa fuerit
propter inhabitantium peccata, nemo
ignorat, qui ſaltem libros Regū legit.
Hi enim oſtendunt, quod cum habita-
tores eius nullis prophetarum oracu-
lis in legis diuinæ obſeruantia cōtineri
potuiſſent, non defuiſſe flagellum dei.
Aduocatus enim rex Babyloniorum,
omnes Hieroſolymitanos in captiui-
tatem duxit, urbē & templum cōbuſ-
ſit, &c. Sed & quam ſæpe euerſa fuerit
poſt Chriſti crucifixionem, iam breui
bus indicabo. Anno natiuitatis Chri-
ſti 73. Ieruſalē à Tito capitū & ſubuer- *Ieruſalem de-*
titū, fame et gladio multis millibus ho- *ſtruitur*
minū occiſis, & multis millibus capti-
uatis. Anno Chriſti 136. Elius Adria-
nus Alexādriam & Ieroſolymā dudū
ſubuerſas reſtaurauit, & Ieruſalem no
mine ſuo Eliam appellauit. Tempore
Hērici quarti Saraceni & Sultani Iero
ſolymam capiūt, domini tamen ſepul
chrū quæſtus gratia intemeratum reli-
querūt, et tēplum domini famoſiſſimū
ſacrilegæ religioni reſeruarūt, tantæq́ʒ
apud illos habitum fuit uenerationi, ut
nunquam illud niſi nudis & lotis at-
que mundis pedibus intrarent: nullum

uero Chriſtianorū quos immundos iu
dicabāt, uel intra atriū ingredi permit-
terēt. Cōcilio igiť ex Gallis & Hiſpa
nis per papā facto, anno domini 1097.
deſignata ſunt in domini militiam cir
Expeditio in terram ſanctā citer centū millia uirorū ex Aquitania,
Nortmannia, Anglia, Scotia, Hyber-
nia, Britānia, Galicia, Gaſconia, Gal-
lia, Flandria & Lotharingia, crucis ſi-
gnaculum in ueſtibus præferentes. Ho
rum duces fuerunt Gotfridus Lotha-
ringēſis cū ſuis fratribus Baldeuuino
& Euſtathio, Ruperto Flādrenſi, Ru-
perto Nortmannico, & Hugone fra-
tre Philippi regis Galliæ. Fama hu-
ius perfectionis increbreſcēte, undecun
que accurrebant homines, & quotti-
die augebatur numerus. Tranſeuntes
itaque per Germaniam & Vngariam,
diuerſis itinerū difficultatibus Bulga-
riam permeant & ueniunt Conſtanti-
nopolim ad imperatorē eius urbis Ale
xium. Motis deinde caſtris primū ex-
pugnant Nicæam, fugantq; Soliman-
num principē Paganorū. Deinde no-
uem mēſibus Antiochiā obſidēt, urbē
humanis uiribus inexpugnabilem, ſed
Chriſti beneficio tradita eſt eis in ma-
nus. Mox Syriā ingreſſi aliquot oppi-
da occupant, & feſtinantes, ad Ieruſa-
lem, illam occupauerunt, effuſo multo
Saracenorum ſanguine. Obtenta itaq;
iterum terra ſancta, magna multitudo
ad patriam remeare contendit, cæteri
qui manſerunt terram incoluerūt. Got
fridus itaq; Chriſticolis ut pater præfu
it per unum annum, immatura morte
Balduinus rex ſubtractus. Cui ſucceſſit Baldeuuinus
frater eius creatus in regē. Cūq; Chri
ſtiani tenuiſſent terram ſanctam 88. an
nis, uenit Saladinus rex Perſarum &
cepit Ieruſalem, factaq; eſt magna cæ-
des Chriſtianorū, & tota terra Sarace-
nis ſubacta eſt præter Tyrum, quæ cin
cta eſt mari. Ad cuius famam mox un-
dique principes, marchiones, comites,
epiſcopi, reges & populi ſurgunt ad li
berandum terrā. Sed & imperator ipſe
Fridericus primus cum prædictis prin
cipibus pergens, & ueniens in Arme-
niam, deſcendit in fluuium lauādi gra
tia, arreptuſq; ab aqua ſubmerſus eſt
magna conſternatione exercitus Chri
ſtianorum. Recuperata eſt tūc Cyprus
inſula, Acon ciuitas, Ioppe & Ieruſa-
lem. Deinde anno Chriſti 1217. Sarace
ni rurſus expugnauerūt Ieruſalē. An-
no domini 1229. Ieruſalem cum adia-
centibus locis Chriſtianis reſtituitur,
& fiūt treugæ inter Chriſtianos & Sul
tanos per decē annos. Item anno Chri
ſti 1248. Ieruſalē rurſum ab infidelibus
occupatur & trucidātur Chriſtiani, &
poſtea anno 1290. amiſerunt Chriſtia
ni ferè totam terram ſanctam, māſitq;
ſub Sultano uſq; ad tēpora noſtra, ubi
Turca Paleſtinam & Aegyptū occu-
pauit, profligato Sultano.

Arabia.

TRiplex eſt Arabia, Petrea, Deſer
ta et Felix. Deſerta occupat here
mum miræ magnitudinis, ubi nihil ni-
ſi ſerpentes & beſtiæ immanes moran
tur. Arabia Petrea ſic uocatur à regia
eius Petra, terminatq; ob occaſu par-
te Aegypti, à ſeptētrione Paleſtina, ab
Oriēte Arabia deſerta & à meridie ſi
nu Arabico & felici Arabia. Habitat
autem in ea magna pars Saracenorū,
fert'que balſamum in quadam conual
le. At tertia Arabia, quæ propter fertili *Arabia felix*
tatem & fructuum copiam felix nomi
natur, producit calamum, myrrham,
thus, & caſiam, cinnamomum, ligna
odorifera, & reſinam ſuauiſſimi odo-
ris, ut etiam mira fragrantia ex illa re-
gione ſpiret ad eos qui in mare à lon-
ge adueniunt. Qui uero intra regio-
nem degunt, propter nimiam ac into-
lerabilem rerū fragrantiā, ſtuporem in
ſenſibus percipiunt, ut cogātur etiam
illam leuare bituminis ſuffitu & hirci
barba. Apud Arabes naſci perhibe-
tur auis Fenix, & hæc habet magnitu- *Fenix auis*
dinē Aquilæ, habet caput plumis one-
ratum, fauces criſtatas: eſt circa collum
fulgore aureo, poſtera autem parte co
lore purpureo abſq; cauda, & illis ro-
ſeis pennis inſcribitur ceruleus nitor.
Probatum etiam eſt, auem illam dura-
re annis

te annis 540. Seneſcens autē ex caſia,
thuris lachrymis & ſurculis nidū ſibi
& rogum cōſtruit, hiſq; ſuccenſis com
burit & ipſa ut uiuat. Ex oſſibus nan-
que & pinguedine naſcitur primo cer-
quidam uermiculus, & inde fit pullus
atq; plumata auis.

Da *Mahumeto*

MAhumetus Arabs aut ſecundū
alios Perſa natus nobile paren
te ſed idololatra, matre uero Hebrai-
cæ gētis, duxit diuitē uxorē, aſſeruitq;
ſe prophetam eſſe à deo miſſum, ut le-
gem quę à Iudęis data erat, et quę Chri
ſtianis, temperaret. Nimis enim rigi-
das eas prædicabat. Et cum nequam il-
le morbū haberet caducū, affirmabat
Gabrielem angelum ſecū loqui, cuius
ſplendorem ferre non poſſet, ſed cade
re cogeretur in terrā. Hic multos Aſiæ
& Africæ populos cōmouit, quos no-
Saraceni ua religione imbuēs, Saracenos ex dei
præcepto uocari dicebat à Sara legiti-
ma, quaſi legitimos diuinæ promiſſio
nis ſucceſſores. Vſus eſt conſilio nefa
rio Sergij monachi, ordinauitq; mul-
tos fieri flexiones, & meridiem uerſus
adorandū, unum deum non trinum co
lendum, ſe non deum ſed dei eximium
prophetam habendum, omnes carnes
edendas præter porcinas, morticina &
ſanguinem, quatuor legitimas uxores
ducendas ab omnibus qui uellent. Pa-
radiſum carnalis cibi ac potus locum,
& indulgēdis mulieribus perhibebat,
aliaq; multa ſtulta docebat, quæ cum
ſtultis credibilia uiderentur, facile re-
gionis illius obtinuit principatū. De-
inde coacto exercitu Damaſcū cepit,
Phœnicen & Aegyptū occupauit at-
que Perſiā, ſerpuitq; perfidia eius per
uniuerſum mundū, ut hodie Afri, Ma
rani, Aegyptij, Tartari, Turcæ, Sulta-
ni, Saraceni, & ferè omnes orientales
populi dogma eius puerſum accepta-
uerint. Anno Chriſti 632. Saraceni ade
merunt Perſis imperium, conſtitue-
Valdach runtque imperij ſedem in urbe Valda
cha, (alij uocāt Balthach) quæ olim Ba
bylon fuit ad Eufratem ſita. Manſitq;
regnum eorum incolume 418. annis.
Deinde Turci ſunt rerum potiti, quo-
rum imperiū cœpit anno ſalutis 1051.
Tartari deinde, gens Scythica, Turco
rum opes afflixerunt, ſuntq; Aſiæ im-
perium adepti anno 1294. Tamor ſex-
tus eius gentis imperator, in Cathaya-
no regno ſibi ſedem fixit.

De *Tartaris.*

TArtari ad Cathayum uſque cele-
brem in extremo Oceano ad ori-
entem ciuitatem, latiſſimas tenent ſoli
tudines. A ſeptentrione uerſus Hyrca
num mare habitāt Zagathai Tartaro
rum nobiliſſimi, incoluntq; oppida la
pide conſtructa & habent regiam Sa-
marcādam eximiæ magnitudinis, quā
Iaxartes maximus Sogdianæ amnis in
terfluit, atq; inde in Caſpium mare ef-
funditur. Dicuntur aūt Tartari à Tar *Tartarorū regio*
tar fluuio, qui regionem ipſorum Mon
gal percurrit. Eſt regio eorū plurimū
montoſa & ſterilis, niſi aquis fluuiali-
bus irrigetur, unde & multum deſerta
eſt. Lignis in plerisq; locis adeò inops,
ut arido boum & equorū ſtercore in-
colę ipſi ignes fouere cogātur. Aēr &
cœlum intemperatum, tonitrua & ful
gura in æſtate horrenda, iam calor ma
gnus eſt, mox frigus, & denſiſſimæ ni
ues cadūt. Fuit ab initio ferus gentis il
lius cultus, ſine moribus, ſine lege, pe-
corum paſtores. Finitimis tributū pen
debant, donec proprium creauerūt re-
gē. Tunc finitimos Scythas bello ſube
gerunt & uectigales fecerunt. Inde re-
motiores populos aggreſſi tā proſpe-
re, ut in breui armis ſuis omnia regna,
gentes & nationes ſubegerint à Scy-
thia uſq; ad ſolis ortum, & ab ortu ſo-
lis uſq; ad mediterraneum mare, ut me
rito rex eorū iam ſe totius Orientis do-
minum & imperatorem ſcribat. Sunt
autem Tartari omniū hominum defor *Mores*
miſſimi corpore, leues & agiles, boni
equites et mali pedites. Sermone horri
do ſunt & clamoroſo, cantantesq; lu-
porum more ululant. Non in uillis aut
urbibus ſed in campo ueterum Scy-
tharum ritu ſub tabernaculis habitāt.
Cham

Cham regem & dominum ſuum filiũ dei exiſtimãtes religioſe adorant, & tantum illi tribuunt, ut digniorem in mundo non eſſe credant. Cæteros homines adeò hęc gens contemnit, ut *Auaritia* alloqui faſtidiat. Tantæ auaritiæ ſunt, ut ubi quiſpiam aliquid uiderit quod habere deſiderat, ſi illo potiri cum uoluntate poſſeſſoris nequeat, dummodo Tartari nõ ſit, uí rapit, ex præcepto & inſtituto regum licere arbitrantes. Victus eorum immũdiſſimi ſunt, nam menſas non operiunt mantilibus, nec manutergijs utuntur, manus non lauant, nec corpus, nec ueſtimenta: panem non edunt, non olera, nõ legumina, ſed tantummodo omnium animantium carnes, canum etiam & cattorũ, equorum, & grandiuſculorum muri*Immundicia* um. Captorum inimicorum corpora aſſant & dentibus luporum inſtar dilaniant, & ſanguinem eorum prius collectũ crateris infuſum epotant. Lac iumẽtinum alias ipſis potus eſt. Nullum animal ex nimia tenacitate comedunt integrum & ſanum, ſed quando mutilatũ fuerit, cœperitq́ iam aut ſenectute aut aliqua alia pernicie langueſcere, &c.

Meſopotamia.

CElebratur hæc regio in ſacris literis habitatione & cognatione Abrahami, uocatur'que in hebraiſmo ארם נהרים id eſt, Syria fluuiorum, quam Græci uocant Meſopotamiam, id eſt, regionem ſitã in medio fluuiorũ, Eufratis ſcilicet & Tigris. Fert autem ad paſcenda pecora, lætiſſima paſcua, quippe quã Eufrates impinguat, annuæ inundationis exceſſibus terris ſuperfuſus. Fert quæ ſemper uirent, & aroma. Alit quoq; leones.

Aſſyria.

MEtropolis Aſſyrię olim fuit Babylon, quæ poſtea Seleucia di*Babylon urbs* cta eſt, cuius urbis muri ambitus, quũ in flore eſſet, habuit 385. ſtadia, craſſitudo eius fuit 32. pedum, altitudo 50. cubitorum, turres 60. uia ſuper mœnia tam lata, ut quadrigæ occurrentes facile pertranſire poſſent. Eufrates mediam urbẽ interluit. Xerxes eam diruit. Seleucus uero ſucceſſor Alexãdri Se*Seleucia* leuciam ad Tigrim condidit, ad ſtadia trecẽta Babyloni proxima, eam regni caput conſtituens, quæ & mox maior effecta eſt quàm Babylon. Eſt etiã habitatio quædã in Babylonia, deputata pro his qui uerſantur circa philoſophiam, appellatur'q́; Chaldæa. Vnde Chaldæi Aſſyriorum ſunt magi ad deorum cultum inſtituti, qui ſcilicet diuturna obſeruatione ſyderum, ſcientiam putantur aſſequuti, ut prædicere poſſint, quid cui euenturum. In Aſſyria raro pluit, ſed fluminis irrigatione & accolarum labore magna frumẽti ubertas paratur. Palmis ueſcuntur, ex quibus mel & uinum conficiunt. Primum regnum in Babylonia occupauit Nimbrotus pater Beli & auus Nini. Ninus autem primus cœpit arma inferre & ſubiugare ſibi alia loca et confundere aureum ſeculum, quod antẽ fuit. Dura uitq́; monarchia illa 1234. annis. Dein*Monarchia* de fuit bipartita illa monarchia, ex uno in Babyloniam, ex alio in mediã & Perſas, manſitq́; illa diuiſio annis 304. Deinde ſub Cyro & Dario reunita fuit monarchia, durauitq́; annis 191. uſque ad Alexandrum Magnũ, qui tranſtulit imperium in Græcos, ubi manſit annis 495.

Perſia

FVerũt olim Perſę gens bellica & quæ diu in oriente rerum eſt potita, nunc armis deſueta ueteri gloria excidit. Vallatur autem Perſarum regio altiſſimis montibus, habens à tergo Caucaſum montem qui pertingit uſque ad mare rubrum. Porrò planicies ſub radicibus montium ſpacioſa eſt & fertilis, multis'que uicis & urbibus frequens. Araxes fluuius per hos fluit *Araxes* campos, & quicquid alluit, floribus ueſtit. Platani quoque & populi contegunt ripas. Temperatum habet cœlum, nec eſt regio alia in tota Aſia ſalubrior

Perſepolis brior. Perſepolis regiōis eſt metropolis & totius orientalis imperij olim caput, in quam à multis regibus immenſa gaza congeſta erat. At ab Alexandro Magno capta eſt & direpta, atque immenſi theſauri auri & argenti in ea reperti. Deinde urbem illam regiam, tot regum altricem, totius orientis imperatricem, Græciæ & cæterarum gentium terrorem, flammis incēdit. Tempore natiuitatis Chriſti fuit imperium Perſicum ſub Romanis, ſed poſteà deficientes ab eis, potiti ſunt aliquot annis rerum, donec anno Chriſti 632, Saraceni ademerunt imperium, ſedem imperij facientes Valdacham urbem, quæ olim fuit Babylon.

Media.

VTuntur habitatores Mediæ, Perſiæ, Ariæ, Bactriæ, & Sogdianæ quaſi una lingua. Regio Medorum uerſus ſeptentrionem ſterilis eſſe dicitur. Nam faciunt ex toſtis amygdalis panem, & ex herbarum radicibus uinum conficiunt. Ferinis carnibus plurimum uictitant. Ecbatana caput eſt regionis. Ecbatana

Parthia.

HAec regio nemoroſa eſt & montana, inops frugum. Gens ipſa primum fuit obſcura, poſtea Macedonibus ſeruiuit, ſed procedente tempore tantum in uirtute creuerunt, ut non tantum finitimis imperarent, ſed à Romanis bello petiti, eos magnis cladibus uicerint. Poſt defectionem Macedonici imperij ſub regibus fuit, qui Arſaces ab Arſace primo rege dicebantur. Sermo his eſt mixtus ex Scythico Medoq́ꝫ.

Hyrcania.

HYrcania dicta à ſylua Hyrcana, quę Scythię ſubiacet. Eſt autem ſyluis aſpera, copioſa immanibus feris, tigridibus, pantheribus'que & pardis. Eſt in ea uberrimum gignendis uuis ſolum. Frequens arbor in ea quercus, cuius folia ante ortum ſolis melle tinguntur, ſed orto ſole modi cō tempore ſuccus extinguitur. Huic regioni uicina fuit Amazonum gens, cuius regina Thaleſtris, quæ uiſendi Alexandri cupiditate accenſa, uenit ad eum, cum Hyrcaniam, quæ fuerat Darij regis Perſarum, expugnaſſet, cum trecentis mulieribus. Et cum quæreretur an aliquid uellet petere à rege, reſpondit ſe eo conſilio ueniſſe, ut ex eius congreſſu conciperet, ſi ſe non indignam exiſtimaret. Abſumpti ſunt inde aliquot dies, in obſequij deſiderium. Mel in arboribus

Bactriana

BActriani ſunt gentes horridis ingenijs, horrentes à luxu Perſarū, bellicoſæ & rapto uiuere aſſuetæ. Habet hęc regio in aliquibus locis arbores & uites & mites fructus, & crebris rigatur fontibus. Deinde magnā partem ſteriles tenent arenæ. Et cum uenti à mari ſpirant, omnia itineris ueſtigia intereunt, ut qui campos tranſeunt nauigātium more noctu ſydera obſeruent, ad quorum curſum iter dirigunt in ipſa terra, ut interdiu inuia ſit ipſa regio, quia tunc nullum inuenitur ueſtigium, & nitor ſyderum abſcōditur caligine. Quod ſi aliquos ille uentus qui à mari exoritur deprehendit, arena obruit. Sed ubi mitior eſt terra ingens hominum equorumq́ꝫ eſt multitudo. Cōtigit olim, ut Alexandri Magni milites crudis in ea terra carnibus ueſci coacti ſint lignorum inopia. Habēt Bactri camelos multos, oneri ferendo accommodatos. Tolerant hęc animalia ſitim in quatriduum, & cum occaſio bibendi data eſt, reſarciunt omnia præterita deſideria. Turbulentas aquas captant, & puras refugiunt. Arenoſa terra Lignorum inopia Cameli

India.

INdia orientalis Aſię terminus, tam uaſta perhibetur, ut eam tertiā omnium terrarum partem tradant. Appellationem accepit à flumine Indo, qui occidentali

occidētalis eius eſt terminus. A ſeptētrione uſq; ad montē Caucaſum peruenit. Gentes habet multas & oppidis adeò eſt exculta, ut quidam in ea 5000. fuiſſe dicant. Fluuios memorabiles, Gangem, Indum & Hypanum habet, ſed omnium maximus Ganges, *Ganges* quippe in quem multi fluunt amnes. Latitudo eius dicitur eſſe 30. ſtadiorū. Hic fluuius alit crocodilos, delphines, & alias beluas. Terra Indiæ ſaluberrima, bis in anno metit fruges. Fert Cinnamomum, piper & calamum aromaticum. Ebenum arborem ſola producit, pſitacū auem, monoceron beſtiam. Excellit pulchritudine cæteras mundi partes, diſtincta multis, quę eam rigāt, fluminibus. Eſt in ea incredibilis elephantorum numerus, & magna copia auri, argenti, ferri, æris & lapidum precioſorum. India interior habet ſyluas ſpacioſiſſimas, proceræ altitudinis arbores, & umbroſas, leuantes æſtum ſolis: aquas largas manātes fontibus. *Serpentes* Eſt quoque in ea magna uis ſerpentium, ſquamis fulgorē auri reddētium. Nec eſt uirus magis noxium, quia morſum præſens mors ſequitur, niſi mox remedium adhibeatur incolis notum. Legimus monoculos quoque in India eſſe. Quoſdā etiam tam inſigniter auritos: ut aures ad pedes defluant, atque in alterutram earum decubent, quarum duricie arbores conuellant. *Monſtra* Quoſdam etiam ſingulis pedibus & adeo latis, ut ubi ſe defendi à calore uelint, reſupinati his totaliter inumbrentur. Sunt qui ceruicibus carent, & in humeris habēt oculos. Sed hęc & ſimilia partius ſunt referenda, quæ de India memorantur, quoniam magna opus eſt fide ut pro ueris recipiantur, quum ne his quidem quę penè oculis ſunt admota fides niſi grauate adhibeatur. *Piper* In Caucaſo Indiæ monte, ea fronte qua ſoli obuerſus eſt, creſcunt arbores piperis, quas ad iuniperi ſimilitudinem fructus ſuos ædere ſcriptores tradunt. *Bragmanni* Inter Indos Bragmanna gens fuit, quæ pura & ſimplici uita uiuit, nullis rerum illecebris capitur, nil appetit amplius quàm ratio naturæ flagitat. Facilis huic alimonia, nō quam luxuriæ ſagacitas per omnia elementa perquirit, ſed quam tellus ferro inuiolata producit. Hinc eſt quod genera morborum nec nomina numerat diuerſa, ſed diuturna ſalute perfruit. Vna genti lex eſt, Contra ius non ire naturę. Sole caleſcit, rore humectatur, ſitim riuo frāgit, thorum miniſtrat humus, ſomnum ſollicitudo non rumpit. In extruendis domibus igne ſaxa nō ſoluit: quin potius in defoſſis telluris ſpeluncis aut concauis montium latebris habitat, nullo ſibi uentorum fremitus, nullius turbinis tempeſtatē formidat. *Mores* Tutius ſe ab himbre defendere ſpeluncam arbitratur quàm regulam, cuius geminus eſt uſus, dum uiuit manſionis, ſepulturæ quando moritur. Nullus ibi precioſus amictus, ſed membra papyri tegmine uelātur. Fœminæ non ornantur ut placeant, nec ſciunt plus affectare pulchritudinem quàm nactæ ſunt. Ad concubitum non admonet libido, ſed ſobolis amor. Nemo extruit inſtar templorū ſepulchra defunctis, nec in gemmatis urnis funera combuſta recondit. Peſtem aut alios corporis morbos Bragmanni non patiūtur. quia fœdis actibus cœlum non temerant, ſed ſemel apud eos tenet natura cum temporibus concordiam. *Parſimonia* Medicinæ remedium parſimonia eſt, quæ non ſolum illapſos poteſt curare dolores, ſed etiam procurare ne ueniant. Quoniam Indorū gentes multæ ſunt, diuerſę et forma & lingua propter latiſſimū regionis tractum, non eiſdem omnes uiuunt moribus. Eorum qui auroram ſpectant, alij rei pecuariæ dediti ſunt, alij nō. Alij in paluſtribus fluminibus habitantes, crudis ueſcuntur piſcibus, alij ſunt pecuarij, qui crudis ueſcuntur carnibus. Sunt alij qui nullum interficiunt animans, nec ſerunt, nec domos parāt, ſed habent ſemen quoddam inſtar milij ſua ſponte creſcēs è terra, quod cum ipſo folliculo lectum coquunt, eduntq;.

Taprobana.

TAprobana inſula, quã hodie Su/
matram uocant, habet homines
corpore cæteris grandiores, rutulis co
mis, ceruleis oculis, trucioris ſoni, nul/
lo linguæ commertio genti alteri ſoci-
antur. Aetas illius prolixa, ut mature
pereat, qui centenarius moritur. Eius
pars, ut Solinus inquit, beſtijs & ele/
phantibus repleta eſt. Ibi mare adeò al/
tum, ut nullæ anchoræ ad ima poſſint
peruenire. Margaritas legũt plurimas *Margarite*
& maximus ex conchis in quibus in-
ueniuntur. Cetæ ibi inueniuntur paſ/
ſim per littora uagãtes, quæ in mari ru/
bro primum educatæ illuc ſe ingerunt.
Animalia ſunt monſtroſa & tantę ma
gnitudinis, ut colles quidã littoribus *Belue marine*
aduecti uideantur, quorũ dorſum lon/
go ſpinarum tractu exaſperatur. Infe/
ſtiſſima ſunt ambulantibus in littore,
ut nemo facile ex eorum faucibus effu
gere poſſit, ſi uiſus ab eis fuerit. Habẽt
tantos hiatus, ut ſæpe nauem cum ho/
minibus deglutierint.

FINIS.